

Rmd_Clustering_part1

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Inizio a fare dei test sul clustering.

d=1

Primo caso, $K = 2$

Caso non simmetrico.

```
suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(GDFMM)))
suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(ACutils)))
suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(tidyverse)))
suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(RColorBrewer)))
suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(salso)))

# color palette -----
mycol = hcl.colors(n=3,palette = "Zissou1")
# data generation -----

d = 1          # number of groups
K = 2          # number of global clusters
mu = c(-10,0)  # vectors of means
sd = c(1,1)    # vector of sd
n_j = rep(200, d) # set cardinality of the groups
seed = 1243
mycol_cluster = brewer.pal(n=K, name = "Dark2")
#> Warning in brewer.pal(n = K, name = "Dark2"): minimal value for n is 3, returning requested palette

genD = generate_data(d=d, K=K, mu = mu, sd = sd, n_j = n_j, seed = seed)
data = genD$data
real_partition = genD$real_partition

# Run -----

niter <- 1000
burnin <- 3000
thin <- 1

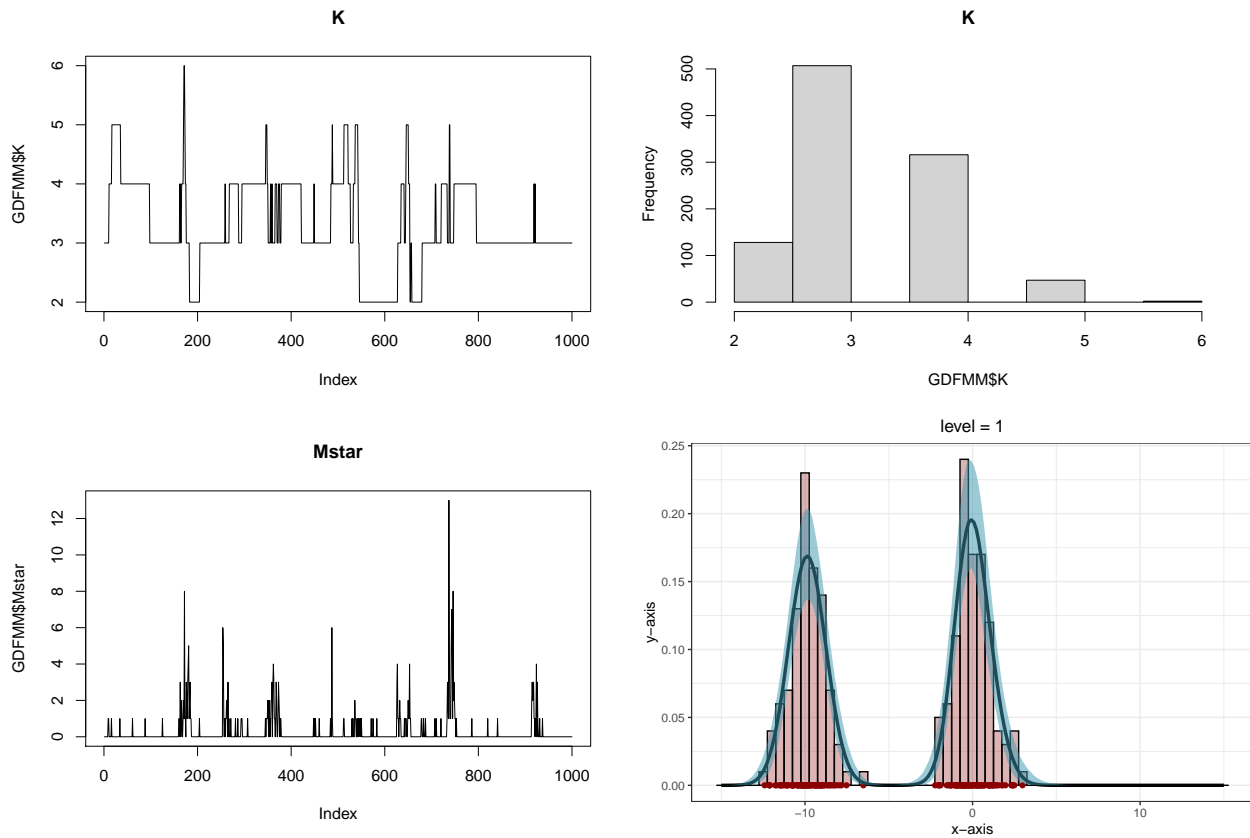
option<-list("nu" = 1, "Mstar0" = 2, "Lambda0" = 3, "mu0" = 0, "sigma0" = 1, "gamma0" = 1,
             "Adapt_MH_hyp1" = 0.7, "Adapt_MH_hyp2" = 0.234, "Adapt_MH_power_lim" = 10, "Adapt_MH_var0" = 1,
             "k0" = 1/10, "nu0" = 10, "alpha_gamma" = 1,
             "beta_gamma" = 1, "alpha_lambda" = 1, "beta_lambda" = 1,
             "UpdateU" = T, "UpdateM" = T, "UpdateGamma" = T, "UpdateS" = T,
```

```

"UpdateTau" = T, "UpdateLambda" = T
)

#GDFMM = GDFMM_sampler(data, niter, burnin, thin, seed = 123, option = option)
GDFMM = GDFMM_sampler(data, niter, burnin, thin, seed = 123, FixPartition = F, option = option)

```



Controllo la qualità del clustering

- **part_matrix:** This is a $(n_iter \times n)$ matrix, the j -th column contains all the labels assign to the j -th data point for all saved iterations.
- **sim_matrix:** This is a $(n \times n)$ matrix. Element (i,j) contains the probability that data points i and j are clustered together.
- **estimate_partition:** this is a vector of length n containing the estimated partition.

```

# COMPUTE BINDER LOSS FUNCTION TO SELECT BEST PARTITION -----
# Get labels for each iterations for each data point
part_matrix <- GDFMM$Partition

# Compute similarity matrix
sim_matrix <- psm(part_matrix)

# Get estimated partition according to binder (or VI) loss functions.
# VI_dahl <- dls0(matr, loss = 'VI', estimate=NULL)
binder_dahl <- dls0(part_matrix, loss = 'binder', estimate = sim_matrix)
estimate_partition = as.vector(binder_dahl)

```

```

# Get quality indicies
Kest = length(unique(estimate_partition))
cat('\n Estimated number of clusters \n')
#>
#> Estimated number of clusters
Kest
#> [1] 3
Binder_loss = salso::binder(truth = real_partition, estimate = estimate_partition)
cat('\n Binder loss function \n')
#>
#> Binder loss function
Binder_loss
#> [1] 0.0384
Tab = table(real_partition, estimate_partition)
cat('\n Miss classification table \n')
#>
#> Miss classification table
Tab
#>
#> estimate_partition
#> real_partition 0 1 2
#> 1 96 0 0
#> 2 0 96 8

