## 1. Falsche Batterie

 $R = 100 \ \Omega;$   $R_i = 0.1 \ \Omega;$   $U_1 = U_2 = 1.5 \ V$ 

a)

 $M_1: U_1 - R_i(I_1 + I_2) - U_2 = 0$ 

 $M_2: \ |U_1 - R_i I_1 - R I = 0$ 

 $M_3: |U_2-R_iI_2-RI|=0$ 

 $K_1: |I_1+I_2=I|$ 

b)

 $I = \frac{2U_1}{R_i + 2R} = \underline{14.99 \text{ mA}}$ 

 $U = IR = \underline{1.499 \text{ V}}$ 

 $P = UI = \underline{22.48 \text{ mW}}$ 

c)  $U_1 = 1.5 \text{ V}; \quad U_2 = 1.2 \text{ V}$ 

$$I = \frac{U_1 + U_2}{R_i + 2R} = \underline{13.49 \text{ mA}}$$

$$U = IR = \underline{1.349 \text{ V}}$$

$$P = UI = \underline{\underline{18.21 \text{ mW}}}$$

d)

$$I_1 = \frac{U_1 + U_2}{4R + 2R_i} - \frac{U_2 - U_1}{2R_i} = \underline{1.51 \text{ A}}$$

$$I_2 = I - I_1 = \underline{-1.49 \text{ A}}$$

## 2. Umladen von Kondensatoren

a)

$$q_1 = \underbrace{\frac{qC_1}{C_1 + C_2}}_{q_2 = \underbrace{\frac{qC_2}{C_1 + C_2}}}$$

$$q_2 = \underbrace{\frac{qC_2}{C_1 + C_2}}_{q_2 = \underbrace{\frac{q}{C_1 + C_2}}_{q_2 = \underbrace{\frac{qC_2}{(C_1 + C_2)I}}}$$

b)

Hallo

c)

d) 
$$C_1 = 1 \text{ nF}; \quad C_2 = 200 \text{ pF}; \quad R = 150 \text{ }\Omega$$

e)  $U_1(0) = 100 \text{ V}; \quad U_2(0) = 0 \text{ V}$ 

## 3. Wheatstone'sche Brucke

$$R_1 = 17 \text{ k}\Omega; \quad R_2 = 9 \text{ k}\Omega; \quad R_3 = 3.6 \text{ k}\Omega$$

a)

$$U_{1} = \frac{R_{1}}{R_{1} + R_{2}} U$$

$$U_{2} = \frac{R_{x}}{R_{x} + R_{3}} U$$

$$\Delta U = U_{1} - U_{2} = \left(\frac{R_{1}}{R_{1} + R_{2}} - \frac{R_{x}}{R_{x} + R_{3}}\right) U$$

b)

$$0 = U_1 - U_2$$

$$0 = \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2} - \frac{R_x}{R_x + R_3}$$

$$R_2 = \underbrace{\frac{R_1 R_3}{R_x}}_{}$$

c)

$$R_x = \frac{R_1 R_3}{R_2} = \underline{6.8 \text{ k}\Omega}$$