

# Stealing Bitcoin with Math

Ryan Castellucci  
Filippo Valsorda

# Ryan Castellucci



DEF CON 23 - “Cracking Cryptocurrency Brainwallets”

“The Bitcoin Brain Drain: A Short Paper on the Use and Abuse of Bitcoin Brain Wallets” - Marie Vasek, Joseph Bonneau, Ryan Castellucci, Cameron Keith, and Tyler Moore

“Speed Optimizations in Bitcoin Key Recovery Attacks” - Nicolas Courtois, Guangyan Song, and Ryan Castellucci

# Filippo Valsorda



HITB2014KUL - “Exploiting ECDSA Failures in the Bitcoin Blockchain”

“Private Key Recovery Combination Attacks: On Extreme Fragility of Popular Bitcoin Key Management, Wallet and Cold Storage Solutions in Presence of Poor RNG Events” - Nicolas T. Courtois, Pinar Emirdag, and Filippo Valsorda

Rampage | Opinion

# Ivy League economist ethnically profiled, interrogated for doing math on American Airlines flight

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By **Catherine Rampell** May 7 



# Private keys

399BD8987FC57DB698311E04B2C3412C75C9F7CCB455630B544CED0608C57659



Crypto magic

# Public keys

0394FDD134FA7105E0B7E2FB5FC56C332D89A8FFB0C5E8F8C2C274A29FE24E866F



Hash

# Addresses

1FCKkv8bhCt6SKKS3k99TydxkTZEjiEFoJ

# Receive

## Addresses

1FCKkv8bhCt6SKKS3k99TydxkTZEjiEFoJ

# Receive

Addresses ← published

1FCKkv8bhCt6SKKS3k99TydxkTZEjiEFoJ

# Private keys

399BD8987FC57DB698311E04B2C3412C75C9F7CCB455630B544CED0608C57659

Spend

# Private keys

399BD8987FC57DB698311E04B2C3412C75C9F7CCB455630B544CED0608C57659

Steal

# Private keys

# Crypto magic

# Public keys

0279BE667EF9DCBBAC55A06295CE870B07029BFCDDB2DCE28D959F2815B16F81798

Hash

# Addresses

1BgGZ9tcN4rm9KBzDn7KprQz87SZ26SAMH

# Private keys

# Crypto magic

# Public keys

02C6047F9441ED7D6D3045406E95C07CD85C778E4B8CEF3CA7ABAC09B95C709EE5

A large, solid black arrow pointing downwards, indicating a process or flow from left to right.

# Addresses

1cMh228HTCiwS8ZsaakH8A8wze1JR5ZsP

# Private keys

# Crypto magic

# Public keys

02F9308A019258C31049344F85F89D5229B531C845836F99B08601F113BCE036F9

A large, solid black arrow pointing downwards, indicating a process or flow from left to right.

# Addresses

1CUNEBjYrCn2y1SdiUMohakUi4wpP326Lb

# brainlayer

<https://rya.nc/brainlayer>

```
$ ./brainflayer -v -I 0000..0001 -b bloom.blf -f addr.bin -o cracked  
rate: 110268.38 p/s found: 112/6815744 elapsed: 60.751 s
```

149 hits

Range: 1 - 150,000,000,000

February 2016

Highest publicly broken key

~700,000,000,000,000

# Highest possible private key

115,792,089,237,316,195,423,570,  
985,008,687,907,852,837,564,279,  
074,904,382,605,163,141,518,161,  
494,336



# Raw addresses

# Block hashes

00000000c5fef55bc9cc3d4bd26d4f5495af1dba2c4e284a3e9915f7c4a77980

000000000000114420273c901e448a0a51a89fe2e6964541994c7eb1a3e615b

# Mystery blockchain data

31077625bc49683784096ad085553c10e5144e0e0090889a403187924c7ba47

4624779f38a4d147555374165392c6963165a0449f2abb651a29b74f1c029814

# Brainwallets

# Brainwallets

Λ( ⚡ )⚡

# Memorable string

correct horse battery staple



Stupidly fast hash

Private key



Crypto magic

Public key



Hash

Address

**correct horse battery staple**

1JwSSubhmg6iPtRjtyqhUYYH7bZg3Lfy1T

4097 Tx – 15.41512035 BTC

**bitcoin is awesome**

14NwdxkQwcGN1Pd9fboL8npVynD5SfyJAE

19 Tx – 501.06500863 BTC

"" (an empty string)