```

Caso simmetrico

```

suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(GDFMM)))
suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(ACutils)))
suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(tidyverse)))
suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(RColorBrewer)))

# color palette -----
mycol = hcl.colors(n=3,palette = "Zissou1")
# data generation -----

d = 1          # number of groups
K = 2          # number of global clusters
mu = c(-2,2)   # vectors of means
sd = c(1,1)    # vector of sd
n_j = rep(200, d) # set cardinality of the groups
seed = 32156
mycol_cluster = brewer.pal(n=K, name = "Dark2")
#> Warning in brewer.pal(n = K, name = "Dark2"): minimal value for n is 3, returning requested palette

genD = generate_data(d=d, K=K, mu = mu, sd = sd, n_j = n_j, seed = seed)
data = genD$data
real_partition = genD$real_partition
# Run -----

niter <- 1000
burnin <- 3000
thin <- 1

option<-list("nu" = 1, "Mstar0" = 2, "Lambda0" = 3, "mu0" = 0, "sigma0" = 1, "gamma0" = 1,

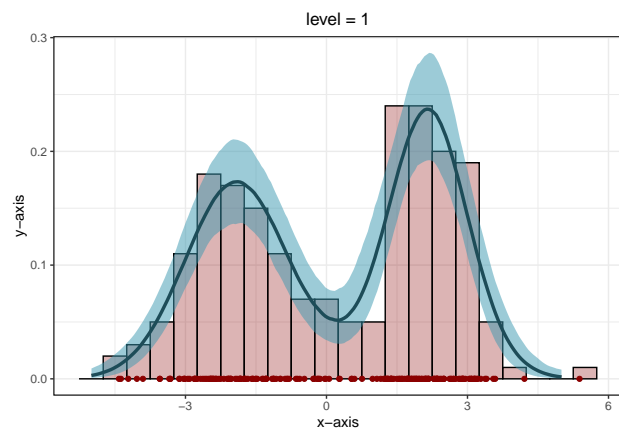
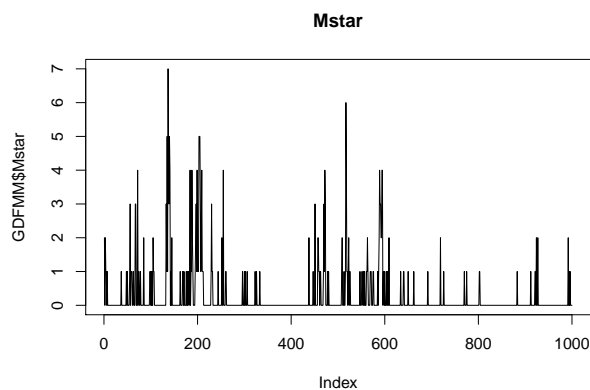
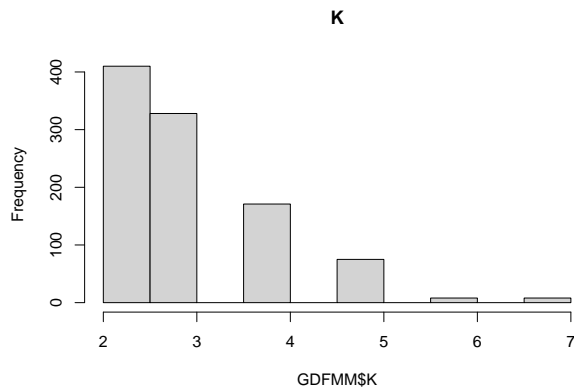
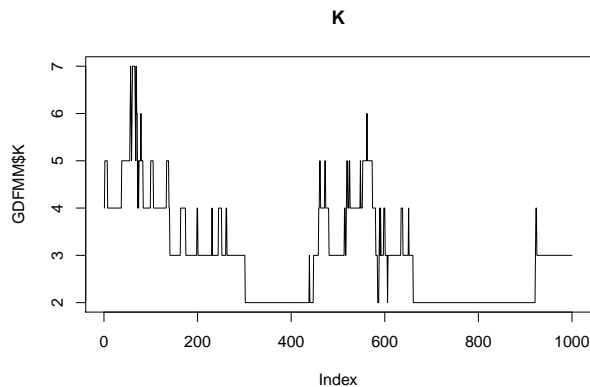
```

```

"Adapt_MH_hyp1"= 0.7,"Adapt_MH_hyp2"= 0.234, "Adapt_MH_power_lim"=10, "Adapt_MH_var0"=1,
"k0"= 1/10, "nu0"=10, "alpha_gamma"=1,
"beta_gamma"=1, "alpha_lambda"=1, "beta_lambda"=1,
"UpdateU" = T, "UpdateM" = T, "UpdateGamma" = T, "UpdateS" = T,
"UpdateTau" = T, "UpdateLambda" = T
)

#GDFMM = GDFMM_sampler(data, niter, burnin, thin, seed = 123, option = option)
GDFMM = GDFMM_sampler(data, niter, burnin, thin, seed = 123, FixPartition = F, option = option)

```



```

# COMPUTE BINDER LOSS FUNCTION TO SELECT BEST PARTITION -----

# Get labels for each iterations for each data point
part_matrix <- GDFMM$Partition

# Compute similarity matrix
sim_matrix <- psm(part_matrix)

# Get estimated partition according to binder (or VI) loss functions.
# VI_dahl <- dlsco(matr, loss = 'VI', estimate=NULL)
binder_dahl <- dlsco(part_matrix, loss = 'binder', estimate = sim_matrix)
estimate_partition = as.vector(binder_dahl)

# Get quality indicies
Kest = length(unique(estimate_partition))
cat('\n Estimated number of clusters \n')

```

```

#>
#> Estimated number of clusters
Kest
#> [1] 4
Binder_loss = salso::binder(truth = real_partition, estimate = estimate_partition)
cat('\n Binder loss function \n')
#>
#> Binder loss function
Binder_loss
#> [1] 0.2062
Tab = table(real_partition, estimate_partition)
cat('\n Miss classification table \n')
#>
#> Miss classification table
Tab
#>
#> estimate_partition
#> real_partition 0 1 2 3
#>
#> 1 85 2 0 8
#>
#> 2 1 63 32 9

