



Theoretical comparison for VBS production of W^+W^+

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To appear as [1803.XXXX](#) in collaboration with
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Vincent Rothe, Christopher Schwan, Pascal Stienemeier & [Marco Zaro](#)¹

¹Many slides stolen from Giovanni and Marco's talk last month

Outline

- Introduction
 - Definition of process
 - Codes used
- Inclusive Study
 - Where does the VBS approximation break down?
- Fiducial Study
 - How big are the discrepancies in the usual VBS volume?
- Parton Shower Systematics
 - How big are the shower and matching uncertainties?
 - Do we understand these differences?
- Conclusion



Introduction

Project aims within WG1

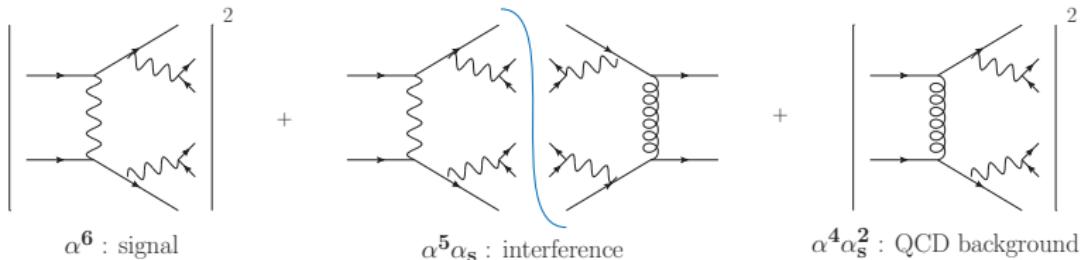
- Compare all² available Monte Carlo generators which simulate VBS
 - Quantify the discrepancy between the codes due to various approximations used at LO and NLO
 - Do this both inclusively and under typical VBS cuts (use above to define fiducial volume)
 - Investigate uncertainties due to parton shower and matching prescription
- Outcome of project:
 - Peer-reviewed paper (soon)
 - A set of recommendations for the experimentalists regarding the simulation of VBS processes