1HZwkjkeaoZfTSaJxDw6aKkxp45agDiEzN

273 Tx - 58.89151975 BTC

thequickbrownfoxjumpedoverthelazydog

1MjGyKiRLzq4WeuJKyFZMmkjAv7rH1TABm

147 Tx - 106.071 BTC



[–] **btcrobinhood** 137 punti 2 anni fa



The address 15gCfQVJ68vyUVdb6e3VDU4iTkTC3HtLQ2 is the brainwallet "You don't win friends with salad!" PSA, don't use names of songs as brain wallets. Mijalis, I'm happy to return your coins; please send me a safe (non-brainwallet) address under your control.

[permalink](#) [embed](#) [salva](#) [dona](#) [gold](#)

<https://www.reddit.com/r/Bitcoin/comments/1j9p2d/>

123



## Brain wallet disaster (self.Bitcoin)

inviato 2 anni fa da [thonbrocket](#)

Just lost 4 BTC out of a hacked brain wallet. The pass phrase was a line from an obscure poem in *Afrikaans*. Somebody out there has a *really* comprehensive dictionary attack program running.

Fuck. I thought I had my big-boy pants on.

[343 commenti](#) [condividi](#) [salva](#) [nascondi](#) [dona gold](#) [segnala](#)

<https://www.reddit.com/r/Bitcoin/comments/1ptuf3/>

Brainflayer — latest version

735,091,890,625 addresses scanned

~\$50, <24 hours on EC2 spot instances

Let's lose some money.

DEMO: <https://blockchain.info/address/1JEnL6xYG9iHPWFV4Zz1xYUq1kQTKnJwM>

Summary		Transactions	
Address	<a href="#">1p4gsrzTc3mFAgJKYqMzhm6UsJzhgy1KX</a>	No. Transactions	109 
Hash 160	<a href="#">08e6a0def1903561bf466c56406cd1213fdc6525</a>	Total Received	4.37823824 BTC 
Tools	<a href="#">Taint Analysis</a> - <a href="#">Related Tags</a> - <a href="#">Unspent Outputs</a>	Final Balance	4.30318824 BTC 



## Secret Exponent

07908c31998a630b3fc52f6cd34562bb5d749006dfc1995bb2

Random

## Point Conversion

Uncompressed

Compressed

## Private Key

5JUaEgUrg2BjahDdWg9ocYimmA7wTRfLfS7gzgQeHeq4PrCD9P9

```
/**  
 * BitcoinJS-lib v0.1.3-default  
 * Copyright (c) 2011 BitcoinJS Project  
 *  
 * This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify  
 * it under the terms of the MIT license.  
 */  
  
[...]  
  
randomBytes: function(e) {  
    for (var t = []; e > 0; e--)  
        t.push(Math.floor(Math.random() * 256));  
    return t  
},
```

```
/**  
 * BitcoinJS-lib v0.1.3-default  
 * Copyright (c) 2011 BitcoinJS Project  
 *  
 * This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify  
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randomBytes: function(e) {  
    for (var t = []; e > 0; e--)  
        t.push(Math.floor(Math.random() * 256));  
    return t  
},
```

```
t.push(Math.floor(Math.random() * 256));
```

```
t.push(Math.floor(
```



```
( ) * 256));
```

Firefox RNG: seeded with milliseconds  
since unix epoch xor'd with two pointers

 66  




# ! PSA: brainwallet.org's "random" button uses low-entropy Math.random() (self.Bitcoin)



inviato 2 anni fa da [btclittlejohn](#)

**71 commenti** [condividi](#) [salva](#) [nascondi](#) [dona gold](#)  
[segnala](#)


[–] **btccolo** 1 punto 2 anni fa

There was a mistake in the address, here is the right one:  
1GVP2D1kvJb9PjDRrosvmpMEoUpycR2Y4R

[permalink](#) [embed](#) [salva](#) [riferimento](#) [dona gold](#)

 66  

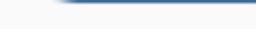



!

