SnAirBeats

1.0

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# **SnAirBeats**



# 1.1 SnAIRbeats

SnAirBeats is a next generation method to practice the drums, while reducing noise and space typically required to do so. The SnAirBeat set uses intertial measurement units (IMU) within the sticks to track their movement and play a corresponding drum, not requiring any physical hitting like modern electric drum sets need.

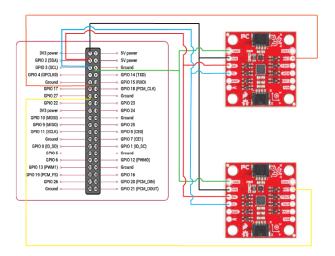
# 1.2 Building

SnAIRBeats requires the following components to work:

- 1x Raspberry Pi 5
- 2x SEN15335 Breakout IMU
- 1x External USB Speaker

The circuit's wires should be at least 1m long to ensure comfortable movement while playing to avoid risk of damaging the project. A wiring guide can be seen below:

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The drumsticks for the project need to be 3D printed via the STLs provided within this repository.

# 1.3 Prerequisites

Firstly it should be noted that SnAIRBeats can only run on a Linux system. It is recommened to use a Raspberry Pi operating system such as Raspebian as the packages will not work on Windows systems.

Before installing any of the prerequisites, please update your package list with:

```
sudo apt update
```

There are 4 main libraries that need to be installed for this project:

- Libgpiod for general purpose input/output
- mraa IoT and hardware interface library (required for IMU driver)
- YAML Support for YAML (required for IMU driver)
- · ALSA To process and play sound files

These packages can be installed by running the following commands through the terminal of the Raspberry Pi.

```
sudo apt install -y libgpiod-dev sudo apt install -y libmraa-dev sudo apt install -y libyaml-dev sudo apt install -y libasound2-dev
```

# 1.4 Compliation from source

The project is built using a series of CMakeLists.txt which locate and link the required internal and external libraries for the project. By running the code below, the CMake will generate the respective make files within each of files. Running make will build the project and return an executable.

```
cmake .
```

It may take a few seconds for everything to build properly, but once everything has been successfully created you can use the code below to run SnAIRBeats.

./SnairBeats

1.5 Usage 3

# 1.5 Usage

SnAIRBeats works by reading the direction of acceleration within the IMUs. Holding the sticks with the X-direction representing the vertical axis:

- · Hitting a stick down will play a snare drum
- Hitting a stick to either side will play a high tom
- · Lunging the stick forward will play a crash cymbal

If desired, the sounds played by each direction can be changed by swapping files in the ALSAPlayer library found either <a href="here">here</a> or through the command directory:

```
cd src/libs/ALSAPlayer/include
```

# 1.5.1 Maximum Latency

The highest sampling rate the SEN 15335 IMUs can work at is 1.125kHz.

This value can be adjusted in the main.cpp file by altering the SampleRateDivider variable. This divides the sampling rate by 1+SampleRateDivider.

We have found that the maximum latency the sticks can be reliably played at is 25Hz (1125Hz/44+1). While decreasing the latency may improve the sensitivity of the sticks, the higher this value is the greater the power consumption will be.

# 1.6 Libraries

Here is a small description of each of the libraries used within the project and what they are used for.

# 1.6.1 ALSAPlayer

ALSAPlayer takes .wav files from inside its  $include\ folder$  and converts them into audio buffers using the ConvertFiles function. This library is heavily based off of driver written by Adam Stark found at httpseconder = 1000 Adam Stark

Audio devices are opened using the Open function which once finished can be used to play the created audiobuffers using the playFile function. The playFile function is built to play small audios and will interrupt itself, cancelling whatever is playing to play the next audio. This is much easier for SnAIRBeats compared to mixing as the interrupt of the drum notes is not noticable to the human ear, especially with the sample delay between each hit.

# 1.6.2 **GPIO**

The GPIO library initialises the GPIO pins of the Raspberry Pi. Using libgpiod, an event driven interrupt function called "worker" is used to read one of the GPIO pins for a HIGH value. The function is blocked until a rising edge event is seen in the GPIO pin selected in the constructor.

The interrupt is data-ready based and therefore wakes whenever new data is available from the sensor. Within the constructor, 2 objects were passed in, the Maths object and the I2C-IMU driver. The new data is read from the IMU's registers using a read function and passed into a callback which inputs the data into the maths object to be thresholded.

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#### 1.6.3 I2C

The I2C library is a driver written specifically for the ICM-20948 chip seen within the SEN 15335 IMU and is very heavily based off of driver written by NTKot found at  $https://github.com/NTkot/icm20948 \leftarrow i2c$  with the Raw-Data-Ready interrupt turned on and the magnetometer turned off.

For each sensor used within the system, an object from this driver is built with a separate I2C address to differentiate between the two. These objects come with pre-built functions, must useful is the Read\_Accel\_Gyro which reads the registers of the IMU and stores the values in a variable within the object. These variables are what are passed into the IMUMaths callback through the GPIO worker whenever data is ready.

#### 1.6.4 IMUMaths

This libary was written to threshold the data that came through from the GPIO worker and has two main goals. Firstly it reads the data passed through and checks whether any of the values correlate to a hit and then play the corresponding audio from the ALSAAudio object. It also contains a sample delay to stop multiple sounds being played from the same hit. This is achieved using a simple boolean that is turned true after a hit is detected and waits a set number of samples before the boolean flips back, allowing another hit to be detected.

# 1.7 Unit tests

This project uses unit testing to validate the functionality of the key classes, including classes responsible for IMU data processing and audio playback.

Tests are written using the GoogleTest framework and integrated with CTest for easy execution.

To run the tests from the root directory, use:

./run\_tests

or to use CMake directly, run:

ctest

# 1.8 Documentation

Complete documentation for this project can be found in documentation.pdf.

# 1.9 Sponsorship and funding

We are very grateful for RS Components for providing us with components that allowed us to complete this project.

# 1.10 Media

Instagram

1.11 Authors 5

# 1.11 Authors

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- · Aleksandar Zahariev
- Mohammed Alqabandi
- · Renata Cia Sanches Loberto
- · Alejandra Paja Garcia

# 1.12 Licenses

The IMU driver has been adapted from the driver written by NTKot and can be found at  $https://github. \leftarrow com/NTkot/icm20948\_i2c$ 

The ALSAPlayer library has been adapted from the driver written by Adam Stark and can be found at https://github.com/adamstark/AudioFile

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# **Namespace Index**

# 2.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all namespaces with brief descriptions:

AudioPlayerName	13
GPIOName	13
icm20948	13
IMUMathsName	13

8 Namespace Index

# **Hierarchical Index**

# 3.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::ActiveSound	15
AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer	18
GPIOName::GPIOClass::Callback	25
GPIOName::MathsCallbackStruct	42
IMUMathsName::IMUMaths::Callback	26
IMUMathsName::AudioCallback	16
GPIOName::GPIOClass	28
icm20948::ICM20948_I2C	32
IMUMathsName::IMUMaths	38