²almost

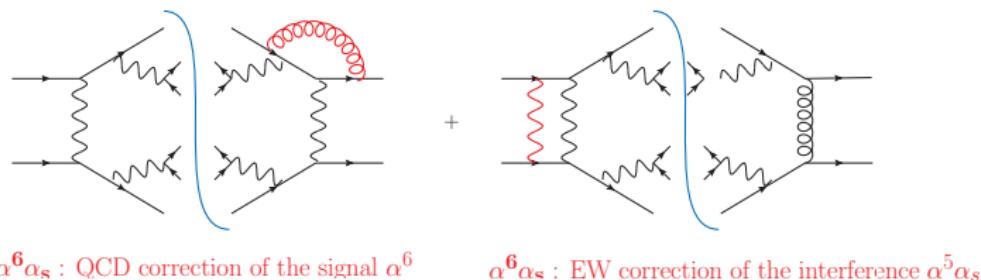


Investigated LO and NLO contributions to VBS

LO: α^6 , $\alpha^5\alpha_s$ and $\alpha^4\alpha_s^2$

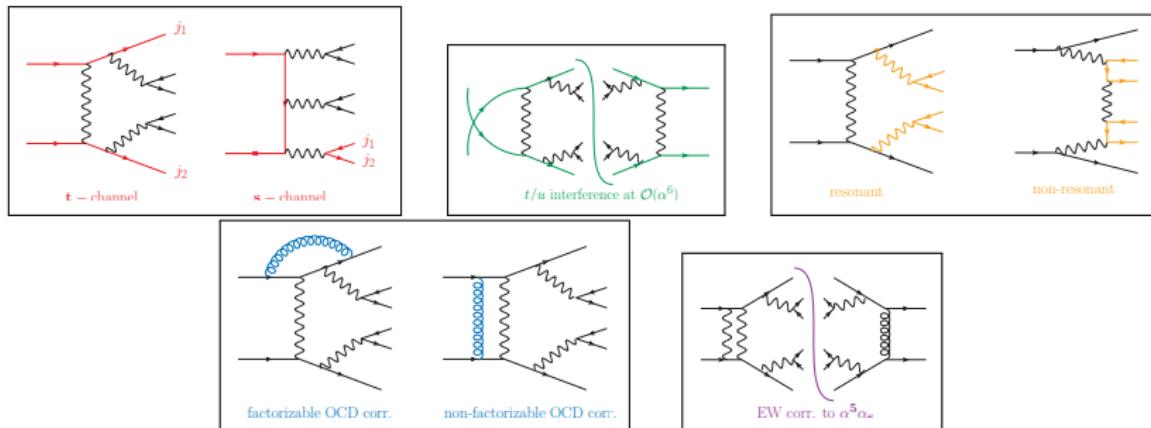


NLO QCD: $\alpha^6\alpha_s$ (not the end of the story, arXiv:1708.00268)



Codes

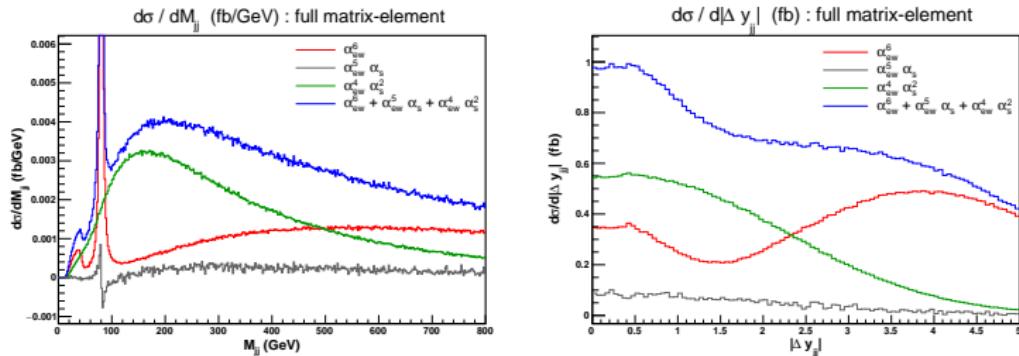
CODE	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6)$ s, t, u	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6)$ interf.	Non-res.	NLO	NF QCD	EW corr. to $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s \alpha^5)$
BONSAY	t/u	No	Yes, virt.	No	No	No
POWHEG	t/u	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
MG5_AMC	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No virt.	No
MoCANLO+RECOLA	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
PHANTOM	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	-	-
VBFNLO	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
WHIZARD	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	-	-



Inclusive study

Inclusive LO study: three perturbative orders

Inclusive: events with any M_{jj} and $|\Delta y_{jj}|$. (PHANTOM results shown)



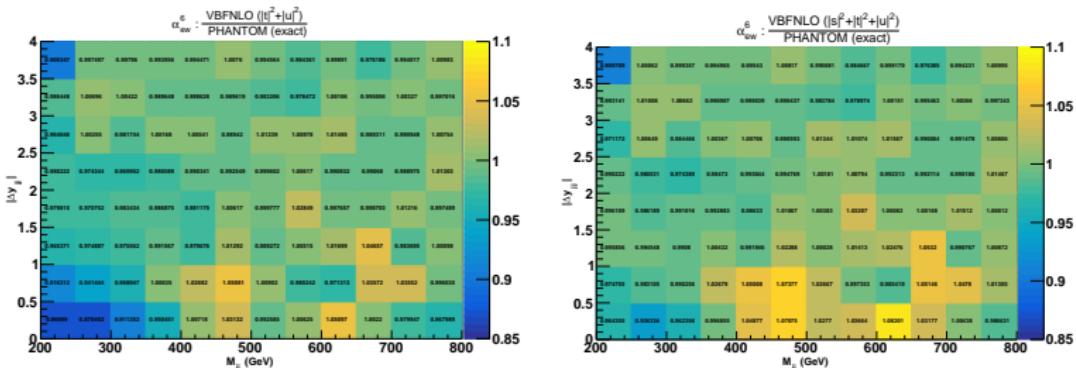
VBF cuts $M_{jj} > 500$ GeV, $|\Delta y_{jj}| > 2.5$ enable isolation of the EW signal from the QCD background; interference is small.

Region	$\sigma[\text{fb}] (\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6))$	$\sigma[\text{fb}] (\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2 \alpha^4))$	$\sigma[\text{fb}] (\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s \alpha^5))$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6)/\text{tot}$
inclusive	2.29(2)	1.47(7)	0.22(3)	57 %
fiducial	1.43(7)	0.17(4)	0.048(8)	86 %

Full ME codes agree pretty well: discrepancies $\lesssim 1\%$.

