Erhaltungssätze und das Σ -Teilchen

		Q	L	В	J
a)	$n \rightarrow p + \pi^-$	0/0	0/0	1/1	$\frac{1}{2} / \frac{1}{2}$
	$p ightarrow \pi^0 + e^+$	1/1	0/1	1/0	$1/\frac{1}{2}$
	$\pi^+ \rightarrow e^+ + \nu_e + \gamma$	1/1	0/0	1/1	$0/\bar{2}$
	$v_{\rm e} + p \rightarrow n + e^+$	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1
	$v_e + n \rightarrow p + e^-$	0/0	1/1	1/1	1/1

b)
$$K^- + p \longrightarrow \pi^- + \Sigma$$

	$K^- + p$	π^-	Σ
В	1	0	1
S	-1	0	-1
Q	0	-1	1

Isospin-Eigenzustände

a)
$$p = \left| \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \right\rangle$$
, $n = \left| \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right\rangle$, $\pi^0 = |1, 0\rangle$, $\pi^+ = \pi^- = |1, 1\rangle$

b) $\pi^{+}: \quad \left|\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right\rangle \otimes |1, 1\rangle = \left|T, \frac{3}{2}\right\rangle \\ \pi^{0}: \quad \left|\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right\rangle \otimes |1, 0\rangle = \left|T, \frac{1}{2}\right\rangle \\ \pi^{-}: \quad \left|\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right\rangle \otimes |1, -1\rangle = \left|T, -\frac{1}{2}\right\rangle \\ \left|\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right\rangle \otimes |1, 0\rangle = \left|T, -\frac{1}{2}\right\rangle \\ \left|\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right\rangle \otimes |1, -1\rangle = \left|T, -\frac{3}{2}\right\rangle$

c)

$$\left|\pi^+p\right\rangle = \left|1,1\right\rangle \otimes \left|\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\right\rangle = \left|\frac{3}{2},\frac{3}{2}\right\rangle$$

$$|\pi^- p\rangle = |1, -1\rangle \otimes \left|\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right\rangle = \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \left|\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right\rangle - \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \left|\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right\rangle$$

$$\left|\pi^{0}n\right\rangle = \left|1,0\right\rangle \otimes \left|\frac{1}{2},-\frac{1}{2}\right\rangle = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}\left|\frac{3}{2},-\frac{1}{2}\right\rangle + \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}\left|\frac{1}{2},-\frac{1}{2}\right\rangle$$

d)

$$\left|\pi^+ p\right\rangle \otimes \left|\pi^0\right\rangle = \left|\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right\rangle \otimes \left|1, 0\right\rangle = \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}} \left|\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right\rangle + \sqrt{\frac{3}{5}} \left|\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right\rangle$$

Wirkungsquerschnitt bei der Pion-Proton-Streuung

a)
$$\Delta^{++} = \left| \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2} \right\rangle$$
, $\Delta^{+} = \left| \frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \right\rangle$, $\Delta^{0} = \left| \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right\rangle$, $\Delta^{-} = \left| \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right\rangle$

b)

Für
$$\pi^+ p$$
: $\sigma_{\text{total}} = \sigma_{\text{elastic}} \approx 200 \text{ mb}$

Für
$$\pi^- p$$
: $\sigma_{\text{total}} \approx 80 \text{ mb}$; $\sigma_{\text{elastic}} \approx 20 \text{ mb}$

c)

$$I: \pi^+ + p \longrightarrow \Delta^{++} \longrightarrow \pi^+ + p$$

$$\text{II}: \pi^+ + p \longrightarrow \Delta^{++} \longrightarrow \pi^+ + p$$

$$\mathrm{III}:\pi^-+\ p\ \longrightarrow\ \Delta^0\ \longrightarrow\ \pi^-+\ p$$

$$IV: \pi^- + p \longrightarrow \Delta^0 \longrightarrow \pi^0 + n$$

$$I: \left|\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right\rangle \rightarrow \left|\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right\rangle \rightarrow \left|\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right\rangle$$

II:
$$\left|\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right\rangle \rightarrow \left|\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right\rangle \rightarrow \left|\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right\rangle$$

III:
$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \left| \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right\rangle - \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \left| \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right\rangle \rightarrow \left| \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right\rangle \rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \left| \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right\rangle - \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \left| \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right\rangle$$

IV:
$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \left| \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right\rangle - \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \left| \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right\rangle \rightarrow \left| \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right\rangle \rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \left| \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right\rangle + \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \left| \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right\rangle$$

e)
$$\hat{T} |T, T_z\rangle = T |T, T_z\rangle$$

$$\sigma_{\rm I} \propto \left| \left\langle \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2} \right| T \left| \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2} \right\rangle \right|^2 = \left| \frac{3}{2} \left\langle \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2} \right| \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2} \right\rangle \right|^2 = \frac{9}{4}$$

$$\sigma_{\rm II} = \sigma_{\rm I} \propto \frac{9}{4}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{III}} \propto \left| \frac{1}{3} \left\langle \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right| T \left| \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right\rangle + \frac{2}{3} \left\langle \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right| T \left| \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right\rangle \right|^2$$

$$= \left| \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right) \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right\rangle + \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right) \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right|^2 = \left| \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \right|^2 = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\sigma_{
m IV} \propto \left| \sqrt{rac{2}{3}} \sqrt{rac{1}{3}} \left\langle rac{3}{2}, -rac{1}{2} \right| T \left| rac{3}{2}, -rac{1}{2} \right\rangle - \sqrt{rac{2}{3}} \sqrt{rac{1}{3}} \left\langle rac{1}{2}, -rac{1}{2} \right| T \left| rac{1}{2}, -rac{1}{2} \right
angle \right|^2$$

$$= \left| \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{\frac{2}{9}} \left\langle \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right| \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right\rangle - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{2}{9}} \left\langle \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right| \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right\rangle \right|^2 = \left| \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{\frac{2}{9}} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{2}{9}} \right|^2 = \frac{2}{9}$$