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# **Class Index**

# 4.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

udioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::ActiveSound	15
IUMathsName::AudioCallback	16
udioPlayerName::AudioPlayer	18
PIOName::GPIOClass::Callback	
Callback using virtual void	25
/IUMathsName::IMUMaths::Callback	
Callback using virtual void	
PIOName::GPIOClass	28
m20948::ICM20948_I2C	32
IUMathsName::IMUMaths	38
PIOName::MathsCallbackStruct	42

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# **File Index**

# 5.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

src/libs/ALSAPlayer/include/ALSAPlayer.hpp	45
src/libs/GPIO/include/gpioevent.h	49
src/libs/I2C/include/icm20948_i2c.hpp	51
src/libs/IMUMaths/include/IMUMaths.hpp	53

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# **Namespace Documentation**

# 6.1 AudioPlayerName Namespace Reference

#### **Classes**

class AudioPlayer

# 6.2 GPIOName Namespace Reference

#### Classes

- class GPIOClass
- · struct MathsCallbackStruct

# **Typedefs**

• typedef void(\* GPIOCallback) (void \*context, float, float, float)

# 6.2.1 Typedef Documentation

### 6.2.1.1 GPIOCallback

typedef void(\* GPIOName::GPIOCallback) (void \*context, float, float, float)

# 6.3 icm20948 Namespace Reference

# Classes

class ICM20948\_I2C

# 6.4 IMUMathsName Namespace Reference

# Classes

- struct AudioCallback
- class IMUMaths

# **Class Documentation**

# 7.1 AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::ActiveSound Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::ActiveSound:



#### **Public Attributes**

- std::vector< int32\_t > \* buffer
- size\_t position

# 7.1.1 Member Data Documentation

### 7.1.1.1 buffer

std::vector<int32\_t>\* AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::ActiveSound::buffer

# 7.1.1.2 position

 $\verb|size_t AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::ActiveSound::position|\\$ 

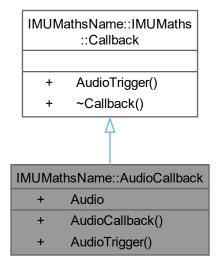
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/libs/ALSAPlayer/include/ALSAPlayer.hpp

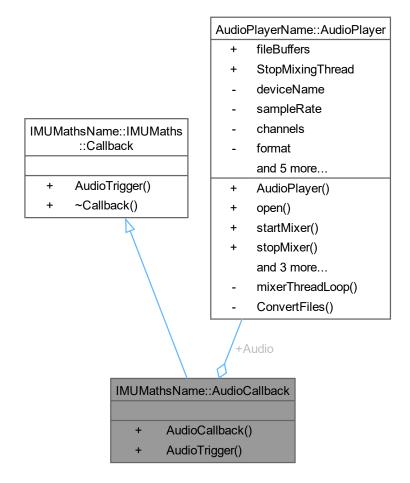
# 7.2 IMUMathsName::AudioCallback Struct Reference

#include <IMUMaths.hpp>

Inheritance diagram for IMUMathsName::AudioCallback:



Collaboration diagram for IMUMathsName::AudioCallback:



### **Public Member Functions**

- AudioCallback (AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer &audio)
- virtual void AudioTrigger (const std::string &FilePath)

# Public Member Functions inherited from IMUMathsName::IMUMaths::Callback

virtual ∼Callback ()

# **Public Attributes**

• AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer & Audio

# 7.2.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 7.2.1.1 AudioCallback()

# 7.2.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 7.2.2.1 AudioTrigger()

Implements IMUMathsName::IMUMaths::Callback.

#### 7.2.3 Member Data Documentation

#### 7.2.3.1 Audio

```
AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer& IMUMathsName::AudioCallback::Audio
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/libs/IMUMaths/include/IMUMaths.hpp

# 7.3 AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer Class Reference

#include <ALSAPlayer.hpp>

Collaboration diagram for AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer:

# AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer

- + fileBuffers
- + StopMixingThread
- deviceName
- sampleRate
- channels
- format
  - and 5 more...
- + AudioPlayer()
- + open()
- + startMixer()
- + stopMixer()
  - and 3 more...
- mixerThreadLoop()
- ConvertFiles()

### Classes

struct ActiveSound

### **Public Member Functions**

AudioPlayer (const std::string &device="default", unsigned int rate=44100, unsigned int ch=2, snd\_pcm\_
 format\_t fmt=SND\_PCM\_FORMAT\_S16\_LE, snd\_pcm\_uframes\_t frames=256, const std::vector< std::string</li>
 &filesToConvert={"src/libs/ALSAPlayer/include/CrashCymbal.wav", "src/libs/ALSAPlayer/include/High
 Tom.wav", "src/libs/ALSAPlayer/include/SnareDrum.wav"})

Constructor for AudioPlayer class.

• bool open ()

Open PCM device for playback.

void startMixer ()

Start mixer thread.

void stopMixer ()

Stop mixer thread.

bool addSoundToMixer (const std::string &fileKey)

Add input sound to mixer and play it.

• void close ()

Close PCM handle and free all associated resources.

∼AudioPlayer ()

Destructor.

# **Public Attributes**

- std::unordered\_map< std::string, std::vector< int32\_t >> fileBuffers
- bool StopMixingThread = false

#### **Private Member Functions**

- void mixerThreadLoop ()
- void ConvertFiles (const std::vector< std::string > &filePaths)

#### **Private Attributes**

- std::string deviceName
- · unsigned int sampleRate
- · unsigned int channels
- snd\_pcm\_format\_t format
- snd\_pcm\_uframes\_t framesPerPeriod
- snd\_pcm\_t \* handle
- std::thread mixThread
- std::vector< ActiveSound > ActiveSounds
- std::mutex ActiveMutex

# 7.3.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 7.3.1.1 AudioPlayer()

# Constructor for AudioPlayer class.

Handles audio file loading, conversion and playback.

#### **Parameters**

device	The name of the ALSA device to use.
rate	Sample rate in Hz.
ch	Number of channels.
fmt	Format of audio data.
frames	Number of frames per period.
filesToConvert	Sound files used.

# 7.3.1.2 ~AudioPlayer()

AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::~AudioPlayer () [inline]

Destructor.

Here is the call graph for this function:



# 7.3.2 Member Function Documentation

# 7.3.2.1 addSoundToMixer()

Add input sound to mixer and play it.

It includes the following steps:

- register detected sound in the mixer
- · add sound to buffer and remove sounds that have finished playing
- · play sound

### **Parameters**

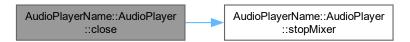
fileKey Sound file key.

### 7.3.2.2 close()

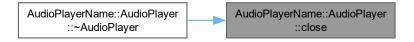
void AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::close () [inline]

Close PCM handle and free all associated resources.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.3.2.3 ConvertFiles()

# 7.3.2.4 mixerThreadLoop()

```
void AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::mixerThreadLoop () [inline], [private]
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.3.2.5 open()

bool AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::open () [inline]

Open PCM device for playback.

It includes the following steps:

- · open the PCM device
- · allocate hardware parameters object and fill it in with default values
- set desired hardware parameters (set access type, format, number of channels, sample rate, period size)
- · write parameters to the driver
- · get period size

#### 7.3.2.6 startMixer()

void AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::startMixer () [inline]

Start mixer thread.

