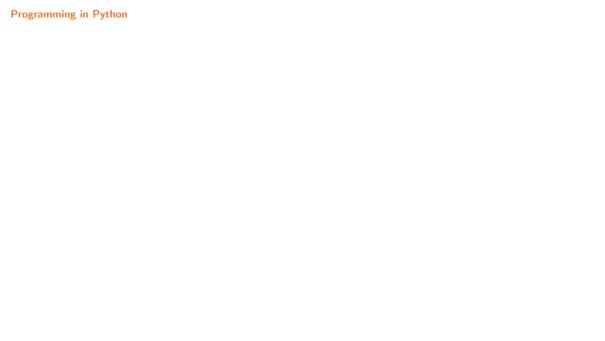


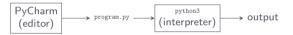
Outline1 Programming in Python2 Application Programming Interface

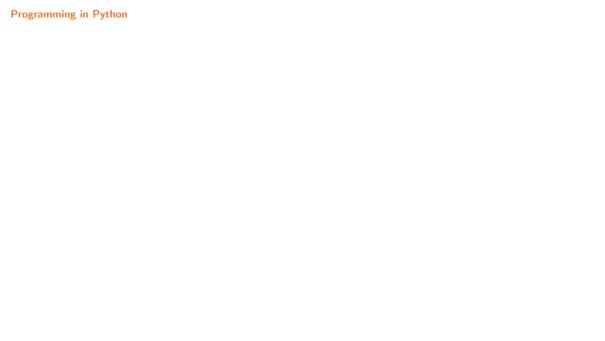
3 Errors in a Program

4 Input and Output



The Python workflow





Program: helloworld.py

• Standard output: the message "Hello, World"

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>_ ~/workspace/ipp/programs

\$ _

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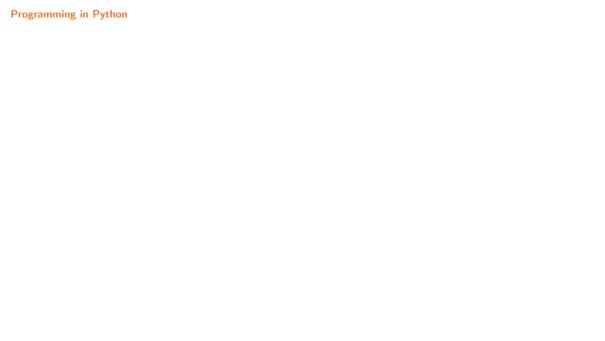
\$ python3 helloworld.py

Program: helloworld.py

• Standard output: the message "Hello, World"

```
>_ ~/workspace/ipp/programs

$ python3 helloworld.py
Hello, World
$ _
```



```
# Writes the message "Hello, World" to standard output.
import stdio
stdio.writeln("Hello, World")
```



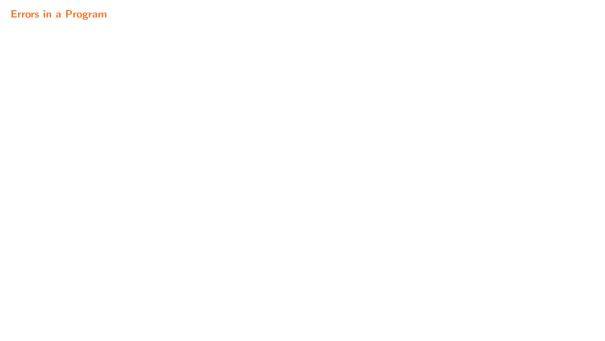
Application Programming Interface
The application programming interface (API) for a library provides a summary of the functions in the library

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```
writeln(x = "") writes x followed by newline to standard output

write(x = "") writes x to standard output
```



Compile-time errors are identified and reported by Python when it compiles a program

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>_ ~/workspace/ipp/programs

$ _
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>_ ~/workspace/ipp/programs

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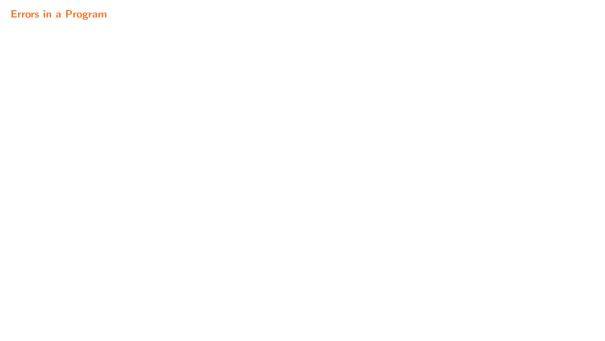
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```

