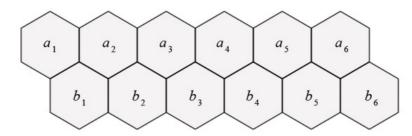
# **Hexagonal Grid**



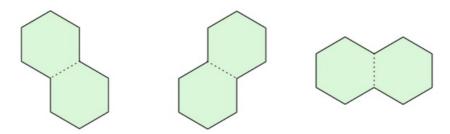
You are given a hexagonal grid consisting of two rows, each row consisting of n cells. The cells of the first row are labelled  $a_1, a_2, \ldots a_n$  and the cells of the second row are labelled  $b_1, b_2, \ldots, b_n$ .

For example, for n = 6:



(Note that the  $b_i$  is connected with  $a_{i+1}$ .)

Your task is to tile this grid with  $2 \times 1$  *tiles* that look like the following:

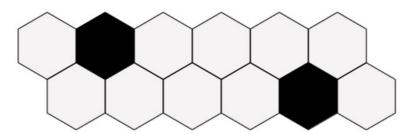


As you can see above, there are three possible orientations in which a tile can be placed.

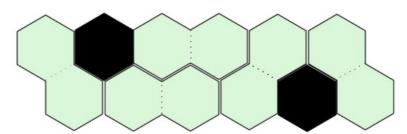
Your goal is to tile the whole grid such that every cell is covered by a tile, and no two tiles occupy the same cell. To add to the woes, certain cells of the hexagonal grid are *blackened*. No tile must occupy a blackened cell.

Is it possible to tile the grid?

Here's an example. Suppose we want to tile this grid:



Then we can do the tiling as follows:



### **Input Format**

The first line contains a single integer t, the number of test cases.

The first line of each test case contains a single integer n denoting the length of the grid.

The second line contains a binary string of length n. The  $i^{\mathrm{th}}$  character describes whether cell  $a_i$  is blackened.

The third line contains a binary string of length n. The  $i^{
m th}$  character describes whether cell  $b_i$  is blackened.

A 0 corresponds to an empty cell and a 1 corresponds to blackened cell.

#### **Constraints**

- $1 \le t \le 100$
- $1 \le n \le 10$

## **Output Format**

For each test case, print YES if there exists at least one way to tile the grid, and NO otherwise.

# Sample Input 0

```
6
6
010000
000010
2
00
00
00
2
00
10
2
00
00
11
2
00
11
2
10
00
01
```

# **Sample Output 0**

```
YES
YES
NO
NO
NO
YES
NO
```

#### **Explanation 0**

The first test case in the sample input describes the example given in the problem statement above. For the second test case, there are two ways to fill it: either place two diagonal tiles side-by-side or place two horizontal tiles.