Here is the call graph for this function:



# 7.3.2.7 stopMixer()

void AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::stopMixer () [inline]

Stop mixer thread.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.3.3 Member Data Documentation

#### 7.3.3.1 ActiveMutex

std::mutex AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::ActiveMutex [private]

# 7.3.3.2 ActiveSounds

std::vector<ActiveSound> AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::ActiveSounds [private]

# 7.3.3.3 channels

unsigned int AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::channels [private]

#### 7.3.3.4 deviceName

std::string AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::deviceName [private]

#### 7.3.3.5 fileBuffers

std::unordered\_map<std::string, std::vector<int32\_t> > AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::file← Ruffers

#### 7.3.3.6 format

snd\_pcm\_format\_t AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::format [private]

#### 7.3.3.7 framesPerPeriod

snd\_pcm\_uframes\_t AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::framesPerPeriod [private]

# 7.3.3.8 handle

snd\_pcm\_t\* AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::handle [private]

### 7.3.3.9 mixThread

std::thread AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::mixThread [private]

# 7.3.3.10 sampleRate

unsigned int AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::sampleRate [private]

# 7.3.3.11 StopMixingThread

bool AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::StopMixingThread = false

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

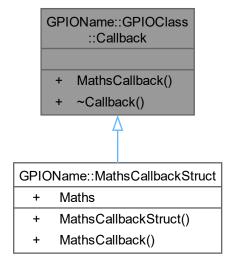
• src/libs/ALSAPlayer/include/ALSAPlayer.hpp

# 7.4 GPIOName::GPIOClass::Callback Struct Reference

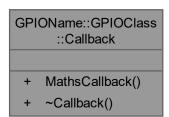
Callback using virtual void.

#include <gpioevent.h>

Inheritance diagram for GPIOName::GPIOClass::Callback:



 $Collaboration\ diagram\ for\ GPIOName:: GPIOClass:: Callback:$ 



# **Public Member Functions**

- virtual void MathsCallback (float X, float Y, float Z)=0
- virtual ∼Callback ()

# 7.4.1 Detailed Description

Callback using virtual void.

#### 7.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 7.4.2.1 ~Callback()

```
virtual GPIOName::GPIOClass::Callback::~Callback () [inline], [virtual]
```

#### 7.4.3 Member Function Documentation

# 7.4.3.1 MathsCallback()

Implemented in GPIOName::MathsCallbackStruct.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

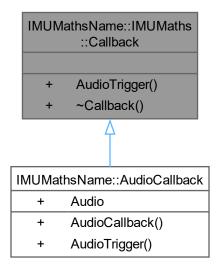
• src/libs/GPIO/include/gpioevent.h

# 7.5 IMUMathsName::IMUMaths::Callback Struct Reference

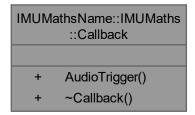
Callback using virtual void.

```
#include <IMUMaths.hpp>
```

 $Inheritance\ diagram\ for\ IMUM aths Name:: IMUM aths:: Callback:$ 



Collaboration diagram for IMUMathsName::IMUMaths::Callback:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- virtual void AudioTrigger (const std::string &FilePath)=0
- virtual ∼Callback ()

# 7.5.1 Detailed Description

Callback using virtual void.

#### 7.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 7.5.2.1 ~Callback()

```
virtual IMUMathsName::IMUMaths::Callback::~Callback () [inline], [virtual]
```

#### 7.5.3 Member Function Documentation

# 7.5.3.1 AudioTrigger()

Implemented in IMUMathsName::AudioCallback.

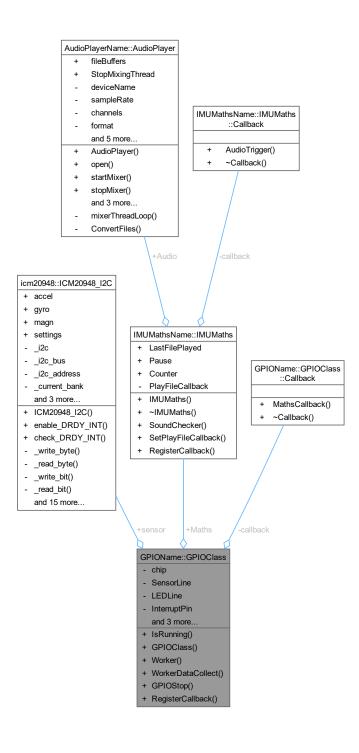
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/libs/IMUMaths/include/IMUMaths.hpp

# 7.6 GPIOName::GPIOClass Class Reference

#include <gpioevent.h>

Collaboration diagram for GPIOName::GPIOClass:



#### Classes

struct Callback

Callback using virtual void.

#### **Public Member Functions**

- · bool IsRunning () const
- GPIOClass (const char \*chipName, int InterruptPin, icm20948::ICM20948\_I2C &sensor, IMUMathsName::IMUMaths &Maths)

Constructor for GPIOClass.

• void Worker ()

Event driven worker reading data when HIGH seen on GPIO.

void WorkerDataCollect ()

Event driven worker reading data when HIGH seen on GPIO and records data to a CSV.

• void GPIOStop ()

Changes a boolean to end the worker.

void RegisterCallback (Callback \*cb)

Registers a callback.

#### **Public Attributes**

- icm20948::ICM20948\_I2C & sensor
- IMUMathsName::IMUMaths & Maths

#### **Private Attributes**

```
• gpiod chip * chip
```

- gpiod\_line \* SensorLine
- gpiod\_line \* LEDLine
- int InterruptPin
- int Counter
- bool Pause = true
- std::atomic< bool > running {true}
- Callback \* callback = nullptr

#### 7.6.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 7.6.1.1 GPIOClass()

#### Constructor for GPIOClass.

#### **Parameters**

chipName	The name of the GPIO chip (e.g., "gpiochip0")
InterruptPin	The GPIO pin number for interrupts
sensor	access to ICM20948_I2C objects (

#### See also

icm20948::ICM20948\_I2C)

#### **Parameters**

Maths   access to IMUMaths objects (	Maths
--------------------------------------	-------

See also

IMUMathsName::IMUMaths)

#### 7.6.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 7.6.2.1 **GPIOStop()**

```
void GPIOName::GPIOClass::GPIOStop ()
```

Changes a boolean to end the worker.

#### 7.6.2.2 IsRunning()

```
bool GPIOName::GPIOClass::IsRunning () const [inline]
```

#### 7.6.2.3 RegisterCallback()

Registers a callback.

#### **Parameters**

```
cb callback to register
```

#### 7.6.2.4 Worker()

```
void GPIOName::GPIOClass::Worker ()
```

Event driven worker reading data when HIGH seen on GPIO.

This function is an event driven interrupt controlled by a GPIO pin. Once this GPIO pin reads HIGH the function will read the data registers using the ReadAccel() callback from the IMU's driver which is then fed into the IMU Maths object to be analysed.

