

Tema 9

1)

$$h(x) = e^{-q(x)}$$

$$a) x(t) = \cos(2\pi t)$$

$$\omega_0 = 2\pi$$

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (e^{j2\pi t} + e^{-j2\pi t})$$

$$= \sum_{k=-1}^1 a_k e^{-j2\pi k t}$$

$$x(t) = a_{-1} e^{j2\pi t} + a_0 e^0 + a_1 e^{-j2\pi t}$$

$$\Rightarrow a_0 = 0$$

$$a_1 = a_{-1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$h_x = a_x \cdot H(2\pi x)$$

$$H(2\pi t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} h(\sigma) e^{-j2\pi t \sigma} d\sigma =$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-q(\sigma)} \cdot e^{-j2\pi t \sigma} d\sigma$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^0 e^{-q(\sigma) - j2\pi t \sigma} d\sigma + \int_0^{\infty} e^{-q(\sigma) - j2\pi t \sigma} d\sigma$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^0 e^{-\sigma - j2\pi t \sigma} d\sigma + \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\sigma - j2\pi t \sigma} d\sigma$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 - j2\pi t} \cdot e^{-\sigma - j2\pi t \sigma} \Big|_{-\infty}^0 + \frac{1}{1 + j2\pi t} \cdot e^{-\sigma - j2\pi t \sigma} \Big|_0^{\infty}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4 - j8\pi\omega} + \frac{1}{4 + j8\pi\omega}$$

$$= \frac{8}{16 + 64\pi^2\omega^2} = \frac{2}{4 + 16\pi^2\omega^2}$$

$$b_k = \frac{1}{2} H(jk\omega)$$

$$b_0 = 0$$

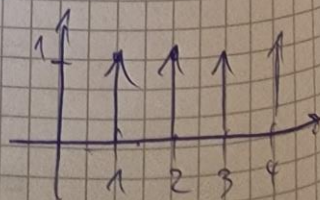
$$b_{-1} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{4 + j8\pi\omega} = \frac{1}{4 + j8\pi\omega}$$

$$b_1 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{4 - j8\pi\omega} = \frac{1}{4 - j8\pi\omega}$$

$$y(t) = \sum_{k=-1}^1 b_k \cdot e^{jk\omega t} = \frac{1}{4 + j8\pi\omega} \cdot e^{-j8\pi\omega t} + \frac{1}{4 - j8\pi\omega} \cdot e^{j8\pi\omega t}$$

$$b) \quad x(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - n)$$

$$T_0 = 1 \quad \omega_0 = 2\pi$$



$$c_k = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_{T_0} x(t) \cdot e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt$$

$$= \int_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}} \delta(t) \cdot e^{-jk2\pi t} dt = e^{-jk2\pi t} \Big|_{t=0} = 1$$

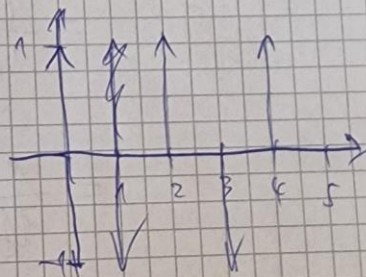
$$x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} c_k \cdot e^{jk2\pi t} = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} e^{jk2\pi t}$$

$$b_k = 14(k2\pi) = \frac{2}{(1+k^2)^2}$$

$$y(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{2}{(1+k^2)^2} \cdot e^{jk2\pi t}$$

$$d) x(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (-1)^n \delta(t-n)$$

$$T_0 = 2 \quad \omega_0 = \pi$$



$$c_k = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_{T_0} x(t) \cdot e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{T_0} \left(\int_{-\frac{T_0}{2}}^{\frac{T_0}{2}} x(t) \delta(t) \cdot e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt + \int_{\frac{T_0}{2}}^{\frac{3T_0}{2}} -\delta(t) \cdot e^{-jk\omega_0 t} dt \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{T_0} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2} (1 - (-1)^k) \right)$$

