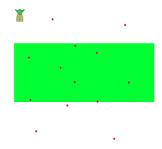
Starfleet



In a galaxy far away, there is a constant battle between the republic and the droid army. The droid army decided to launch their final attack on the republic. They have \mathbf{N} space-fighters.

Initially the i^{th} fighter is located at (x_i, y_i) . All of the space-fighters move with constant velocity \mathbf{V} units/sec in the positive \mathbf{X} direction. i.e., fighter at (x_i, y_i) moves to (x_i+V, y_i) in 1 second. The i^{th} space-fighter broadcasts enemy information at a frequency \mathbf{f}_i .

The republic is not scared of the artificially intelligent droid force as they have *Yoda. Yoda* has a special power, at any time **T** he can choose a region of the droid army and block one specific frequency **F**. This power has one constraint; it can be applied only in the form of a two sided unbounded axis parallel rectangular box open towards the both the directions across **X** axis (refer image below for clarity). If a frequency (**F**) is blocked all the space-fighters in the region having the frequency **F** can't communicate.



Given the initial positions of the space-fighters, and their velocity, you are to answer queries of the following form:

YU YD T

where **YU**, **YD** are the bounds on y-axis inside which YODA can block a frequency at time **T**. In the region described by the query, after a time **T** seconds from the start, if *Yoda* can chose one frequency (**F**) he wishes to, what is the maximum number of communications he can block?

Input Format

Each test case is described as follows; the first line contains $\bf 3$ space separated integers $\bf N$ - the number of space-fighters, $\bf Q$ - the number of queries you have to answer, and $\bf V$ - the velocity of the space-fighters separated by a single space.

N lines follow, each containing **3** space separated integers $\mathbf{x_i}$, $\mathbf{y_i}$, and $\mathbf{f_i}$, denoting the x co-ordinate, y co-ordinate and the frequency at which the $\mathbf{i^{th}}$ ship broadcasts respectively. Each of the next **Q** lines contain **3** space separated integers representing **YU**, **YD**, **T** respectively. Refer the figure for more clarity

Note: Points on the boundaries should be counted as well.

Output Format

For each query you are to output a single integer denoting the result.

Constraints

 $1 \le N \le 50000$

1 <= Q <= 30000

1 <= V <= 10000

 $-10^9 \le x_i \le 10^9$

 $-10^9 \le y_i \le 10^9$

 $1 <= f_i <= 10^9$

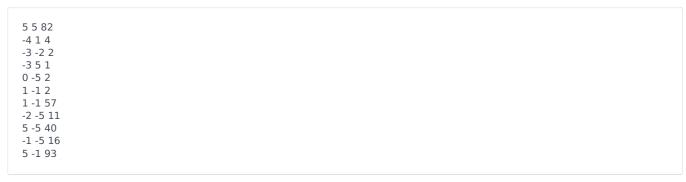
 $-10^9 \le YU \le 10^9$

 $-10^9 \le YD \le 10^9$

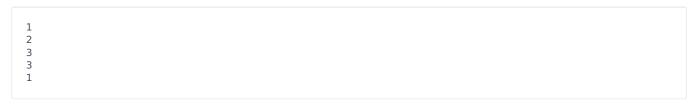
1 <= T <= 10000

YU >= YD

Sample Input



Sample Output



Explanation Consider the points ships in the Y-range 1 to -1, they are the (-4, 1) and (1, -1), and both operate on different frequencies, hence the most times a frequency is repeated is once.