# **Kingdom Connectivity**



It has been a prosperous year for King Charles and he is rapidly expanding his empire. In fact, he recently invaded his neighboring country and set up a new kingdom! This kingdom has many cities connected by **one-way roads**. To ensure higher connectivity, two cities are sometimes directly linked by more than one road also.

In the new kingdom, King Charles has made one of the cities his financial capital and another city his warfare capital. He wants a better connectivity between these two capitals. The connectivity of a pair of cities, A and B, is defined as the number of different paths from city A to city B. A path may use a road more than once if possible. Two paths are considered different if they do not use the same sequence of roads.

There are N cities numbered 1 to N in the new kingdom and M **one-way roads**. City 1 is the financial capital and city N is the warfare capital.

What is the connectivity of the financial capital and the warfare capital, i.e., how many different paths are there from city 1 to city N?

#### **Input Format**

The first line contains two integers  $oldsymbol{N}$  and  $oldsymbol{M}$ .

M lines follow, each containing two integers x and y, indicating there is a road from city x to city y ( $1 \le x, y \le N$ ).

#### **Constraints**

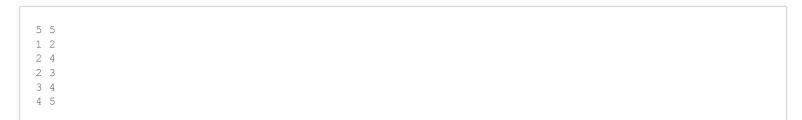
- $2 < N < 10^4$
- $1 \le M \le 10^5$

## **Output Format**

Print the number of different paths from city 1 to city N modulo  $10^9$ . If there are infinitely many different paths, print INFINITE PATHS.

Two roads may connect the same cities, but they are still considered distinct for path connections.

### Sample Input 0



#### Sample Output 0

2

#### Sample Input 1

5 5			
1 2			
4 2 2 3			
2 3			
3 4			
4 5			

# Sample Output 1

INFINITE PATHS