```

Secondo caso, $K = 3$

Caso simmetrico.

```

suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(GDFMM)))
suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(ACutils)))
suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(tidyverse)))
suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(RColorBrewer)))
# data generation -----

d = 1          # number of groups
K = 3          # number of global clusters
mu = c(-20,0, 20) # vectors of means
sd = c(1,1,1)   # vector of sd
n_j = rep(200, d) # set cardinality of the groups
seed = 124123
mycol_cluster = brewer.pal(n=K, name = "Dark2")

genD = generate_data(d=d, K=K, mu = mu, sd = sd, n_j = n_j, seed = seed)
data = genD$data
real_partition = genD$real_partition

# Run -----

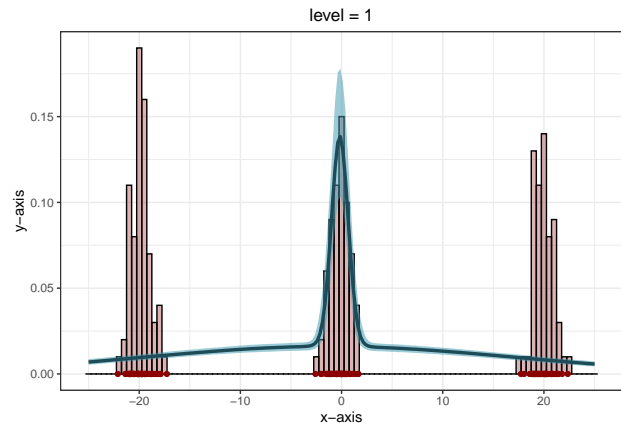
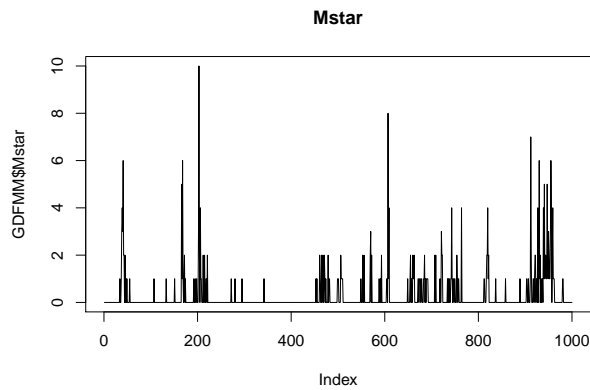
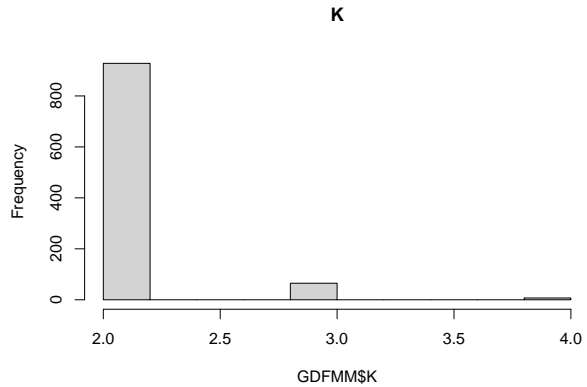
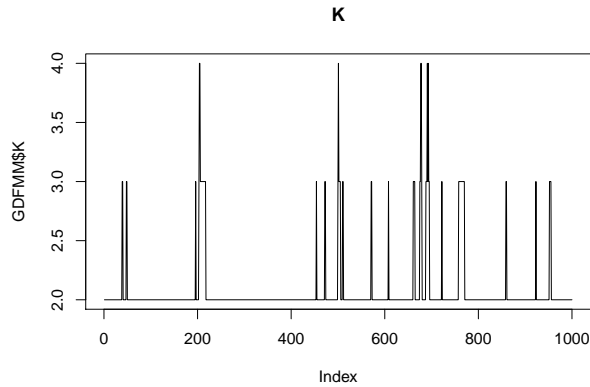
niter <- 1000
burnin <- 3000
thin <- 1

option<-list("nu" = 1, "Mstar0" = 2, "Lambda0" = 3, "mu0" = 0, "sigma0" = 1, "gamma0" = 1,
             "Adapt_MH_hyp1" = 0.7, "Adapt_MH_hyp2" = 0.234, "Adapt_MH_power_lim" = 10, "Adapt_MH_var0" = 1,
             "k0" = 1/10, "nu0" = 10, "alpha_gamma" = 1,
             "beta_gamma" = 1, "alpha_lambda" = 1, "beta_lambda" = 1,
             "UpdateU" = T, "UpdateM" = T, "UpdateGamma" = T, "UpdateS" = T,
             "UpdateTau" = T, "UpdateLambda" = T

```

)

```
#GDFMM = GDFMM_sampler(data, niter, burnin, thin, seed = 123, option = option)
GDFMM = GDFMM_sampler(data, niter, burnin, thin, seed = 123, FixPartition = F, option = option)
```



COMPUTE BINDER LOSS FUNCTION TO SELECT BEST PARTITION -----

Get labels for each iterations for each data point

```
part_matrix <- GDFMM$Partition
```

Compute similarity matrix

```
sim_matrix <- psm(part_matrix)
```

Get estimated partition according to binder (or VI) loss functions.

```
# VI_dahl <- dlso(matr, loss = 'VI', estimate=NULL)
```

```
binder_dahl <- dlso(part_matrix, loss = 'binder', estimate = sim_matrix)
```

```
estimate_partition = as.vector(binder_dahl)
```

Get quality indicies

```
Kest = length(unique(estimate_partition))
```

```
cat('\n Estimated number of clusters \n')
```

```
#>
```

```
#> Estimated number of clusters
```

```
Kest
```

```
#> [1] 2
```

```
Binder_loss = salso::binder(truth = real_partition, estimate = estimate_partition)
```

```

cat('\n Binder loss function \n')
#>
#> Binder loss function
Binder_loss
#> [1] 0.3218
Tab = table(real_partition, estimate_partition)
cat('\n Miss classification table \n')
#>
#> Miss classification table
Tab
#>
#> estimate_partition
#> real_partition 0 1
#> 1 72 0
#> 2 10 55
#> 3 63 0

