

87. Ein sehr elastischer Ball

a) $h = 0.5 \text{ m}; \quad m_1 \ll m_2$

$$z(t) = 0.5 - \frac{g}{2}t^2 \quad \Rightarrow \quad t_1 = 0.32 \text{ s}$$

$$v(t_1) = 3.13 \text{ m/s}$$

Nach dem Stoß:

$$v_1 = \underline{\underline{9.4 \text{ m/s}}}$$

$$v_2 = \underline{\underline{3.13 \text{ m/s}}}$$

b)

$$z_1(t) = 9.4t - \frac{g}{2}t^2$$

$$v_1(t) = 9.4 - gt$$

$$0 = 9.4 - gt \quad \Rightarrow \quad t_1 = 0.96 \text{ s}$$

$$z_1(t_1) = \underline{\underline{4.5 \text{ m}}}$$

96. Zwei Himmelskörper

$$\vec{v}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} v_1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \vec{v}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v_2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \vec{v}_E = \frac{1}{m_1+m_2} \begin{pmatrix} m_1 v_1 \\ m_2 v_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|v_1| = v_1 \quad |v_2| = v_2 \quad |v_E| = \frac{\sqrt{(m_1 v_1)^2 + (m_2 v_2)^2}}{m_1+m_2}$$

a) $\alpha = \underline{\underline{\arctan\left(\frac{m_2 v_2}{m_1 v_1}\right)}}$

b) $K_1 := E_{kin}$ vor dem Stoß ; $K_2 := E_{kin}$ nach dem Stoß

$$K_1 = K_2 + \Delta E$$

$$\frac{m_1 v_1^2}{2} + \frac{m_2 v_2^2}{2} = \frac{1}{2} (m_1 + m_2) \left(\frac{\sqrt{(m_1 v_1)^2 + (m_2 v_2)^2}}{m_1 + m_2} \right)^2 + \Delta E$$

$$\Delta E = \frac{(m_1 v_1)^2 + (m_2 v_2)^2 + m_1 m_2 v_1^2 + m_1 m_2 v_2^2 - (m_1 v_1)^2 - (m_2 v_2)^2}{2(m_1 + m_2)}$$

$$\Delta E = \underline{\underline{\frac{m_1 m_2 (v_1^2 + v_2^2)}{2(m_1 + m_2)}}}$$

c) Für $m_1 = m_2 = m$

$$\underline{\underline{\Delta E = \frac{1}{4} m (v_1^2 + v_2^2)}}$$

Für $m_1 \gg m_2$

$$\underline{\underline{\Delta E = \frac{1}{2} m_2 (v_1^2 + v_2^2)}}$$

102. Trägheitsmoment eines Hohlzylinders

a) $V = (r_1^2 - r_0^2)\pi z$

$$I = \int r^2 dm = \rho \int_V r^2 dV = \rho \int_0^z \int_0^{2\pi} \int_{r_0}^{r_1} r^3 dr d\varphi dz = \frac{r_1^4 - r_0^4}{2} \pi z \rho =$$

$$= \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{2} M (r_1^2 + r_0^2)}}$$

113. Getränkedosen auf schiefer Ebene

$r = 0.03 \text{ m}; \quad \alpha = 25^\circ; \quad l = 1.5 \text{ m}; \quad h = l \sin(\alpha)$

a) $m = 0.06 \text{ kg}$

$$mgh = \frac{I\omega^2 + mv_s^2}{2}$$

$$mgh = \frac{mv_s^2 + mv_s^2}{2}$$

$$v_s = \sqrt{gh}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{2.49 \text{ m/s}}}$$

b) $m_w = 0.33 \text{ kg}; \quad M = m + m_w = 0.39 \text{ kg}$

$$Mgh = \frac{I\omega^2 + Mv_s^2}{2}$$

$$Mgh = \frac{mv_s^2 + Mv_s^2}{2}$$

$$v_s = \sqrt{\frac{2ghM}{2m + m_w}}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{3.28 \text{ m/s}}}$$

c)

$$Mgh = \frac{I_w\omega^2 + I\omega^2 + Mv_s^2}{2}$$

$$Mgh = \frac{0.5m_w v_s^2 + mv_s^2 + Mv_s^2}{2}$$

$$v_s = \sqrt{\frac{4Mgh}{3M + m}}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{2.81 \text{ m/s}}}$$