

Computational Logic - Assignment 2

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Exercise 2

A bijective function is both injective and surjective. We define a function $f : D \rightarrow C$. We then express its injectivity and surjectivity respectively as such:

$$\begin{aligned} \forall x_1 \in D \forall x_2 \in D ((x_1 \neq x_2) \implies f(x_1) \neq f(x_2)) \\ \forall y \in C \exists x \in D (y = f(x)) \end{aligned}$$

We can then introduce conjunction between the two formulas to describe a bijective function:

$$\forall x_1 \in D \forall x_2 \in D ((x_1 \neq x_2) \implies f(x_1) \neq f(x_2)) \wedge \forall y \in C \exists x \in D (y = f(x))$$