# **Find the Path**



You are given a table, a, with n rows and m columns. The top-left corner of the table has coordinates (0,0), and the bottom-right corner has coordinates (n-1,m-1). The  $i^{th}$  cell contains integer  $a_{i,j}$ .

A path in the table is a sequence of cells  $(r_1,c_1),(r_2,c_2),\ldots,(r_k,c_k)$  such that for each  $i\in\{1,\ldots,k-1\}$ , cell  $(r_i,c_i)$  and cell  $(r_{i+1},c_{i+1})$  share a side.

The weight of the path  $(r_1,c_1),(r_2,c_2),\ldots,(r_k,c_k)$  is defined by  $\sum_{i=1}^k a_{r_i,c_i}$  where  $a_{r_i,c_i}$  is the weight of the cell  $(r_i,c_i)$ .

You must answer q queries. In each query, you are given the coordinates of two cells,  $(r_1, c_1)$  and  $(r_2, c_2)$ . You must find and print the minimum possible weight of a path connecting them.

**Note:** A cell can share sides with at most 4 other cells. A cell with coordinates (r,c) shares sides with (r-1,c), (r+1,c), (r,c-1) and (r,c+1).

### **Input Format**

The first line contains 2 space-separated integers, n (the number of rows in a) and m (the number of columns in a), respectively.

Each of n subsequent lines contains m space-separated integers. The  $j^{th}$  integer in the  $i^{th}$  line denotes the value of  $a_{i,j}$ .

The next line contains a single integer, q, denoting the number of queries.

Each of the q subsequent lines describes a query in the form of 4 space-separated integers:  $r_1$ ,  $c_1$ ,  $r_2$ , and  $c_2$ , respectively.

#### **Constraints**

- 1 < n < 7
- $1 < m < 5 \times 10^3$
- $0 \le a_{i,j} \le 3 \times 10^3$
- $1 \le q \le 3 \times 10^4$

For each query:

- $0 \le r_1, r_2 < n$
- $0 \le c_1, c_2 < m$

#### **Output Format**

On a new line for each query, print a single integer denoting the minimum possible weight of a path between  $(r_1, c_1)$  and  $(r_2, c_2)$ .

### Sample Input

```
35
00000
19991
00000
3
0024
```

1113	

### **Sample Output**

18	

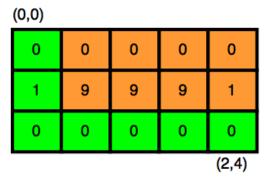
## **Explanation**

The input table looks like this:

(0,0)				
0	0	0	0	0
1	9	9	9	1
0	0	0	0	0
				(2,4)

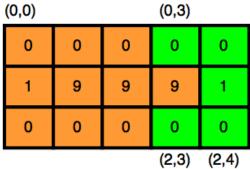
The first two queries are explained below:

1. In the first query, we have to find the minimum possible weight of a path connecting (0,0) and (2,4). Here is one possible path:



The total weight of the path is 0+1+0+0+0+0+0=1.

2. In the second query, we have to find the minimum possible weight of a path connecting (0,3) and (2,3). Here is one possible path:



The total weight of the path is 0+0+1+0+0=1.