

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \\ -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{w} = [0.2, -1]^T$$

$$f(x) \rightarrow L = \dots$$

$$f(x) = \mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{x} + b$$

$$L(\mathbf{w}, b) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n [\max(0, 1 - y_i f(x_i)) + \max(0, -y_i f(x_i))] + \frac{\lambda}{2} \mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{w}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \\ -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.4 \\ +2 \\ 0.8 \\ -1.8 \\ -0.8 \\ 0.4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y_i \circ f(x) = \begin{bmatrix} -0.4 \\ +2 \\ 0.8 \\ -1.8 \\ -0.8 \\ 0.4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.4 \\ 2 \\ 0.8 \\ 1.8 \\ 0.8 \\ -0.4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$L = \frac{1}{6} \left[\right]$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \\ -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{w} = [0.2, -1]^T$$

$$f(x) \rightarrow L = \dots$$

$$0.25 \cdot [0.2 \ -1] \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 0.25(1.4)$$

$$f(x) = \mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{x} + b$$

$$L(\mathbf{w}, b) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n [\max(0, 1 - y_i f(x_i)) - \max(0, -y_i f(x_i))] + \frac{\lambda}{2} \mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{w}$$

$$y_i \circ f(x) = \begin{bmatrix} -0.4 \\ +2 \\ 0.8 \\ -1.8 \\ -0.8 \\ 0.4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.4 \\ 2 \\ 0.8 \\ 1.8 \\ 0.8 \\ -0.4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[1 - y_i \circ f(x)] = \begin{bmatrix} 1.4 \\ \cancel{-1} \\ 0.2 \\ \cancel{-0.8} \\ 0.2 \\ 1.4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-y_i \circ f(x) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.4 \\ \cancel{-2} \\ \cancel{-0.8} \\ \cancel{-1.8} \\ \cancel{-0.8} \\ 0.4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$L = \frac{1}{6} \left[(\overbrace{1.4} + \cancel{0} + 0.2 + \cancel{0} + 0.2 + \overbrace{1.4}) - (\overbrace{0.4} + \cancel{0} + \cancel{0} + \cancel{0} + \cancel{0} + \overbrace{0.4}) \right] + 0.25(1.4)$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \\ -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{w} = [0.2, -1]^T$$

$$f(x) \rightarrow L = \dots$$

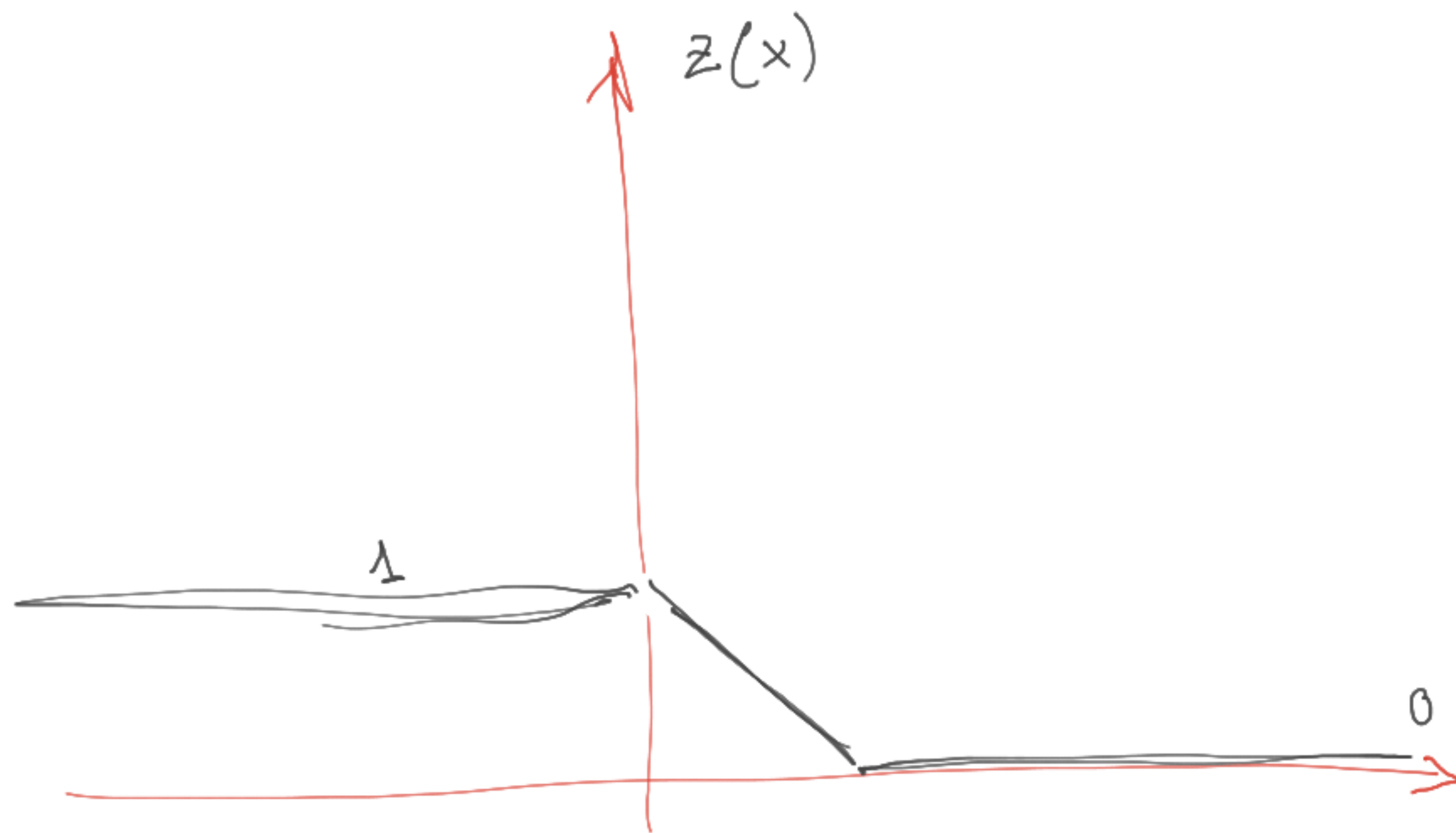
$$0.25 \cdot [0.2 \ -1] \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 0.25(1.4)$$

