

Facility Location with BDDs: Status update.

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1 Status

- I have implemented some of the key machinery, so now I can play with it: weighted BDD transformations, building a simple MIP, creating BDDs (availability, covering, and their intersection), building CPP MIP and a network flow based on the intersection BDD.
- I ran several really simple examples, and stumbled upon a problem: I think my intersection BDD (unsurprisingly) blows up. It is a little more dramatic than I expected: I'd need to find a way to make instances large enough to be difficult for MIP, but still tractable by BDDs (see the last section here).

2 A toy example (updated, again)

This is a simple example updated in the spirit of our recent discussions.

2.1 Problem description

Let us consider a simple problem with two facilities and three customers, as depicted in Figure 1.

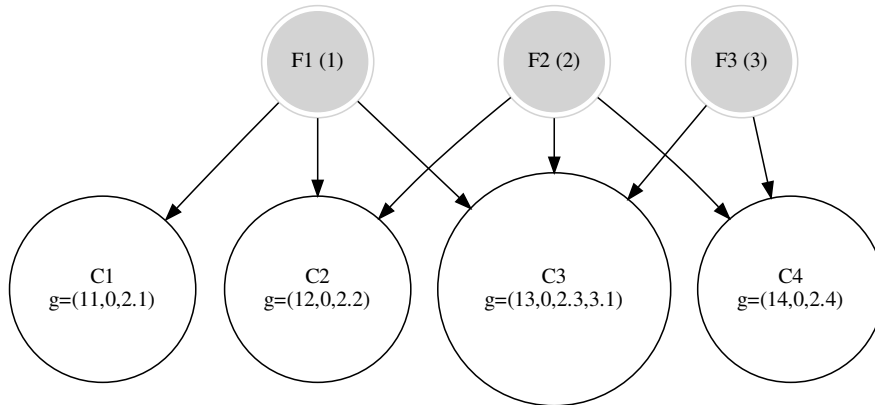


Figure 1: Problem description: facility location with overlaps.

Facilities: numbers in parentheses indicate locating (“turn-on”) costs.

Consumers: overlap penalties are shown, $g = (0, 1, 2)$ would mean that for this consumer zero overlapping coverings imposed no additional cost, covering with one facility brought additional cost 1, with two facilities (i.e., actual overlap) brought cost 2.

I am representing this (or any other) problem in the following three ways.

2.2 Simple MIP

I generate a "naive" MIP right away:

Minimize: $50.0 + x_1 + 2.0x_2 + 3.0x_3 - 11.0v_1^1 - 12.0v_2^1 + 2.2v_2^2 - 13.0v_3^1 + 2.3v_3^2 + 0.8v_3^3 - 14.0v_4^1 + 2.4v_4^2$
Subject To:

$$\begin{aligned}
& -1.0x_1 + z_{1 \rightarrow 1} = 0.0 \\
& -1.0x_1 + z_{1 \rightarrow 2} = 0.0 \\
& -1.0x_1 + z_{1 \rightarrow 3} = 0.0 \\
& -1.0x_2 + z_{2 \rightarrow 2} = 0.0 \\
& -1.0x_2 + z_{2 \rightarrow 3} = 0.0 \\
& -1.0x_2 + z_{2 \rightarrow 4} = 0.0 \\
& -1.0x_3 + z_{3 \rightarrow 3} = 0.0 \\
& -1.0x_3 + z_{3 \rightarrow 4} = 0.0 \\
& -1.0z_{1 \rightarrow 1} + b_1 = 0.0 \\
& -1.0z_{1 \rightarrow 2} - 1.0z_{2 \rightarrow 2} + b_2 = 0.0 \\
& -1.0z_{1 \rightarrow 3} - 1.0z_{2 \rightarrow 3} - 1.0z_{3 \rightarrow 3} + b_3 = 0.0 \\
& -1.0z_{2 \rightarrow 4} - 1.0z_{3 \rightarrow 4} + b_4 = 0.0 \\
& b_1 - 1.0v_1^1 = 0.0 \\
& -1.0v_2^1 + v_2^2 \leq 0.0 \\
& b_2 - 1.0v_2^1 - 1.0v_2^2 = 0.0 \\
& -1.0v_3^1 + v_3^2 \leq 0.0 \\
& -1.0v_3^2 + v_3^3 \leq 0.0 \\
& b_3 - 1.0v_3^1 - 1.0v_3^2 - 1.0v_3^3 = 0.0 \\
& -1.0v_4^1 + v_4^2 \leq 0.0 \\
& b_4 - 1.0v_4^1 - 1.0v_4^2 = 0.0,
\end{aligned}$$

where x are "locate" decisions, z are covering decisions (which are kind of dependent on each other, like we discussed), b are numbers of overlaps, and v are used to encode an arbitrary overlap penalty function v_j^k corresponds to customer j being "overlapped" k times.

Binary variables are: $x_1, z_{1 \rightarrow 1}, z_{1 \rightarrow 2}, z_{1 \rightarrow 3}, x_2, z_{2 \rightarrow 2}, z_{2 \rightarrow 3}, z_{2 \rightarrow 4}, x_3, z_{3 \rightarrow 3}, z_{3 \rightarrow 4}, v_1^1, v_2^1, v_2^2, v_3^1, v_3^2, v_3^3, v_4^1, v_4^2$ (and I kind of hope that Gurobi's **presolve** takes care of the redundant variables.)

2.3 CPP MIP

Now, I am generating two decision diagrams, as before:

Diagram	Constraints incorporated	Costs incorporated	Figure
Covering	(Costs for) covering each consumer – nothing hard.	$g_j(n_j)$ (overlap)	2a
Availability	"Turn on" and "covering" variables are consistent	f_i (location)	2b

Which allows me to formulate the following MIP: The objective is:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize: } & v_{0 \rightarrow 1, h}^A + 2.0v_{6 \rightarrow 8, h}^A + 3.0v_{14 \rightarrow 16, h}^A + 11.0v_{0 \rightarrow 1, l}^C + 2.2v_{3 \rightarrow 4, h}^C + 12.0v_{2 \rightarrow 4, l}^C + 3.1v_{9 \rightarrow 10, h}^C + \\ & 2.3v_{9 \rightarrow 10, l}^C + 2.3v_{8 \rightarrow 10, h}^C + 13.0v_{7 \rightarrow 10, l}^C + 2.4v_{12 \rightarrow T, h}^C + 14.0v_{11 \rightarrow T, l}^C. \end{aligned}$$

Here, for example, variable $v_{0 \rightarrow 1, h}^A$ corresponds to the flow from node ① to node ② of diagram A (availability), along the "hi" ("yes") arc.