$$x(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} c_k \cdot e^{jk\omega_0 t} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} (1 - (-1)^k) e^{jk\omega_0 t}$$

$$b_k = \omega_0 \cdot H(k\omega_0) = \frac{1 - (-1)^k}{T_0} \quad H(k\omega_0) = \frac{1 - (-1)^k}{T_0}$$

$$= \frac{1 - (-1)^k}{2\pi k \omega_0} = \begin{cases} 0, & k \text{ gerade} \\ \frac{1}{\pi k}, & k \text{ ungerade} \end{cases}$$

$$y(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} b_k \cdot e^{j k \omega_0 t}$$

d) $T_0 = 1$ $\omega_0 = 2\pi$ $x(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (u(t + \frac{1}{4} - n) - u(t - \frac{1}{4} - n))$

$$b_k = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_{T_0} x(t) \cdot e^{-j k \omega_0 t} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{T_0} \left(\int_{-\frac{T_0}{2}}^{\frac{T_0}{2}} (u(t + \frac{1}{4}) - u(t - \frac{1}{4})) \cdot e^{-j k \omega_0 t} dt \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{T_0} \int_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}} (u(t + \frac{1}{4}) - u(t - \frac{1}{4})) \cdot e^{-j k \omega_0 t} dt$$

$$= (u(\frac{3}{4}) - u(\frac{1}{4})) \cdot \frac{1}{j k \omega_0} \cdot e^{-j k \omega_0 t}$$

$$= (u(\frac{3}{4}) - u(\frac{1}{4})) \cdot \frac{1}{j k \omega_0} \cdot e^{-j k \omega_0 t}$$

$$- (u(-\frac{1}{4}) - u(-\frac{3}{4})) \cdot \frac{1}{j k \omega_0} \cdot e^{-j k \omega_0 t}$$


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clc
clear all
close all

% d
N = 2;
u = @(t)(t>=0);
n = -N:1:N;
t = -3:0.01:3;

T = 1;
f = 1/T;
dc = 0.5;

x = @(t)((mod(t+T/4,T) < dc * T)); % daca (t+T/4)%T < dc * T => x = 1 altfel x = 0

plot(t,x(t),'LineWidth',2), axis([-3 3 0 1.2]), grid, legend('Semnal PWM');

%% 2
% a
clc
clear all
close all

% modificare exemplul 2
% generare semnal
T0 = 1; w0 = 2*pi/T0;

figure
N = 8;

Ts = 0.0005; t = -1:Ts:2;
x = t - 0.1 - round(t);
ak1 = estimeareAk(x, t, T0, Ts, N)
subplot(311),plot(t,x,'LineWidth',2), grid, axis([-1 2 -0.6 0.4]);

Ts = 0.01; t = -1:Ts:2;
x = t - 0.1 - round(t);
ak2 = estimeareAk(x, t, T0, Ts, N)
subplot(312),plot(t,x,'LineWidth',2), grid, axis([-1 2 -0.6 0.4]);

Ts = 0.001; t = -1:Ts:2;
x = t - 0.1 - round(t);
ak3 = estimeareAk(x, t, T0, Ts, N)
subplot(313),plot(t,x,'LineWidth',2), grid, axis([-1 2 -0.6 0.4]);

%%
clc
clear all
close all

% modificare exemplul 3
% Ts = 0.0005;
T0 = 1; w0 = 2*pi/T0;
N = 8;
Ts = 0.0005; t = -1:Ts:2;
x = t - 0.1 - round(t);
ak = estimeareAk(x, t, T0, Ts, N);

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a0 = ak(N+1);
ksi0 = 0;
Ak = abs(ak(N+2:end));
ksi = angle(ak(N+2:end));