```
>_ T/workspace/ipp/programs

$ python3 helloworld.py
File "helloworld.py", line 5
    stdio.writeln('Hello, World']

SyntaxError: invalid syntax
$ _
```



Run-time errors are identified and reported by Python when it runs a program

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```
$ _
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$ * Tyworkspace/ipp/programs

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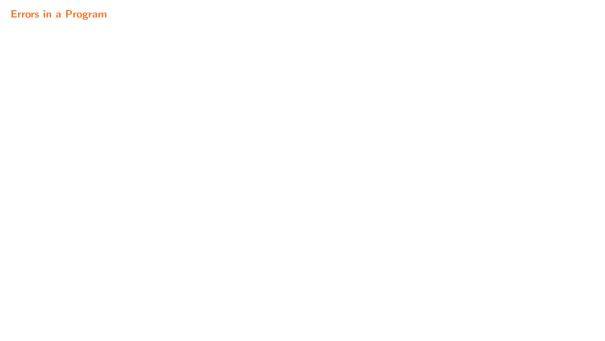
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```
>_ '/workspace/ipp/programs

$ python3 helloworld.py
Traceback (most recent call last):
   File "helloworld.py", line 3, in <module>
        stdio.writeln('Hello, World')

NameError: name 'stdio' is not defined
$ _
```



gic errors are not identified or reported by Python, but produce unintended output	

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```
# Writes the message "Hello, World" to standard output.
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Example

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# Writes the message "Hello, World" to standard output.
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>_ ~/workspace/ipp/program
```

\$_

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```
>_ ~/workspace/ipp/programs
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```

```
>_ ~/workspace/ipp/program
```

```
$ python3 helloworld.py
Hello, World$ _
```



Input and Output

 $input \longrightarrow program.py \longrightarrow output$

Input and Output

 $\mathsf{input} \longrightarrow \hspace{-3pt} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{program.py}} \hspace{-3pt} \longrightarrow \mathsf{output}$

Input types:

- Command-line input
- Standard input
- File input

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Input types:

- Command-line input
- Standard input
- File input

Output types:

- Standard output
- Graphical output
- Audio output
- File output



Command-line inputs are strings listed right next to the program name during execution

>_ ~/workspace/ipp/programs

\$ python3 program.py input1 input2 input3 ...

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```
>_ "/workspace/ipp/programs

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```

The inputs are accessed within the program as sys.argv[1], sys.argv[2], sys.argv[3], and so on

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```
>_ "/workspace/ipp/programs

$ python3 program.py input1 input2 input3 ...
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 $_{\mbox{\scriptsize sys.argv[0]}}$ stores the name of the program

Example

```
>_ "/workspace/ipp/programs

$ python3 program.py Galileo "Isaac Newton" Einstein
```

```
sys.argv[0] sys.argv[1] sys.argv[2] sys.argv[3]

"program.py" "Galileo" "Isaac Newton" "Einstein"
```



Program: useargument.py

- Command-line input: a name
- Standard output: a message containing the name

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>_ ~/workspace/ipp/programs

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\sim ~/workspace/ipp/programs

\$ python3 useargument.py Alice

Program: useargument.py

• Command-line input: a name

• Standard output: a message containing the name

```
$ python3 useargument.py Alice
Hi, Alice. How are you?
$ _
```

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>_ ~/workspace/ipp/programs

\$ python3 useargument.py Alice
Hi, Alice. How are you?
\$ python3 useargument.py Bob

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• Command-line input: a name

• Standard output: a message containing the name

```
$ python3 useargument.py Alice
Hi, Alice. How are you?

bython3 useargument.py Bob
Hi, Bob. How are you?

$ _
```

Program: useargument.py

• Command-line input: a name

• Standard output: a message containing the name

```
$ python3 useargument.py Alice
Hi, Alice. How are you?
$ python3 useargument.py Bob
Hi, Bob. How are you?
$ python3 useargument.py Carol
```

Program: useargument.py

• Command-line input: a name

• Standard output: a message containing the name



```
# Accepts a name as command-line argument; and writes a message containing that name to standard
# output.
import stdio
import sys
stdio.write("Hi, ")
stdio.write(ays.argv[1])
stdio.write(ays.argv[1])
```