

Leveraging Context for Multimodal Fallacy Classification in Political Debates

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Scan for the full paper!

Motivation

- Not all persuasive techniques rely on false facts
- Fallacies rely on misleading reasoning
- Text + audio = **deeper understanding**

Task setup

- **Goal:** Classify fallacies in political debates
- **Input types:** Text, Audio, or Multimodal
- **Dataset:** MM-USED-fallacy
- **My focus:** Incorporating **context information**

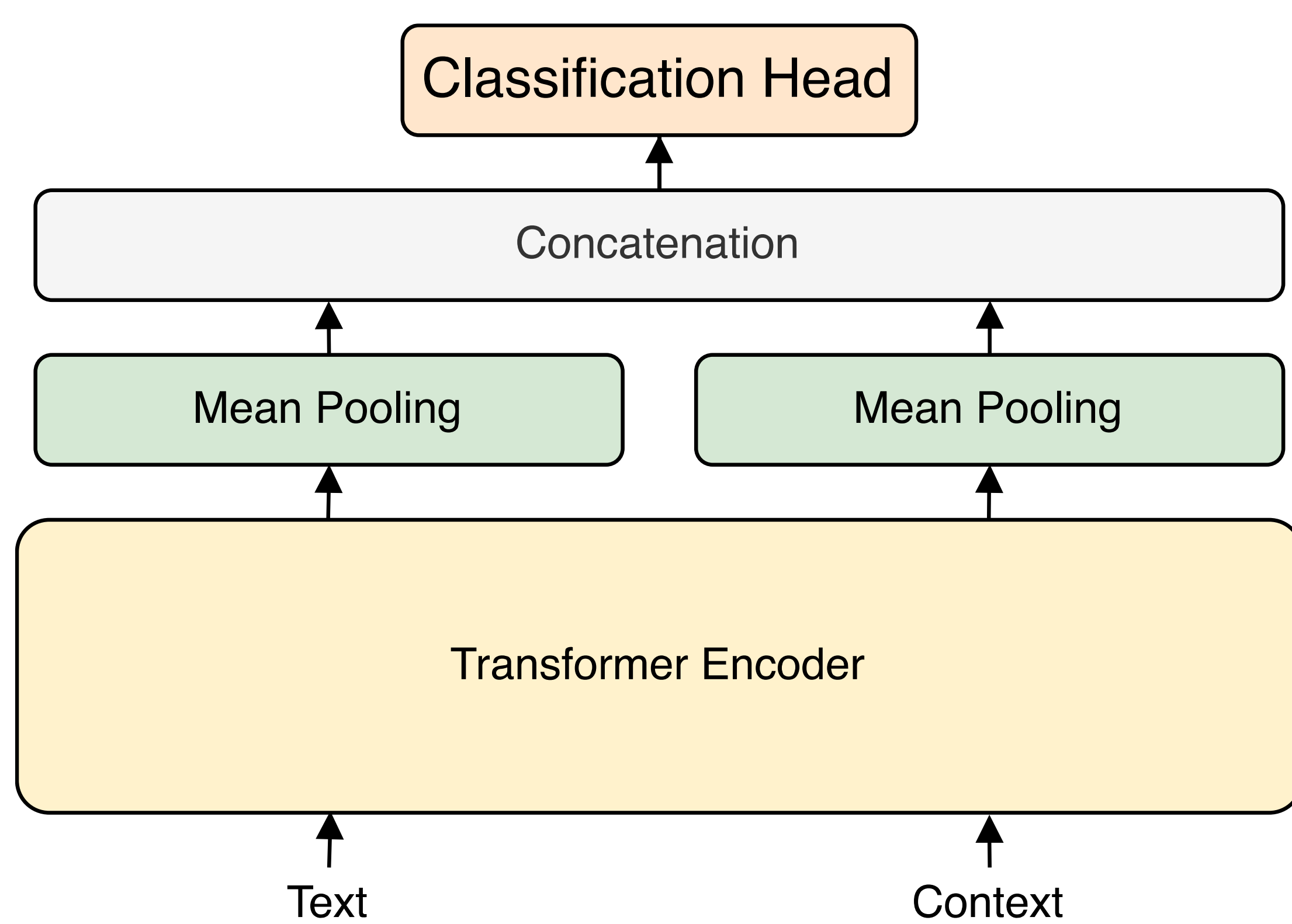
Text setting

Backbones: RoBERTa-large, ModernBERT, DeBERTaV3

Context strategies

- *Concat:* [text] [SEP] [context]
- *ContextPool:* Shared encoder + mean pooling
- *CrossAttn:* Encoder with gated fusion and attentive pooling

Best: ContextPool + RoBERTa-large



ContextPool

Audio setting

Backbones: HuBERT-Base, WavLM, Wav2Vec2

Approaches:

- Fine-tuned HuBERT
 - TemporalAvg (with context, less effective)
- Audio truncated to 15s due to OOM limitations.