Legend.

- From each diagram, two types of constraints are generated:
 - *cont-at-⊙* are flow continuity constraints at a given node.
 - *bin-link-<k>* are binary linking constraints (needed to link two BDDs – i.e., tangle network flow problems), one per layer, indexed with k .
- A denotes "Availability" diagram, C denotes "Covering" diagram.

All node numbers correspond to the diagrams and have nothing to do with customer and facility indices.

- Arc flow variables, continuous, v (sorry, these v have nothing to do with v_j^k from the previous section).
- Linking variables (binary): $\lambda_{z1-1}, \lambda_{z1-2}, \lambda_{z1-3}, \lambda_{z2-2}, \lambda_{z2-3}, \lambda_{z2-4}, \lambda_{z3-3}, \lambda_{z3-4}$.

Constraints from **covering BDD**:

Type	Constraint
cont-at-0	$-1.0v_{0 \rightarrow 1,h}^C - 1.0v_{0 \rightarrow 1,l}^C = -1.0$
bin-link-1	$\lambda_{z1-1} - 1.0v_{0 \rightarrow 1,h}^C = 0.0$
cont-at-1	$v_{0 \rightarrow 1,h}^C + v_{0 \rightarrow 1,l}^C - 1.0v_{1 \rightarrow 3,h}^C - 1.0v_{1 \rightarrow 2,l}^C = 0.0$
bin-link-2	$\lambda_{z1-2} - 1.0v_{1 \rightarrow 3,h}^C = 0.0$
cont-at-3	$v_{1 \rightarrow 3,h}^C - 1.0v_{3 \rightarrow 4,h}^C - 1.0v_{3 \rightarrow 4,l}^C = 0.0$
cont-at-2	$v_{1 \rightarrow 2,l}^C - 1.0v_{2 \rightarrow 4,h}^C - 1.0v_{2 \rightarrow 4,l}^C = 0.0$
bin-link-3	$\lambda_{z2-2} - 1.0v_{3 \rightarrow 4,h}^C - 1.0v_{2 \rightarrow 4,h}^C = 0.0$
cont-at-4	$v_{3 \rightarrow 4,h}^C + v_{3 \rightarrow 4,l}^C + v_{2 \rightarrow 4,h}^C + v_{2 \rightarrow 4,l}^C - 1.0v_{4 \rightarrow 6,h}^C - 1.0v_{4 \rightarrow 5,l}^C = 0.0$
bin-link-4	$\lambda_{z1-3} - 1.0v_{4 \rightarrow 6,h}^C = 0.0$
cont-at-5	$v_{4 \rightarrow 5,l}^C - 1.0v_{5 \rightarrow 8,h}^C - 1.0v_{5 \rightarrow 7,l}^C = 0.0$
cont-at-6	$v_{4 \rightarrow 6,h}^C - 1.0v_{6 \rightarrow 9,h}^C - 1.0v_{6 \rightarrow 8,l}^C = 0.0$
bin-link-5	$\lambda_{z2-3} - 1.0v_{5 \rightarrow 8,h}^C - 1.0v_{6 \rightarrow 9,h}^C = 0.0$
cont-at-9	$v_{6 \rightarrow 9,h}^C - 1.0v_{9 \rightarrow 10,h}^C - 1.0v_{9 \rightarrow 10,l}^C = 0.0$
cont-at-8	$v_{5 \rightarrow 8,h}^C + v_{6 \rightarrow 8,l}^C - 1.0v_{8 \rightarrow 10,h}^C - 1.0v_{8 \rightarrow 10,l}^C = 0.0$
cont-at-7	$v_{5 \rightarrow 7,l}^C - 1.0v_{7 \rightarrow 10,h}^C - 1.0v_{7 \rightarrow 10,l}^C = 0.0$
bin-link-6	$\lambda_{z3-3} - 1.0v_{9 \rightarrow 10,h}^C - 1.0v_{8 \rightarrow 10,h}^C - 1.0v_{7 \rightarrow 10,h}^C = 0.0$
cont-at-10	$v_{9 \rightarrow 10,h}^C + v_{9 \rightarrow 10,l}^C + v_{8 \rightarrow 10,h}^C + v_{8 \rightarrow 10,l}^C + v_{7 \rightarrow 10,h}^C + v_{7 \rightarrow 10,l}^C - 1.0v_{10 \rightarrow 12,h}^C - 1.0v_{10 \rightarrow 11,l}^C = 0.0$
bin-link-7	$\lambda_{z2-4} - 1.0v_{10 \rightarrow 12,h}^C = 0.0$
cont-at-12	$v_{10 \rightarrow 12,h}^C - 1.0v_{12 \rightarrow T,h}^C - 1.0v_{12 \rightarrow T,l}^C = 0.0$
cont-at-11	$v_{10 \rightarrow 11,l}^C - 1.0v_{11 \rightarrow T,h}^C - 1.0v_{11 \rightarrow T,l}^C = 0.0$
bin-link-8	$\lambda_{z3-4} - 1.0v_{12 \rightarrow T,h}^C - 1.0v_{11 \rightarrow T,h}^C = 0.0$
cont-at-F	$0.0 = 0.0$
cont-at-T	$v_{12 \rightarrow T,h}^C + v_{12 \rightarrow T,l}^C + v_{11 \rightarrow T,h}^C + v_{11 \rightarrow T,l}^C = 1.0$

