# **Environment Setup, Tooling & State Management**

This sample introduces on how to code, debug and deploy a Dapr based microservices to Azure Container Apps. It is based on the Dapr quickstarts.

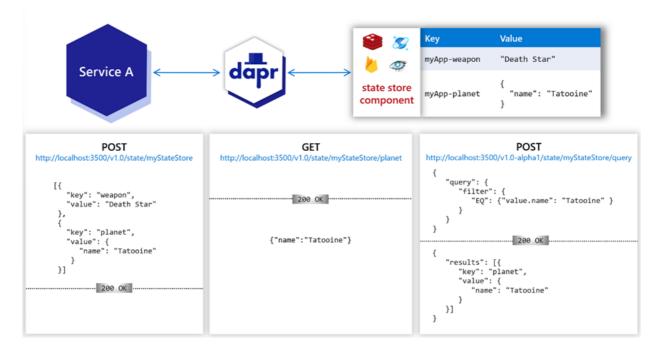
It contains two projects:

- food-dapr-backend A .NET Core Web API project that uses State Management to store and retrieve state. In the second demo we will use a PubSub pattern to communicate with the frontend.
- food-dapr-frontend A .NET MVC project that uses Dapr to consume the backend in a PubSub Pattern. This will be used in a sperate damo.

Dapr configuration is stored in the components folder and containes the following file. During development it will use Redis as the default state store. When deploying it will use Azure Blob Storage. We could also use Azure Cosmos DB as a state store just by changing the state store configuration.

• statestore.yaml - Configures the state store to use Azure Blob Storage.

```
componentType: state.azure.blobstorage
version: v1
metadata:
    name: accountName
value: aznativedev
    name: accountKey
value: account-key
    name: containerName
value: food-dapr-backend
secrets:
    name: account-key
value: "<ACCOUNT_KEY>"
```



## Readings

Dapr CLI

Dapr Visual Studio Code extension

Developing Dapr applications with Dev Containers

# Getting started, Basic State & Deployment to Azure Container Apps

Note: This demo assumes that you have created an Azure Container Regestry and Azure Container Apps environment. If you haven't done so, please follow the instructions to provision the required Azure Ressources using Azure CLI or Bicep.

## Dapr Environment Setup & Degugging

• Install Dapr CLI

```
Set-ExecutionPolicy RemoteSigned -scope CurrentUser
powershell -Command "iwr -useb
https://raw.githubusercontent.com/dapr/cli/master/install/install.ps1 | iex"
```

- Note: Restart the terminal after installing the Dapr CLI
- Initialize default Dapr containers and check running containers:

dapr init

#### DOCKER: CONTAINERS

- ✓ ☐ Individual Containers
  - > D docker.io/daprio/dapr:1.11.2 da...
  - > **docker.io/openzipkin/zipkin** da...
  - > docker.io/redis:6 dapr\_redis Up...

Note: To remove the default Dapr containers run dapr uninstall

Run project food-dapr-backend

```
cd food-dapr-backend
dapr run --app-id food-backend --app-port 5001 --dapr-http-port 5010 dotnet
run --launch-profile https
```

• Test the API by invoking <a href="http://localhost:5000/food">http://localhost:5000/food</a> several times using the dapr sidecar. The sidecar is listening on port 5010 and the app is listening on port 5000. The sidecar that listens to port 5010 forwards the request to the app. The sidecar is also responsible for service discovery and pub/sub.

```
GET http://localhost/<dapr-http-port>/v1.0/invoke/<app-id>/method/<method-
name>
GET http://localhost:5010/v1.0/invoke/food-backend/method/food
```

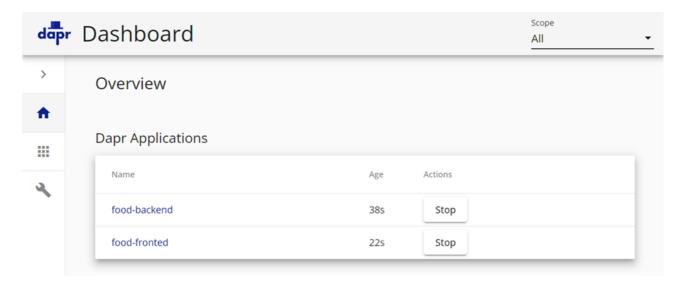
Run project food-dapr-fronted

```
cd food-dapr-fronted
dapr run --app-id food-fronted --app-port 5002 --dapr-http-port 5011 dotnet
run
```

Show Dapr Dashboard

```
dapr dashboard
```

• Examine Dapr Dashboard on http://localhost:8080:



## Running multiple microservices with Tye

• Install Tye. Project Tye is an experimental developer tool that makes developing, testing, and deploying microservices and distributed applications easier

```
dotnet tool install -g Microsoft.Tye --version "0.11.0-alpha.22111.1"
```

Create a tye.yaml file in the root of the solution by running:

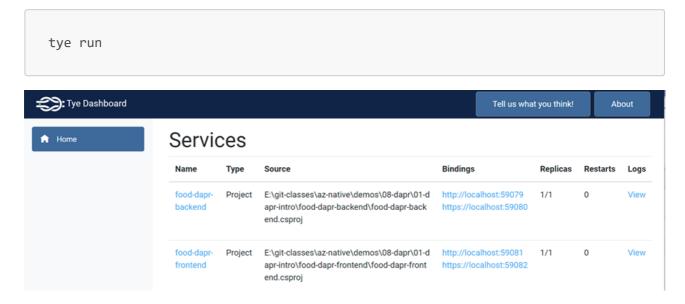
```
tye init
```

Note: You can skip this step as the tye.yaml file is already included in the solution.