$$f(x) = \mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{x} + b$$

$$L(\mathbf{w}, b) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n [\max(0, 1 - y_i f(\mathbf{x}_i)) - \max(0, -y_i f(\mathbf{x}_i))] + \frac{\lambda}{2} \mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{w}$$

$$L = \frac{1}{6} \left[(1.4 + 0 + 0.2 + 0 + 0.2 + 1.4) - (0.4 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0.4) \right] + 0.25(1.4)$$

$$L = \frac{1}{6} [1 + 0 + 0.2 + 0 + 0.2 + 1] + 0.35 = 0.75$$



$$\nabla_w L = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{n} \sum (-y_i \vec{x}_i) \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

if $(y_i f(x_i))$ in $(0, 1)$ + $\lambda \vec{w}$
otherwise

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \\ -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{w} = [0.2, -1]^T$$

$$\mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\nabla_b L = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{n} \sum -y_i \\ 0 \end{cases} \text{ if } f(x_i) \cdot y_i \text{ is in } (0, 1) + 0 \\ \text{otherwise}$$

$$y_i \circ f(x) = \begin{bmatrix} -0.4 \\ +2 \\ 0.8 \\ -1.8 \\ -0.8 \\ 0.4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.4 \\ 2 \\ 0.8 \\ 1.8 \\ 0.8 \\ -0.4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \\ x_6 \end{matrix}$$

$$\nabla_w L = \frac{1}{6} \sum_{i=\{3,5\}} (-y_i x_i) + \lambda \vec{w} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \left[- (1) \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} - (-1) \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right] + 0.5 \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 \\ -0.5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.43 \\ -0.17 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{w} \leftarrow \vec{w} - \eta \nabla_w L = \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} - 0.5 \begin{bmatrix} 0.43 \\ -0.17 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.02 \\ -0.92 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\nabla_b L = \frac{1}{6} (1 - 1) = 0$$

$y_3 + y_5$

$$b \leftarrow b - \eta 0 = b$$

$$\eta (\| \nabla_w L \| + \| \nabla_b L \|) < \theta$$

$$\nabla_w L = \begin{bmatrix} 0.43 \\ -0.17 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\nabla_b L = 0 \quad \eta = 0.5 \quad \theta = 0.7$$

