

# Password Cracker



There are  $N$  users registered on a website *CuteKittens.com*. Each of them have a unique password represented by  $pass[1], pass[2], \dots, pass[N]$ . As this a very lovely site, many people want to access those awesomely cute pics of the kittens. But the adamant admin doesn't want this site to be available for general public. So only those people who have passwords can access it.

*Yu* being an awesome hacker finds a loophole in their password verification system. A string which is *concatenation* of one or more passwords, in any order, is also accepted by the password verification system. Any password can appear 0 or more times in that string. He has access to each of the  $N$  passwords, and also have a string *loginAttempt*, he has to tell whether this string be accepted by the password verification system of the website.

For example, if there are 3 users with password { "abra", "ka", "dabra" }, then some of the valid combinations are "abra" ( $pass[1]$ ), "kaabra" ( $pass[2]+pass[1]$ ), "kadabraka" ( $pass[2]+pass[3]+pass[2]$ ), "kadabraabra" ( $pass[2]+pass[3]+pass[1]$ ) and so on.

## Input Format

First line contains an integer  $T$ , the total number of test cases. Then  $T$  test cases follow.

First line of each test case contains  $N$ , the number of users with passwords. Second line contains  $N$  space separated strings,  $pass[1] pass[2] \dots pass[N]$ , representing the passwords of each user. Third line contains a string, *loginAttempt*, for which *Yu* has to tell whether it will be accepted or not.

## Constraints

- $1 \leq T \leq 10$
- $1 \leq N \leq 10$
- $pass[i] \neq pass[j], 1 \leq i < j \leq N$
- $1 \leq length(pass[i]) \leq 10$ , where  $i \in [1, N]$
- $1 < length(loginAttempt) \leq 2000$
- *loginAttempt* and  $pass[i]$  contains only lowercase latin characters ('a'-'z').

## Output Format

For each valid string, *Yu* has to print the actual order of passwords, separated by space, whose concatenation results into *loginAttempt*. If there are multiple solutions, print any of them. If *loginAttempt* can't be accepted by the password verification system, then print **WRONG PASSWORD**.

## Sample Input 0

```
3
6
because can do must we what
wedowhatwemustbecausewecan
2
hello planet
helloworld
3
ab abcd cd
abcd
```

## Sample Output 0

```
we do what we must because we can
WRONG PASSWORD
ab cd
```

## Explanation 0

*Sample Case #00:* "wedowhatwemustbecausewecan" is the concatenation of passwords { "we", "do", "what", "we", "must", "because", "we", "can" }. That is

```
loginAttempt = pass[5] + pass[3] + pass[6] + pass[5] + pass[4] + pass[1] + pass[5] + pass[2]
```

Note that any password can repeat any number of times.

*Sample Case #01:* We can't create string "helloworld" using the strings { "hello", "planet" }.

*Sample Case #02:* There are two ways to create *loginAttempt* ( "abcd" ). Both `pass[2] = "abcd"` and `pass[1] + pass[3] = "ab cd"` are valid answers.

## Sample Input 1

```
3
4
ozkxyhkcst xvglh hpdnb zfzahm
zfzahm
4
gurwgrb maqz holpkhqx aowypvopu
gurwgrb
10
a aa aaa aaaa aaaaa aaaaaa aaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa
aaaaaaaaaab
```

## Sample Output 1

```
zfzahm
gurwgrb
WRONG PASSWORD
```