

**193. Gekoppelte physikalische Pendel****196. Schallgeschwindigkeit und Elastizitätseigenschaften**

$$\rho = 4500 \text{ kg/m}^3; \quad v_{\parallel} = 5050 \text{ m/s}; \quad v_{\perp} = 3100 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\text{a) } v_{\parallel} = \sqrt{\frac{E}{\rho}}; \quad v_{\perp} = \sqrt{\frac{G}{\rho}}$$

$$E = v_{\parallel}^2 \rho = \underline{\underline{1.15 * 10^{11} \text{ Pa}}}$$

$$G = v_{\perp}^2 \rho = \underline{\underline{4.32 * 10^{10} \text{ Pa}}}$$

$$\text{b) } \mu = \frac{E}{2G} - 1$$

$$\mu = \frac{v_{\parallel}^2}{2v_{\perp}^2} - 1 = \underline{\underline{0.33}}$$

c)

$$\mu = \frac{v_{\parallel}^2}{2v_{\perp}^2} - 1$$

$$\frac{v_{\parallel}}{v_{\perp}} = \underline{\underline{\sqrt{2\mu + 2}}}$$