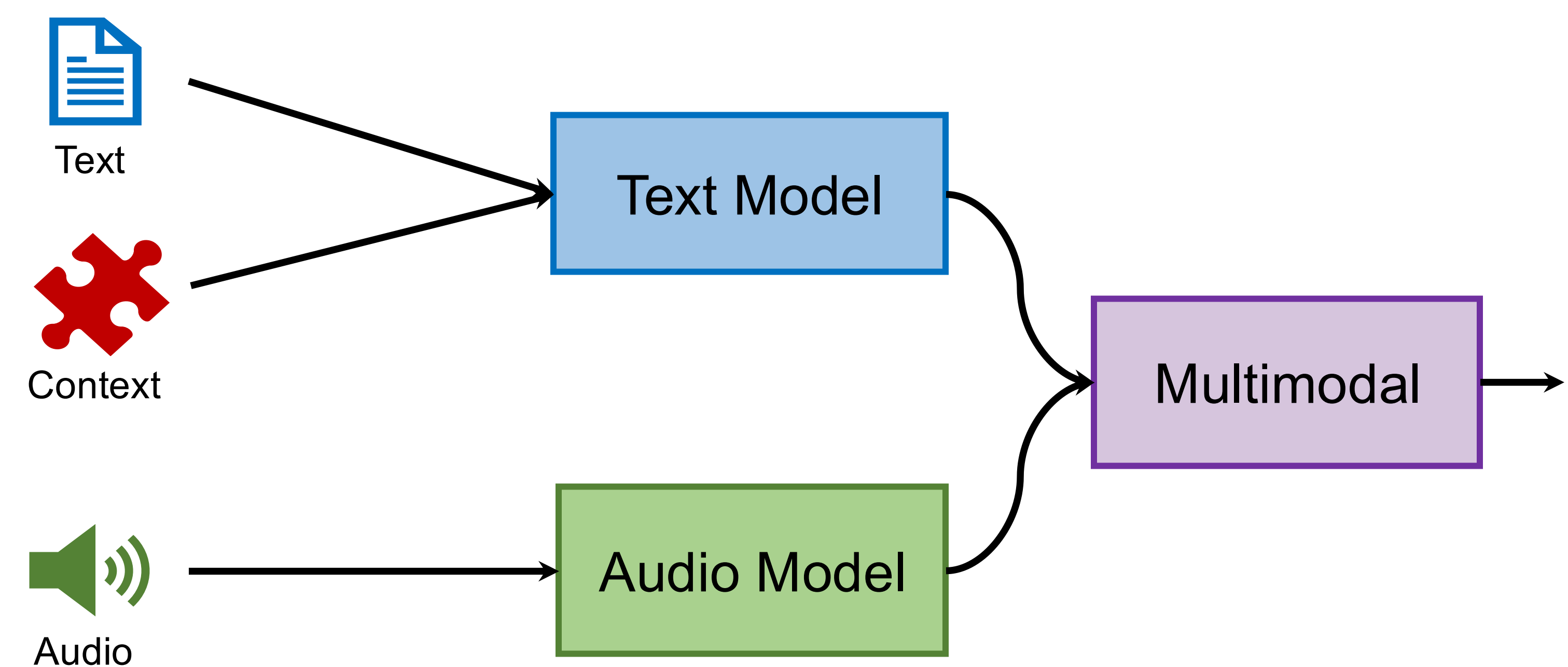
Fusion strategy

Late Fusion:

- **Weighted average of logits** via Bayesian optimization
- **Majority Voting** (Text, Audio, Fusion) used in final submission

Result: “faded” version of text-only

Hypothesis: Need **better modality interaction** (cross-modal attention, etc.)



Result

Input	Team	F1
Text-Only	Team NUST	0.4856
	Baseline BiLSTM	0.4721
	My team	0.4444
Audio-Only	My team	0.3559
	Team EvaAdriana	0.1858
	Team Nust	0.1588
Text-Audio	Team Nust	0.4611
	My team	0.4403
	Baseline RoBERTa + WavLM	0.3816

Key takeaways

- 1 **Text context** is critical; best results at $N = 5$ window.
- 2 **Audio-only model (HuBERT)** demonstrates the value of audio for fallacy classification.
- 3 **Multimodal late fusion** underperforms, needs more **cross-modal learning**.
- 4 **Dataset challenges:** class imbalance, audio truncation.