## File rendering in REAPER

## Sound Design & Music Technologies - LAB 2020/2021

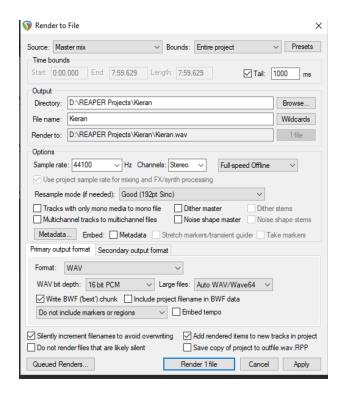
The final step in REAPER is to export your project, take it out of the REAPER. The **Render file** option outputs your material post-processing (including for example all FX and panning). Use this to produce a final mix of your audio project.

## Rendering a Project

Let's say that you have finished your recording, completed your edits, added all your FX and automation, arranged all your tracks .... and now you want to produce an end product for distribution.

If you're aiming for an audio CD, you will need one 16-bit stereo wave file for each song on the CD.

If you're distributing thru the web, then most likely you will want a series of stereo MP3 files. Whatever format you choose, each project will ultimately need to be rendered down to one file. To do this, we use the **Render** window that you can reach in the **main menu** in **File**  $\rightarrow$  **Render...** or by the shortcut Ctrl Alt R. The dialog box (right) shows the various options. You must specify a directory and file name: if you wish, use the **Browse** button for either or both of these. Your other choices will depend on the ultimate destination of your material. A summary of fundamental Render to File dialog box options follows below.



Option	Explanation
Source	Master mix mixes all material to a single file; stems renders selected
	tracks to separate files, or choose both. Other options are region
	render matrix or selected tracks or media items (optionally via the
	master).
Bounds	Entire project exports all the project; Time selection (only the se-
	lected region in the timeline of the edit view).
Directory and File name	In Directory, type in a directory of your choosing or use the <i>Browse</i>
	button. Write the output name of your file in the File Name. The
	render path and file name to be used will be displayed in the Render
	to box, just below the Directory and File name edit boxes.
Sample Rate	Select a value in the range 8000 to 192000 Hz, depending on output
	format and other factors. Some examples follow in the table after
	this one.

Channels	Choose mono, stereo or select a number for multichannel output.
On or Off-Line Speed	Full-speed (default) for fastest rendering. Others include 1 x offline,
	online (play mix while rendering), online (idle) and offline x 1 (idle).
	Idle assigns a lower system priority to the render thread, freeing PC
	resources for other tasks.
Resample mode	Various options allow trade off between speed and quality. Default
	is 192.
Format	Choose the output format (extension) for your file. Some option are
	WAV, AIFF, MP3, OGG, FLAC. Other option can include video,
	like Video (ffmpeg/libav encoder) or MPEG-4/MOV
Format specific options	Other options depend on the format, e.g., for WAV or AIFF files,
	specify bit depth, for FLAC select FLAC encoding depth and data
	compression level, for MP3 bitrate mode (e.g., variable or constant)
	and the actual bitrate, and so on. For the video format like MPEG-
	4/MOV you have to specify the right format like MPEG-4 Video or
	Quicktime MOV, the size, the framerate and so on
Render x files	Causes project to be rendered to one or more files, depending on
	options.

## **Project Rendering Examples**

Example	Specification
DVD Audio Soundtrack	Sample Rate: 48000 Hz, Channels: Stereo, Output format: WAV
	format, bit depth: 24 bit
CD Audio	Sample Rate 44100 Hz, Channels: Stereo, Output format: WAV
	format, bit depth: 16-bit
Web Site / Web Audio	Sample Rate 44100 Hz, Channels: Stereo, Output format: MP3.
	Other options trade off files size and download time against audio
	quality, but a typical selection might be CBR (Constant Bit Rate)
	96 or 128, Joint Stereo
Video with Audio	Sample Rate: 48000 Hz, Channels: Stereo, Output format: MPEG-
	4/MOV, specified format: MPEG-4 Video or Quicktime MOV, Size:
	1280 x 720, framerate: 30.00 fps, video codec: h264 2048kbps, Audio
	codec: AAC 128kpbs