

# Coprime Paths



You are given an undirected, connected graph,  $G$ , with  $n$  nodes and  $m$  edges where  $m = n - 1$ . Each node  $i$  is initially assigned a value,  $node_i$ , that has *at most 3* prime divisors.

You must answer  $q$  queries in the form  $u\ v$ . For each query, find and print the *number of  $(x, y)$  pairs* of nodes on the path between  $u$  and  $v$  such that  $gcd(node_x, node_y) = 1$  and the length of the path between  $u$  and  $v$  is minimal among all paths from  $u$  to  $v$ .

## Input Format

The first line contains two space-separated integers describing the respective values of  $n$  and  $q$ .

The second line contains  $n$  space-separated integers describing the respective values of  $node_1, node_2, \dots, node_n$ .

Each of the  $n - 1$  subsequent lines contains two space-separated integers,  $u$  and  $v$ , describing an edge between nodes  $u$  and  $v$ .

Each of the  $q$  subsequent lines contains two space-separated integers,  $u$  and  $v$ , describing a query.

## Constraints

- $1 \leq n, q \leq 25 \times 10^3$
- $1 \leq node_i \leq 10^7$
- $1 \leq u, v \leq n$

## Output Format

For each query, print an integer on a new line denoting the *number of  $(x, y)$  pairs* of nodes on the path between  $u$  and  $v$  such that  $gcd(node_x, node_y) = 1$  and the length of the path between  $u$  and  $v$  is minimal among all paths from  $u$  to  $v$ .

## Sample Input 0

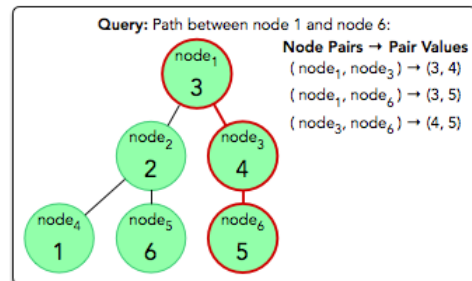
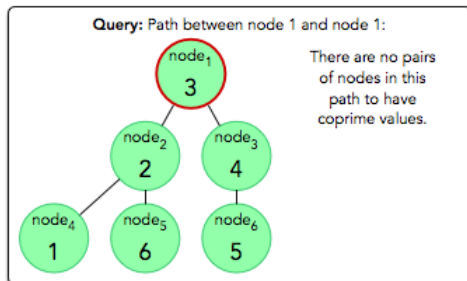
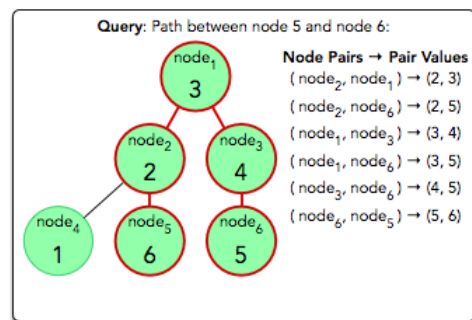
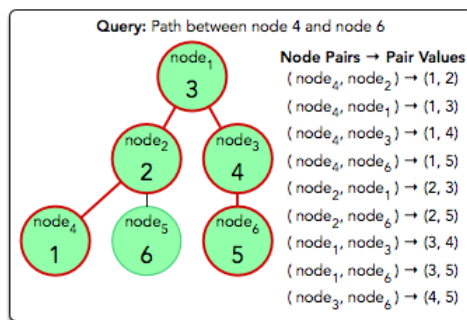
```
6 5
3 2 4 1 6 5
1 2
1 3
2 4
2 5
3 6
4 6
5 6
1 1
1 6
6 1
```

## Sample Output 0

```
9
6
0
3
3
```

## Explanation 0

The diagram below depicts graph  $G$  and the  $u \leftrightarrow v$  paths specified by each query, as well as the *Pair Values* for each path in the form  $(node_x, node_y)$ :



Recall that, for each queried path, we want to find and print the number of  $(x, y)$  pairs of nodes such that  $\gcd(\text{node}_x, \text{node}_y) = 1$ .