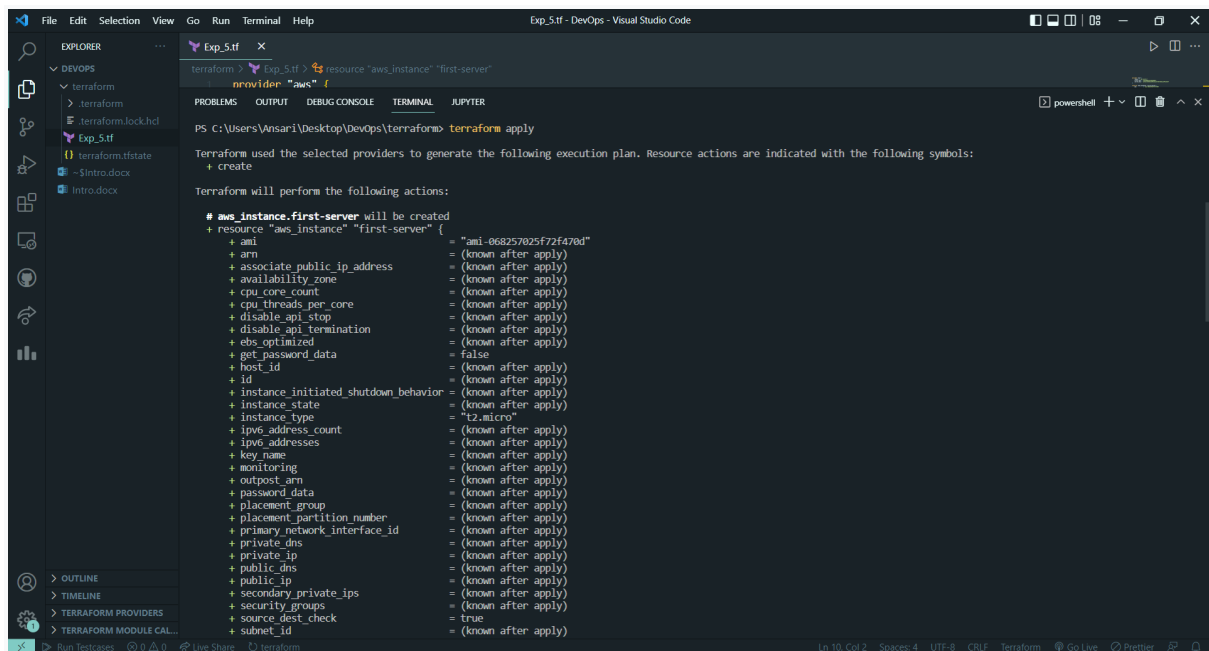


# Experiment 6

To Build, change, and destroy AWS / GCP /Microsoft Azure/ DigitalOcean infrastructure Using Terraform

