## **Shell Reference**

## **Basic Commands**

- · cat displays the contents of its inputs.
- · cd path changes the current working directory.
- cp old new copies a file.
- find finds files with specific properties that match patterns.
- grep selects lines in files that match patterns.
- · head displays the first few lines of its input.
- 1s path prints a listing of a specific file or directory; 1s on its own lists the current working directory.
- man command displays the manual page for a given command.
- · mkdir path creates a new directory.
- mv old new moves (renames) a file or directory.
- pwd prints the user's current working directory.
- rm path removes (deletes) a file.
- rmdir path removes (deletes) an empty directory.
- sort sorts its inputs.
- tail displays the last few lines of its input.
- · touch path creates an empty file if it doesn't already exist.
- · wc counts lines, words, and characters in its inputs.
- · whoami shows the user's current identity.

## **Paths**

- /path/from/root is an absolute path.
- / on its own refers to the root of the filesystem.
- path/without/leading/slash is a relative path.
- refers to the current directory, .. to its parent.
- \* matches zero or more characters in a filename, so \*.txt matches all files ending in .txt.
- ? matches any single character in a filename, so ?.txt matches a.txt but not any.txt.

## **Combining Commands**

- command > file redirects a command's output to a file.
- first | second connects the output of the first command to the input of the second.
- A for loop repeats commands once for every thing in a list:

```
for variable in name_1 name_2 name_3
do
    ...commands refering to $variable...
done
```

- Use \$name to expand a variable (i.e., get its value).
- history displays recent commands, and ! number to repeat a command by number.
- bash filename runs commands saved in filename.
- \$\* refers to all of a shell script's command-line parameters.
- \$1, \$2, etc., refer to specified command-line parameters.
- \$(command) inserts a command's output in place.