### 7.6.2.5 WorkerDataCollect()

```
void GPIOName::GPIOClass::WorkerDataCollect ()
```

Event driven worker reading data when HIGH seen on GPIO and records data to a CSV.

The function begins by initialising a csv file named by the user. This function then uses blocking interrupts controlled by a GPIO pin. Once this GPIO pin reads HIGH the function reads the data registers using the ReadAccel() callback from the IMU's driver and appends this data into the opened CSV file.

# 7.6.3 Member Data Documentation

#### 7.6.3.1 callback

```
Callback* GPIOName::GPIOClass::callback = nullptr [private]
```

# 7.6.3.2 chip

```
gpiod_chip* GPIOName::GPIOClass::chip [private]
```

#### 7.6.3.3 Counter

```
int GPIOName::GPIOClass::Counter [private]
```

#### 7.6.3.4 InterruptPin

```
int GPIOName::GPIOClass::InterruptPin [private]
```

#### 7.6.3.5 LEDLine

```
gpiod_line* GPIOName::GPIOClass::LEDLine [private]
```

#### 7.6.3.6 Maths

```
IMUMathsName::IMUMaths& GPIOName::GPIOClass::Maths
```

### 7.6.3.7 Pause

```
bool GPIOName::GPIOClass::Pause = true [private]
```

# 7.6.3.8 running

```
std::atomic<bool> GPIOName::GPIOClass::running {true} [private]
```

#### 7.6.3.9 sensor

```
icm20948::ICM20948_I2C& GPIOName::GPIOClass::sensor
```

#### 7.6.3.10 SensorLine

```
gpiod_line* GPIOName::GPIOClass::SensorLine [private]
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• src/libs/GPIO/include/gpioevent.h

# 7.7 icm20948::ICM20948\_I2C Class Reference

```
#include <icm20948_i2c.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for icm20948::ICM20948\_I2C:

# icm20948::ICM20948\_I2C + accel gyro + magn + settings \_i2c \_i2c\_bus \_i2c\_address \_current\_bank and 3 more... + ICM20948 I2C() + enable\_DRDY\_INT() + check\_DRDY\_INT() \_write\_byte() \_read\_byte() \_write\_bit() \_read\_bit() and 15 more...

#### **Public Member Functions**

• ICM20948\_I2C (unsigned i2c\_bus, unsigned i2c\_address=ICM20948\_I2C\_ADDR, icm20948::settings=icm20948 ::settings())

Constructor for ICM20948\_I2C class.

• bool enable\_DRDY\_INT ()

Enables the Data Ready Interrupt.

bool check\_DRDY\_INT ()

Checks if the Data Ready Interrupt is active.

#### **Public Attributes**

- · float accel [3]
- float gyro [3]
- · float magn [3]
- icm20948::settings settings

#### **Private Member Functions**

```
• bool _write_byte (const uint8_t bank, const uint8_t reg, const uint8_t byte)
```

- bool read byte (const uint8 t bank, const uint8 t reg, uint8 t &byte)
- bool write bit (const uint8\_t bank, const uint8\_t reg, const uint8\_t bit\_pos, const bool bit)
- bool \_read\_bit (const uint8\_t bank, const uint8\_t reg, const uint8\_t bit\_pos, bool &bit)
- bool read block bytes (const uint8 t bank, const uint8 t start reg, uint8 t \*bytes, const int length)
- bool <u>\_write\_mag\_byte</u> (const uint8\_t mag\_reg, const uint8\_t byte)
- bool <u>\_read\_mag\_byte</u> (const uint8\_t mag\_reg, uint8\_t &byte)
- bool <u>\_read\_int\_byte</u> (const uint8\_t bank, const uint8\_t reg, uint8\_t &byte)
- bool <u>set\_bank</u> (uint8\_t bank)
- bool \_set\_accel\_sample\_rate\_div ()
- bool \_set\_accel\_range\_dlpf ()
- bool \_set\_gyro\_sample\_rate\_div ()
- bool set gyro range dlpf ()
- bool \_magnetometer\_init ()
- bool \_magnetometer\_enable ()
- bool \_magnetometer\_set\_mode ()
- bool \_magnetometer\_configured ()
- bool \_magnetometer\_set\_readout ()
- bool \_chip\_i2c\_master\_reset ()

#### **Private Attributes**

- · mraa::I2c \_i2c
- unsigned \_i2c\_bus
- unsigned i2c address
- uint8 t current bank
- · float \_accel\_scale\_factor
- float \_gyro\_scale\_factor
- float \_magn\_scale\_factor

#### 7.7.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 7.7.1.1 ICM20948\_I2C()

Constructor for ICM20948\_I2C class.

#### **Parameters**

i2c_bus	The I2C bus number to which the sensor is connected.
i2c_address	The I2C address of the sensor (default is ICM20948_I2C_ADDR).
settings	The settings structure containing configuration parameters for the sensor. If not provided, default settings will be used -

#### See also

icm20948::settings (external).

#### 7.7.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 7.7.2.1 \_chip\_i2c\_master\_reset()

```
bool icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_chip_i2c_master_reset () [private]
```

### 7.7.2.2 \_magnetometer\_configured()

```
bool icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_magnetometer_configured () [private]
```

### 7.7.2.3 \_magnetometer\_enable()

```
bool icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_magnetometer_enable () [private]
```

# 7.7.2.4 \_magnetometer\_init()

```
bool icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_magnetometer_init () [private]
```

# 7.7.2.5 \_magnetometer\_set\_mode()

```
bool icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_magnetometer_set_mode () [private]
```

# 7.7.2.6 \_magnetometer\_set\_readout()

```
bool icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_magnetometer_set_readout () [private]
```

# 7.7.2.7 \_read\_bit()

#### 7.7.2.8 \_read\_block\_bytes()

```
bool icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_read_block_bytes (
            const uint8_t bank,
             const uint8_t start_reg,
             uint8_t * bytes,
             const int length) [private]
7.7.2.9 _read_byte()
bool icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_read_byte (
            const uint8_t bank,
            const uint8_t reg,
            uint8_t & byte) [private]
7.7.2.10 _read_int_byte()
bool icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_read_int_byte (
            const uint8_t bank,
            const uint8_t reg,
            uint8_t & byte) [private]
7.7.2.11 _read_mag_byte()
bool icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_read_mag_byte (
           const uint8_t mag_reg,
            uint8_t & byte) [private]
7.7.2.12 _set_accel_range_dlpf()
bool icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_set_accel_range_dlpf () [private]
7.7.2.13 _set_accel_sample_rate_div()
bool icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_set_accel_sample_rate_div () [private]
7.7.2.14 _set_bank()
bool icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_set_bank (
            uint8_t bank) [private]
7.7.2.15 _set_gyro_range_dlpf()
```

bool icm20948::ICM20948\_I2C::\_set\_gyro\_range\_dlpf () [private]

#### 7.7.2.16 \_set\_gyro\_sample\_rate\_div()

```
bool icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_set_gyro_sample_rate_div () [private]
```

#### 7.7.2.17 \_write\_bit()

#### 7.7.2.18 \_write\_byte()

#### 7.7.2.19 \_write\_mag\_byte()

# 7.7.2.20 check\_DRDY\_INT()

```
bool icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::check_DRDY_INT ()
```

Checks if the Data Ready Interrupt is active.