```

Caso NON simmetrico.

```

suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(GDFMM)))
suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(ACutils)))
suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(tidyverse)))
suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(RColorBrewer)))
# data generation -----

d = 1 # number of groups
K = 3 # number of global clusters
mu = c(-20,0, 5) # vectors of means
sd = c(1,1,1) # vector of sd
n_j = rep(200, d) # set cardinality of the groups
seed = 124123
mycol_cluster = brewer.pal(n=K, name = "Dark2")

genD = generate_data(d=d, K=K, mu = mu, sd = sd, n_j = n_j, seed = seed)
data = genD$data
real_partition = genD$real_partition

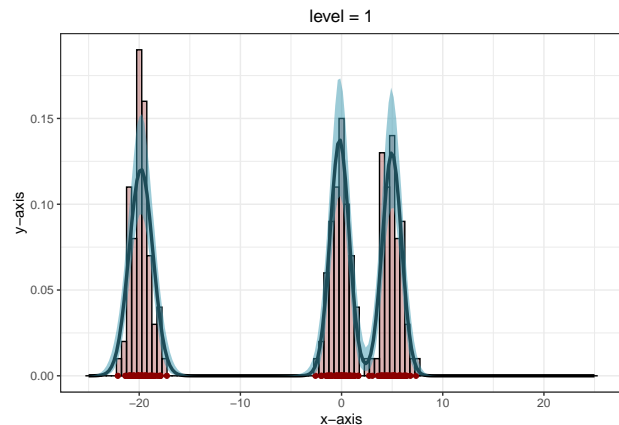
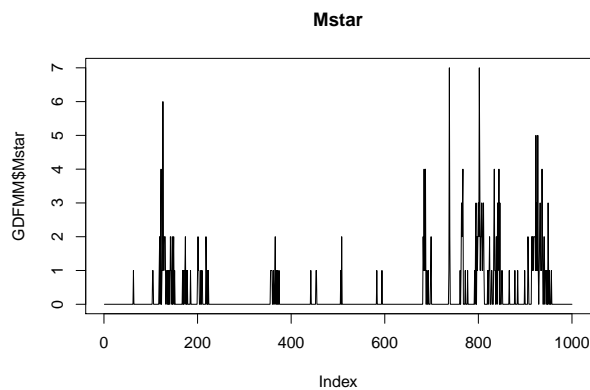
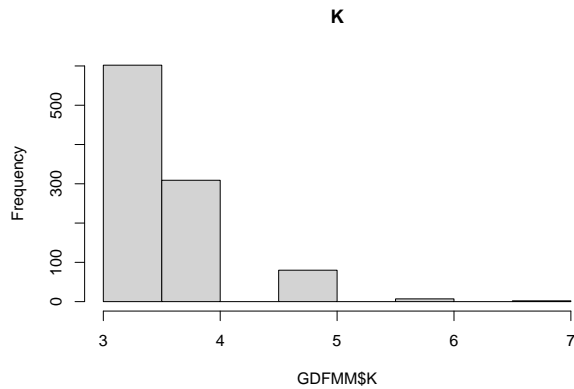
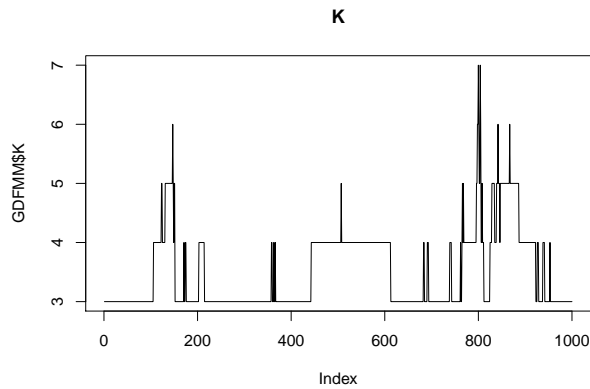
# Run -----

niter <- 1000
burnin <- 3000
thin <- 1

option<-list("nu" = 1, "Mstar0" = 2, "Lambda0" = 3, "mu0" = 0, "sigma0"= 1, "gamma0" = 1,
  "Adapt_MH_hyp1"= 0.7, "Adapt_MH_hyp2"= 0.234, "Adapt_MH_power_lim"=10, "Adapt_MH_var0"=1,
  "k0"= 1/10, "nu0"=10, "alpha_gamma"=1,
  "beta_gamma"=1, "alpha_lambda"=1, "beta_lambda"=1,
  "UpdateU" = T, "UpdateM" = T, "UpdateGamma" = T, "UpdateS" = T,
  "UpdateTau" = T, "UpdateLambda" = T
)

#GDFMM = GDFMM_sampler(data, niter, burnin, thin, seed = 123, option = option)
GDFMM = GDFMM_sampler(data, niter, burnin, thin, seed = 123, FixPartition = F, option = option)

```



```
# COMPUTE BINDER LOSS FUNCTION TO SELECT BEST PARTITION -----

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# Compute similarity matrix
sim_matrix <- psm(part_matrix)

# Get estimated partition according to binder (or VI) loss functions.
# VI_dahl <- dlsso(matr, loss = 'VI', estimate=NULL)
binder_dahl <- dlsso(part_matrix, loss = 'binder', estimate = sim_matrix)
estimate_partition = as.vector(binder_dahl)

# Get quality indicies
Kest = length(unique(estimate_partition))
cat('\n Estimated number of clusters \n')
#>
#> Estimated number of clusters
Kest
#> [1] 3
Binder_loss = salso::binder(truth = real_partition, estimate = estimate_partition)
cat('\n Binder loss function \n')
#>
#> Binder loss function
Binder_loss
#> [1] 0
```



```

Tab = table(real_partition,estimate_partition)
cat('\n Miss classification table \n')
#>
#> Miss classification table
Tab
#>
#>      estimate_partition
#> real_partition 0  1  2
#>      1 72  0  0
#>      2  0  0 65
#>      3  0 63  0

