1. Specificarea minilimbajului de programare (EBNF)

```
program = header, declarations, 'begin', instruction list, 'end.';
header = 'program', program name, ';';
program name = ID;
declarations = ['type', user defined type, ':', other type, ';'] 'var', variable list, ':',
data type, ';';
variable list = ID, { ',', ID };
data type = 'integer' | 'real' | user defined type;
user defined type = ID;
other type = 'array[1..5] of integer';
letter = 'a' | 'b' | 'c' | 'd' | 'e' | 'f' | 'g' | 'h' | 'i' | 'j' | 'k' | 'l' | 'm' | 'n' | 'o' | 'p' | 'q' | 'r' | 's' | 't' |
'u' | 'v' | 'w' | 'x' | 'y' | 'z' ;
digit = '0' | '1' | '2' | '3' | '4' | '5' | '6' | '7' | '8' | '9';
instruction list = instruction, { ';', instruction };
instruction = assign instruction | if instruction | io instruction | while loop;
assign instruction = ID, ':=', expression, ';';
expression = (ID | CONST), { operator, (ID | CONST) };
if instruction = 'if', boolean expression, 'then begin', instruction list, 'end;', ['else begin',
instruction list, 'end;' ];
boolean expression = ID, bool operator, expression;
io instruction = 'readln(', ID, ');' | 'writeln(', ID, ');';
while loop = 'while', boolean expression, 'do begin', instruction list, 'end;';
bool operator = '>' | '<' | '<>';
operator = '+' | '-' | '*';
ID = letter, { letter | digit };
CONST = digit , ['.'] , { digit } ;
```

2. Textele sursă a 3 mini-programre

1. Perimetrul și aria unui cerc cu rază dată:

```
program cerc;
var a, p, r: real;
begin
       readln(r);
        p := 2*3.14*r;
       a := 3.14 * r * r;
        writeln(p);
        writeln(a);
end.
2. CMMDC a două numere:
program cmmdc;
var a, b: integer;
begin
        while a > b do
        begin
                if a>b then
                begin
                        a := a-b;
                end;
                else begin
                        b=b-a;
                end;
        end;
        writeln(a);
```

3. <u>Suma a n numere citite de la tastatură</u>:

program suma;

end.

```
var n, sum, nr: integer;
begin
    readln(n);
    sum := 0;
    while n>0 do
    begin
        readln(nr);
        sum := sum + nr;
        n := n - 1;
    end;
    writeln(sum);
end.
```

3. Programe ce conțin erori:

end.

1. Două erori care sunt în același timp erori în limbajul original (pentru care MLP definește un subset)