$$0.5 [0.43 + |-0.17| + 0] < 0.7$$

$$0.3 < 0.7$$



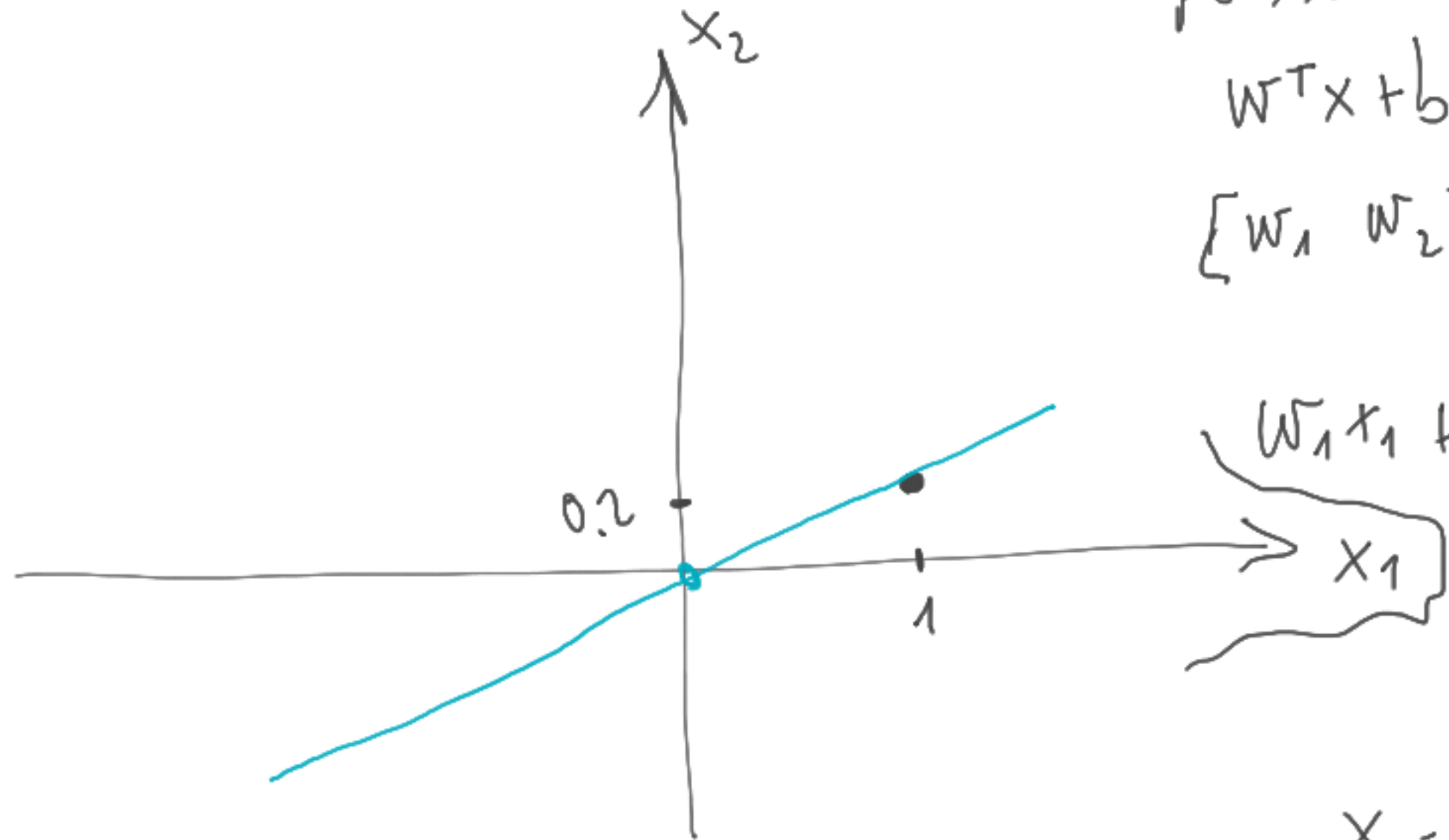
$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$|a| + |b|$$