```

Caso $d = 2$

Fisso $K = 4$ Caso NON simmetrico.

```

suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(GDFMM)))
suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(ACutils)))
suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(tidyverse)))
suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(RColorBrewer)))

# color palette -----
mycol = hcl.colors(n=3,palette = "Zissou1")
# data generation -----

d = 2          # number of groups
K = 4          # number of global clusters
mu = c(-20,-10,0, 5) # vectors of means
sd = c(1,1,1,1)    # vector of sd
n_j = rep(200, d)  # set cardinality of the groups
seed = 20051131
mycol_cluster = brewer.pal(n=K, name = "Dark2")

genD = generate_data(d=d, K=K, mu = mu, sd = sd, n_j = n_j, seed = seed)
data = genD$data
real_partition = genD$real_partition

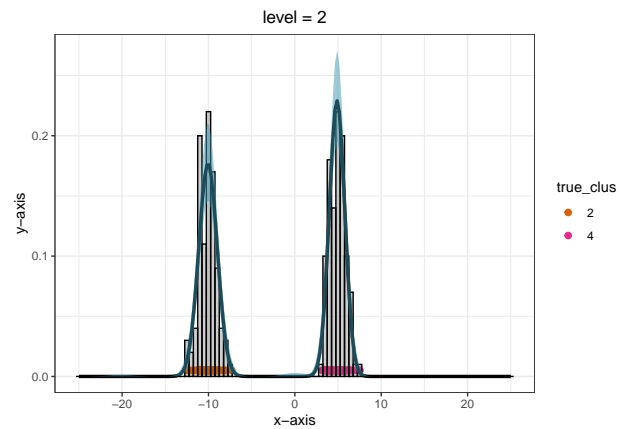
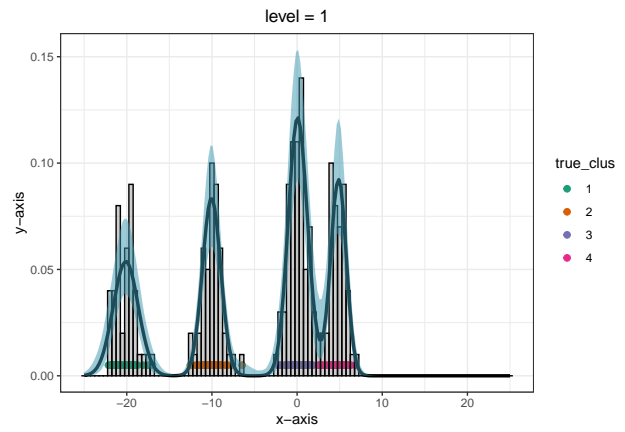
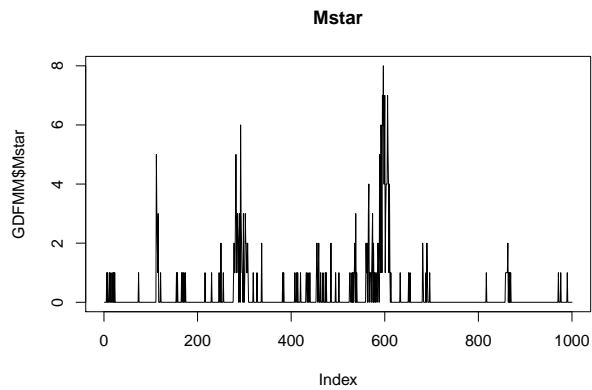
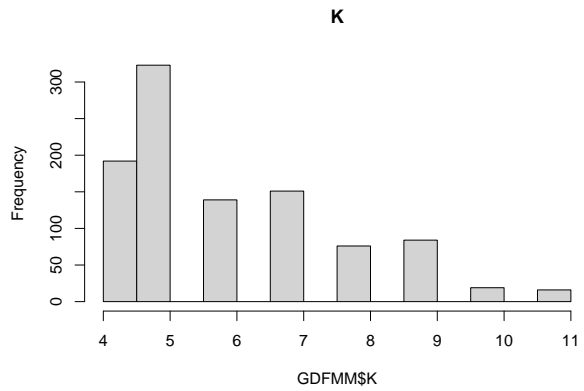
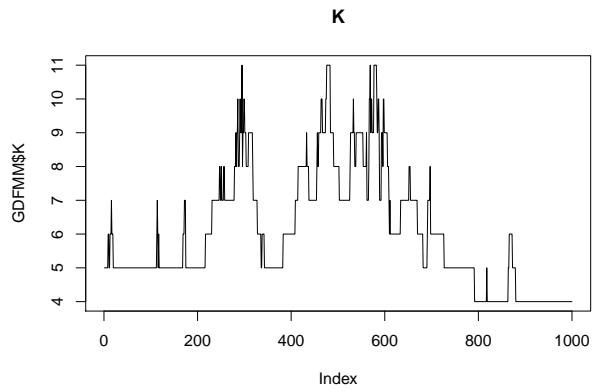
# Run -----

niter <- 1000
burnin <- 3000
thin <- 1

option<-list("nu" = 1, "Mstar0" = 2, "Lambda0" = 3, "mu0" = 0,"sigma0"= 1, "gamma0" = 1,
            "Adapt_MH_hyp1"= 0.7,"Adapt_MH_hyp2"= 0.234, "Adapt_MH_power_lim"=10, "Adapt_MH_var0"=1,
            "k0"= 1/10, "nu0"=10, "alpha_gamma"=1,
            "beta_gamma"=1, "alpha_lambda"=1, "beta_lambda"=1,
            "UpdateU" = T, "UpdateM" = T, "UpdateGamma" = T, "UpdateS" = T,
            "UpdateTau" = T, "UpdateLambda" = T
)

#GDFMM = GDFMM_sampler(data, niter, burnin, thin, seed = 123, option = option)
GDFMM = GDFMM_sampler(data, niter, burnin, thin, seed = 123, FixPartition = F, option = option)

```



```
# COMPUTE BINDER LOSS FUNCTION TO SELECT BEST PARTITION -----

# Get labels for each iterations for each data point
part_matrix <- GDFMM$Partition

# Compute similarity matrix
sim_matrix <- psm(part_matrix)

# Get estimated partition according to binder (or VI) loss functions.
# VI_dahl <- dls0(matr, loss = 'VI', estimate=NULL)
binder_dahl <- dls0(part_matrix, loss = 'binder', estimate = sim_matrix)
estimate_partition = as.vector(binder_dahl)
```

```

# Get quality indicies
Kest = length(unique(estimate_partition))
cat('\n Estimated number of clusters \n')
#>
#> Estimated number of clusters
Kest
#> [1] 5
Binder_loss = salso::binder(truth = real_partition, estimate = estimate_partition)
cat('\n Binder loss function \n')
#>
#> Binder loss function
Binder_loss
#> [1] 0.017975
Tab = table(real_partition, estimate_partition)
cat('\n Miss classification table \n')
#>
#> Miss classification table
Tab
#>
#>      estimate_partition
#> real_partition  0    1    2    3    4
#>      1  41    0    0    0    0
#>      2    0    0  142    0    0
#>      3    0    0    0   44   24
#>      4    0  147    0    2    0

```

d=3

K = 4

Primo caso, default come gli altri.

```

suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(GDFMM)))
suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(ACutils)))
suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(tidyverse)))
suppressWarnings(suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(RColorBrewer)))

# color palette -----
mycol = hcl.colors(n=3,palette = "Zissou1")

# data generation -----

d = 3          # number of groups
K = 4          # number of global clusters
mu = c(-20,-10,0, 10) # vectors of means
sd = c(1,1,1,1)    # vector of sd
n_j = rep(200, d)  # set cardinality of the groups
seed = 20051131

genD = generate_data(d=d, K=K, mu = mu, sd = sd, n_j = n_j, seed = seed)
data = genD$data
real_partition = genD$real_partition

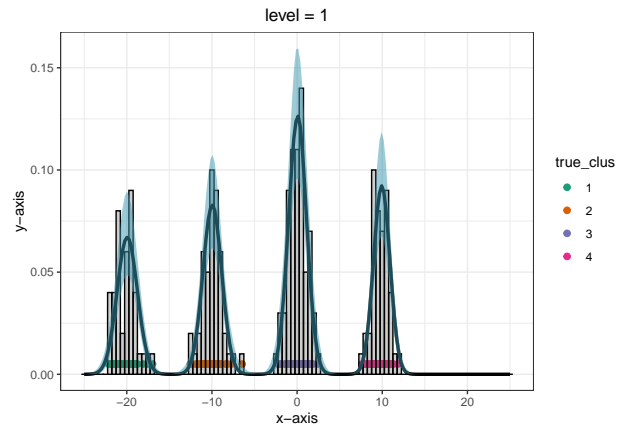
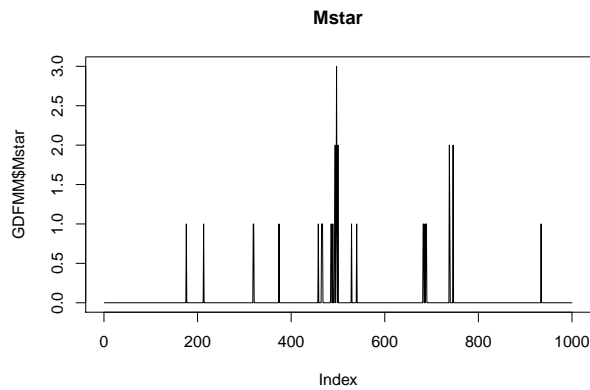
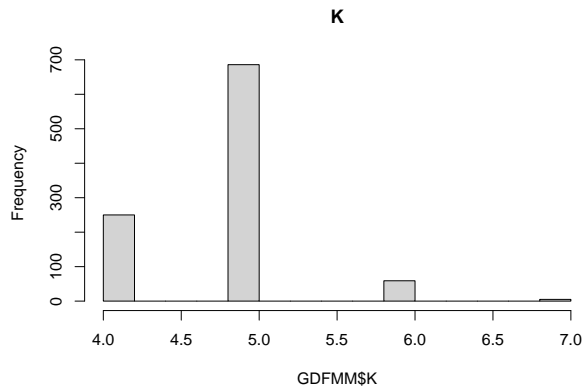
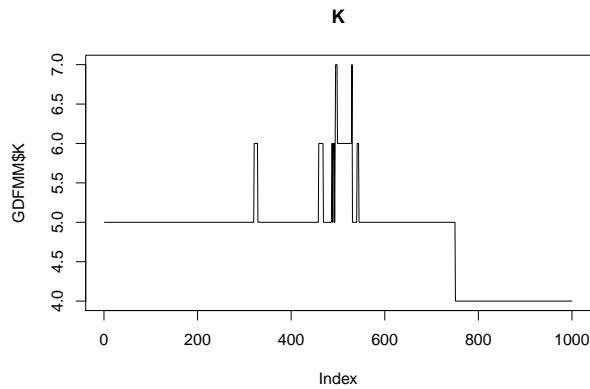
```