## PSA: brainwallet.org's "random" button uses low-entropy Math.random() (self.Bitcoin)



inviato 2 anni fa da [btclittlejohn](#)



[71 commenti](#) [condividi](#) [salva](#) [nascondi](#) [dona gold](#)  
[segnala](#)

[–] [btccolo](#) 1 punto 2 anni fa

There was a mistake in the address, here is the right one:  
1GVP2D1kvJb9PjDRrosvmpMEoUpycR2Y4R

[permalink](#) [embed](#) [salva](#) [riferimento](#) [dona gold](#)

Private key:

c75be3b8aec0ec17f9b2a28b0171b90de3a66dbfb98d28b1569911f24eb65644

Seed: 1385738483307

# Transactions

# Transaction

- A public statement
- Signed with the address private key
- Recorded on the blockchain

“This money I can spend,  
can now be spent by this other address”

# Transaction

- Source public key
- Signature by corresponding private key
- Target address(es) (hash of public keys)

# Transaction

OP\_DUP OP\_HASH160  
<pubKeyHash>  
OP\_EQUALVERIFY  
OP\_CHECKSIG

<sig> <pubKey>

# Transaction

- Source public key
- Signature by corresponding private key
- Target address(es) (hash of public keys)

# ECDSA

# ECDSA

Elliptic Curve  
Digital Signature Algorithm



Math ahead



Math ahead  
Take cover



Math ahead



Math ahead  
Take cover



Math ahead



Math ahead  
Take cover

# ECDSA signature

$$r = (k \cdot G)_x \quad \left( r, \frac{z + r \cdot d}{k} \right)$$

- $G$  is the global curve base point
- $d$  is the private key
- $k$  is a random number (the nonce)
- $z$  is the hash of the signed message

# ECDSA signature

$$r = (k \cdot G)_x$$

$$\left( r, \frac{z + r \cdot d}{k} \right)$$

- $G$  is the global curve base point
- $d$  is the private key
- $k$  is a random number (the nonce)
- $z$  is the hash of the signed message

If you know  $k$

$$(r, \frac{z + r \cdot d}{k}) = (r, s)$$

$$d = \frac{s \cdot k - z}{r}$$

If you know  $k$

$$(r, \frac{z + r \cdot d}{k}) = \boxed{(r, s)}$$

$$d = \frac{s \cdot k - z}{r}$$

If you know  $k$

$$(r, \frac{z + r \cdot d}{k}) = (r, s)$$

$$d = \frac{s \cdot k - z}{r}$$

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If you know  $k$

$$(r, \frac{z + r \cdot d}{k}) = (r, s)$$

$$d = \frac{s \cdot k - z}{r}$$

If you know  $k$

$$r = (k \cdot G)_x$$

```
$ ./brainflayer -v -I 0000..0001 -b bloom_r.blf -f r.bin -o cracked  
rate: 113965.05 p/s found: 3/9170845696 elapsed: 81116.841 s
```

3 hits

Range: 1 - 9,170,845,696

July 2016

If you REUSE  $k$  and  $d$

$$s_1 = \frac{z_1 + r \cdot d}{k}$$

$$s_2 = \frac{z_2 + r \cdot d}{k}$$

If you REUSE  $k$  and  $d$

$$s_1 = \frac{z_1 + r \cdot d}{k}$$
$$s_2 = \frac{z_2 + r \cdot d}{k}$$

If you REUSE  $k$  and  $d$

$$s_1 = \frac{z_1 + \boxed{r} \cdot d}{k}$$

$$s_2 = \frac{z_2 + \boxed{r} \cdot d}{k}$$

If you REUSE  $k$  and  $d$

$$s_1 = \frac{z_1 + r \cdot d}{k} = \frac{z_1}{k} + \frac{r \cdot d}{k}$$

$$s_2 = \frac{z_2 + r \cdot d}{k} = \frac{z_2}{k} + \frac{r \cdot d}{k}$$

If you REUSE  $k$  and  $d$

$$s_1 = \frac{z_1 + r \cdot d}{k} = \frac{z_1}{k} + \frac{r \cdot d}{k}$$
$$s_2 = \frac{z_2 + r \cdot d}{k} = \frac{z_2}{k} + \frac{r \cdot d}{k}$$