Plot of initial
decision boundary

$$W = \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$b = 0$$



$$f(x) = 0$$

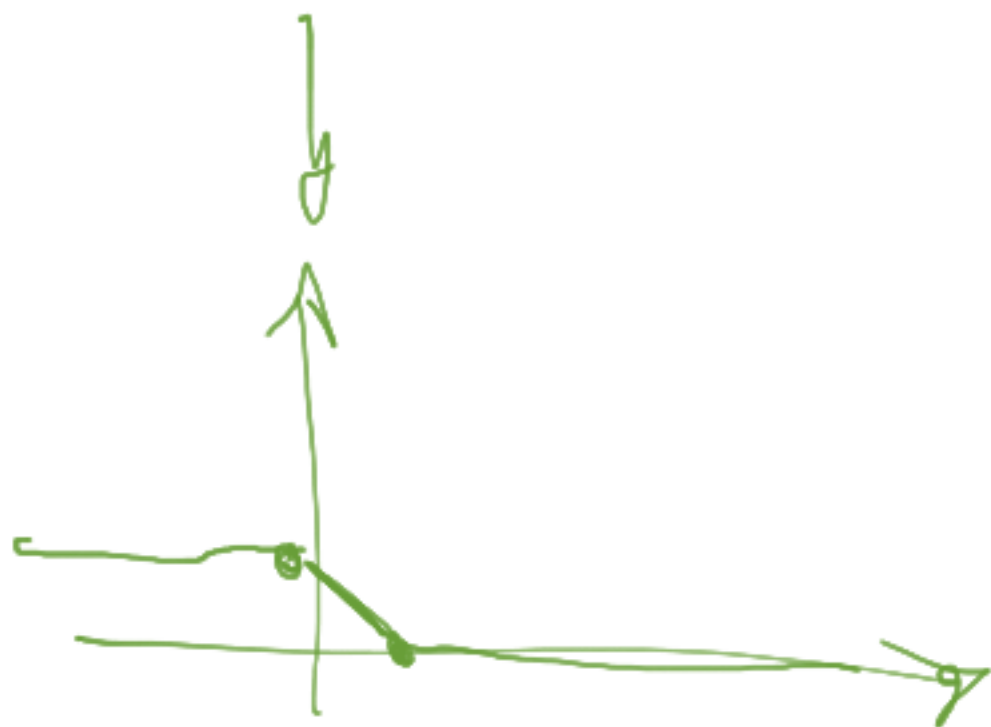
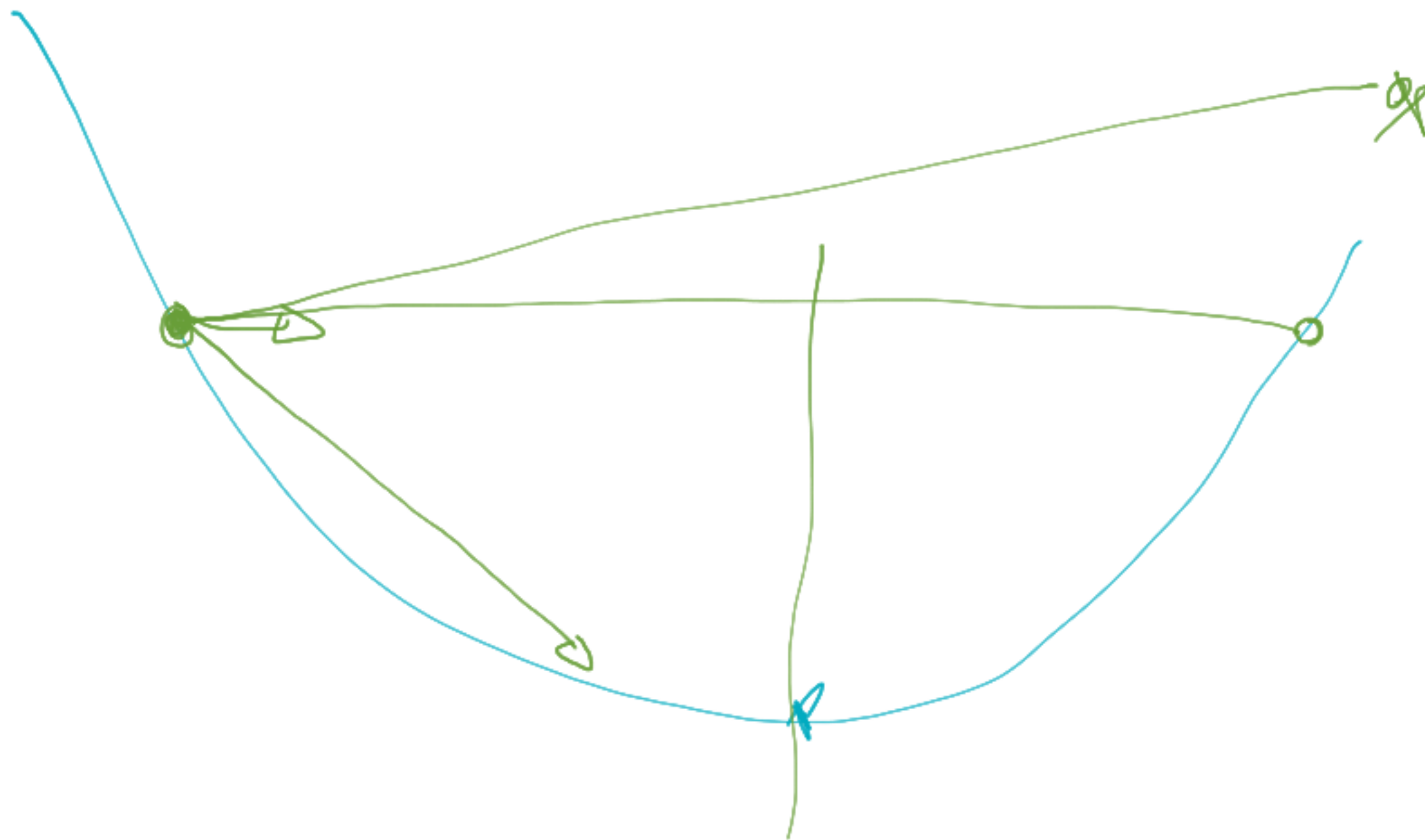
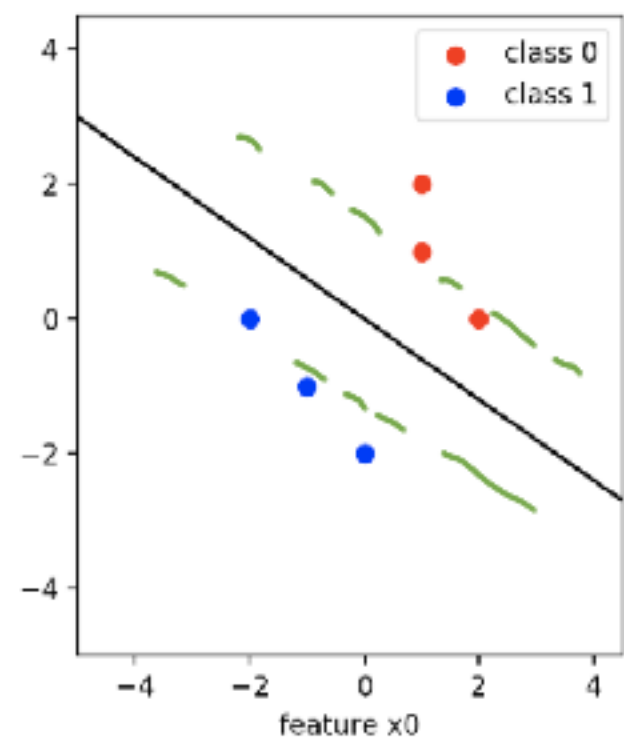
$$W^T x + b = 0$$