The function is run when the GPIO pin connected to the INT wire recieves a HIGH signal This reads the int\_status register, reads the data from the data registers and thus unlatches the interrupt, ready for the next set of data

#### Returns

true if the registers were successfully read, false if an error occured

#### 7.7.2.21 enable\_DRDY\_INT()

```
bool icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::enable_DRDY_INT ()
```

Enables the Data Ready Interrupt.

This function enables the Raw Data Ready Interrupt within the IMU by setting the specific registers so that it is notified when new data is available. When new data is available the INT pin on the IMU sends a HIGH value which can be read via a GPIO pin on the Pi.

#### Returns

true if the setup was successful, false if registers could not be written successefully

# 7.7.3 Member Data Documentation

# 7.7.3.1 \_accel\_scale\_factor

```
float icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_accel_scale_factor [private]
```

# 7.7.3.2 \_current\_bank

```
uint8_t icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_current_bank [private]
```

#### 7.7.3.3 \_gyro\_scale\_factor

```
float icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_gyro_scale_factor [private]
```

# 7.7.3.4 \_i2c

```
mraa::I2c icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_i2c [private]
```

# 7.7.3.5 \_i2c\_address

```
unsigned icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_i2c_address [private]
```

#### 7.7.3.6 i2c bus

```
unsigned icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_i2c_bus [private]
```

# 7.7.3.7 \_magn\_scale\_factor

```
float icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::_magn_scale_factor [private]
```

#### 7.7.3.8 accel

```
float icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::accel[3]
```

#### 7.7.3.9 gyro

```
float icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::gyro[3]
```

#### 7.7.3.10 magn

```
float icm20948::ICM20948_I2C::magn[3]
```

#### 7.7.3.11 settings

icm20948::settings icm20948::ICM20948\_I2C::settings

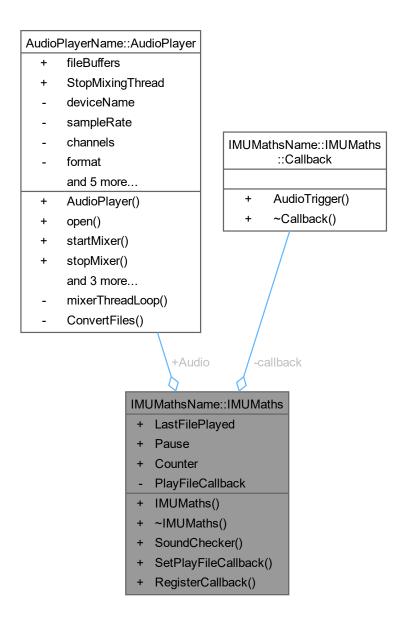
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• src/libs/I2C/include/icm20948\_i2c.hpp

# 7.8 IMUMathsName::IMUMaths Class Reference

#include <IMUMaths.hpp>

Collaboration diagram for IMUMathsName::IMUMaths:



#### Classes

struct Callback

Callback using virtual void.

#### **Public Member Functions**

• IMUMaths (AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer &Audio)

Constructs an object with access to the audio player.

• ∼IMUMaths ()

Destructor.

void SoundChecker (float X, float Y, float Z)

It measures each axis and sees if it falls within desired thresholds.

void SetPlayFileCallback (const std::function< void(const std::string &)> &cb)

Sets the callback.

void RegisterCallback (Callback \*cb)

Registers a callback.

#### **Public Attributes**

- AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer & Audio
- · int LastFilePlayed
- bool Pause = false
- int Counter = 0

#### **Private Attributes**

- Callback \* callback = nullptr
- std::function< void(const std::string &)> PlayFileCallback

### 7.8.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 7.8.1.1 IMUMaths()

Constructs an object with access to the audio player.

#### **Parameters**

Audio used for playbac	k (
------------------------	-----

#### See also

AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer)

#### 7.8.1.2 ∼IMUMaths()

```
{\tt IMUMathsName::IMUMaths::}{\sim}{\tt IMUMaths} \ ()
```

Destructor.

#### 7.8.2 Member Function Documentation

# 7.8.2.1 RegisterCallback()

Registers a callback.

**Parameters** 

cb callback to register

# 7.8.2.2 SetPlayFileCallback()

Sets the callback.

It registers a callback via the function input

#### **Parameters**

cb

# 7.8.2.3 SoundChecker()

It measures each axis and sees if it falls within desired thresholds.

If the acceleration along the specified axis falls within specified thersholds, it will play audio

#### **Parameters**

Χ	acceleration along the x-axis
Y	acceleration along the Y-axis
Z	acceleration along the Z-axis

# 7.8.3 Member Data Documentation

#### 7.8.3.1 Audio

AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer& IMUMathsName::IMUMaths::Audio

#### 7.8.3.2 callback

Callback\* IMUMathsName::IMUMaths::callback = nullptr [private]

#### 7.8.3.3 Counter

int IMUMathsName::IMUMaths::Counter = 0

# 7.8.3.4 LastFilePlayed

int IMUMathsName::IMUMaths::LastFilePlayed

# 7.8.3.5 Pause

bool IMUMathsName::IMUMaths::Pause = false

# 7.8.3.6 PlayFileCallback

std::function<void(const std::string&)> IMUMathsName::IMUMaths::PlayFileCallback [private]

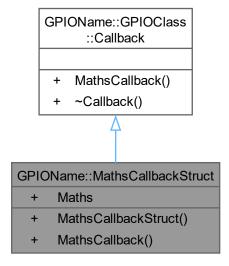
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• src/libs/IMUMaths/include/IMUMaths.hpp

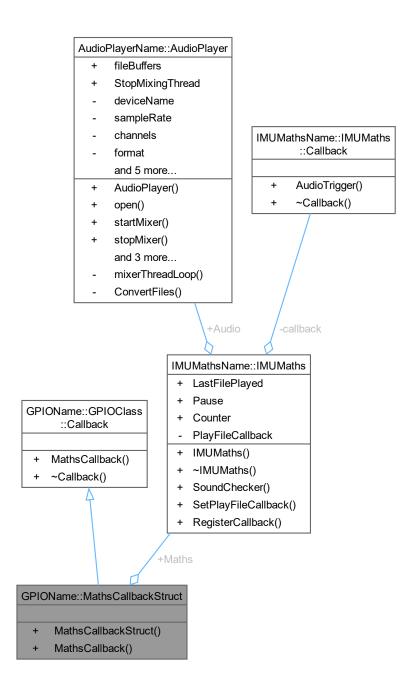
# 7.9 GPIOName::MathsCallbackStruct Struct Reference

#include <gpioevent.h>

Inheritance diagram for GPIOName::MathsCallbackStruct:



Collaboration diagram for GPIOName::MathsCallbackStruct:



#### **Public Member Functions**

- MathsCallbackStruct (IMUMathsName::IMUMaths &maths)
- virtual void MathsCallback (float X, float Y, float Z) override

# Public Member Functions inherited from GPIOName::GPIOClass::Callback

virtual ∼Callback ()

#### **Public Attributes**

• IMUMathsName::IMUMaths & Maths

#### 7.9.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 7.9.1.1 MathsCallbackStruct()

#### 7.9.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 7.9.2.1 MathsCallback()

Implements GPIOName::GPIOClass::Callback.