% sinteza semnal
x_est = a0 * ones(size(t));
for k = 1:N

    x_est = x_est + 2*Ak(k)*cos(w0 * k * t + ksi(k));

end
figure, plot(t, x, 'b', t, x_est, 'r'), xlabel('t'), legend('x(t)', 'x_{est}(t)'),
title('Ts = 0.0005');

% afisare spectru
n0 = 0:N;
figure, subplot(311), stem(n0, [a0, Ak], '.'), legend('Amplitude spectrum');
subplot(312), stem(n0, [ksi0, ksi], '.g'), legend('Phase spectrum');
subplot(313), stem(n0, [a0^2, (Ak.^2)/2], '.r'), xlabel('n'), legend('Power
spectrum');

% Ts = 0.01;
T0 = 1; w0 = 2*pi/T0;
N = 8;
Ts = 0.01; t = -1:Ts:2;
x = t - 0.1 - round(t);
ak = estimareAk(x, t, T0, Ts, N);

a0 = ak(N+1);
ksi0 = 0;
Ak = abs(ak(N+2:end));
ksi = angle(ak(N+2:end));

% sinteza semnal
x_est = a0 * ones(size(t));
for k = 1:N

    x_est = x_est + 2*Ak(k)*cos(w0 * k * t + ksi(k));

end
figure, plot(t, x, 'b', t, x_est, 'r'), xlabel('t'), legend('x(t)', 'x_{est}(t)'),
title('Ts = 0.01');

% afisare spectru
n0 = 0:N;
figure, subplot(311), stem(n0, [a0, Ak], '.'), legend('Amplitude spectrum');
subplot(312), stem(n0, [ksi0, ksi], '.g'), legend('Phase spectrum');
subplot(313), stem(n0, [a0^2, (Ak.^2)/2], '.r'), xlabel('n'), legend('Power
spectrum');

% Ts = 0.001;
T0 = 1; w0 = 2*pi/T0;
N = 8;
Ts = 0.001; t = -1:Ts:2;
x = t - 0.1 - round(t);
ak = estimareAk(x, t, T0, Ts, N);

a0 = ak(N+1);

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ksi0 = 0;
Ak = abs(ak(N+2:end));
ksi = angle(ak(N+2:end));

% sinteza semnal
x_est = a0 * ones(size(t));
for k = 1:N

    x_est = x_est + 2*Ak(k)*cos(w0 * k * t + ksi(k));

end
figure, plot(t, x, 'b', t, x_est, 'r'), xlabel('t'), legend('x(t)', 'x_{est}(t)'),
title('Ts = 0.001');

% afisare spectru
n0 = 0:N;
figure, subplot(311), stem(n0, [a0, Ak], '.'), legend('Amplitude spectrum');
subplot(312), stem(n0, [ksi0, ksi], '.g'), legend('Phase spectrum');
subplot(313), stem(n0, [a0^2, (Ak.^2)/2], '.r'), xlabel('n'), legend('Power
spectrum');

%%
% b
clc
clear all
close all

% modificare exemplul 2
% generare semnal
T0 = 1; w0 = 2*pi/T0;

figure
N = 16;

Ts = 0.0005; t = -1:Ts:2;
x = t - 0.1 - round(t);
ak1 = estimareAk(x, t, T0, Ts, N)
subplot(311), plot(t, x, 'LineWidth', 2), grid, axis([-1 2 -0.6 0.4]);

Ts = 0.01; t = -1:Ts:2;
x = t - 0.1 - round(t);
ak2 = estimareAk(x, t, T0, Ts, N)
subplot(312), plot(t, x, 'LineWidth', 2), grid, axis([-1 2 -0.6 0.4]);

Ts = 0.001; t = -1:Ts:2;
x = t - 0.1 - round(t);
ak3 = estimareAk(x, t, T0, Ts, N)
subplot(313), plot(t, x, 'LineWidth', 2), grid, axis([-1 2 -0.6 0.4]);

