# **Fairy Chess**



Let's play Fairy Chess!

You have an  $n \times n$  chessboard. An s-leaper is a chess piece which can move from some square  $(x_0, y_0)$  to some square  $(x_1, y_1)$  if  $abs(x_0 - x_1) + abs(y_0 - y_1) \leq s$ ; however, its movements are restricted to  $up(\uparrow)$ ,  $down(\downarrow)$ ,  $left(\leftarrow)$ , and  $right(\rightarrow)$  within the confines of the chessboard, meaning that diagonal moves are not allowed. In addition, the leaper cannot leap to any square that is occupied by a pawn.

Given the layout of the chessboard, can you determine the number of ways a leaper can move m times within the chessboard?

**Note:** abs(x) refers to the absolute value of some integer, x.

### **Input Format**

The first line contains an integer, q, denoting the number of queries. Each query is described as follows:

- 1. The first line contains three space-separated integers denoting n, m, and s, respectively.
- 2. Each line i of the n subsequent lines contains n characters. The  $j^{th}$  character in the  $i^{th}$  line describes the contents of square (i,j) according to the following key:
  - Indicates the location is *empty*.
  - P indicates the location is occupied by a pawn.
  - L indicates the location of the *leaper*.

#### **Constraints**

- $1 \le q \le 10$
- 1 < m < 200
- There will be exactly one L character on the chessboard.
- The *s*-leaper can move  $up(\uparrow)$ ,  $down(\downarrow)$ ,  $left(\leftarrow)$ , and  $right(\rightarrow)$  within the confines of the chessboard. It *cannot* move diagonally.

#### **Output Format**

For each query, print the number of ways the leaper can make  $\it m$  moves on a new line. Because this value can be quite large, your answer must be modulo  $10^9+7$ .

## Sample Input 0

## **Sample Output 0**

## **Explanation 0**

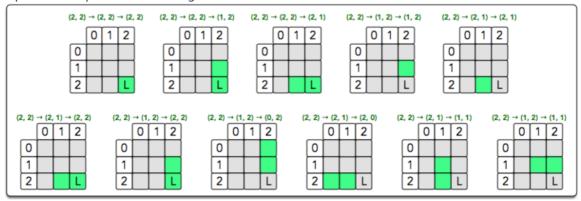
You must perform two queries, outlined below. The *green* cells denote a cell that was leaped to by the leaper, and coordinates are defined as (*row*, *column*).

1. The leaper can leap to the following locations:

	(1, 1) → (1, 1)					(1, 1) → (1, 0)						(1, 1) → (0, 1)						(1, 1) → (1, 2)					
	0	1	2	3			0	1	2	3			0	1	2	3			0	1	2	3	
0						0					)	0						0					
1		L				1		L			]	1		L				1		L			
2		Р				2		Р			)	2		Р				2		Р			
3						3						3						3					

Observe that the leaper cannot leap to the square directly underneath it because it's occupied by a pawn. Thus, there are  $\bf 4$  ways to make  $\bf 1$  move and we print  $\bf 4$  on a new line.

2. The leaper can leap to the following locations:



Thus, we print 11 on a new line.

**Note:** Don't forget that your answer must be modulo  $10^9 + 7$ .