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ITL502

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Experiment No.: 12

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Title: SNORT and studying the logs.

Problem Definition : Study network security by installing an IDS,

SNORT and study the logs.

Pre-requisite: IDS

Theory:

An intrusion detection system (IDS) is a device or software application that monitors network or system activities for malicious activities or policy violations and produces reports to a management station. IDS come in a variety of "flavors" and approach the goal of detecting suspicious traffic in different ways. There are network based (NIDS) and host based (HIDS) intrusion detection systems. Some systems may attempt to stop an intrusion attempt but this is neither required nor expected of a monitoring system. Intrusion detection and prevention systems (IDPS) are primarily focused on identifying possible incidents, logging information about them, and reporting attempts. In addition, organizations use IDPSes for other purposes, such as identifying problems with security policies, documenting existing threats and deterring individuals from violating security policies. IDPSes have become a necessary addition to the security infrastructure of nearly every organization.[1] IDPSes typically record information related to observed events, notify security administrators of important observed events and produce reports. Many IDPSes can also respond to a detected threat by attempting to prevent it from succeeding. They use several response techniques, which involve the IDPS stopping the attack itself, changing the security environment (e.g. reconfiguring a firewall) or changing the attack's content. SNORT Snort is a free and open source

network intrusion prevention system (NIPS) and network intrusion detection system (NIDS) created by Martin Roesch in 1998. Snort is now developed by Sourcefire, of which Roesch is the founder and CTO. In 2009, Snort entered InfoWorld's Open Source Hall of Fame as one of the "greatest [pieces of] open source software of all time". Snort's open source network-based intrusion detection system (NIDS) has the ability to perform real-time traffic analysis and packet logging on Internet Protocol (IP) networks. Snort performs protocol analysis, content searching, and content matching. These basic services have many purposes including application-aware triggered quality of service, to de-prioritize bulk traffic when latency-sensitive applications are in use. The program can also be used to detect probes or attacks, including, but not limited to, operating system fingerprinting attempts, common gateway interface, buffer overflows, server message block probes, and stealth port scans.

Snort can be configured in three main modes: sniffer, packet logger, and network intrusion detection.

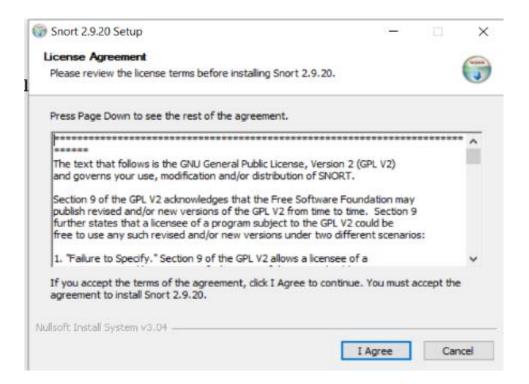
In sniffer mode, the program will read network packets and display them on the console. In packet logger mode, the program will log packets to the disk. In intrusion detection mode, the program will monitor network traffic and analyze it against a rule set defined by the user. The program will then perform a specific action based on what has been identified.

Packet capture library for windows:-

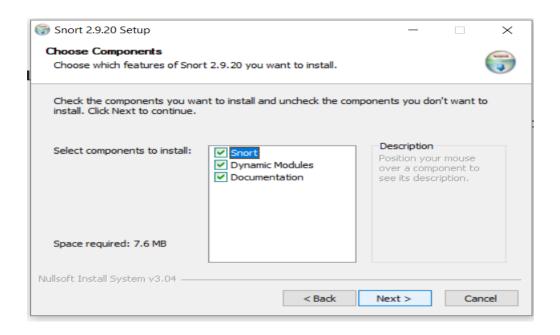
Npcap is the Nmap Project's packet capture (and sending) library for Microsoft Windows. It implements the open Pcap API using a custom Windows kernel driver alongside our Windows build of the excellent libpcap library. This allows Windows software to capture raw network traffic (including wireless networks, wired ethernet, localhost traffic, and many VPNs) using a simple, portable API. Npcap allows for sending raw packets as well. Mac and Linux systems already include the Pcap API, so Npcap allows popular software such as Nmap and Wireshark to run on all these platforms (and more) with a single codebase. Npcap began in 2013 as some improvements to the (now discontinued) WinPcap library, but has been largely rewritten since then with hundreds of releases improving Npcap's speed, portability, security, and efficiency.

