

# Mining



There are  $n$  gold mines along a river, and each mine  $i$  produces  $w_i$  tons of gold. In order to collect the mined gold, we want to redistribute and consolidate it amongst exactly  $k$  mines where it can be picked up by trucks. We do this according to the following rules:

- You can move gold between any pair of mines (i.e.,  $i$  and  $j$ , where  $1 \leq i < j \leq n$ ).
- All the gold at some pickup mine  $i$  must either stay at mine  $i$  or be completely moved to some other mine,  $j$ .
- Move  $w$  tons of gold between the mine at location  $x_i$  and the mine at location  $x_j$  at a cost of  $|x_i - x_j| \times w$ .

Given  $n$ ,  $k$ , and the amount of gold produced at each mine, find and print the minimum cost of consolidating the gold into  $k$  pickup locations according to the above conditions.

## Input Format

The first line contains two space-separated integers describing the respective values of  $n$  (the number of mines) and  $k$  (the number of pickup locations).

Each line  $i$  of the  $n$  subsequent lines contains two space-separated integers describing the respective values of  $x_i$  (the mine's distance from the mouth of the river) and  $w_i$  (the amount of gold produced in tons) for mine  $i$ .

**Note:** It is guaranteed that the mines are will be given in order of ascending location.

## Constraints

- $1 \leq k < n \leq 5000$
- $1 \leq w_i, x_i \leq 10^6$

## Output Format

Print a single line with the minimum cost of consolidating the mined gold amongst  $k$  different pickup sites according to the rules stated above.

## Sample Input 0

```
3 1
20 1
30 1
40 1
```

## Sample Output 0

```
20
```

## Explanation 0

We need to consolidate the gold from  $n = 3$  mines into a single pickup location (because  $k = 1$ ). The mines are all equidistant and they all produce the same amount of gold, so we just move the gold from the mines at locations  $x = 20$  and  $x = 40$  to the mine at  $x = 30$  for a minimal cost of 20.

## Sample Input 1

```
3 1
11 3
12 2
```

13 1

### Sample Input 1

4

### Explanation 1

We need to consolidate the gold from  $n = 3$  mines into a single pickup location (because  $k = 1$ ). We can achieve a minimum cost of 4 by moving the gold from mines  $x = 12$  and  $x = 13$  to the mine at  $x = 11$ .

### Sample Input 2

```
6 2
10 15
12 17
16 18
18 13
30 10
32 1
```

### Sample Output 2

182

### Explanation 2

We need to consolidate the gold from  $n = 6$  mines into  $k = 2$  pickup locations. We can minimize the cost of doing this by doing the following:

1. Move the gold from the mines at locations  $x = 10$ ,  $x = 16$ , and  $x = 18$  to the mine at  $x = 12$ .
2. Move the gold from the mine at location  $x = 32$  to the mine at  $x = 30$ .