Constraints from availability BDD

Type	Constraint
cont-at-0	$-1.0v_{0 \rightarrow 1,h}^A - 1.0v_{0 \rightarrow 2,l}^A = -1.0$
bin-link-1	$\lambda_{z1-1} - 1.0v_{0 \rightarrow 1,h}^A = 0.0$
cont-at-1	$v_{0 \rightarrow 1,h}^A - 1.0v_{1 \rightarrow 3,h}^A - 1.0v_{1 \rightarrow 5,l}^A = 0.0$
cont-at-2	$v_{0 \rightarrow 2,l}^A - 1.0v_{2 \rightarrow 5,h}^A - 1.0v_{2 \rightarrow 4,l}^A = 0.0$
bin-link-2	$\lambda_{z1-2} - 1.0v_{1 \rightarrow 3,h}^A - 1.0v_{2 \rightarrow 5,h}^A = 0.0$
cont-at-5	$v_{1 \rightarrow 5,l}^A + v_{2 \rightarrow 5,h}^A - 1.0v_{5 \rightarrow 7,h}^A - 1.0v_{5 \rightarrow 7,l}^A = 0.0$
cont-at-4	$v_{2 \rightarrow 4,l}^A - 1.0v_{4 \rightarrow 7,h}^A - 1.0v_{4 \rightarrow 6,l}^A = 0.0$
cont-at-3	$v_{1 \rightarrow 3,h}^A - 1.0v_{3 \rightarrow 6,h}^A - 1.0v_{3 \rightarrow 7,l}^A = 0.0$
bin-link-3	$\lambda_{z1-3} - 1.0v_{5 \rightarrow 7,h}^A - 1.0v_{4 \rightarrow 7,h}^A - 1.0v_{3 \rightarrow 6,h}^A = 0.0$
cont-at-6	$v_{4 \rightarrow 6,l}^A + v_{3 \rightarrow 6,h}^A - 1.0v_{6 \rightarrow 8,h}^A - 1.0v_{6 \rightarrow 9,l}^A = 0.0$
cont-at-7	$v_{5 \rightarrow 7,h}^A + v_{5 \rightarrow 7,l}^A + v_{4 \rightarrow 7,h}^A + v_{3 \rightarrow 7,l}^A - 1.0v_{7 \rightarrow 10,h}^A - 1.0v_{7 \rightarrow 10,l}^A = 0.0$
bin-link-4	$\lambda_{z2-2} - 1.0v_{6 \rightarrow 8,h}^A - 1.0v_{7 \rightarrow 10,h}^A = 0.0$
cont-at-8	$v_{6 \rightarrow 8,h}^A - 1.0v_{8 \rightarrow 11,h}^A - 1.0v_{8 \rightarrow 13,l}^A = 0.0$
cont-at-10	$v_{7 \rightarrow 10,h}^A + v_{7 \rightarrow 10,l}^A - 1.0v_{10 \rightarrow 13,h}^A - 1.0v_{10 \rightarrow 13,l}^A = 0.0$
cont-at-9	$v_{6 \rightarrow 9,l}^A - 1.0v_{9 \rightarrow 13,h}^A - 1.0v_{9 \rightarrow 12,l}^A = 0.0$
bin-link-5	$\lambda_{z2-3} - 1.0v_{8 \rightarrow 11,h}^A - 1.0v_{10 \rightarrow 13,h}^A - 1.0v_{9 \rightarrow 13,h}^A = 0.0$
cont-at-11	$v_{8 \rightarrow 11,h}^A - 1.0v_{11 \rightarrow 14,h}^A - 1.0v_{11 \rightarrow 15,l}^A = 0.0$
cont-at-13	$v_{8 \rightarrow 13,l}^A + v_{10 \rightarrow 13,h}^A + v_{10 \rightarrow 13,l}^A + v_{9 \rightarrow 13,h}^A - 1.0v_{13 \rightarrow 15,h}^A - 1.0v_{13 \rightarrow 15,l}^A = 0.0$
cont-at-12	$v_{9 \rightarrow 12,l}^A - 1.0v_{12 \rightarrow 15,h}^A - 1.0v_{12 \rightarrow 14,l}^A = 0.0$
bin-link-6	$\lambda_{z2-4} - 1.0v_{11 \rightarrow 14,h}^A - 1.0v_{13 \rightarrow 15,h}^A - 1.0v_{12 \rightarrow 15,h}^A = 0.0$
cont-at-15	$v_{11 \rightarrow 15,l}^A + v_{13 \rightarrow 15,h}^A + v_{13 \rightarrow 15,l}^A + v_{12 \rightarrow 15,h}^A - 1.0v_{15 \rightarrow 18,h}^A - 1.0v_{15 \rightarrow 18,l}^A = 0.0$
cont-at-14	$v_{11 \rightarrow 14,h}^A + v_{12 \rightarrow 14,l}^A - 1.0v_{14 \rightarrow 16,h}^A - 1.0v_{14 \rightarrow 17,l}^A = 0.0$
bin-link-7	$\lambda_{z3-3} - 1.0v_{15 \rightarrow 18,h}^A - 1.0v_{14 \rightarrow 16,h}^A = 0.0$
cont-at-16	$v_{14 \rightarrow 16,h}^A - 1.0v_{16 \rightarrow T,h}^A - 1.0v_{16 \rightarrow F,l}^A = 0.0$
cont-at-17	$v_{14 \rightarrow 17,l}^A - 1.0v_{17 \rightarrow F,h}^A - 1.0v_{17 \rightarrow T,l}^A = 0.0$
cont-at-18	$v_{15 \rightarrow 18,h}^A + v_{15 \rightarrow 18,l}^A - 1.0v_{18 \rightarrow F,h}^A - 1.0v_{18 \rightarrow F,l}^A = 0.0$
bin-link-8	$\lambda_{z3-4} - 1.0v_{16 \rightarrow T,h}^A - 1.0v_{17 \rightarrow F,h}^A - 1.0v_{18 \rightarrow F,h}^A = 0.0$
cont-at-F	$v_{16 \rightarrow F,l}^A + v_{17 \rightarrow F,h}^A + v_{18 \rightarrow F,h}^A + v_{18 \rightarrow F,l}^A = 0.0$
cont-at-T	$v_{16 \rightarrow T,h}^A + v_{17 \rightarrow T,l}^A = 1.0$

2.4 Intersection BDD

This is a little more tricky. First, I make 'availability' and 'covering' diagrams order-associated:

```

1 import varseq as vs
2 from BB_search import BBSearch
3
4 print(f"Size *before* alignment: {A.size()} + {C.size()} = {A.size() + C.size()} nodes.")
5 vs_A = vs.VarSeq(A.vars, [len(L) for L in A.layers[:-1]])
6 vs_C = vs.VarSeq(C.vars, [len(L) for L in C.layers[:-1]])
7 b = BBSearch(vs_A, vs_C)
8
9 status = b.search()
10 assert status == "optimal" or status == "timeout"
11
12 Ap = A.align_to(b.Ap_cand.layer_var, inplace=False)

```

```

13 Cp = C.align_to(b.Ap_cand.layer_var, inplace=False)
14
15 Ap.show(dir="reports/2021-02-23_Status_BM/", filename="A_aligned.dot", x_prefix='')
16 Cp.show(dir="reports/2021-02-23_Status_BM/", filename="C_aligned.dot", x_prefix='')
17 print(f"Size *after* alignment: {Ap.size()} + {Cp.size()} = {Ap.size() + Cp.size()} nodes.")
18 print(f"The order revised from \n A: {A.vars}, and\n C: {C.vars}...")
19 print(f"to: {Ap.vars}")

```

Size **before** alignment: 19 + 13 = 32 nodes.