# 7.9.3 Member Data Documentation

#### 7.9.3.1 Maths

```
IMUMathsName::IMUMaths& GPIOName::MathsCallbackStruct::Maths
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/libs/GPIO/include/gpioevent.h

# **Chapter 8**

# **File Documentation**

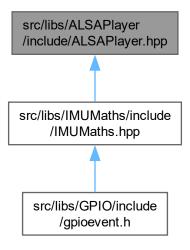
# 8.1 README.md File Reference

# 8.2 src/libs/ALSAPlayer/include/ALSAPlayer.hpp File Reference

```
#include <alsa/asoundlib.h>
#include <string>
#include <vector>
#include <iostream>
#include <condition_variable>
#include <mutex>
#include "AudioFile.h"
#include <unordered_map>
#include <thread>
Include dependency graph for ALSAPlayer.hpp:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### Classes

- class AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer
- struct AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer::ActiveSound

# **Namespaces**

• namespace AudioPlayerName

# 8.3 ALSAPlayer.hpp

#### Go to the documentation of this file.

```
00001
00002 #ifndef ALSAPLAYER_H
00003 #define ALSAPLAYER_H
00004
00005 #include <alsa/asoundlib.h>
00006 #include <string>
00007 #include <vector>
00008 #include <iostream>
00009 #include <condition_variable>
00010 #include <mutex>
00011 #include "AudioFile.h"
00012 #include <unordered_map>
00013 #include <thread>
00014
00015
00016 namespace AudioPlayerName{
         class AudioPlayer{
00018
             public:
00019
               std::unordered_map<std::string, std::vector<int32_t» fileBuffers;
00020
00021
               bool StopMixingThread = false;
00022
00035
                AudioPlayer(const std::string& device="default",
00036
                    unsigned int rate = 44100,
```

8.3 ALSAPlayer.hpp 49

```
00037
                   unsigned int ch = 2,
00038
                    snd_pcm_format_t fmt = SND_PCM_FORMAT_S16_LE,
00039
                    snd_pcm_uframes_t frames = 256,
                   const std::vector<std::string>& filesToConvert =
00040
      {"src/libs/ALSAPlayer/include/CrashCymbal.wav",
00041
       "src/libs/ALSAPlayer/include/HighTom.wav",
00042
      "src/libs/ALSAPlayer/include/SnareDrum.wav"})
               : deviceName(device), sampleRate(rate), channels(ch), format(fmt), framesPerPeriod(frames), handle(nullptr)
00043
00044
00045
00046
                    if (!filesToConvert.empty()){
00047
                        ConvertFiles(filesToConvert);
00048
                    }
00049
               }
00050
00061
               bool open() {
00062
                   int rc = snd_pcm_open(&handle, deviceName.c_str(), SND_PCM_STREAM_PLAYBACK,0);
                    if (rc < 0) {
00063
00064
                       std::cerr « "Unable to open PCM devices: " « snd_strerror(rc) « std::endl;
00065
                        return false;
00066
                   }
00067
00068
                   snd_pcm_hw_params_t* params;
                   snd_pcm_hw_params_alloca(&params);
00069
00070
                    snd_pcm_hw_params_any(handle, params);
00071
                    \verb|snd_pcm_hw_params_set_access| (\verb|handle|, params|, SND_PCM_ACCESS_RW_INTERLEAVED|); \\
00072
                    snd_pcm_hw_params_set_format(handle, params, format);
00073
                   snd_pcm_hw_params_set_channels(handle, params, channels);
00074
00075
                   unsigned int rate_near = sampleRate;
00076
                   snd_pcm_hw_params_set_rate_near(handle, params, &rate_near,0);
00077
00078
                    rc = snd_pcm_hw_params_set_period_size_near(handle, params, &framesPerPeriod, 0);
00079
                    if (rc <0) {
00080
                        std::cerr « "Unable to set HW parameters: " « snd_strerror(rc) « std::endl;
00081
                        return false;
00082
00083
                    snd_pcm_uframes_t bufferSize = framesPerPeriod * 4;
00084
                    rc = snd_pcm_hw_params_set_buffer_size_near(handle, params, &bufferSize);
                    if (rc < 0) {
00085
                        std::cerr « "Unable to set buffer size: " « snd strerror(rc) « std::endl;
00086
00087
                        return false;
00088
                   }
00089
00090
                   rc = snd_pcm_hw_params(handle, params);
                   if (rc < 0) {
  std::cerr « "Unable to set HW parameters: " « snd_strerror(rc) « std::endl;</pre>
00091
00092
00093
                    return false:
00094
00095
00096
00097
                   // Verify the final chosen period size and buffer size
00098
                   snd_pcm_hw_params_get_period_size(params, &framesPerPeriod, 0);
                   snd_pcm_hw_params_get_buffer_size(params, &bufferSize);
std::cout « "[DEBUG] Final period size: " « framesPerPeriod « std::endl;
00099
00100
                   std::cout « "[DEBUG] Final buffer size: " « bufferSize « std::endl;
00101
00102
00103
                   return true;
00104
               }
00105
00106
00110
               void startMixer() {
00111
                   if (!handle)
00112
                       std::cerr « "ALSA device is not open. Call open() first." « std::endl;
00113
00114
00115
                   StopMixingThread = false;
00116
                   mixThread = std::thread(&AudioPlayer::mixerThreadLoop, this);
00117
00118
00119
               void stopMixer() {
00123
                   StopMixingThread = true;
00124
00125
                    if (mixThread.joinable()) {
00126
                        mixThread.join();
00127
00128
               }
00129
00130
00141
               bool addSoundToMixer(const std::string& fileKey) {
                   std::lock_guard<std::mutex> lock(ActiveMutex);
00142
00143
00144
                    // Check if file buffer exists
                   auto it = fileBuffers.find(fileKey);
if (it == fileBuffers.end()) {
00145
00146
```

```
std::cerr « "Audio buffer not found for file: " « fileKey « std::endl;
00148
                        return false;
00149
                   }
00150
                   // Create a new ActiveSound
00151
00152
                   ActiveSound newSound:
00153
00154
                   // pointer to the file's buffer
00155
                   newSound.buffer = &it->second;
00156
                   newSound.position = 0;
00157
00158
                   // Add it to active sounds
00159
                   ActiveSounds.push_back(newSound);
00160
                   return true;
00161
               }
00162
               void close() {
00166
00167
                   stopMixer();
00168
                   if (handle) {
                        snd_pcm_drop(handle);
00169
00170
                        snd_pcm_close(handle);
00171
                        handle = nullptr;
00172
                   }
00173
               }
00174
00178
               ~AudioPlayer() {
00179
                   close();
00180
00181
00182
00183
               private:
00184
               std::string deviceName;
00185
               unsigned int sampleRate;
00186
               unsigned int channels;
               snd_pcm_format_t format;
snd_pcm_uframes_t framesPerPeriod;
00187
00188
00189
               snd_pcm_t* handle;
00190
00191
               std::thread mixThread;
00192
00193
               struct ActiveSound {
                   std::vector<int32_t>* buffer;
00194
00195
                   size_t position;
00196
00197
00198
               std::vector<ActiveSound> ActiveSounds;
00199
               std::mutex ActiveMutex;
00200
00201
               void mixerThreadLoop() {
00202
                   // Allocate a buffer for one period of audio
                   const size_t periodSizeSamples = framesPerPeriod * channels;
00203
00204
                   std::vector<int32_t> mixBuffer(periodSizeSamples, 0);
00205
00206
                   while (!StopMixingThread) {
00207
                        // Clear the mix buffer each iteration
00208
                        std::fill(mixBuffer.begin(), mixBuffer.end(), 0);
00209
00210
00211
                            // Locks the active list ofsounds
00212
                            std::lock_guard<std::mutex> lock(ActiveMutex);
00213
00214
                            // Mixes all of the activesounds and removes those that have finished
00215
                            for (auto it = ActiveSounds.begin(); it != ActiveSounds.end(); ) {
                                 ActiveSound& sound = *it;
const size_t totalFrames = sound.buffer->size() / channels;
00216
00217
00218
                                 size_t framesLeft = totalFrames - sound.position;
00219
00220
                                 // Callculate how may frakes are left to be mixed
00221
                                 size_t framesToMix = std::min<size_t>(framesPerPeriod, framesLeft);
00222
00223
                                 //Mix the audio data from this sound into the buffer
00224
                                 for (size_t f = 0; f < framesToMix; ++f) {</pre>
                                     for (unsigned int c = 0; c < channels; ++c) {
    // Source index in the file buffer
    size_t srcIndex = (sound.position + f) * channels + c;</pre>
00225
00226
00227
00228
                                          // Destination index in the mix buffer
00229
                                          size_t dstIndex = f * channels + c;
00230
                                         //Add up the sample
mixBuffer[dstIndex] += (*sound.buffer)[srcIndex];
00231
00232
00233
00234
                                 }
00235
00236
                                 // Advance playback position
00237
                                 sound.position += framesToMix;
00238
00239
                                 // If a sound has finished, remove it
```

```
00240
                               if (sound.position >= totalFrames) {
00241
                                   it = ActiveSounds.erase(it);
00242
                               } else {
00243
                                   ++it;
00244
00245
                           }
00247
00248
                       // Write the mixed buffer to ALSA
00249
                       int rc = snd_pcm_writei(handle, mixBuffer.data(), framesPerPeriod);
                       if (rc == -EPIPE) {
00250
                          std::cerr « "Underrun occurred\n";
00251
                           snd_pcm_prepare(handle);
00252
00253
                       } else if (rc < 0) {
00254
                          std::cerr « "Error from writei: " « snd_strerror(rc) « std::endl;
00255
00256
                  }
              }
00257
00259
00260
              void ConvertFiles(const std::vector<std::string>& filePaths) {
00261
                  std::vector<int32_t> result;
00262
                  for (const auto& path : filePaths) {
   AudioFile<int32_t> file;
00263
00264
00265
                       if (!file.load(path)) {
00266
                           std::cerr « "Error loading file: " « path « std::endl;
00267
00268
00269
00270
                      int fileChannels = file.getNumChannels();
00271
                      int ChannelSamples = file.getNumSamplesPerChannel();
00272
00273
                       std::vector<int32_t> interleaved;
                       interleaved.reserve(ChannelSamples * fileChannels);
00274
00275
                       for (int i=0; i < ChannelSamples; ++i) {</pre>
00276
                           for (int ch = 0; ch < fileChannels; ++ch) {</pre>
                               interleaved.push_back(file.samples[ch][i]);
00278
00279
                           }
00280
00281
00282
00283
                       fileBuffers[path] = std::move(interleaved);
00285
00286
              }
00287
00288
00289
          };
00290 }
00291
00292
00293
00294 #endif
```