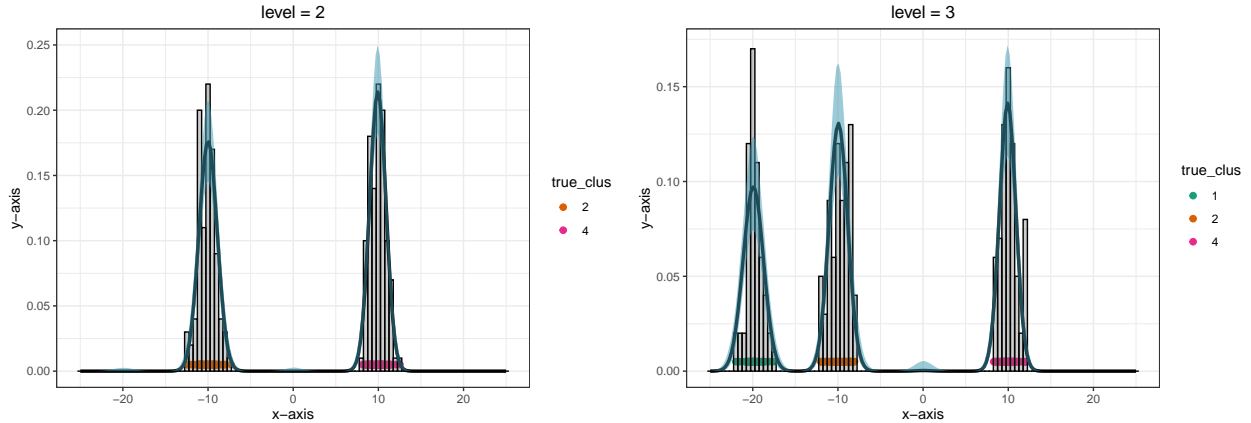
```
mycol_cluster = brewer.pal(n=K, name = "Dark2")
# Run -----

niter <- 1000
burnin <- 3000
thin <- 1

option<-list("nu" = 1, "Mstar0" = 2, "Lambda0" = 3, "mu0" = 0, "sigma0" = 1, "gamma0" = 1,
  "Adapt_MH_hyp1" = 0.7, "Adapt_MH_hyp2" = 0.234, "Adapt_MH_power_lim" = 10, "Adapt_MH_var0" = 1,
  "k0" = 1/10, "nu0" = 10, "alpha_gamma" = 1,
  "beta_gamma" = 1, "alpha_lambda" = 1, "beta_lambda" = 1,
  "UpdateU" = T, "UpdateM" = T, "UpdateGamma" = T, "UpdateS" = T,
  "UpdateTau" = T, "UpdateLambda" = T
)

#GDFMM = GDFMM_sampler(data, niter, burnin, thin, seed = 123, option = option)
GDFMM = GDFMM_sampler(data, niter, burnin, thin, seed = 123, FixPartition = F, option = option)
```





```
# COMPUTE BINDER LOSS FUNCTION TO SELECT BEST PARTITION -----

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# Compute similarity matrix
sim_matrix <- psm(part_matrix)

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binder_dahl <- dlsso(part_matrix, loss = 'binder', estimate = sim_matrix)
estimate_partition = as.vector(binder_dahl)

# Get quality indicies
Kest = length(unique(estimate_partition))
cat('\n Estimated number of clusters \n')
#>
#> Estimated number of clusters
Kest
#> [1] 5
Binder_loss = salso::binder(truth = real_partition, estimate = estimate_partition)
cat('\n Binder loss function \n')
#>
#> Binder loss function
Binder_loss
#> [1] 0.048
Tab = table(real_partition, estimate_partition)
cat('\n Miss classification table \n')
#>
#> Miss classification table
Tab
#>
#> estimate_partition
#> real_partition  0  1  2  3  4
#>      1  0 100  0  0  0
#>      2  0  0  54 160  0
#>      3  0  0  0  0 68
#>      4 218  0  0  0  0
```