Size **after** alignment: 22 + 16 = 38 nodes.

The order revised from

A: ['z1-1', 'z1-2', 'z1-3', 'z2-2', 'z2-3', 'z2-4', 'z3-3', 'z3-4'], and

C: ['z1-1', 'z1-2', 'z2-2', 'z1-3', 'z2-3', 'z3-3', 'z2-4', 'z3-4']...

to: ['z1-1', 'z1-2', 'z1-3', 'z2-2', 'z2-3', 'z3-3', 'z2-4', 'z3-4']

(This results in the diagrams depicted in Figures 3a and 3b, respectively.)

So, I can generate an intersection BDD (Figure 4) and the corresponding MIP:

The objective is:

Minimize: $v_{0 \rightarrow 1,h} + 11.0v_{0 \rightarrow 2,l} + 12.0v_{10 \rightarrow 15,l} + 2.0v_{12 \rightarrow 17,h} + 12.0v_{12 \rightarrow 18,l} + 12.0v_{9 \rightarrow 16,l} +$
 $2.2v_{11 \rightarrow 16,h} + 4.2v_{7 \rightarrow 13,h} + 2.2v_{8 \rightarrow 15,h} + 13.0v_{23 \rightarrow 28,l} + 3.1v_{21 \rightarrow 28,h} + 2.3v_{21 \rightarrow 28,l} + 2.3v_{22 \rightarrow 29,h} +$
 $2.3v_{24 \rightarrow 26,h} + 2.3v_{20 \rightarrow 28,h} + 13.0v_{25 \rightarrow 30,l} + 3.1v_{19 \rightarrow 26,h} + 2.3v_{19 \rightarrow 27,l} + 3.0v_{26 \rightarrow 31,h} + 3.0v_{29 \rightarrow 35,l} +$
 $14.0v_{36 \rightarrow T,l} + 2.4v_{34 \rightarrow F,h} + 14.0v_{32 \rightarrow F,l} + 2.4v_{33 \rightarrow F,h} + 2.4v_{31 \rightarrow T,h} + 14.0v_{35 \rightarrow F,l},$

under the constraints, presented in Table 1. Obviously, here I have continuous variables only.

2.5 A quick cross-check

Of course, I'd like to cross-check somehow. E.g., I can just solve each of the three models and make sure the optimal objective coincide. Indeed:

Opt statuses are: 2, 2, 2
('optimal' is encoded by 2)
Optimal objectives are:
Simple MIP: 6.3
CPP MIP: 6.3
NF (linear): 6.3

Here are, e.g., nonzero variables for the CPP MIP (-1 encodes **True** terminal node).

```

link_z1-1: 1.0
A_vh0_1: 1.0
link_z1-2: 1.0
A_vh1_3: 1.0
link_z1-3: 1.0
A_vh3_6: 1.0
A_vl6_9: 1.0
A_vl9_12: 1.0
A_vl12_14: 1.0

```

```

link_z3-3: 1.0
A_vh14_16: 1.0
link_z3-4: 1.0
A_vh16_-1: 1.0
C_vh0_1: 1.0
C_vh1_3: 1.0
C_vl3_4: 1.0
C_vh4_6: 1.0
C_vl6_8: 1.0
C_vh8_10: 1.0
C_vl10_11: 1.0
C_vh11_-1: 1.0

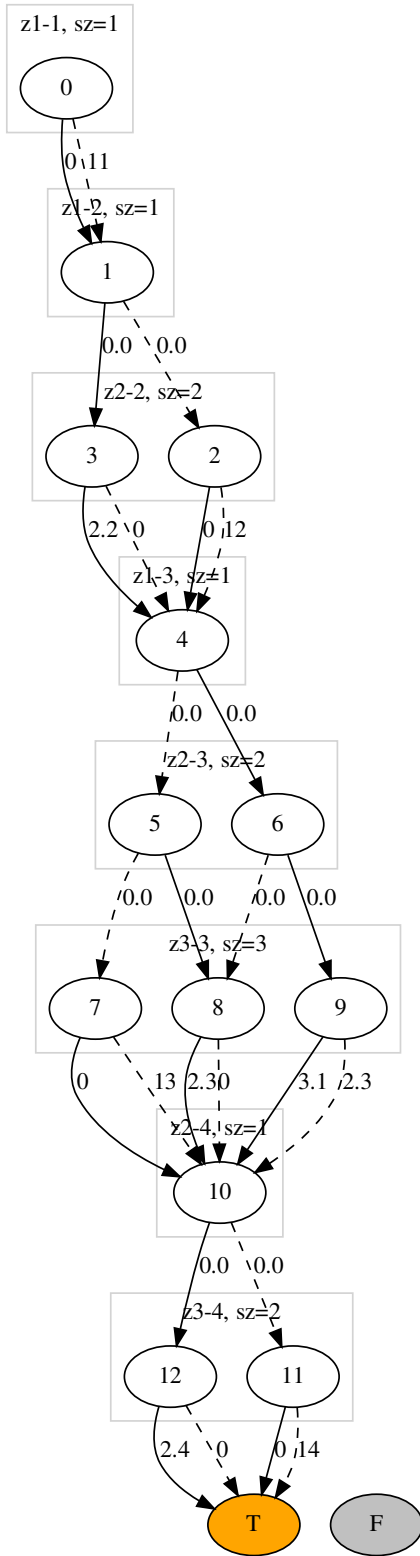
```

This implies locating facilities ① and ③, and must carry the cost $1 + 3$ for location plus the overlap of 2.3 for overlapping at customer 3. Seems to work: $1 + 3 + 2.3 = 6.3$ (I am looking at Figure 1).