## Build:

- To build a infrastructure using terraform you'll have to use the command `terraform apply`



```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
Exp.S.tf - DevOps - Visual Studio Code

EXPLORER
  DEVSOPS
    terraform
      terraform.lock.hcl
      Exp.S.tf
      terraform.tfstate
      ~$Intro.docx
      Intro.docx

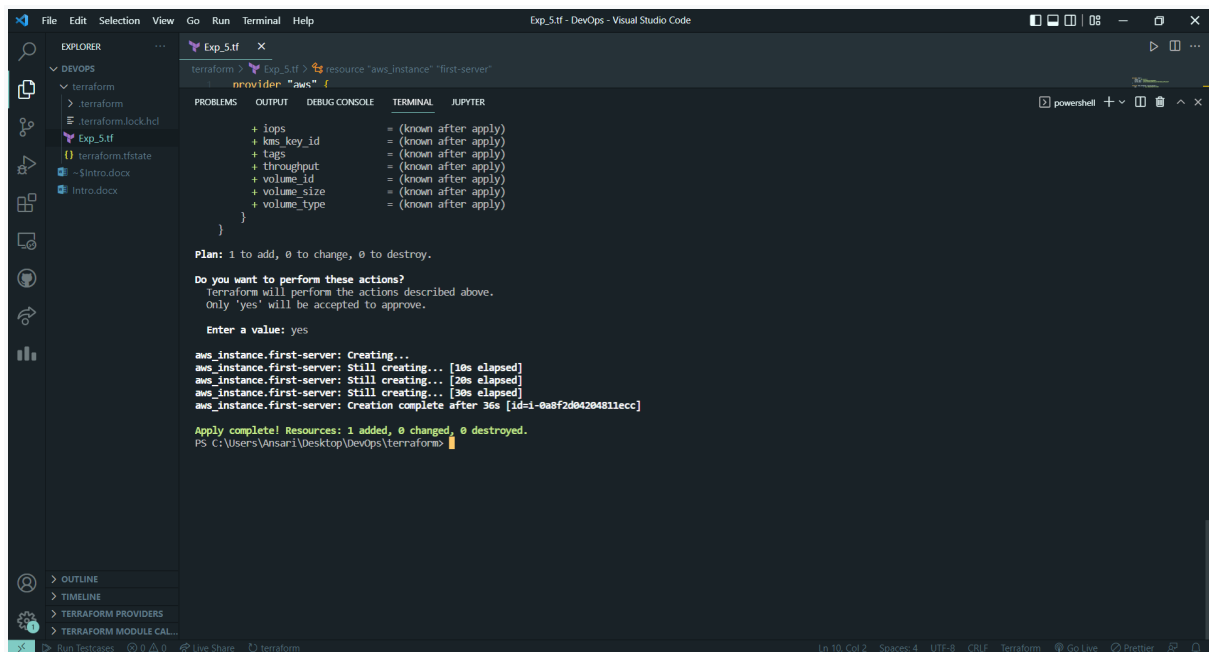
  OUTLINE
  TIMELINE
  TERRAFORM PROVIDERS
  TERRAFORM MODULE CAL...

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL JUPYTER
PS C:\Users\Ansari\Desktop\DevOps\terraform> terraform apply

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
+ create

Terraform will perform the following actions:

# aws_instance.first-server will be created
+ resource "aws_instance" "first-server" {
  + ami                    = "ami-068257025f2f478d"
  + arm                   = (known after apply)
  + associate_public_ip_address = (known after apply)
  + availability_zone      = (known after apply)
  + cpu_core_count         = (known after apply)
  + cpu_threads_per_core   = (known after apply)
  + disable_api_stop       = (known after apply)
  + disable_api_termination = (known after apply)
  + ebs_optimized          = (known after apply)
  + get_password_data      = false
  + host_id                = (known after apply)
  + id                     = (known after apply)
  + instance_initiated_shutdown_behavior = (known after apply)
  + instance_state         = (known after apply)
  + instance_type          = "t2.micro"
  + ipv6_address_count     = (known after apply)
  + ipv6_addresses        = (known after apply)
  + key_name               = (known after apply)
  + monitoring             = (known after apply)
  + outpost_arn            = (known after apply)
  + password_data          = (known after apply)
  + placement_group        = (known after apply)
