

UnBox3D:

Software Requirement Specification

Version
2.0.0

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Version Description

User	Date	Description	Version
Vivian Casas	December 11, 2025	Update for snapshot 1	1.0
Vivian Casas	December 11, 2025	Update for snapshot 2	2.0

1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this document is to provide a detailed description of the UnBox3D application. Version 2 builds upon the placeholder interface established in Version 1 by introducing functional import and rendering capabilities. This update reflects the second checkpoint in the project timeline, enabling the application to load and display 3D models in .obj format. This document outlines the system architecture, core components, user interfaces, and design considerations that support the conversion of complex 3D models into simplified geometric representations and corresponding 2D layouts for fabrication. This document serves as a foundation for understanding the requirement specifications and implementation strategies behind UnBox3D.

1.2 Intended Audience

This document is intended for software developers, project managers, and stakeholders involved in the design, development, and deployment of UnBox3D. It may also be of interest to engineers and defense personnel who will use the application to streamline prototyping and fabrication processes.

1.3 Overview of the Software

The UnBox3D application is a software tool that bridges the gap between digital modeling and physical assembly. In Version 2, the application now supports importing and rendering 3D models in .obj format, allowing users to visualize their models within the program by parsing the data using Assimp and rendering it with OpenGL via OpenTK. The application simplifies 3D models into basic geometric shapes and flattens them into printable 2D patterns. These layouts can then be used for rapid prototyping and fabrication. The application will provide a user-friendly interface and is designed to improve efficiency, accuracy, and accessibility in engineering and defense applications.

1.4 User Interface

- **Splash Screen:** The logo is shown as the program loads on the monitor
- **Import:** The import button is now functional, allowing users to either drop a .obj file into the viewport or click to open a file dialog to select the model they wish to import.

- **Rendering Screen:** A viewport where the imported 3D object can be viewed and rendered using OpenGL.
- **Export:** Export button remains as a placeholder for future functionality.

1.5 Software Interfaces

- OpenGL is used to render imported 3D models.
- Assimp will be used in order to parse the data from the imported models
- OpenTK will be used as a wrapper so that we can work on OpenGL in C#
- Blender Python API to unfold the model

2 Legal and Ethical Considerations

2.1 Data Storage and Privacy

At this stage of development, UnBox3D does not collect or store user data. The initial checkpoint focuses on establishing the base program structure, including interface placeholders and backend setup. As the project progresses, any future implementation involving user-generated content, model uploads, or fabrication data will require secure storage practices. If persistent data storage is introduced, the application will comply with relevant data protection regulations such as the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and the California Consumer Privacy Act (CCPA). Users will be informed of any data collection and given options to manage their privacy preferences.

2.2 Legal/Ethical Issues

Unbox3D is a general-purpose tool for converting 3D models into 2D unfolded layouts for fabrication. Although the initial sponsor is a U.S. Army research organization and one intended use is the generation of mock training targets, the software is not limited to military applications. It can also support civilian, educational, and commercial use cases such as architectural models, prototyping, hobbyist projects, and training aids. The development team therefore strives to keep the software functionally neutral and broadly applicable, minimizing direct coupling to any single military workflow.

From an ethical standpoint, contributors should be aware that any tool capable of improving fabrication efficiency in a military context may indirectly support armed conflict. At the same time, the tool can enable safer training, reduce material waste, and provide value to non-military users. The project is considered ethically acceptable under the assumption that it remains general-purpose, does not incorporate offensive or targeting logic, and is documented in a way that encourages peaceful and educational applications in addition to the sponsor's needs.

Legally, Unbox3D is required to be built entirely on free and open-source software (FOSS) components. The final project license is expected to be a permissive or copyleft FOSS license

(e.g., GPLv3 or a BSD-style license), ensuring that recipients retain the right to inspect, modify, and redistribute the source code in accordance with the chosen license terms. All third-party libraries and tools (including Blender and OpenTK) must be used in compliance with their respective licenses, and no proprietary or paid dependencies are to be introduced.

Users are responsible for ensuring that any 3D models processed with Unbox3D respect intellectual property rights, export-control regulations, and organizational classification rules. The project does not grant any rights to redistribute imported models; it only provides a mechanism to transform models that the user is already authorized to use.

3 Glossary

Acronym	Definition
GDPR	General Data Protection Regulation
CCPA	California Consumer Privacy Act
Assimp	Open Asset Import Library
OpenTK	Open Toolkit Library