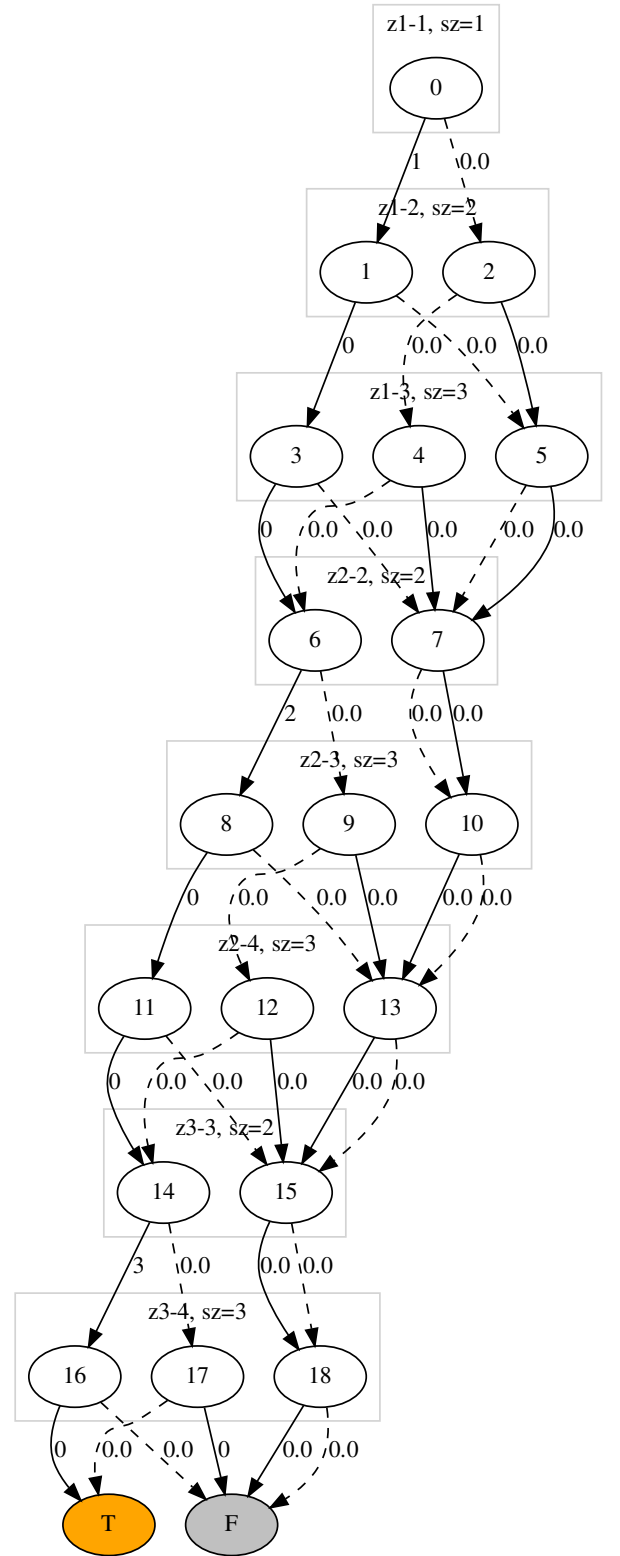
3 The problem: intersection DD seems to blow up.

What I have done is a very simple experiment: I generated 15 random instances for each of several problem sizes – say, with number of facilities being $n = 3, 4, 5, 6$, and number of customers $m = 2n$ (in every case). Then, diagram sizes (A for availability and C for covering), along with the number of variables in the plain MIP grow reasonably fast (Figure 5a). However, intersection BDD just blows up (Figure 5b – note I had to draw it in **logarithmic** scale), and so does the runtime of what I am doing (Figure 6). Practically, for the way I am generating instances, it seems I can’t get to the point where making a BDD would be beneficial as compared to a plain MIP (it has to have a huge number of variables, right?) – solution just seem to take too long even for moderate problem sizes (I mean, n and m)... That is, maybe even our simplified-problem based approach outperforms, say, some baseline ‘sifting’ method, but it seems the very idea of constructing a BDD is quite tough to implement, at least in such straightforward way. What I was thinking:

- maybe there is a (performance) bug somewhere, there is always such a possibility. Also, maybe rewriting the whole story in C++ or Julia would help. It is not difficult conceptually, but will take time – and, most importantly, Figure 5b suggests it won’t help fundamentally. So, to me, this seems *not* the best starting point.
- in particular, maybe something breaks down when I start to work with *weighted* DDs and that many variables. (we were experimenting with up to 25 variables, now I can have, like, hundreds – and think it is a moderate-sized instance...) So, I might want to look into a more careful testing and optimization of operations with weighted DDs. I kind of checked that weighted-swap/sift work (in a sense of the same terminal nodes and paths), but maybe the resulting DDs are still too big?
- we might want to think about the problem structure. What case would make it especially difficult for a plain MIP formulation? (I remember discussing many overlaps + non-convex structure of g).
- Like I mentioned, I’d appreciate any comments, but I will keep thinking what we can do.