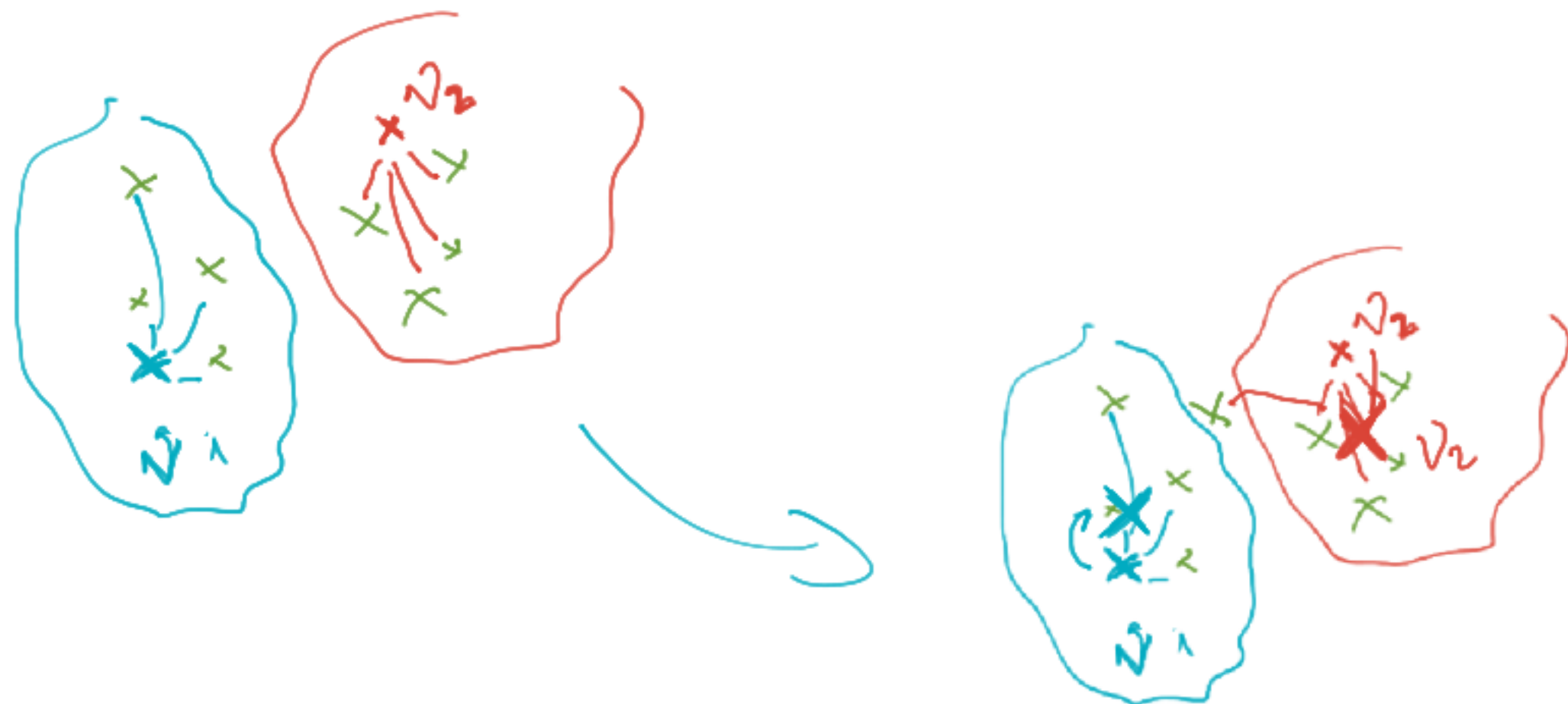
$$\begin{bmatrix} w_1 & w_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + b = 0$$