If you REUSE  $k$  and  $d$

$$s_1 - s_2 = \left( \frac{z_1}{k} + \frac{r \cdot d}{k} \right) - \left( \frac{z_2}{k} + \frac{r \cdot d}{k} \right)$$

If you REUSE  $k$  and  $d$

$$s_1 - s_2 = \left( \frac{z_1}{k} + \frac{r \cdot d}{k} \right) - \left( \frac{z_2}{k} + \frac{r \cdot d}{k} \right)$$

If you REUSE  $k$  and  $d$

$$s_1 - s_2 = \left( \frac{z_1}{k} + \frac{r \cdot d}{k} \right) - \left( \frac{z_2}{k} + \frac{r \cdot d}{k} \right)$$

$$s_1 - s_2 = \frac{z_1}{k} - \frac{z_2}{k}$$

If you REUSE  $k$  and  $d$

$$s_1 - s_2 = \frac{z_1 - z_2}{k}$$

If you REUSE  $k$  and  $d$

$$s_1 - s_2 = \frac{z_1 - z_2}{k}$$

$$k = \frac{z_1 - z_2}{s_1 - s_2}$$

If you REUSE  $k$  and  $d$

$$s_1 - s_2 = \frac{z_1 - z_2}{k}$$

$$k = \boxed{\frac{z_1 - z_2}{s_1 - s_2}}$$

If you REUSE  $k$  and  $d$

$$k = \boxed{\frac{z_1 - z_2}{s_1 - s_2}}$$

$$d = \frac{s \cdot k - z}{r}$$

27th Chaos Communication Congress

# Console Hacking 2010

PS3 Epic Fail

**fail0verflow**

bushing, marcan, segher, sven

# Sony's ECDSA code

```
int getRandomNumber()
{
    return 4; // chosen by fair dice roll.
              // guaranteed to be random.
}
```