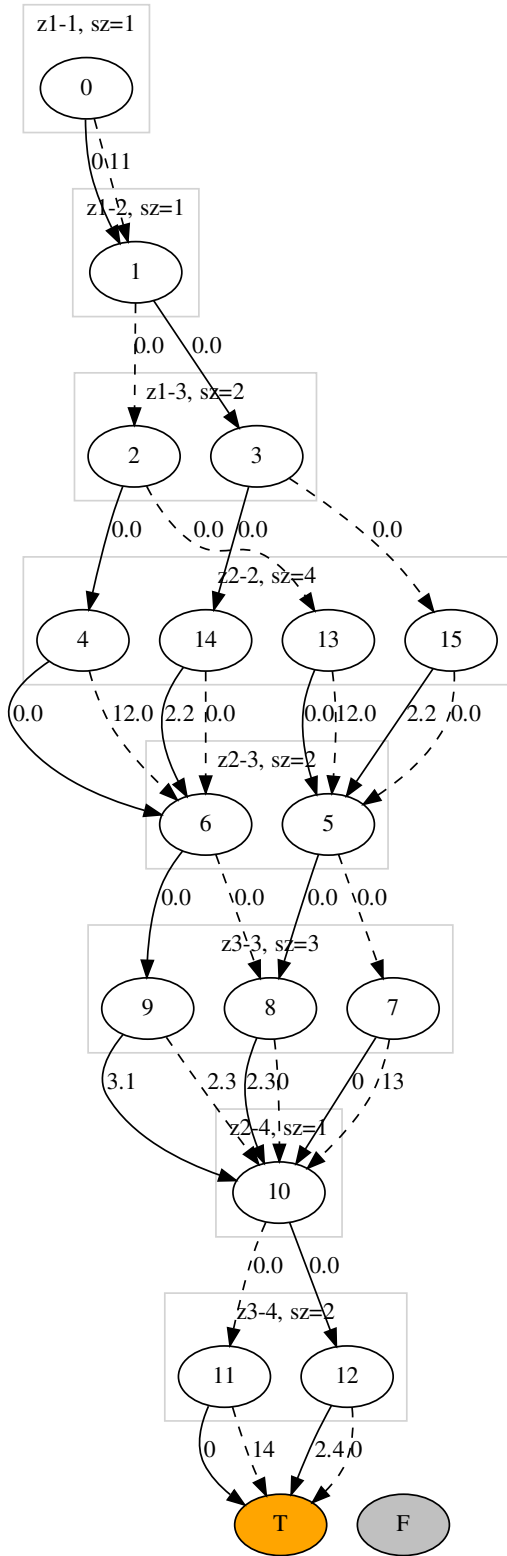


(a) Covering BDD

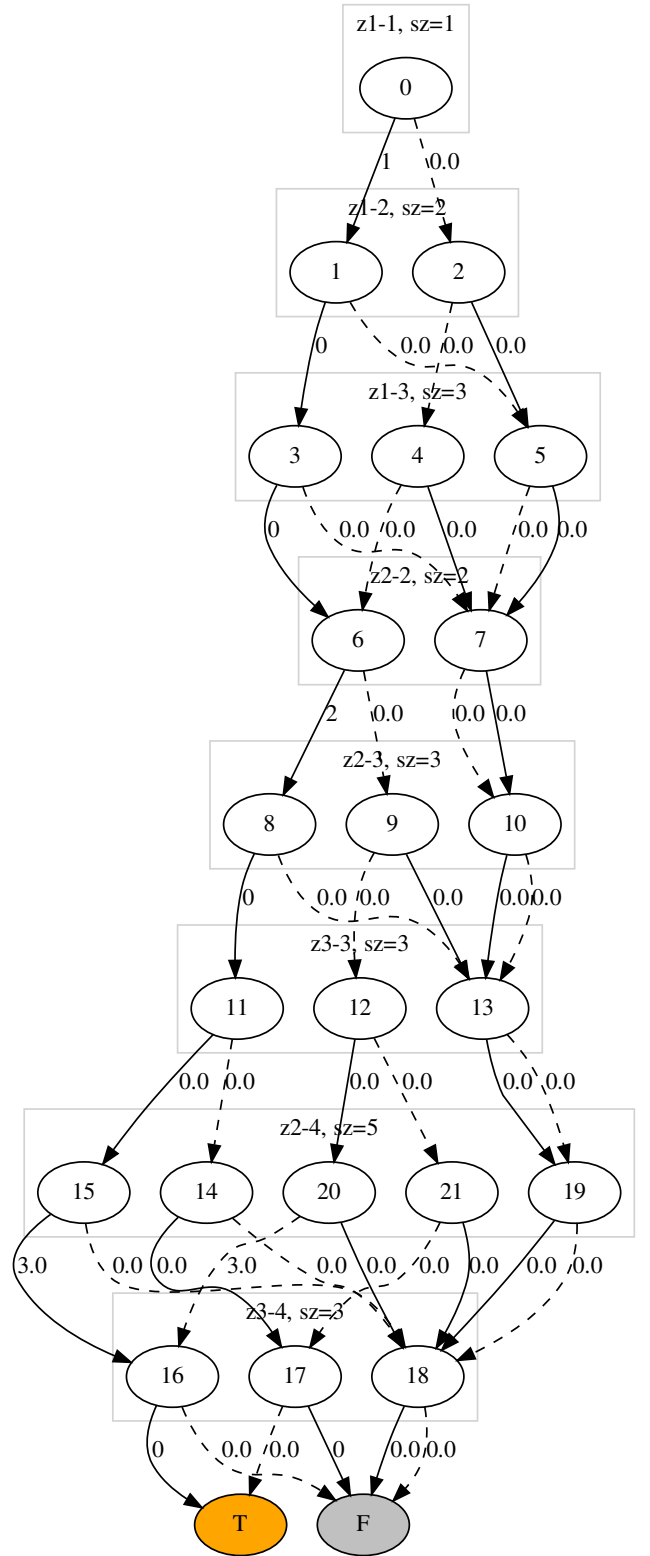


(b) Availability BDD

Figure 2: BDDs generated to encode the instance from Figure 1.