$$w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2 = 0$$

$$x_2 = -\frac{w_1 x_1}{w_2}$$

$$x_1 = 1 \rightarrow x_2 = -\frac{w_1}{w_2} = 0.2$$

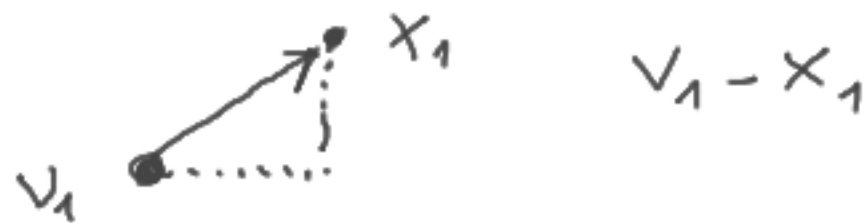




$$x = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \\ -2 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$v = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$v_1 \rightarrow y=1$
 $v_2 \rightarrow y=2$



$$d(x_1, v_1) = |v_{1,1} - x_{1,1}| + |v_{1,2} - x_{1,2}| =$$

$$= |1 - (-2)| + |1 - 0| = 3 + 1 = 4 \quad y_1 = 1$$

$$d(x_1, v_2) = |1 - (-2)| + |-1 - 0| = 4$$

$$d(x_2, v_1) = 1 + 3 = 4$$

$$d(x_2, v_2) = 1 + 1 = 2 \quad y_2 = 2$$

$$d(x_4, v_1) = 0 \rightarrow y_4 = 1$$

$$d(x_4, v_2) = 2$$

$$d(x_3, v_1) = 3 + 2 = 5$$

$$d(x_3, v_2) = 3 + 0 = 3 \quad y_3 = 2$$

$$d(x_5, v_1) = 1 \quad y_5 = 1$$

$$d(x_5, v_2) = 1$$

$$d(x_6, v_1) = 1 \quad y_6 = 1$$

$$d(x_6, v_2) = 3$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \\ -2 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$v_1 \rightarrow y=1$
 $v_2 \rightarrow y=2$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \|x_i - v_k\|_1 = 11$$

$$v_1 = \frac{1}{4} \left[\begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right] =$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \\ 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$v_2 = \frac{1}{2} \left[\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \right] = \begin{bmatrix} -0.5 \\ -1.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$d(x_1, v_1) = 4 \quad y_1 = 1$$

$$d(x_2, v_2) = 1 + 1 = 2 \quad y_2 = 2$$

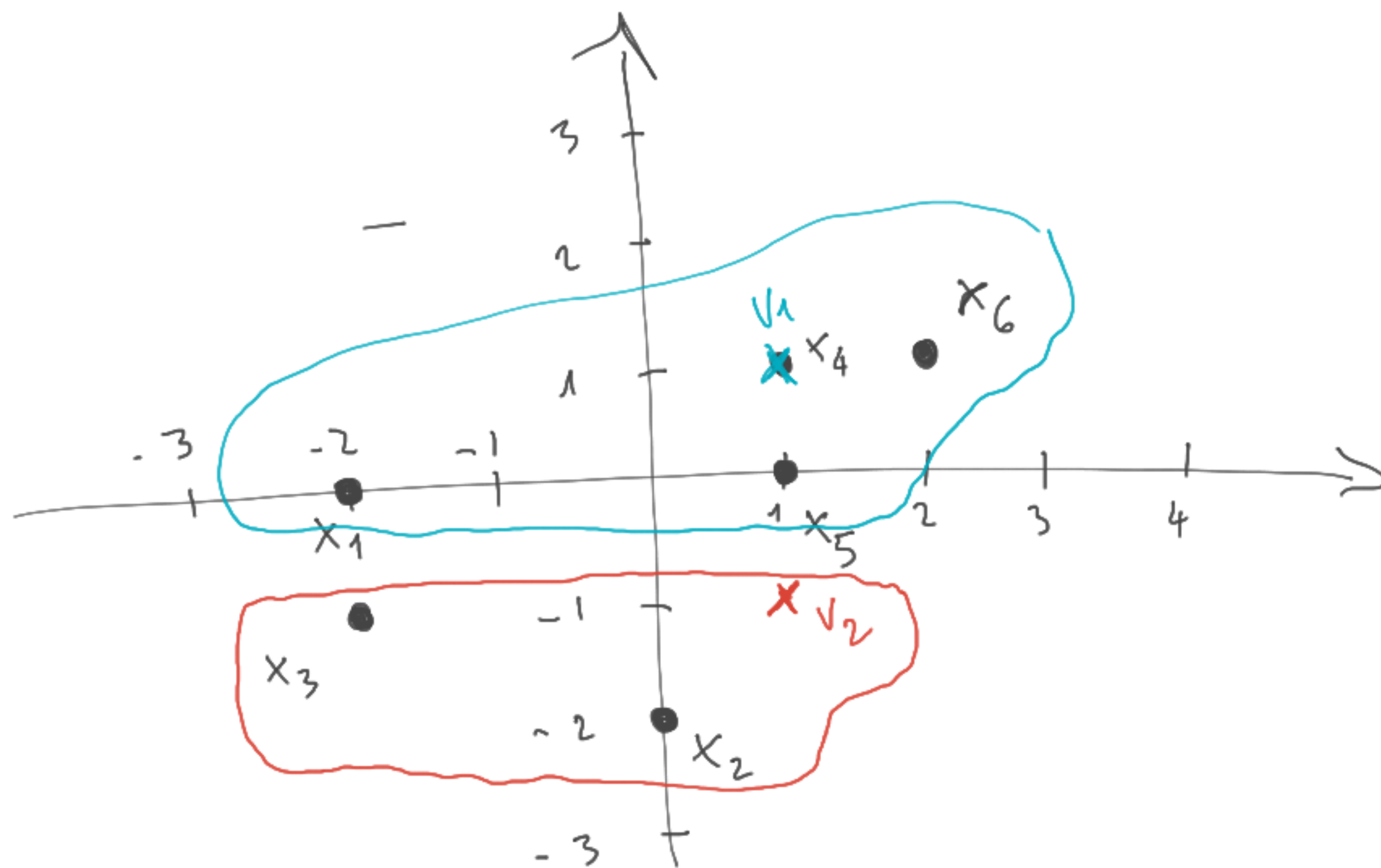
$$d(x_3, v_2) = 3 + 0 = 3 \quad y_3 = 2$$