%%
clc
clear all
close all

% modificare exemplul 3
% Ts = 0.0005;
T0 = 1; w0 = 2*pi/T0;
N = 16;
Ts = 0.0005; t1 = -1:Ts:2;

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x = t1 - 0.1 - round(t1);
ak = estimareAk(x, t1, T0, Ts, N);

a0 = ak(N+1);
ksi0 = 0;
Ak = abs(ak(N+2:end));
ksi = angle(ak(N+2:end));

% sinteza semnal
x_est1 = a0 * ones(size(t1));
for k = 1:N

    x_est1 = x_est1 + 2*Ak(k)*cos(w0 * k * t1 + ksi(k));

end
figure, plot(t1, x, 'b', t1, x_est1, 'r'), xlabel('t'), legend('x(t)',
'x_{est}(t)'), title('Ts = 0.0005');

% afisare spectru
n0 = 0:N;
figure, subplot(311), stem(n0, [a0, Ak], '.'), legend('Amplitude spectrum');
subplot(312), stem(n0, [ksi0, ksi], '.g'), legend('Phase spectrum');
subplot(313), stem(n0, [a0^2, (Ak.^2)/2], '.r'), xlabel('n'), legend('Power
spectrum');

% Ts = 0.01;
T0 = 1; w0 = 2*pi/T0;
N = 16;
Ts = 0.01; t2 = -1:Ts:2;
x = t2 - 0.1 - round(t2);
ak = estimareAk(x, t2, T0, Ts, N);

a0 = ak(N+1);
ksi0 = 0;
Ak = abs(ak(N+2:end));
ksi = angle(ak(N+2:end));

% sinteza semnal
x_est2 = a0 * ones(size(t2));
for k = 1:N

    x_est2 = x_est2 + 2*Ak(k)*cos(w0 * k * t2 + ksi(k));

end
figure, plot(t2, x, 'b', t2, x_est2, 'r'), xlabel('t'), legend('x(t)',
'x_{est}(t)'), title('Ts = 0.01');

% afisare spectru
n0 = 0:N;
figure, subplot(311), stem(n0, [a0, Ak], '.'), legend('Amplitude spectrum');
subplot(312), stem(n0, [ksi0, ksi], '.g'), legend('Phase spectrum');
subplot(313), stem(n0, [a0^2, (Ak.^2)/2], '.r'), xlabel('n'), legend('Power
spectrum');

% Ts = 0.001;
T0 = 1; w0 = 2*pi/T0;
N = 16;
Ts = 0.001; t3 = -1:Ts:2;
x = t3 - 0.1 - round(t3);

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ak = estimareAk(x, t3, T0, Ts, N);

a0 = ak(N+1);
ksi0 = 0;
Ak = abs(ak(N+2:end));
ksi = angle(ak(N+2:end));

% sinteza semnal
x_est3 = a0 * ones(size(t3));
for k = 1:N

    x_est3 = x_est3 + 2*Ak(k)*cos(w0 * k * t3 + ksi(k));

end
figure, plot(t3, x, 'b', t3, x_est3, 'r'), xlabel('t'), legend('x(t)',
'x_{est}(t)'), title('Ts = 0.001');

% afisare spectru
n0 = 0:N;
figure, subplot(311), stem(n0, [a0, Ak], '.'), legend('Amplitude spectrum');
subplot(312), stem(n0, [ksi0, ksi], '.g'), legend('Phase spectrum');
subplot(313), stem(n0, [a0^2, (Ak.^2)/2], '.r'), xlabel('n'), legend('Power
spectrum');

%% afisare x_est
figure, subplot(211), plot(t1, x_est1,'LineWidth',3); hold on;
plot(t2, x_est2,'LineWidth',2); hold on;
plot(t3, x_est3);
legend('x_est1','x_est2','x_est3');

x_est = x_est1(1:length(x_est2)) + x_est2;
subplot(212), plot(t2,x_est);

%%

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