# Coolguy and Two Subsequences



Coolguy gives you a simple problem. Given a 1-indexed array, A, containing N elements, what will ans be after this pseudocode is implemented and executed? Print  $ans \% (10^9 + 7)$ .

```
//f(a, b) is a function that returns the minimum element in interval [a, b] ans = 0 for a \rightarrow [1, n] for b \rightarrow [a, n] for c \rightarrow [b + 1, n] for d \rightarrow [c, n] ans = ans + min(f(a, b), f(c, d))
```

# **Input Format**

The first line contains N (the size of array A).

The second line contains N space-separated integers describing A.

### **Constraints**

- $1 \le N \le 2 \times 10^5$
- $1 \le A_i \le 10^9$

**Note:** A is 1-indexed (i.e.:  $A = \{A_1, A_2, \ldots, A_{N-1}, A_N\}$ ).

# **Output Format**

Print the integer result of  $ans \% (10^9 + 7)$ .

### Sample Input

```
3
3 2 1
```

# **Sample Output**

6

## **Explanation**

```
min(\ f(1,1),\ f(2,2)\ )=2 \ min(\ f(1,1),\ f(2,3)\ )=1 \ min(\ f(1,1),\ f(3,3)\ )=1 \ min(\ f(1,2),\ f(3,3)\ )=1 \ min(\ f(2,2),\ f(3,3)\ )=1
```

We then sum these numbers (2+1+1+1+1=6) and print  $6~\%~(10^9+7)$ , which is 6.