Waiter

You are a waiter at a party. There are N stacked plates on pile A_0. Each plate has a number written on it. Then there will be Q iterations. In i-th iteration, you start picking up the plates in A_{i-1} from the top one by one and check whether the number written on the plate is divisible by the i-th prime. If the number is divisible, you stack that plate on pile B_i. Otherwise, you stack that plate on pile A_i. After Q iterations, plates can only be on pile $B_1, B_2, \ldots, B_Q, A_Q$. Output numbers on these plates from top to bottom of each piles in order of $B_1, B_2, \ldots, B_Q, A_Q$.

Input Format

The first line contains two space separated integers, N and Q.
The next line contains N space separated integers representing the initial pile of plates, i.e., A_0. The leftmost value represents the bottom plate of the pile.

Constraints

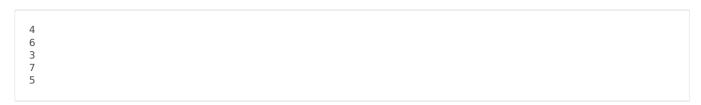$1 \le N \le 5 \times 10^4$
$2 \le number_i \le 10^4$
$1 \le Q \le 1200$

Output Format

Output N lines. Each line contains a number written on the plate. Printing should be done in the order defined above.

Sample Input 0

```
5 1
3 4 7 6 5
```

Sample Output 0

```
4
6
3
7
5
```

Explanation 0

Initially:

A_0 = [3, 4, 7, 6, 5]<-TOP

After 1 iteration:

A_0 = []<-TOP
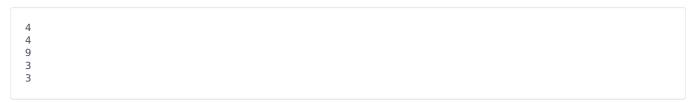
B_1 = [6, 4]<-TOP

A_1 = [5, 7, 3]<-TOP

We should output numbers in B_1 first from top to bottom, and then output numbers in A_1 from top to bottom.

Sample Input 1

```
5 2
```

```
3 3 4 4 9
```

Sample Output 1

```
4
4
9
3
3
```

Explanation 1

Initially:

A_0 = [3, 3, 4, 4, 9]<-TOP

After 1st iteration:

A_0 = []<-TOP

B_1 = [4, 4]<-TOP

A_1 = [3, 3, 9]<-TOP

After 2nd iteration:

A_1 = []<-TOP

B_1 = [4, 4]<- TOP

B_2 = [3, 3, 9]<-TOP

We should output numbers in B_1 first from top to bottom, and then output numbers in B_2 from top to bottom.