

## Derivatives

$$1.) \frac{d}{dx} [4x^5 - 5\sqrt{x} + \cos^4 x] = 20x^4 + \frac{5}{2\sqrt{x}} - 4\cos^3 x \sin x$$

$$2.) \frac{d}{dx} [e^x \sin(6x)] = e^x \sin(6x) + 6e^x \cos(6x)$$

$$3.) \frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{1}{x^4 + 3x} \right] = \frac{0(x^4 + 3x) - 1(4x^3 + 3)}{(x^4 + 3x)^2} = -\frac{4x^3 + 3}{(x^4 + 3x)^2}$$

$$4.) \frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{x}{1 + x^2} \right] = \frac{1(1 + x^2) - x(2x)}{(1 + x^2)^2} = \frac{1 + x^2 - 2x^2}{(1 + x^2)^2} = \frac{1 - x^2}{(1 + x^2)^2}$$

$$5.) \frac{d}{dx} \left[ \ln(xe^{7x}) + \frac{1}{x^3} \right] = \frac{d}{dx} [\ln x + 7x] - \frac{3}{x^4} = \frac{1}{x} + 7 - \frac{3}{x^4} = \frac{7x^4 + x^3 - 3}{x^4}$$

$$6.) \frac{d}{dx} \left[ \sqrt{e^{2x} + e} - \frac{4}{\sqrt{x}} \right] = \frac{2e^{2x}}{2\sqrt{e^{2x} + e}} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{x^3}}$$

$$7.) \frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{5x^2 - 7x}{x^2 + 2} \right] = \frac{(x^2 + 2)(10x - 7) - (5x^2 - 7x)(2x)}{(x^2 + 2)^2}$$

$$8.) \frac{d}{dx} [\sec^2 x \tan x] = 2\sec^2 x \tan^2 x + \sec^4 x$$

$$9.) \frac{d}{dx} [(\tan^{-1} x)^{10}] = \frac{10(\tan^{-1} x)^9}{x^2 + 1}$$

$$10.) \frac{d}{dx} \left[ \sqrt[3]{x^2} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^3}} \right] = \frac{2}{3\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{3}{2\sqrt{x^5}}$$

## First Order Partial Derivatives

$$11.) \begin{aligned} f_x &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [x \sin(xy)] = \sin(xy) + xy \cos(xy) \\ f_y &= \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [x \sin(xy)] = x^2 \cos(xy) \end{aligned}$$

$$12.) \begin{aligned} f_x &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [xy^2 e^{-xz}] = y^2 e^{-xz} - xy^2 z e^{-xz} \\ f_y &= \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [xy^2 e^{-xz}] = 2xy e^{-xz} \\ f_z &= \frac{\partial}{\partial z} [xy^2 e^{-xz}] = -x^2 y^2 e^{-xz} \end{aligned}$$

$$13.) \begin{aligned} f_x &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [(x^2 - y^2 + 5)^3] = 2x[3(x^2 - y^2 + 5)^2] = 6x(x^2 - y^2 + 5)^2 \\ f_y &= \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [(x^2 - y^2 + 5)^3] = -2y[3(x^2 - y^2 + 5)^2] = -6y(x^2 - y^2 + 5)^2 \end{aligned}$$

## Second Order Partial Derivatives

$$14.) \quad f_{xx} = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} [x^4y - 2x^3y^2] = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [4x^3y - 6x^2y^2] = 9x^2y - 12xy^2$$

$$f_{xy} = f_{yx} = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x \partial y} [x^4y - 2x^3y^2] = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [4x^3y - 6x^2y^2] = 4x^3 - 12x^2y$$

$$f_{yy} = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} [x^4y - 2x^3y^2] = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [x^4 - 4x^3y] = -4x^3$$

$$14.) \quad f_{xx} = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} [\ln(3x + 2y)] = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[ \frac{3}{3x + 2y} \right] = -\frac{9}{(3x + 2y)^2}$$

$$f_{xy} = f_{yx} = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x \partial y} [\ln(3x + 2y)] = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left[ \frac{3}{3x + 2y} \right] = -\frac{6}{(3x + 2y)^2}$$

$$f_{yy} = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} [\ln(3x + 2y)] = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left[ \frac{2}{3x + 2y} \right] = -\frac{4}{(3x + 2y)^2}$$

$$14.) \quad f_{xx} = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} [x^3\sqrt{y} + \sin(y^2) + x \cos y] = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [3x^2\sqrt{y} + \cos y] = 6x\sqrt{y}$$

$$f_{xy} = f_{yx} = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x \partial y} [x^3\sqrt{y} + \sin(y^2) + x \cos y] = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [3x^2\sqrt{y} + \cos y] = -\frac{3x^2}{\sqrt{y}} - \sin y$$

$$f_{yy} = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} [x^3\sqrt{y} + \sin(y^2) + x \cos y] = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left[ \frac{x^3}{2\sqrt{y}} + 2y \cos(y^2) - x \sin y \right]$$

$$= -\frac{x^3}{4\sqrt{y^3}} - 4y^2 \sin(y^2) + 2 \cos(y^2) - x \cos y$$

## Integrals

$$17.) \quad \int x^2 + 2x - 4 + \frac{1}{x^2} + \sin x \, dx = \frac{x^3}{3} + x^2 - 4x - \frac{1}{x} - \cos x + C$$

$$18.) \quad \int_0^4 (4-t)\sqrt{t} \, dt = \int_0^4 4\sqrt{t} - t\sqrt{t} \, dt = \left[ \frac{8\sqrt{t^3}}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{t^5}}{5} \right]_0^4 = \frac{8\sqrt{4^3}}{3} - \frac{2\sqrt{4^5}}{5} = \frac{8(2^3)}{3} - \frac{2(2^5)}{5}$$

$$= \frac{64}{3} - \frac{64}{5} = \frac{128}{15}$$

$$19.) \quad \int_0^1 \cos(\pi t/2) \, dt = \left[ \frac{2 \sin(\pi t/2)}{\pi} \right]_0^1 = \frac{2(1)}{\pi} - \frac{2(0)}{\pi} = \frac{2}{\pi}$$

$$20.) \quad \int (1-2x)^9 \, dx = -\frac{1}{2} \int u^9 \, du = -\frac{u^{10}}{20} + C = -\frac{(1-2x)^{10}}{20} + C$$

$$21.) \quad \int x\sqrt{1-x^2} \, dx = -\frac{1}{2} \int \sqrt{u} \, du = -\frac{\sqrt{u^3}}{3} + C = -\frac{\sqrt{(1-x^2)^3}}{3} + C$$

$$22.) \quad \int \sin x \cos^2 x \, dx = -\int u^2 \, du = -\frac{u^3}{3} + C = -\frac{\cos^3 x}{3} + C$$

$$23.) \int e^{2x} x \, dx = \frac{x e^{2x}}{2} - \frac{e^{2x}}{4} + C$$

$$24.) \int e^{2x} x^2 \, dx = \frac{x^2 e^{2x}}{2} - \frac{x e^{2x}}{2} + \frac{e^{2x}}{4} + C$$

$$25.) \int \frac{1}{4x+3} \, dx = \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{u} \, du = \frac{\ln|u|}{4} + C = \frac{\ln|4x+3|}{4} + C$$

$$26.) \int \frac{1}{(2x+5)^3} \, dx = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{u^3} \, du = -\frac{1}{4u^2} + C = -\frac{1}{4(2x+5)^2} + C$$