

## **Group-Collective Communicator Creation**

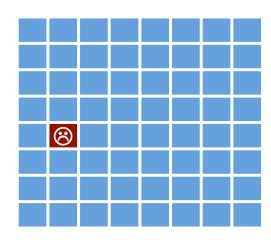
Ticket #286

Non-Collective Communicator Creation in MPI. Dinan, et al., Euro MPI '11.

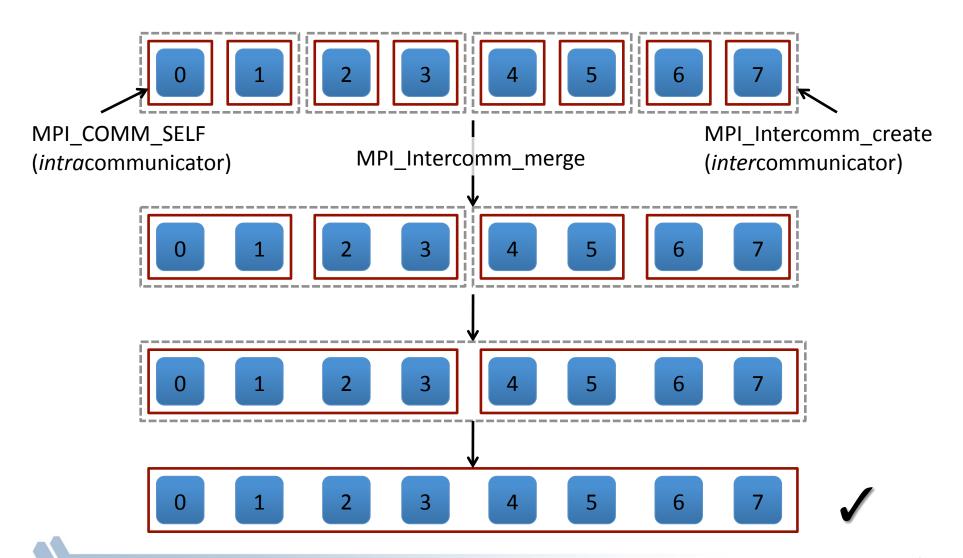


#### Non-Collective Communicator Creation

- Create a communicator collectively only on new members
- Global Arrays process groups
  - Past: collectives using MPI Send/Recv
- Overhead reduction
  - Multi-level parallelism
  - Small communicators when parent is large
- Recovery from failures
  - Not all ranks in parent can participate
- Load balancing
  - Reassign processes from idle groups to active groups



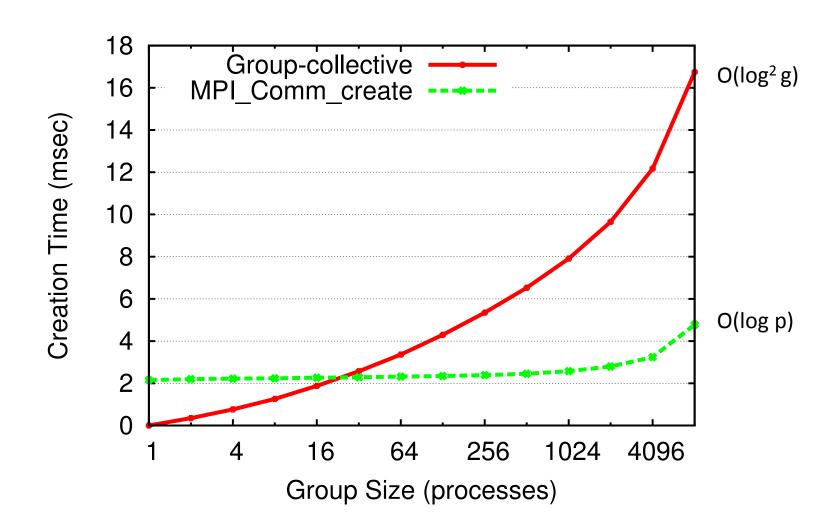
## Non-Collective Communicator Creation Algorithm



### Non-Collective Algorithm in Detail

```
INPUT: group, comm, tag
OUTPUT: comm'
REQUIRE: group is ordered by desired rank in comm' and is identical on all callers
LET: qrp\_pids[0..|qroup|-1] = \mathbb{N} and pids[] be arrays of length |qroup|
MPI_Comm_rank(comm, &rank)
MPI_Group_rank(group, & grp_rank), MPI_Group_size(group, & grp_size)
                                                                                  Translate group ranks to
MPI_Comm_dup(MPI_COMM_SELF, &comm')
                                                                                  ordered list of ranks on
MPI_Comm_group(comm, &parent_qrp)
                                                                                  parent communicator
MPI_Group_translate_ranks(group, grp_size, grp_pids, parent_grp, pids)
MPI_Group_free(&parent_grp)
for (merge\_sz \leftarrow 1; merge\_sz < grp\_size; merge\_sz \leftarrow merge\_sz \cdot 2) do
  Calculate my group ID
  if qid \mod 2 = 0 then
    if ((qid + 1) \cdot merge\_sz < qrp\_size then
       {\it MPI\_Intercomm\_create}(comm', 0, comm, pids[(gid+1) \cdot merge\_sz], tag, \&ic)
       MPI_Intercomm_merge(ic, 0 /* LOW */, &comm')
    end if
  else
    MPI_Intercomm_create(comm', 0, comm, pids[(gid-1) \cdot merge\_sz], tag, &ic)
    MPI_Intercomm_merge(ic, 1 /* HIGH */, &comm')
  end if
  if comm' \neq comm\_old then
    MPI_Comm_free(&ic)
    MPI_Comm_free(&comm_old)
  end if
end for
```