Secondo caso, fisso Mstar = 10. Mixxa molto meglio.

```

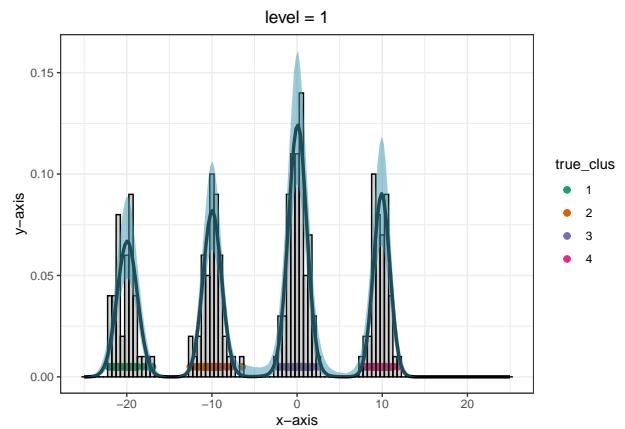
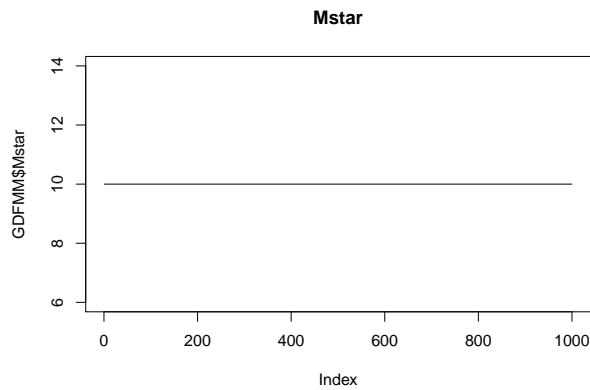
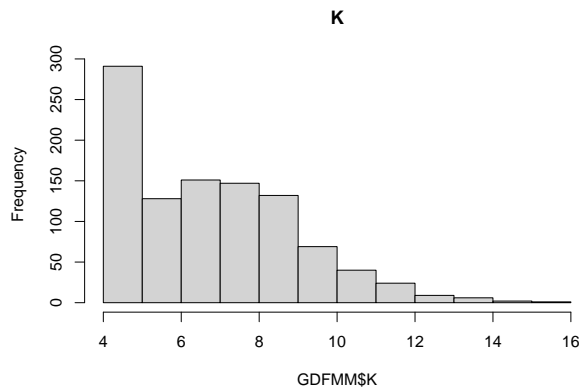
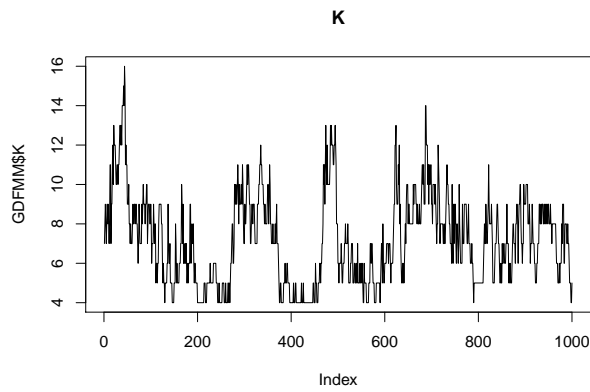
# Run -----

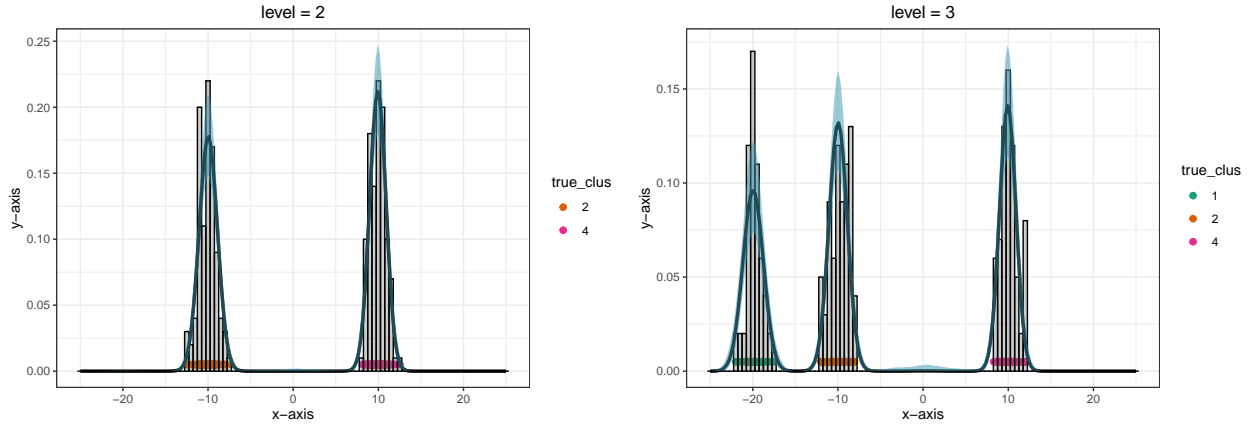
niter <- 1000
burnin <- 3000
thin <- 1

option<-list("nu" = 1, "Mstar0" = 10, "Lambda0" = 3, "mu0" = 0, "sigma0" = 1, "gamma0" = 1,
  "Adapt_MH_hyp1" = 0.7, "Adapt_MH_hyp2" = 0.234, "Adapt_MH_power_lim" = 10, "Adapt_MH_var0" = 1,
  "k0" = 1/10, "nu0" = 10, "alpha_gamma" = 1,
  "beta_gamma" = 1, "alpha_lambda" = 1, "beta_lambda" = 1,
  "UpdateU" = T, "UpdateM" = F, "UpdateGamma" = T, "UpdateS" = T,
  "UpdateTau" = T, "UpdateLambda" = T
)

#GDFMM = GDFMM_sampler(data, niter, burnin, thin, seed = 123, option = option)
GDFMM = GDFMM_sampler(data, niter, burnin, thin, seed = 123, FixPartition = F, option = option)

```





```
# COMPUTE BINDER LOSS FUNCTION TO SELECT BEST PARTITION -----

# Get labels for each iterations for each data point
part_matrix <- GDFMM$Partition

# Compute similarity matrix
sim_matrix <- psm(part_matrix)

# Get estimated partition according to binder (or VI) loss functions.
# VI_dahl <- dls0(matr, loss = 'VI', estimate=NULL)
binder_dahl <- dls0(part_matrix, loss = 'binder', estimate = sim_matrix)
estimate_partition = as.vector(binder_dahl)

# Get quality indicies
Kest = length(unique(estimate_partition))
cat('\n Estimated number of clusters \n')
#>
#> Estimated number of clusters
Kest
#> [1] 8
Binder_loss = salso::binder(truth = real_partition, estimate = estimate_partition)
cat('\n Binder loss function \n')
#>
#> Binder loss function
Binder_loss
#> [1] 0.006511111
Tab = table(real_partition, estimate_partition)
cat('\n Miss classification table \n')
#>
#> Miss classification table
Tab
#>
#> estimate_partition
#> real_partition  0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7
#> 1 100  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
#> 2  0  0 213  0  0  1  0  0
#> 3  0  0  0 50 14  0  1  3
#> 4  0 218  0  0  0  0  0  0
```

Terzo caso, Mstar random ma aumento prior su numero di componenti.