Procedure/ Algorithm : Snort Installation:

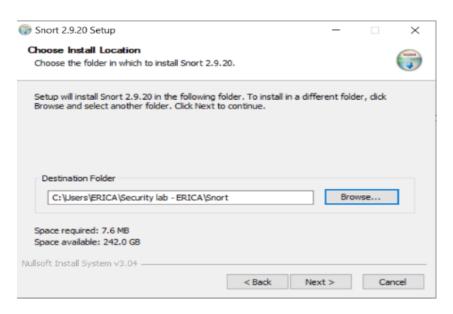
- For Windows 10 64 bit supported SNORT's executable file can be downloaded from here.
- 2. Open the downloaded snort executable file.
- 3. Click On 'I Agree' on the license agreement



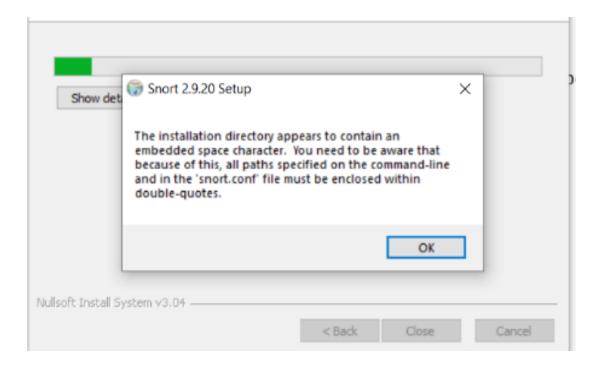
4. Choose components of Snort to be installed.



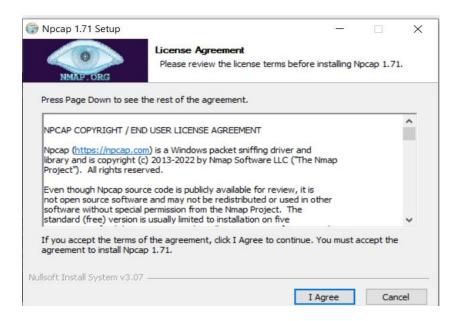
5. Click "Next" and then choose install location for snort preferably a separate folder in Windows C Drive.



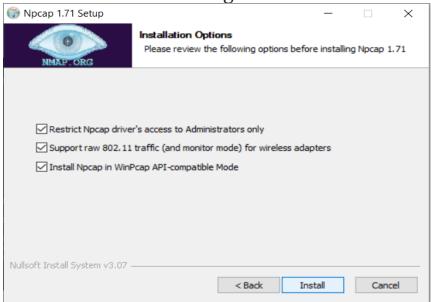
6. Click "Next" Installation process starts and then it completes as shown in figure 04:



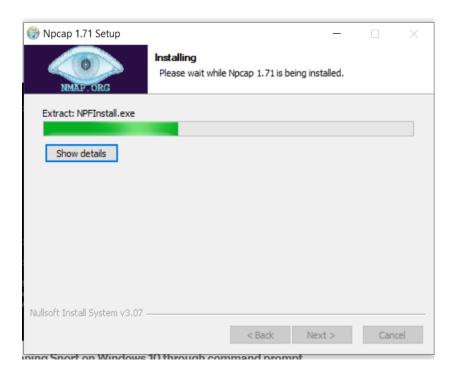
- 7. When you click "Close" you are prompted with this dialogue box.
- 8. Installing Npcap is required by snort for proper functioning.
- 9. Npcap for Windows 10 can be downloaded from here.

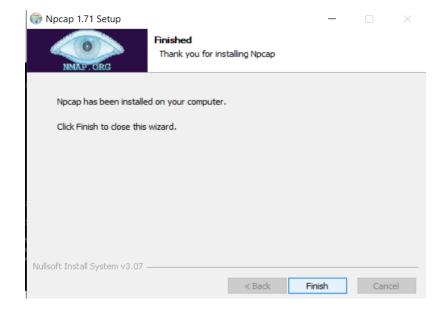


- 10. Opening Npcap setup file, Click on 'I Agree' To license agreement.
- 11. Now we proceed to choose which components of Npcap are to be installed and then clicking on "Install".

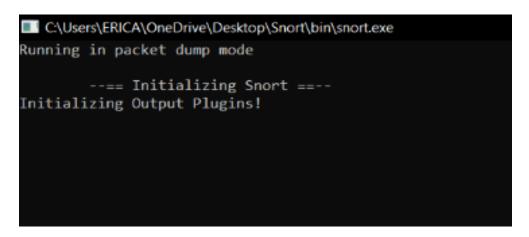


13. Now the window for installation of Npcap shows it has been installed. Clicking "Finish".





Results:



Study of snort logs

Snortlog.txt Study of logfile

- investigate a suspicious program and user account.
- Monitor the command line traffic on the suspicious machine.
- Review the commands used to install an unauthorized program.

References

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http://searchmidmarketsecurity.techtarget.com/definition/Snort Npcap: Windows Packet Capture Library & Driver