# 8.4 src/libs/GPIO/include/gpioevent.h File Reference

```
#include <gpiod.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <thread>
#include <chrono>
#include <iomanip>
#include <fstream>
#include <cstdint>
#include <functional>
#include "../../I2C/include/icm20948_i2c.hpp"
#include "../../I2C/include/icm20948_utils.hpp"
#include "../../IMUMaths/include/IMUMaths.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for gpioevent.h:



#### Classes

- class GPIOName::GPIOClass
- struct GPIOName::GPIOClass::Callback

Callback using virtual void.

struct GPIOName::MathsCallbackStruct

#### **Namespaces**

• namespace GPIOName

#### **Typedefs**

• typedef void(\* GPIOName::GPIOCallback) (void \*context, float, float, float)

# 8.5 gpioevent.h

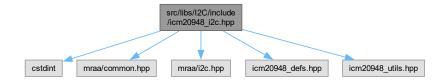
#### Go to the documentation of this file.

```
00001 #ifndef GPIOEVENT_H
00002 #define GPIOEVENT_H
00003
00004
00005 #include <gpiod.h>
00006 #include <iostream>
00007 #include <thread>
00008 #include <chrono>
00009 #include <iomanip>
00010 #include <fstream>
00011 #include <cstdint>
00012 #include <functional>
00013
00014 #include "../../I2C/include/icm20948_i2c.hpp" 00015 #include "../../I2C/include/icm20948_utils.hpp"
00016
00017 #include "../../IMUMaths/include/IMUMaths.hpp"
00018
00019
00020 namespace GPIOName {
00021
00022
            typedef void (*GPIOCallback)(void* context, float, float, float);
00023
            class GPIOClass {
00024
           public:
                icm20948::ICM20948_I2C& sensor;
IMUMathsName::IMUMaths& Maths;
00025
00026
00027
00028
                 // GPIOCallback callback;
00029
                 // void* CallbackFunction;
00030
00031
                 \ensuremath{//} function added for testing
00032
                bool IsRunning() const {
00033
                     return running.load();
00034
```

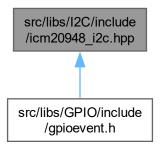
```
00035
00044
              GPIOClass(const char* chipName, int InterruptPin,
00045
                    icm20948::ICM20948_I2C& sensor, IMUMathsName::IMUMaths& Maths);
00046
00055
00056
              void WorkerDataCollect();
00067
00068
00072
              void GPIOStop();
00073
00077
              struct Callback{
                  virtual void MathsCallback(float X, float Y, float Z) = 0;
00078
00079
                  virtual ~Callback(){};
08000
00081
00087
              void RegisterCallback(Callback* cb) {
00088
                  callback = cb;
00089
00090
00091
              // void SetCallback(GPIOCallback cb, void* context);
00092
              // static void IMUMathsCallback(void* context, float X, float Y, float Z){
00093
                     IMUMathsName::IMUMaths* maths = static_cast<IMUMathsName::IMUMaths*>(context);
00094
                     maths -> SoundChecker(X, Y, Z);
00095
              // }
00096
00097
00098
00099
              private:
00100
              gpiod_chip* chip;
              gpiod_line* SensorLine;
00101
              gpiod_line* LEDLine;
00102
00103
              int InterruptPin;
00104
              int Counter;
00105
              bool Pause = true;
00106
              std::atomic<bool> running{true};
00107
00108
              Callback* callback = nullptr;
00109
00110
          };
00111
00112
          struct MathsCallbackStruct : GPIOName::GPIOClass::Callback{
00113
              IMUMathsName::IMUMaths& Maths;
00114
00115
              MathsCallbackStruct(IMUMathsName::IMUMaths& maths) : Maths(maths) {}
00116
00117
              virtual void MathsCallback(float X, float Y, float Z) override {
00118
                  Maths.SoundChecker(X, Y, Z);
00119
00120
          };
00121 }
00122
00123
00124
00125 #endif
```

# 8.6 src/libs/I2C/include/icm20948 i2c.hpp File Reference