# **Mining Your Ps and Qs: Detection of Widespread Weak Keys in Network Devices**

Nadia Heninger<sup>†\*</sup>

Zakir Durumeric<sup>‡\*</sup>

Eric Wustrow<sup>‡</sup>

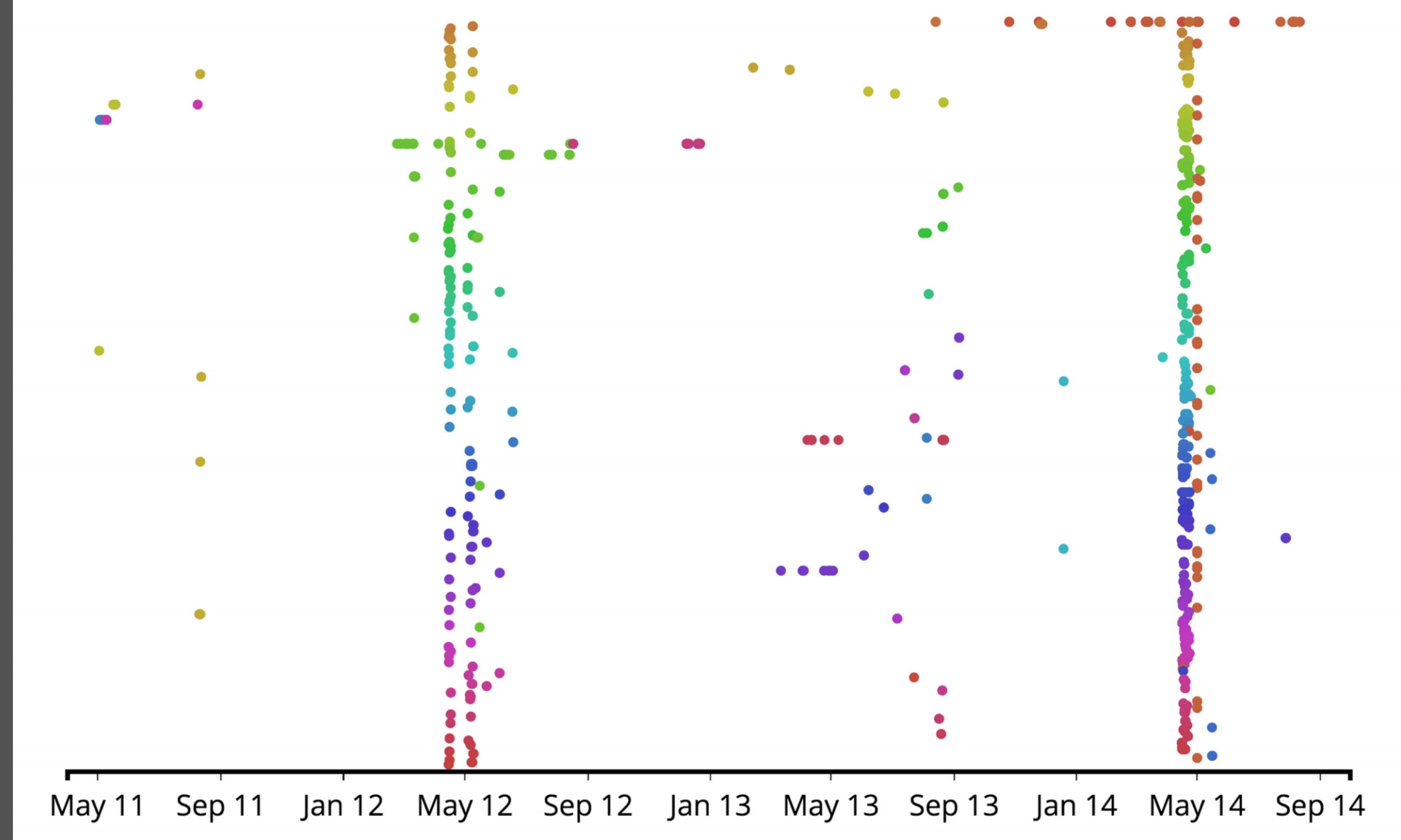
J. Alex Halderman<sup>‡</sup>

<sup>†</sup>*University of California, San Diego*

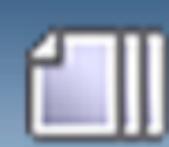
nadiyah@cs.ucsd.edu

<sup>‡</sup>*The University of Michigan*

{zakir, ewust, jhalderm}@umich.edu



<https://speakerdeck.com/filosottile/exploiting-ecdsa-failures-in-the-bitcoin-blockchain>



Author

Topic: Bad signatures leading to 55.82152538 BTC theft (so far) (Read 33421 times)

**BurtW**

Legendary



**Online**

Activity: 1218

I no longer support vanity addresses



Ignore



## **Bad signatures leading to 55.82152538 BTC theft (so far)**

August 10, 2013, 10:53:13 PM

#1

I have only seen this discussed in the newbies section so I thought I would open a thread here for a more technical discussion of this issue.

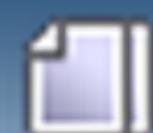
Several people have reported their BTC stolen and sent to

<https://blockchain.info/address/1HKywxiL4JziqXrzLKhmb6a74ma6kxbSDj>

As you can see the address currently contains 55.82152538 stolen coins.

It has been noticed that the coins are all transferred in a few hours after a client improperly signs a transaction by reusing the same random number. As discussed here:

<https://bitcointalk.org/index.php?topic=271486>



Author

Topic: Blockchain.info security [FUNDS STOLEN] (Read 15842 times)

**giantdragor**

Legendary



Activity: 1190



Ignore

**Blockchain.info security [FUNDS STOLEN]**

#1

August 19, 2013, 03:27:16 PM

I used Blockchain.info online wallet for small transactions on my Windows 7 64-bit PC with strong password kept in KeePass. Today I noticed that about 1.8 BTC was stolen from one of the addresses (which used for Anonymous Ads earnings), but funds from other addresses in this wallet were not affected. This leads me on thoughts that **Blockchain.info or Firefox may have some weakness in random number generator** like the vulnerability was recently found in the Android.

