

## Performance indices of an M/M/1 queue

Consider a server that executes jobs arriving according to a Poisson process of rate  $\lambda = 50 \text{ job/s}$ , and serves them with an average service time  $D = 15 \text{ ms}$ .

Determine:

1. The utilization of the system
2. The probability of having exactly one job in the system
3. The probability of having less than 4 jobs in the system
4. The average queue length (job not in service)
5. The average response time
6. The probability that the response time is greater than 0.5 s.
7. The 90 percentile of the response time distribution

After 1 year, the load has increased to  $\lambda = 85 \text{ job/s}$ , making the current solution no longer applicable. The system administrator adds a second server and a load balancer: jobs enques at the load balancer, and then are sent to the first available server. Considering the communication time between load balancers and servers to be negligible comparted to the service times, determine for this new configuration:

1. The **average** and **total** utilizations of the system
2. The probability of having exactly one job in the system
3. The probability of having less than 4 jobs in the system
4. The average queue length (job not in service)
5. The average response time