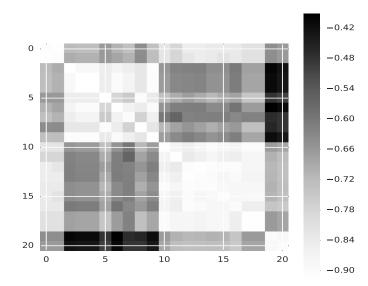


# **NeuroDesign: optimalisation report**

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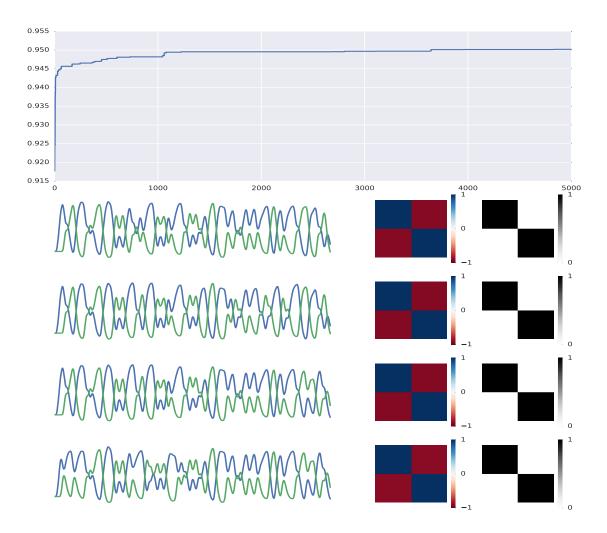
## **Correlation between designs**

During the optimisation, the designs are mixed with each other to find better combinations. As such, the designs can look very similar. Actually, the genetic algorithm uses natural selection as a basis, and as such, the designs can be clustered in families. This is the covariance matrix between the final 20 designs



## Selected designs

The following figure shows in the upper panel the optimisation score over the different generations. Below are the expected signals of the best designs from different families, more specific and in relation with the covariance matrix, designs 0, 2, 10, 19. Next to each design is the covariance matrix between the regressors, and the diagonal matrix with the eigenvalues of the design matrix.



## **Experimental settings**

Duration of rest blocks (s):

Repetition time (TR):	0.68	
Number of trials:	125	
Number of scans:	456	
Number of different stimuli:	2	
Stimulus probabilities:	0.6	0.4
Duration of stimulus (s)	1.85	
Seconds before stimulus (in trial):	0.0	
Seconds after stimulus (in trial)	0.4	
Duration of trial (s):	2.25	
Total experiment duration(s):	310	
Number of stimuli between rest blocks	0	

Contrasts: 0.5 -0.5

0.0

ITI model: exponential

 minimum ITI:
 0.0

 mean ITI:
 0.225

 maximum ITI:
 10.0

Hard probabilities: False
Maximum number of repeated stimuli: 6
Resolution of design: 0.1

Assumed autocorrelation: 0.3

# **Optimalisation settings**

Optimalisation weights (Fe,Fd,Fc,Ff): 0.0 0.1 0.4 0.5

Aoptimality? True Number of designs in each generation: 20 Number of immigrants in each generation: 4 Confounding order: 3 Convergence criterion: 1000 Number of precycles: 2000 Number of cycles: 5000 Percentage of mutations: 0.01

Seed: 1551723001