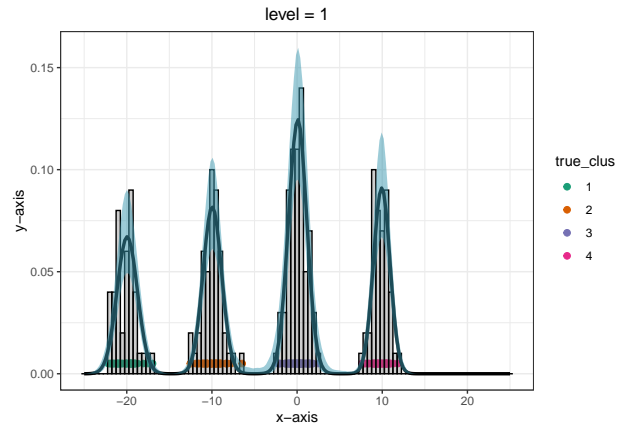
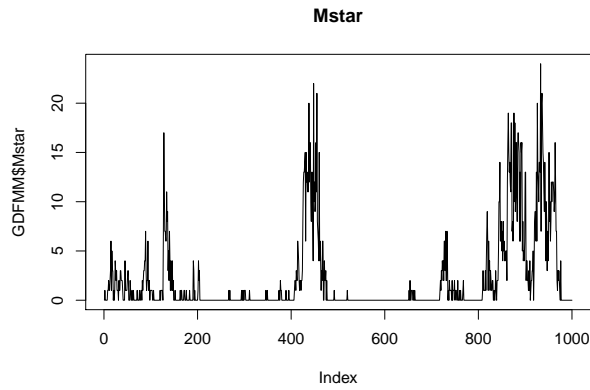
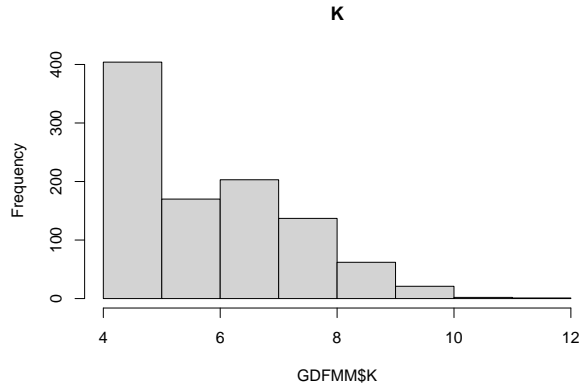
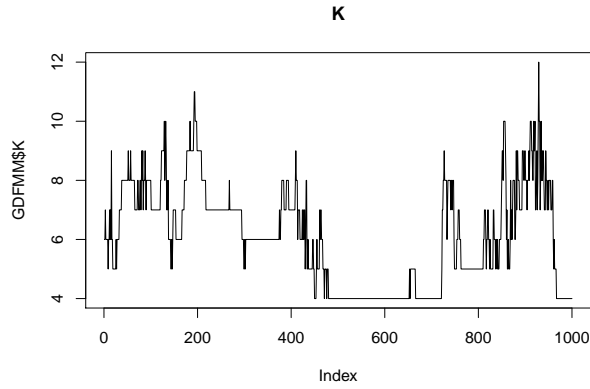
Visto che $\Lambda \sim \text{Gamma}(a_\Lambda, b_\Lambda)$, metto $a_\Lambda = 15$.

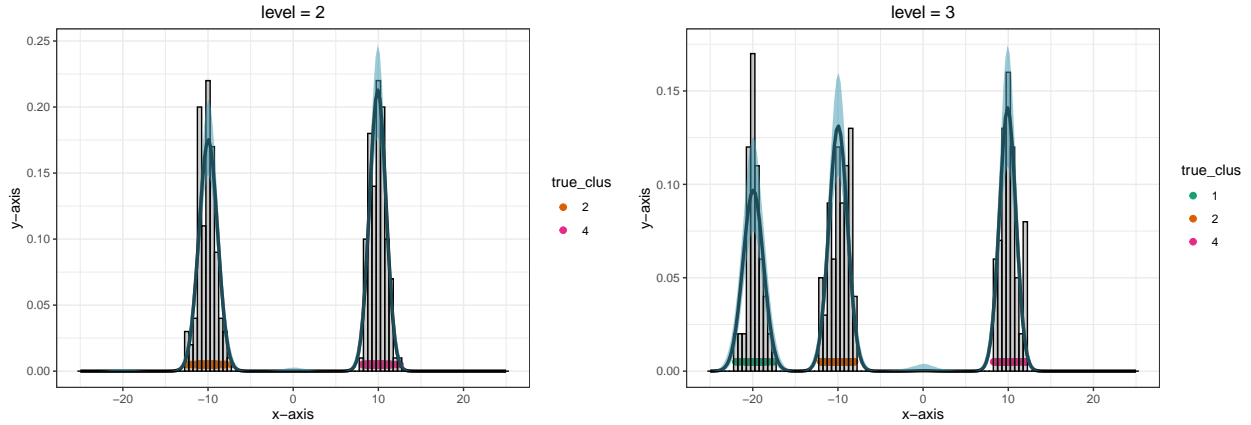
```
# Run -----

niter <- 1000
burnin <- 3000
thin <- 1

option<-list("nu" = 1, "Mstar0" = 10, "Lambda0" = 3, "mu0" = 0, "sigma0" = 1, "gamma0" = 1,
  "Adapt_MH_hyp1" = 0.7, "Adapt_MH_hyp2" = 0.234, "Adapt_MH_power_lim" = 10, "Adapt_MH_var0" = 1,
  "k0" = 1/10, "nu0" = 10, "alpha_gamma" = 1,
  "beta_gamma" = 1, "alpha_lambda" = 15, "beta_lambda" = 1,
  "UpdateU" = T, "UpdateM" = T, "UpdateGamma" = T, "UpdateS" = T,
  "UpdateTau" = T, "UpdateLambda" = T
)

#GDFMM = GDFMM_sampler(data, niter, burnin, thin, seed = 123, option = option)
GDFMM = GDFMM_sampler(data, niter, burnin, thin, seed = 123, FixPartition = F, option = option)
```





```
# COMPUTE BINDER LOSS FUNCTION TO SELECT BEST PARTITION -----

# Get labels for each iterations for each data point
part_matrix <- GDFMM$Partition

# Compute similarity matrix
sim_matrix <- psm(part_matrix)

# Get estimated partition according to binder (or VI) loss functions.
# VI_dahl <- dlsol(matr, loss = 'VI', estimate=NULL)
binder_dahl <- dlsol(part_matrix, loss = 'binder', estimate = sim_matrix)
estimate_partition = as.vector(binder_dahl)

# Get quality indicies
Kest = length(unique(estimate_partition))
cat('\n Estimated number of clusters \n')
#>
#> Estimated number of clusters
Kest
#> [1] 6
Binder_loss = salso::binder(truth = real_partition, estimate = estimate_partition)
cat('\n Binder loss function \n')
#>
#> Binder loss function
Binder_loss
#> [1] 0.003272222
Tab = table(real_partition, estimate_partition)
cat('\n Miss classification table \n')
#>
#> Miss classification table
Tab
#>
#>      estimate_partition
#> real_partition  0  1  2  3  4  5
#>      1 100  0  0  0  0  0
#>      2  0  0 214  0  0  0
#>      3  0  0  0  9 58  1
#>      4  0 218  0  0  0  0
```