TXID with my funds gone:

<https://blockchain.info/tx/975412ecc21a0ad949deba3f47c6ac41e42fb7>

<https://bitcointalk.org/index.php?topic=277595>

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English

[Network alerts history](#) |  [Subscribe to RSS feed](#) | [Post history](#) | [Report issue](#)



## Android Security Vulnerability

11 August 2013

<https://bitcoin.org/en/alert/2013-08-11-android>

~~Let's lose some money.~~

1NaM3Pra49oEDPGUXggUsRqbBXGG6nwyQM  
14L6gBjYuEQedxPvedy5em2twMbVhrnKgB

# RFC 6979

Deterministic  $r$  from  $z$  and  $d$

If you REUSE  $k$  and  $d$

$$k = \frac{z_1 - z_2}{s_1 - s_2}$$

$$d = \frac{s \cdot k - z}{r}$$

# ECDSA pivot attack

TX 1: r: 5c16a3f7bafc1ef0, public key: 956fb654bcb2e061

TX 2: r: 5c16a3f7bafc1ef0, public key: 956fb654bcb2e061

TX 1: r: 5c16a3f7bafc1ef0, public key: 956fb654bcb2e061

TX 2: r: 5c16a3f7bafc1ef0, public key: 956fb654bcb2e061

TX 3: r: 5c16a3f7bafc1ef0, public key: 4b20eabe93918281

TX 1: r: 5c16a3f7bafc1ef0, public key: 956fb654bcb2e061

TX 2: r: 5c16a3f7bafc1ef0, public key: 956fb654bcb2e061

TX 3: r: 5c16a3f7bafc1ef0, public key: 4b20eabe93918281

TX 4: r: 94ce2b1e34d3fddc, public key: 4b20eabe93918281

TX 1: r: 5c16a3f7bafc1ef0, public key: 956fb654bcb2e061

TX 2: r: 5c16a3f7bafc1ef0, public key: 956fb654bcb2e061

TX 3: r: 5c16a3f7bafc1ef0, public key: 4b20eabe93918281

TX 4: r: 94ce2b1e34d3fddc, public key: 4b20eabe93918281

TX 5: r: 94ce2b1e34d3fddc, public key: 56b28d8ac3bcc4f5

719 additional private keys exposed

96532 nonces

Chains as long as 7 hops

# Zero suffix

## Shared suffix

```
36ecfa6a21a30ec26ab43de5d7c8c3f653489c0af2b35a9827d79f4e2d9cc310  
eaa8473108fc101b047bf9fd0a5c2d7753489c0af2b35a9827d79f4e2d9cc310  
434c638ab45e6fa7c0ae299ede3d3e9753489c0af2b35a9827d79f4e2d9cc310  
e1ce0456185351451bf47457ead5066853489c0af2b35a9827d79f4e2d9cc310
```

# Uninitialized memory?

000000000000922c5000922c5000922c5000922c5000921ed200880

# Related nonce attack

If you know  $k_2 - k_1$

$$c = k_2 - k_1$$

$$k_1 = \frac{r_2 z_1 + r_1 s_2 c - r_1 z_2}{s_1 r_2 - s_2 r_1}$$

If you know  $k_2 - k_1$

$$k_2 = k_1 + c$$

$$(k_2 \cdot G)_x = (k_1 \cdot G)_x + (c \cdot G)_x$$

$$r_2 = r_1 + (c \cdot G)_x$$

# Double spending

# Transaction malleability

# Thank you! Questions?

@ryancdotorg - Ryan Castellucci

@FiloSottile - Filippo Valsorda

<https://github.com/StealingBitcoinWithMath/>

No innocent Bitcoins were harmed in the making of this talk  
(Just to spell it out: we didn't steal anyone's Bitcoin)