  + placement_partition_number = (known after apply)
  + primary_network_interface_id = (known after apply)
  + private_dns            = (known after apply)
  + private_ip             = (known after apply)
  + public_dns             = (known after apply)
  + public_ip              = (known after apply)
  + secondary_private_ips  = (known after apply)
  + security_groups        = (known after apply)
  + source_dest_check      = true
  + subnet_id              = (known after apply)
}
```



```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
Exp.S.tf - DevOps - Visual Studio Code

EXPLORER
  DEVSOPS
    terraform
      terraform.lock.hcl
      Exp.S.tf
      terraform.tfstate
      ~$Intro.docx
      Intro.docx

  OUTLINE
  TIMELINE
  TERRAFORM PROVIDERS
  TERRAFORM MODULE CAL...

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL JUPYTER
+ iops                    = (known after apply)
+ kms_key_id              = (known after apply)
+ tags                    = (known after apply)
+ throughput              = (known after apply)
+ volume_id               = (known after apply)
+ volume_size             = (known after apply)
+ volume_type             = (known after apply)
}

Plan: 1 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.

Do you want to perform these actions?
Terraform will perform the actions described above.
Only 'yes' will be accepted to approve.

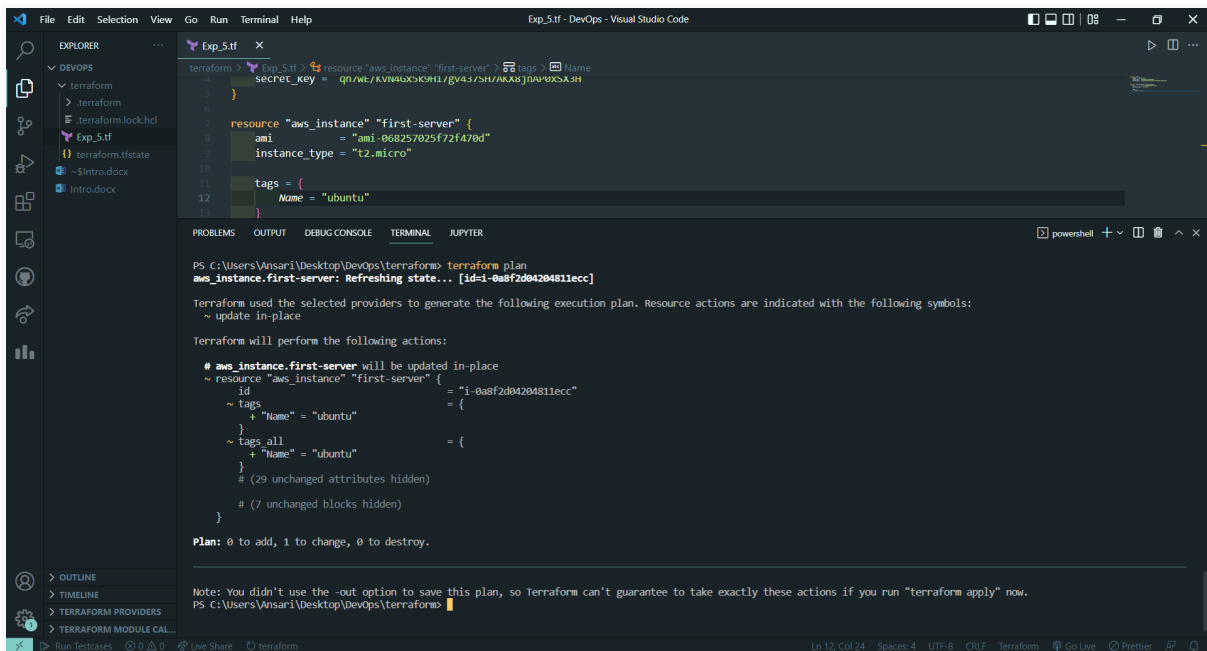
Enter a value: yes

aws_instance.first-server: Creating...
aws_instance.first-server: Still creating... [10s elapsed]
aws_instance.first-server: Still creating... [20s elapsed]
aws_instance.first-server: Still creating... [30s elapsed]
aws_instance.first-server: Creation complete after 36s [id=i-ba8f2d04204811ecc]

Apply complete! Resources: 1 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed.
PS C:\Users\Ansari\Desktop\DevOps\terraform>
```

