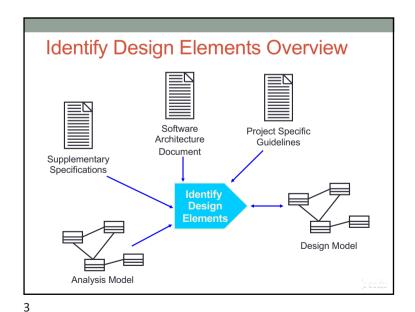


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Objectives: Identify Design Elements

- Define the purpose of Identify Design Elements and demonstrate where in the lifecycle it is performed
- Analyze interactions of analysis classes and identify Design Model elements

4

Page 1

Identifying Design Classes

- An analysis class maps directly to a design class if:
- It is a simple class
- It represents a single logical abstraction
- More complex analysis classes may
- · Split into multiple classes
- · Become a package
- Become a subsystem (discussed later)
- Any combination ...



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Group Design Classes in Packages

- You can base your packaging criteria on a number of different factors, including:
- Configuration units
- Allocation of resources among development teams
- Reflect the user types
- Represent the existing products and services the system uses



Review: Class and Package

- What is a class?
- A description of a set of objects that share the same responsibilities, relationships, operations, attributes, and semantics
- · What is a package?
- A general purpose mechanism for organizing elements into groups
- A model element which can contain other model elements

Package Name

HH-0

Packaging Tips: Boundary Classes

If it is **likely** the system interface will undergo considerable changes

Boundary classes placed in separate packages

If it is **unlikely** the system interface will undergo considerable changes

Boundary classes packaged with functionally related classes

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7

Packaging Tips:

Functionally Related Classes

- Criteria for determining if classes are functionally related:
- Changes in one class' behavior and/or structure necessitate changes in another class
- · Removal of one class impacts the other class
- Two objects interact with a large number of messages or have a complex intercommunication
- A boundary class can be functionally related to a particular entity class if the function of the boundary class is to present the entity class
- Two classes interact with, or are affected by changes in the same actor

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Package Dependencies: Package Element Visibility Package A Package A Package B Can be referenced outside of the owning package Only public classes can be referenced outside of the owning package

Packaging Tips: Functionally Related Classes (continued)

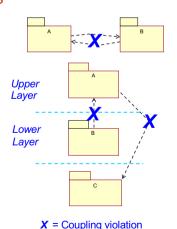
- Criteria for determining if classes are functionally related (continued):
- Two classes have relationships between each other
- · One class creates instances of another class
- Criteria for determining when two classes should NOT be placed in the same package:
 - Two classes that are related to different actors should not be placed in the same package
- An optional and a mandatory class should not be placed in the same package

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10

Package Coupling: Tips

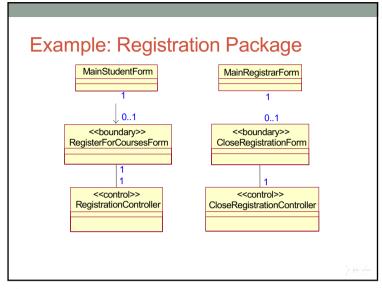
- Packages should not be cross-coupled
- Packages in lower layers should not be dependent upon packages in upper layers
- In general, dependencies should not skip layers



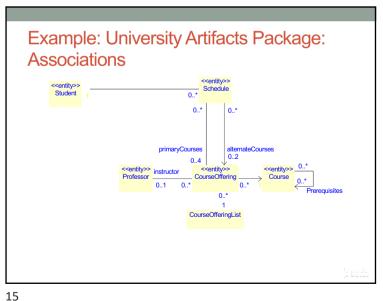
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Page 3

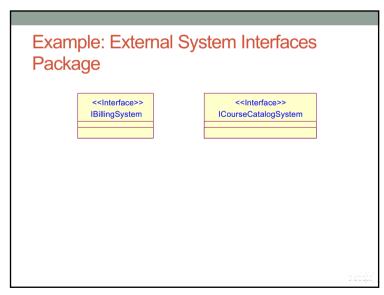


13



Example: University Artifacts Package: Generalization <<entity>>
ScheduleOfferingInfo <<entity>>
PrimaryScheduleOfferingInfo FulltimeStudent ParttimeStudent

14



16