```
#include <cstdint>
#include "mraa/common.hpp"
#include "mraa/i2c.hpp"
#include "icm20948_defs.hpp"
#include "icm20948_utils.hpp"
Include dependency graph for icm20948_i2c.hpp:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Classes**

class icm20948::ICM20948\_I2C

#### **Namespaces**

• namespace icm20948

# 8.7 icm20948\_i2c.hpp

#### Go to the documentation of this file.

```
00001 #ifndef ICM20948_I2C_HPP
00002 #define ICM20948_I2C_HPP
00003
00004 #include <cstdint>
00005
00006 #include "mraa/common.hpp"
00007 #include "mraa/i2c.hpp"
80000
00009 #include "icm20948_defs.hpp"
00010 #include "icm20948_utils.hpp"
00011
00012 namespace icm20948
00013 {
00014
           class ICM20948_I2C
00015
          {
               private:
00017
                  mraa::I2c <u>_i2c;</u>
00018
                   unsigned _i2c_bus, _i2c_address;
00019
                   uint8_t _current_bank;
00020
                   float _accel_scale_factor, _gyro_scale_factor, _magn_scale_factor;
00021
                   bool _write_byte(const uint8_t bank, const uint8_t reg, const uint8_t byte);
00022
00023
                    bool _read_byte(const uint8_t bank, const uint8_t reg, uint8_t &byte);
00024
                   bool _write_bit(const uint8_t bank, const uint8_t reg, const uint8_t bit_pos, const bool
      bit);
00025
                   bool _read_bit(const uint8_t bank, const uint8_t reg, const uint8_t bit_pos, bool &bit);
bool _read_block_bytes(const uint8_t bank, const uint8_t start_reg, uint8_t *bytes, const
00026
      int length);
00027
                   bool _write_mag_byte(const uint8_t mag_reg, const uint8_t byte);
00028
                    bool _read_mag_byte(const uint8_t mag_reg, uint8_t &byte);
00029
                   bool _read_int_byte(const uint8_t bank, const uint8_t reg, uint8_t &byte);
00030
00031
                   bool _set_bank(uint8_t bank);
00032
                   bool _set_accel_sample_rate_div();
00033
                   bool _set_accel_range_dlpf();
```

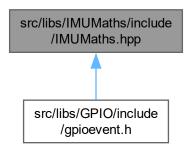
```
00034
                  bool _set_gyro_sample_rate_div();
00035
                  bool _set_gyro_range_dlpf();
00036
00037
                  bool _magnetometer_init();
00038
                  bool _magnetometer_enable();
00039
                  bool _magnetometer_set_mode();
bool _magnetometer_configured();
00041
                  bool _magnetometer_set_readout();
00042
00043
                  bool _chip_i2c_master_reset();
00044
              public:
00045
00046
                  // Contains linear acceleration in m/s^2
00047
                  float accel[3];
00048
                  // Contains angular velocities in rad/s
00049
                  float gyro[3];
                  // Contains magnetic field strength in uTesla
00050
00051
                  float magn[3];
00052
00053
                  // Sensor settings
00054
                  icm20948::settings settings;
00055
                  ICM20948_I2C(unsigned i2c_bus, unsigned i2c_address = ICM20948_I2C_ADDR,
00064
     00065
00066
00068
00084
                  bool init();
00085
00099
                  bool reset();
00100
00111
                  bool wake();
00112
00128
                  bool set_settings();
00129
00143
                  bool read_accel_gyro();
00144
00156
                  bool read_magn();
00157
00159
00170
                  bool enable_DRDY_INT();
00171
                  bool check DRDY INT():
00181
00182
          };
00183 }
00184
00185 #endif
```

# 8.8 src/libs/IMUMaths/include/IMUMaths.hpp File Reference

```
#include <iostream>
#include <array>
#include <iomanip>
#include <functional>
#include "../../ALSAPlayer/include/ALSAPlayer.hpp"
Include dependency graph for IMUMaths.hpp:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### Classes

- class IMUMathsName::IMUMaths
- struct IMUMathsName::IMUMaths::Callback

Callback using virtual void.

struct IMUMathsName::AudioCallback

#### **Namespaces**

• namespace IMUMathsName

# 8.9 IMUMaths.hpp

#### Go to the documentation of this file.

```
00001 #ifndef IMUMATHS H
00002 #define IMUMATHS_H
00003
00004
00005 #include <iostream>
00006 #include <array>
00007 #include <iomanip>
00008 #include <functional>
00009
00010 #include "../../ALSAPlayer/include/ALSAPlayer.hpp"
00011
00012
00013 namespace IMUMathsName {
00014 class IMUMaths{
00015
00016
00017
                AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer &Audio;
00018
00024
                IMUMaths(AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer &Audio);
00025
00029
                ~IMUMaths();
00030
00031
00032
                // For debugging: Identifier of the last audio file played
00033
00034
                int LastFilePlayed;
00035
00046
                void SoundChecker(float X, float Y, float Z);
00047
```

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```
00055
               void SetPlayFileCallback(const std::function<void(const std::string&)>& cb);
00056
               // Pauses
00057
00058
               bool Pause = false;
00059
00060
               // Counter variable
00061
               int Counter = 0;
00062
00066
               struct Callback{
                   virtual void AudioTrigger(const std::string& FilePath) = 0;
virtual ~Callback(){};
00067
00068
00069
               };
00070
00076
               void RegisterCallback(Callback* cb) {
                  callback = cb;
//std::cout « "[IMUMaths] Registered callback at address: " « callback « std::endl;
00077
00078
00079
08000
00081
00082
00083
              private:
00084
00085
               Callback* callback = nullptr;
00086
               std::function<void(const std::string&)> PlayFileCallback;
00087
00088
00089
          };
00090
00091
          struct AudioCallback : IMUMathsName::IMUMaths::Callback{
00092
              AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer& Audio;
00093
00094
              AudioCallback(AudioPlayerName::AudioPlayer& audio) : Audio(audio) {}
00095
00096
               virtual void AudioTrigger(const std::string& FilePath) {
00097
00098
                  std::thread([this,FilePath] {
                       Audio.addSoundToMixer(FilePath);
00099
00100
                   }).detach();
00101
              }
00102
          };
00103 }
00104
00105
00106 #endif
```