## Change:

- To apply any changes to terraform we will write the changes we want to apply in the .tf file run the terraform apply command
- If you want to first see what changes will appear write the command terraform plan



The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code interface with a Terraform configuration file named `Exp_5.tf` open. The file contains a Terraform configuration for an AWS instance. The terminal window shows the output of the `terraform plan` command, which displays the execution plan for the `aws_instance.first-server` resource. The plan indicates that the resource will be updated in-place, with changes to the `tags` attribute.

```
terraform > Exp_5.tf > resource "aws_instance" "first-server" {
  secret_key = qn/WE/KVW4GXS9H1/GV4S/SH/AXASJNAP4XSXSH
}

resource "aws_instance" "first-server" {
  ami           = "ami-068257025f72f47bd"
  instance_type = "t2.micro"

  tags = {
    Name = "ubuntu"
  }
}
```

```
PS C:\Users\Ansari\Desktop\DevOps\terraform> terraform plan
aws_instance.first-server: Refreshing state... [id=i-0a8f2d04204811ecc]

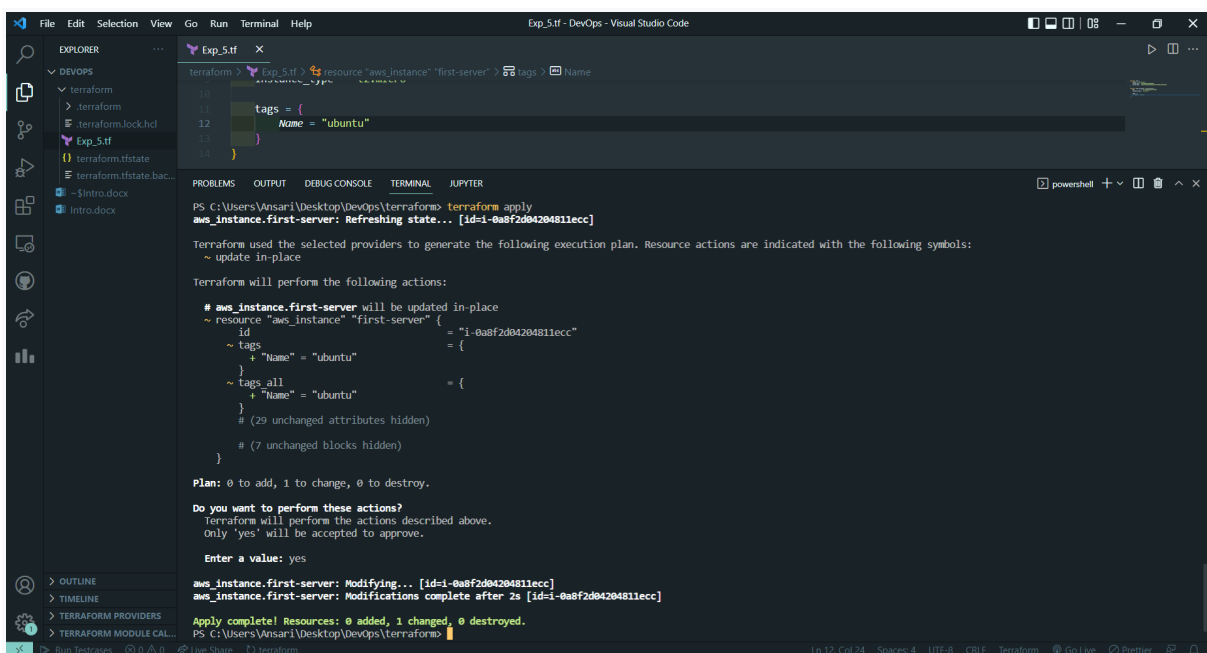
Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
~ update in-place

Terraform will perform the following actions:

# aws_instance.first-server will be updated in-place
~ resource "aws_instance" "first-server" {
  id           = "i-0a8f2d04204811ecc"
  ~ tags       = {
    + "Name" = "ubuntu"
  }
  ~ tags_all   = {
    + "Name" = "ubuntu"
  }
  # (29 unchanged attributes hidden)
  # (7 unchanged blocks hidden)
}

Plan: 0 to add, 1 to change, 0 to destroy.

Note: You didn't use the -out option to save this plan, so Terraform can't guarantee to take exactly these actions if you run "terraform apply" now.
PS C:\Users\Ansari\Desktop\DevOps\terraform>
```