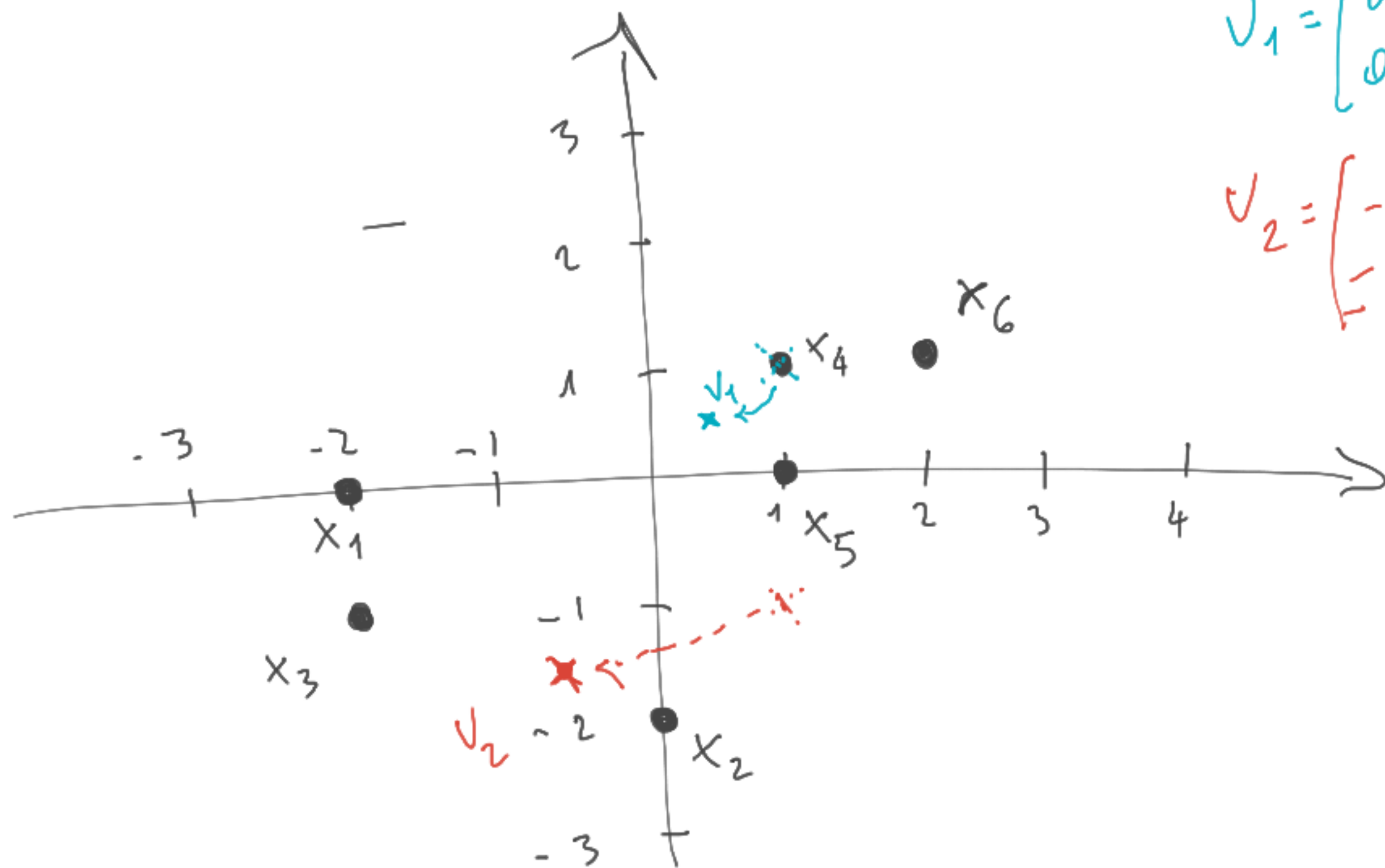
$$d(x_4, v_1) = 0 \rightarrow y_4 = 1$$

$$d(x_5, v_1) = 1 \quad y_5 = 1$$

$$d(x_6, v_1) = 1 \quad y_6 = 1$$

4 samples





$$v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \\ 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -0.5 \\ -1.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow p(x) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{d/2} |\Sigma|^{1/2}} \exp \left[-\frac{1}{2} (x - \mu)^T \Sigma^{-1} (x - \mu) \right]$$

$x^T x$ same for all

$P(w_i)$ same for all

