XOR key



Xorq has invented an encryption algorithm which uses bitwise XOR operations extensively. This encryption algorithm uses a sequence of non-negative integers $x=[x[1],x[2]\cdots x[n]]$ as its key. To implement this algorithm efficiently, Xorq needs to find maximum value of $(a\oplus x_j)$ for given integers a, l and r, such that, $l\leqslant j\leqslant r$. Help Xorq implement this function.

For example, x=[3,5,9], a=4, l=1 and r=3. We test each x[j] for all values of j between p and q inclusive:

```
j x[j] x[j]^4
1 3 7
2 5 1
3 9 13
```

Our maximum value is 13.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer t, the number of test cases.

The first line of each test case contains two space-separated integers n and q, the size of the integer array x and the number of queries against the test case.

The next line contains n space-separated integers x[j].

Each of next q lines describes a query which consists of three integers a[i], l[i] and r[i].

Constraints

```
egin{array}{l} 1 \leq n \leq 100000 \ 1 \leq q \leq 50000 \ 0 \leq x[j], a[i] \leq 2^{15} \ 1 \leq l[i], r[i] \leq n \end{array}
```

Output Format

For each query, print the maximum value for $(a[i] \oplus x[j])$, such that, $l[i] \leqslant j \leqslant r[i]$ on a new line.

Sample Input 0

```
1
15 8
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
10 6 10
1023 7 7
33 5 8
182 5 10
181 1 13
5 10 15
99 8 9
33 10 14
```

Sample Output 0

```
13
1016
41
191
191
15
107
```

Explanation 0

- First Query (10 6 10): $x_6 \oplus 10 = 12, x_7 \oplus 10 = 13, x_8 \oplus 10 = 2, x_9 \oplus 10 = 3, x_{10} \oplus 10 = 0$. The maximum is 13.
- ullet Second Query (1023 7 7): $x_7 \oplus 1023 = 1016$
- ullet Third Query (33 5 8): $x_5 \oplus 33 = 36, x_6 \oplus 33 = 39, x_7 \oplus 33 = 38, x_8 \oplus 33 = 41$
- ullet Fourth Query (182 5 10): $x_5\oplus 182=179, x_6\oplus 182=176, x_7\oplus 182=177, x_8\oplus 182=190, x_9\oplus 182=191, x_{10}\oplus 182=188$