(a) Covering BDD



(b) Availability BDD

Figure 3: BDDs generated to encode the instance from Figure 1: after alignment.

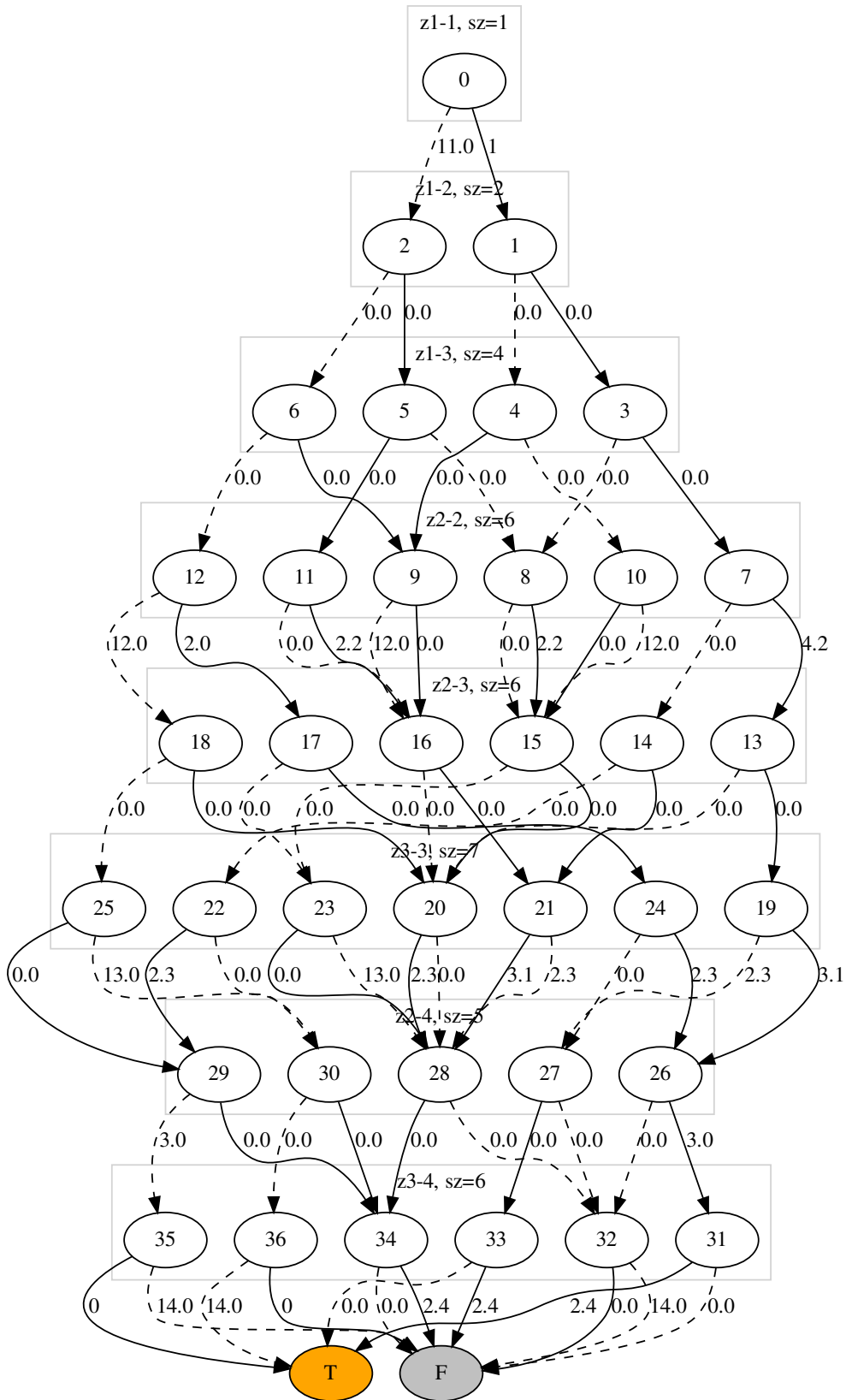
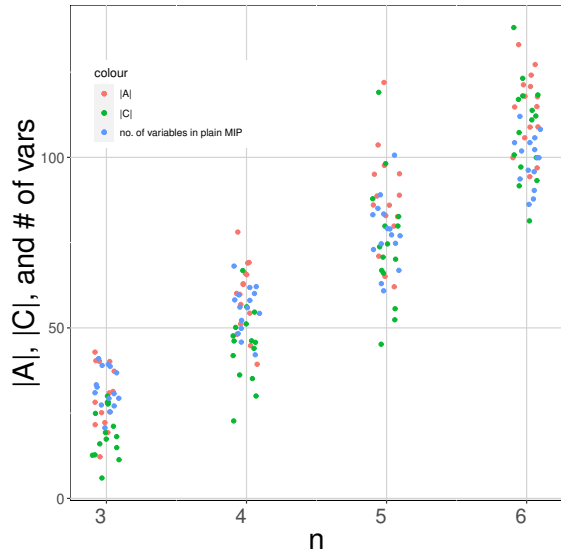