The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code interface with the same Terraform configuration file. The terminal window shows the output of the `terraform apply` command. The plan is confirmed, and the resource `aws_instance.first-server` is updated in-place. The terminal output shows the resource being modified and the modifications completing after 2 seconds.

```
PS C:\Users\Ansari\Desktop\DevOps\terraform> terraform apply
aws_instance.first-server: Refreshing state... [id=i-0a8f2d04204811ecc]

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
~ update in-place

Terraform will perform the following actions:

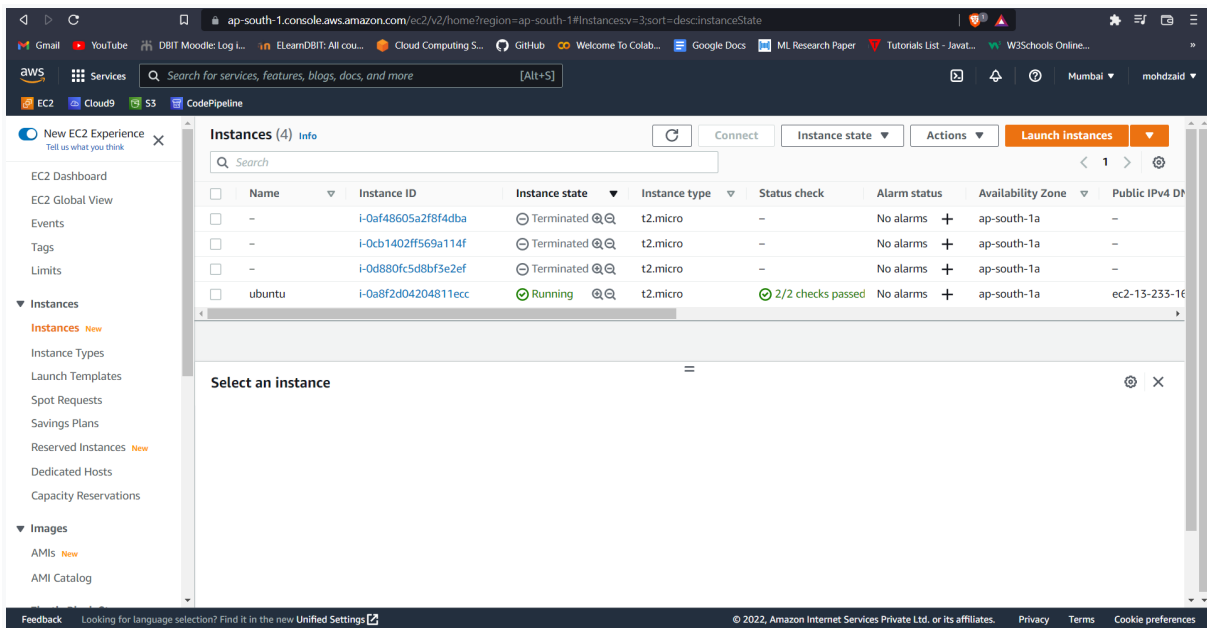
# aws_instance.first-server will be updated in-place
~ resource "aws_instance" "first-server" {
  id           = "i-0a8f2d04204811ecc"
  ~ tags       = {
    + "Name" = "ubuntu"
  }
  ~ tags_all   = {
    + "Name" = "ubuntu"
  }
  # (29 unchanged attributes hidden)
  # (7 unchanged blocks hidden)
}

Plan: 0 to add, 1 to change, 0 to destroy.

Do you want to perform these actions?
Terraform will perform the actions described above.
Only 'yes' will be accepted to approve.

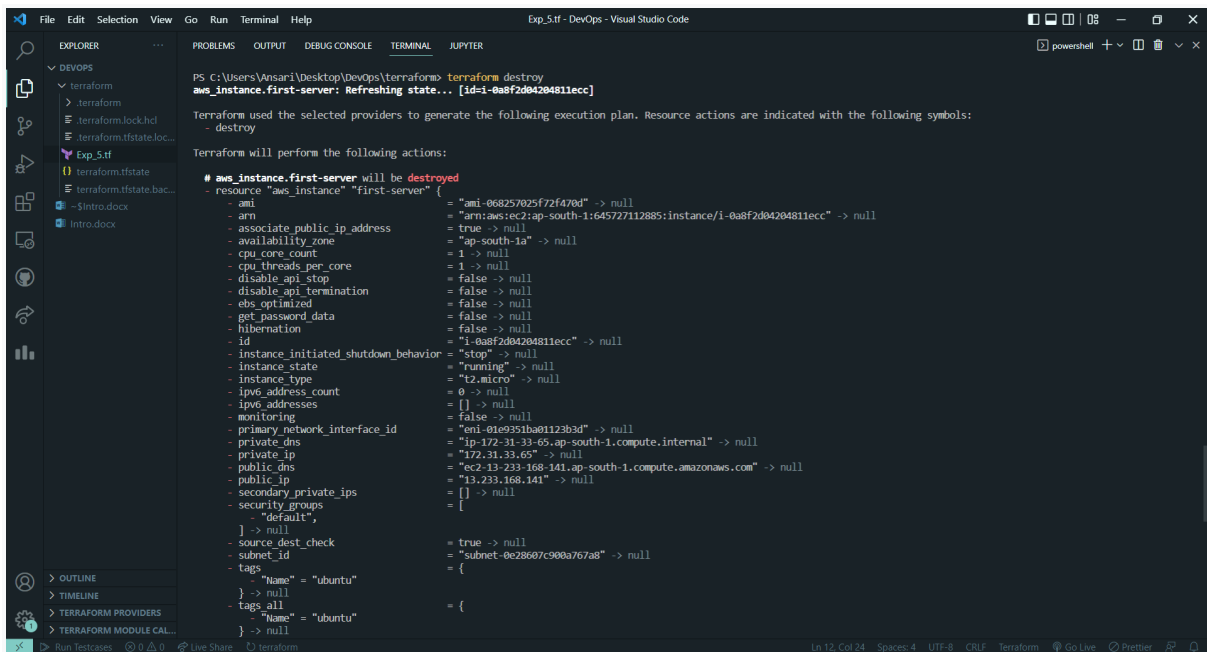
Enter a value: yes
aws_instance.first-server: Modifying... [id=i-0a8f2d04204811ecc]
aws_instance.first-server: Modifications complete after 2s [id=i-0a8f2d04204811ecc]

Apply complete! Resources: 0 added, 1 changed, 0 destroyed.
PS C:\Users\Ansari\Desktop\DevOps\terraform>
```