• A typical tye file could look like this:

```
name: dapr-services
services:
    name: food-dapr-backend
project: food-dapr-backend/food-dapr-backend.csproj
bindings:
    port: 5000
    name: food-dapr-frontend
project: food-dapr-frontend/food-dapr-frontend.csproj
bindings:
    port: 5002
```

• Run the two projects with Tye



#### **Using Default State Store**

• Examine CountController.cs and call it multiple times to increment the counter:

```
[HttpGet("getCount")]
public async Task<int> Get()
{
   var daprClient = new DaprClientBuilder().Build();
   var counter = await daprClient.GetStateAsync<int>(storeName, key);
   await daprClient.SaveStateAsync(storeName, key, counter + 1);
   return counter;
}
```

• To increment the counter execute the following code using Rest Client for Visual Studio Code

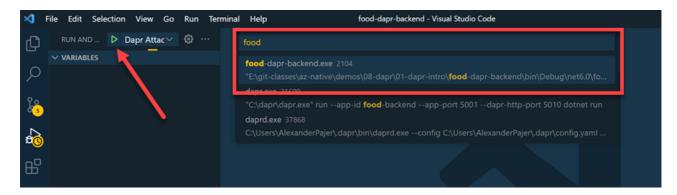
```
@baseUrl = http://localhost:5000
### Get the count and icrement it by 1
GET {{baseUrl}}/count/getcount HTTP/1.1
```

• Check the state store data in the default state store - Redis:

```
dapr state list --store-name statestore
```

• Examine the Dapr Attach config in launch.json and use it to attach the debugger to the food-dapr-backend process and debug the state store code:

```
{
    "name": "Dapr Attach",
    "type": "coreclr",
    "request": "attach",
    "processId": "${command:pickProcess}"
}
```



#### **Deploy to Azure Container Apps**

• Build the food-dapr-backend image

```
env=dev
grp=az-native-$env
loc=westeurope
acr=aznative$env
imgBackend=food-dapr-backend:v1
az acr build --image $imgBackend --registry $acr --file dockerfile .
```

Create a storage account to be used as state store

```
stg=aznative<mark>$env</mark>
az storage account create -n $stg -g $grp -l $loc --sku Standard_LRS
```

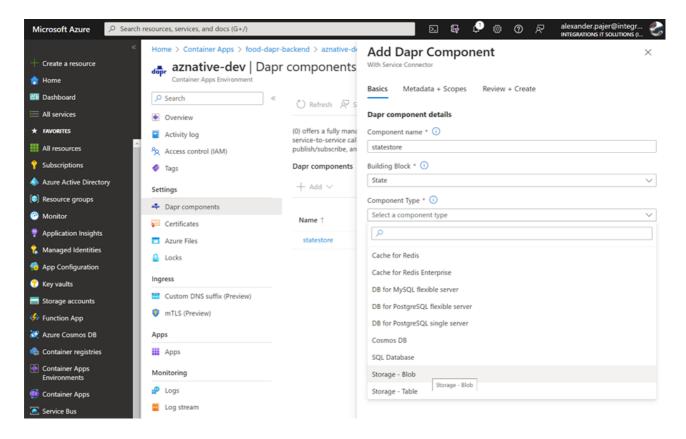
• Update its values in components/statestore.yml

```
apiVersion: dapr.io/v1alpha1
kind: Component
metadata:
name: statestore
spec:
type: state.azure.blobstorage
metadata:
    - name: storageAccount
    value: aznative$env
    - name: storageAccessKey
    value: <storage-account-key>
```

• Add the Dapr component to the Azure Container Apps environment

```
az containerapp env dapr-component set -n $acaenv -g $grp \
--dapr-component-name statestore \
--yaml './components/statestore.yml'
```

Note. In Azure Portal you can also create the Dapr component in the Azure Container Apps environment. It allows you to choose between Redis, Azure Blob Storage, Azure Cosmos DB and others as a state store. The inteaction with the specifics of the state store is abstracted away by Dapr:



Execute deploy-app.azcli to create the container app

```
az containerapp create -n $appBackend -g $grp \
--image $imgBackend \
--environment $acaenv \
--target-port 80 --ingress external \
--min-replicas 0 --max-replicas 1 \
--enable-dapr \
--dapr-app-port 80 \
--dapr-app-id $appBackend \
--registry-server $loginSrv \
--registry-username $acr \
--registry-password $pwd
```

• Execute the /count/getCount method multiple times to increment the counter

```
curl -X GET "http://<URL>.$loc.azurecontainer.io/count/getCount" -H
"accept: text/plain"
```

Examine the storage account to see the state store data