$$g(x) = -\frac{1}{2} x^T \Sigma^{-1} x + \mu^T \Sigma^{-1} x - \frac{1}{2} \mu^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu + \ln p(w_i) - \frac{1}{2} \ln |\Sigma|$$

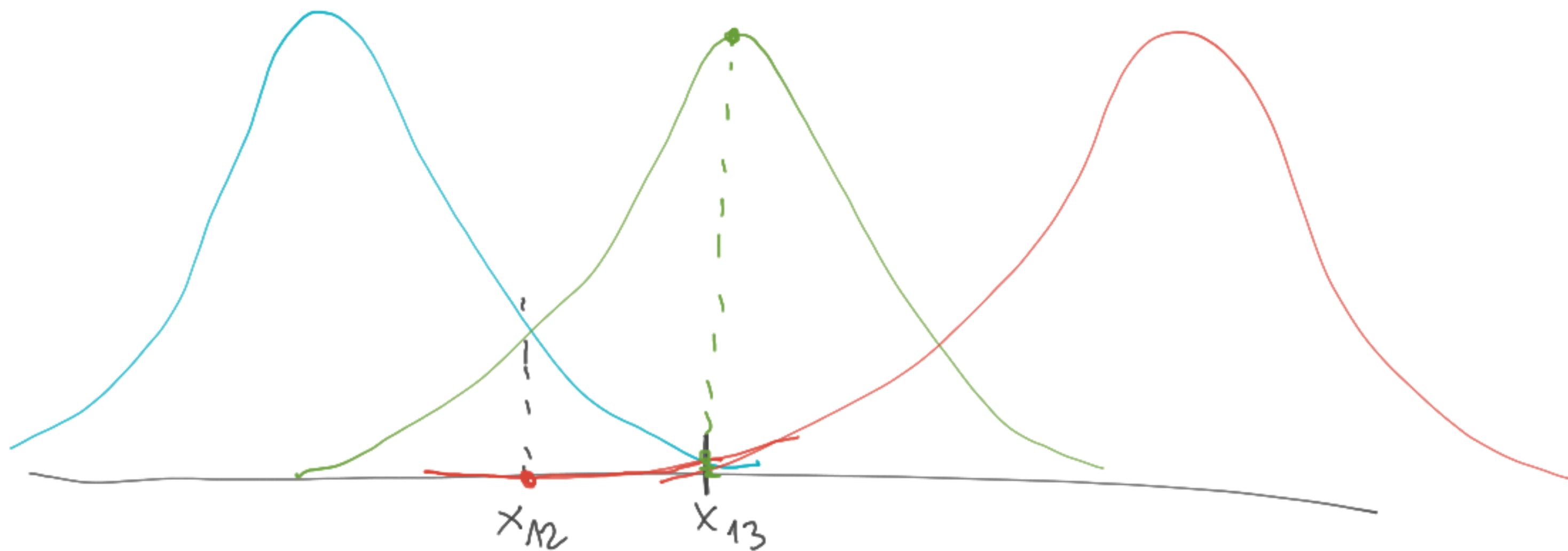
$$P(w_i | x) = P(w_i) P(x | w_i)$$

$$g_1(x) = g_2(x)$$

$$g_1(x) = \mu^T x - \frac{1}{2} \mu^T \mu$$

$$\mu_1 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} - \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = -x_1 - \frac{1}{2}$$



$$g_1(x) = g_2(x) > \underline{g_3(x)}$$

if this is valid, then
 x_{12} exists

$$g_1(x) = \underline{g_3(x)} > g_2(x)$$

if this is valid, then
 x_{13} exists