## Destroy:

- To destroy a terraform infrastructure we will use the command `terraform destroy`
- There is another way to destroy terraform infrastructure just comment the resource part of the code and use the `terraform apply` command



```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help Exp_5.tf - DevOps - Visual Studio Code
EXPLORER PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL JUPYTER
DEVOPS
  terraform
    terraform.lock.hcl
    Exp_5.tf
    terraform.tfstate
    terraform.tfstate.backup
  - $Intro.docx
  Intro.docx
OUTLINE
TIMELINE
TERRAFORM PROVIDERS
TERRAFORM MODULE CALLS
Run Testcases Live State terraform

- auto_recovery = "default" -> null
}

- metadata_options {
  - http_endpoint = "enabled" -> null
  - http_put_response_hop_limit = 1 -> null
  - http_tokens = "optional" -> null
  - instance_metadata_tags = "disabled" -> null
}

- private_dns_name_options {
  - enable_resource_name_dns_a_record = false -> null
  - enable_resource_name_dns_aaaa_record = false -> null
  - hostname_type = "ip-name" -> null
}

- root_block_device {
  - delete_on_termination = true -> null
  - device_name = "/dev/sda1" -> null
  - encrypted = false -> null
  - iops = 100 -> null
  - tags = {} -> null
  - throughput = 0 -> null
  - volume_id = "vol-0e18922dc5047e3ee" -> null
  - volume_size = 8 -> null
  - volume_type = "gp2" -> null
}

Plan: 0 to add, 0 to change, 1 to destroy.

Do you really want to destroy all resources?
Terraform will destroy all your managed infrastructure, as shown above.
There is no undo. Only 'yes' will be accepted to confirm.

Enter a value: yes

aws_instance.first-server: Destroying... [id=i-0a8f2d04204811ecc]
aws_instance.first-server: Still destroying... [id=i-0a8f2d04204811ecc, 10s elapsed]
aws_instance.first-server: Still destroying... [id=i-0a8f2d04204811ecc, 20s elapsed]
aws_instance.first-server: Still destroying... [id=i-0a8f2d04204811ecc, 30s elapsed]
aws_instance.first-server: Destruction complete after 31s

Destroy complete! Resources: 1 destroyed.
PS C:\Users\Varsar\Desktop\DevOps\terraform>
```

ap-south-1.console.aws.amazon.com/ec2/v2/home?region=ap-south-1#instances?v=3&sort=desc&instanceState

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Images  
AMIs New  
AMI Catalog

### Instances (1/4) Info

Connect Instance state Actions Launch Instances

Name	Instance ID	Instance state	Instance type	Status check	Alarm status	Availability Zone	Public IPv4 D
-	i-0af48605a2f8f4dba	Terminated	t2.micro	-	No alarms	ap-south-1a	-
-	i-0cb1402ff569a114f	Terminated	t2.micro	-	No alarms	ap-south-1a	-
ubuntu	i-0a8f2d04204811ecc	Terminated	t2.micro	-	No alarms	ap-south-1a	-
-	i-0d880fc5d8bf3e2ef	Terminated	t2.micro	-	No alarms	ap-south-1a	-

#### Instance: i-0a8f2d04204811ecc (ubuntu)

Details Security Networking Storage Status checks Monitoring Tags

Instance summary Info

Instance ID  
i-0a8f2d04204811ecc (ubuntu)

IPv6 address  
-

Hostname type  
-

Public IPv4 address  
-

Instance state  
Terminated

Private IPv4 addresses  
-

Public IPv4 DNS  
-

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