#### **Evaluation: Microbenchmark**

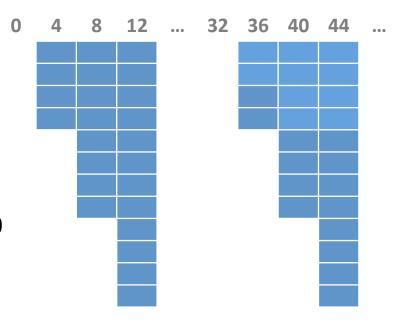


#### **MCMC Benchmark Kernel**

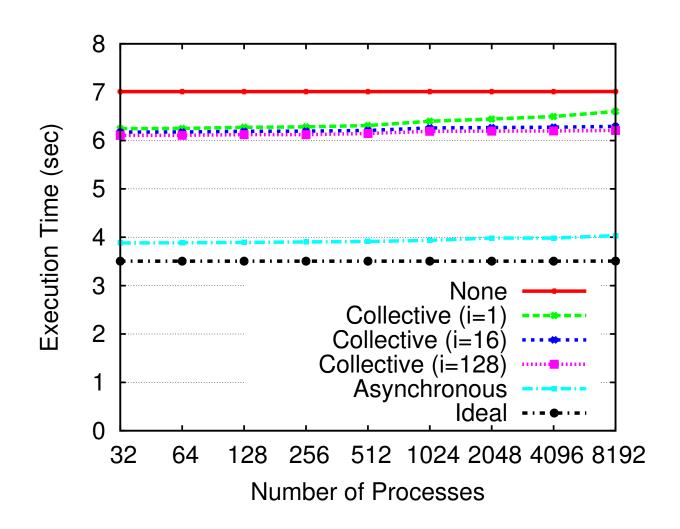
- Simple MPI-only benchmark
- "Walker" groups
  - Initial group size: G = 4
- Simple work distribution
  - Samples: S = (leader % 32) \* 10,000
  - Sample time:  $t_s = 100 \text{ ms} / |G|$
  - Weak scaling benchmark



- Join right when idle
- Asynchronous: Check for merge request after each work unit
- Synchronous: Collectively regroup every i samples



## **Evaluation: Load Balancing Benchmark Results**



# Ticket #286: Group-collective communicator creation

MPI\_Comm\_create\_group(comm, group, tag, newcomm)

IN comm communicator (handle)

IN group Group, which is a subset of the group of comm (handle)

IN tag "safe" tag (integer)

OUT newcomm new communicator (handle)

int MPI\_Comm\_create\_group(MPI\_Comm comm, MPI\_Group group,
 int tag, MPI\_Comm \*newcomm)

MPI\_COMM\_CREATE(COMM, GROUP, TAG, NEWCOMM, IERROR)
INTEGER COMM, GROUP, KEY, NEWCOMM, IERROR



MPI\_COMM\_CREATE\_GROUP provides the same semantics as MPI\_COMM\_CREATE, however *comm* must be an intracommunicator and this routine need only be invoked by processes in the input group, *group*. Like MPI\_COMM\_CREATE, if a process calling MPI\_COMM\_CREATE\_GROUP is not a member of given group it returns MPI\_COMM\_NULL. If different groups are provided by different callees, the calls will be interpreted as separate group-collective communicator construction operations; each call requires all members of the group to invoke this routine. This results in the same behavior as MPI\_COMM\_CREATE with different group arguments.

Advice to users: Group-collective creation of an intercommunicator can be achieved by creating the local communicator using MPI\_COMM\_CREATE\_GROUP and using this as the input to MPI\_INTERCOMM\_CREATE.

This call may use point-to-point communication with communicator *comm*, and tag *tag* between processes in *group*. Thus, care must be taken that there be no pending communication on *comm* that could interfere with this communication. Likewise, if a given process performs multiple subset-collective communicator creation calls, the user must be careful to order calls and use different tag arguments to ensure that calls match correctly.

Advice to users: MPI\_COMM\_CREATE may provide lower overhead because it can take advantage of collective communication on comm when constructing newcomm.