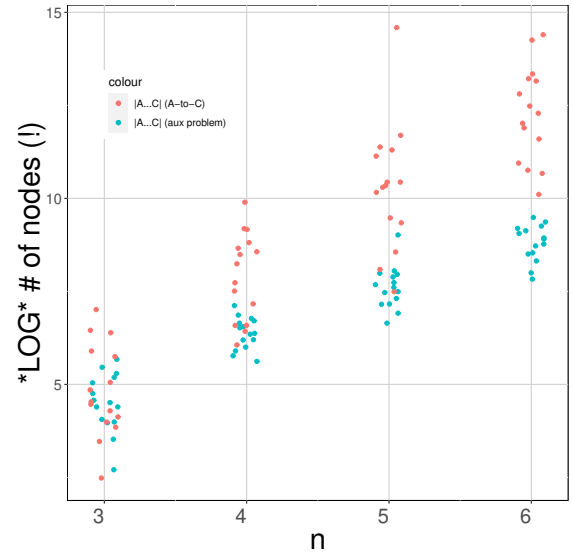
Figure 4: An intersection diagram for 'availability' and 'covering' DDs.

Table 1: Network flow constraints (for the intersection BDD).

Type	Constraint
cont-at-0	$-1.0v_{0 \rightarrow 1,h} - 1.0v_{0 \rightarrow 2,l} = -1.0$
cont-at-2	$v_{0 \rightarrow 2,l} - 1.0v_{2 \rightarrow 5,h} - 1.0v_{2 \rightarrow 6,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-1	$v_{0 \rightarrow 1,h} - 1.0v_{1 \rightarrow 3,h} - 1.0v_{1 \rightarrow 4,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-4	$v_{1 \rightarrow 4,l} - 1.0v_{4 \rightarrow 9,h} - 1.0v_{4 \rightarrow 10,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-5	$v_{2 \rightarrow 5,h} - 1.0v_{5 \rightarrow 11,h} - 1.0v_{5 \rightarrow 8,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-3	$v_{1 \rightarrow 3,h} - 1.0v_{3 \rightarrow 7,h} - 1.0v_{3 \rightarrow 8,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-6	$v_{2 \rightarrow 6,l} - 1.0v_{6 \rightarrow 9,h} - 1.0v_{6 \rightarrow 12,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-10	$v_{4 \rightarrow 10,l} - 1.0v_{10 \rightarrow 15,h} - 1.0v_{10 \rightarrow 15,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-12	$v_{6 \rightarrow 12,l} - 1.0v_{12 \rightarrow 17,h} - 1.0v_{12 \rightarrow 18,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-9	$v_{4 \rightarrow 9,h} + v_{6 \rightarrow 9,h} - 1.0v_{9 \rightarrow 16,h} - 1.0v_{9 \rightarrow 16,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-11	$v_{5 \rightarrow 11,h} - 1.0v_{11 \rightarrow 16,h} - 1.0v_{11 \rightarrow 16,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-7	$v_{3 \rightarrow 7,h} - 1.0v_{7 \rightarrow 13,h} - 1.0v_{7 \rightarrow 14,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-8	$v_{5 \rightarrow 8,l} + v_{3 \rightarrow 8,l} - 1.0v_{8 \rightarrow 15,h} - 1.0v_{8 \rightarrow 15,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-18	$v_{12 \rightarrow 18,l} - 1.0v_{18 \rightarrow 20,h} - 1.0v_{18 \rightarrow 25,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-13	$v_{7 \rightarrow 13,h} - 1.0v_{13 \rightarrow 19,h} - 1.0v_{13 \rightarrow 20,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-17	$v_{12 \rightarrow 17,h} - 1.0v_{17 \rightarrow 24,h} - 1.0v_{17 \rightarrow 23,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-16	$v_{9 \rightarrow 16,h} + v_{9 \rightarrow 16,l} + v_{11 \rightarrow 16,h} + v_{11 \rightarrow 16,l} - 1.0v_{16 \rightarrow 21,h} - 1.0v_{16 \rightarrow 20,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-14	$v_{7 \rightarrow 14,l} - 1.0v_{14 \rightarrow 21,h} - 1.0v_{14 \rightarrow 22,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-15	$v_{10 \rightarrow 15,h} + v_{10 \rightarrow 15,l} + v_{8 \rightarrow 15,h} + v_{8 \rightarrow 15,l} - 1.0v_{15 \rightarrow 20,h} - 1.0v_{15 \rightarrow 23,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-23	$v_{17 \rightarrow 23,l} + v_{15 \rightarrow 23,l} - 1.0v_{23 \rightarrow 28,h} - 1.0v_{23 \rightarrow 28,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-21	$v_{16 \rightarrow 21,h} + v_{14 \rightarrow 21,h} - 1.0v_{21 \rightarrow 28,h} - 1.0v_{21 \rightarrow 28,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-22	$v_{14 \rightarrow 22,l} - 1.0v_{22 \rightarrow 29,h} - 1.0v_{22 \rightarrow 30,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-24	$v_{17 \rightarrow 24,h} - 1.0v_{24 \rightarrow 26,h} - 1.0v_{24 \rightarrow 27,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-20	$v_{18 \rightarrow 20,h} + v_{13 \rightarrow 20,l} + v_{16 \rightarrow 20,l} + v_{15 \rightarrow 20,h} - 1.0v_{20 \rightarrow 28,h} - 1.0v_{20 \rightarrow 28,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-25	$v_{18 \rightarrow 25,l} - 1.0v_{25 \rightarrow 29,h} - 1.0v_{25 \rightarrow 30,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-19	$v_{13 \rightarrow 19,h} - 1.0v_{19 \rightarrow 26,h} - 1.0v_{19 \rightarrow 27,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-30	$v_{22 \rightarrow 30,l} + v_{25 \rightarrow 30,l} - 1.0v_{30 \rightarrow 34,h} - 1.0v_{30 \rightarrow 36,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-26	$v_{24 \rightarrow 26,h} + v_{19 \rightarrow 26,h} - 1.0v_{26 \rightarrow 31,h} - 1.0v_{26 \rightarrow 32,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-27	$v_{24 \rightarrow 27,l} + v_{19 \rightarrow 27,l} - 1.0v_{27 \rightarrow 33,h} - 1.0v_{27 \rightarrow 32,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-28	$v_{23 \rightarrow 28,h} + v_{23 \rightarrow 28,l} + v_{21 \rightarrow 28,h} + v_{21 \rightarrow 28,l} + v_{20 \rightarrow 28,h} + v_{20 \rightarrow 28,l} - 1.0v_{28 \rightarrow 34,h} - 1.0v_{28 \rightarrow 32,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-29	$v_{22 \rightarrow 29,h} + v_{25 \rightarrow 29,h} - 1.0v_{29 \rightarrow 34,h} - 1.0v_{29 \rightarrow 35,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-36	$v_{30 \rightarrow 36,l} - 1.0v_{36 \rightarrow F,h} - 1.0v_{36 \rightarrow T,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-34	$v_{30 \rightarrow 34,h} + v_{28 \rightarrow 34,h} + v_{29 \rightarrow 34,h} - 1.0v_{34 \rightarrow F,h} - 1.0v_{34 \rightarrow F,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-32	$v_{26 \rightarrow 32,l} + v_{27 \rightarrow 32,l} + v_{28 \rightarrow 32,l} - 1.0v_{32 \rightarrow F,h} - 1.0v_{32 \rightarrow F,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-33	$v_{27 \rightarrow 33,h} - 1.0v_{33 \rightarrow F,h} - 1.0v_{33 \rightarrow T,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-31	$v_{26 \rightarrow 31,h} - 1.0v_{31 \rightarrow T,h} - 1.0v_{31 \rightarrow F,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-35	$v_{29 \rightarrow 35,l} - 1.0v_{35 \rightarrow T,h} - 1.0v_{35 \rightarrow F,l} = 0.0$
cont-at-T	$v_{36 \rightarrow T,l} + v_{33 \rightarrow T,l} + v_{31 \rightarrow T,h} + v_{35 \rightarrow T,h} = 1.0$
cont-at-F	$v_{36 \rightarrow F,h} + v_{34 \rightarrow F,h} + v_{34 \rightarrow F,l} + v_{32 \rightarrow F,h} + v_{32 \rightarrow F,l} + v_{33 \rightarrow F,h} + v_{31 \rightarrow F,l} + v_{35 \rightarrow F,l} = 0.0$



(a) Diagram growth as number of facilities increases.



(b) Intersection diagram growth as number of facilities increases.

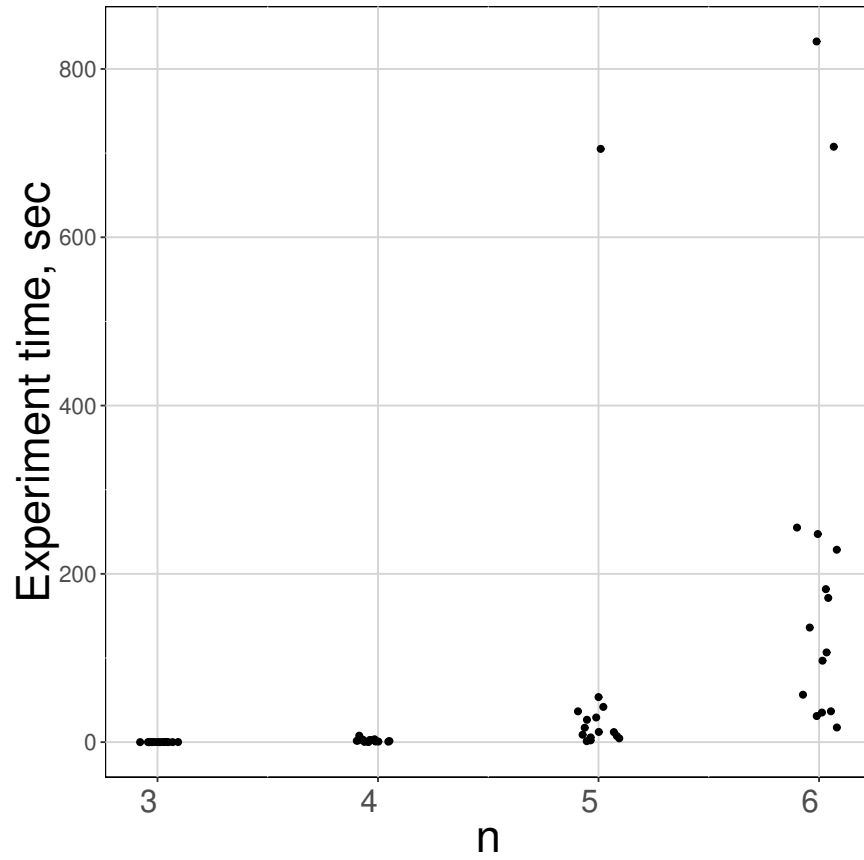


Figure 6: Experiment runtimes, seconds