Inclusive LO study: VBS approx. at LO EW

VBS approximation: **neglects s–channels, t/u interferences**
(and non-factorizable QCD corr. at NLO). (VBFNLO, PHANTOM results shown)



VBS approx.

→

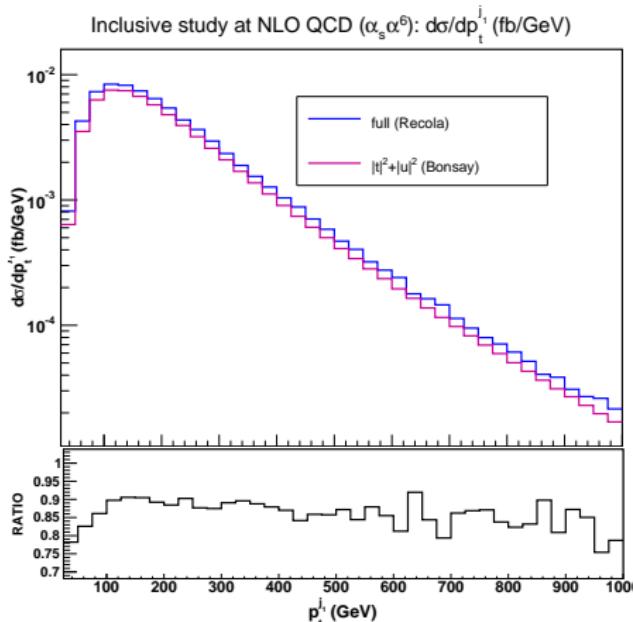
VBS approx. + s-channels

In the M_W peak region the s–channels cannot be neglected:
VBS approx. fails for $M_{jj} < 200$ GeV, $|\Delta y_{jj}| < 2$, otherwise
good agreement with full calc. (at most 4 % discrep.).

Inclusive NLO QCD study

A little less inclusive than LO: $M_{jj} > 200 \text{ GeV}$, $|\Delta y_{jj}| > 2$.
(RECOLA, BONSAY results shown)

Full ME vs approx. $(|t|^2 + |u|^2)$



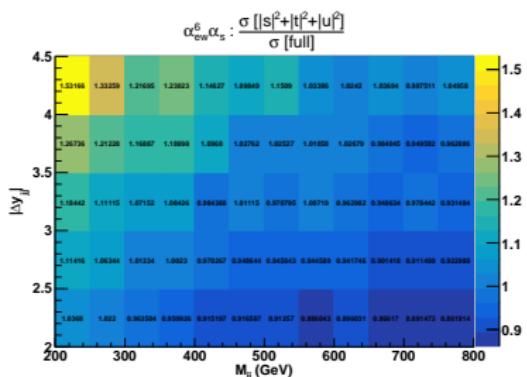
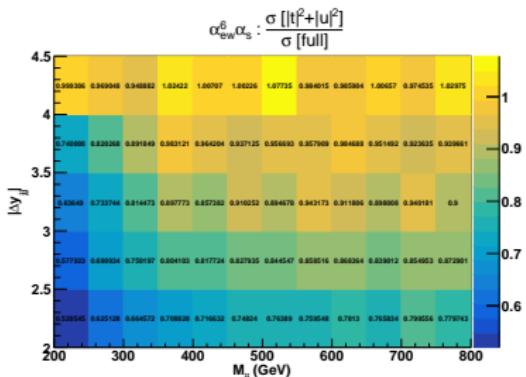
Larger discrepancies (up to $\approx 20\%$) than in the fiducial region.

s -channels are less suppressed, due to $M_{jj} > 200 \text{ GeV}$ (rather than 500 GeV) and the NLO QCD corrections (extra jet).

Preliminary results

Inclusive NLO QCD study: adding s -channels

VBS approx. at NLO: s -channels are required to cure the discrepancies w.r.t. full ME in the low M_{jj} - low Δy_{jj} region.



VBS approx.

→

VBS approx. + s -channels

But still large discrepancies for $[M_{jj} \lesssim 400 \text{ GeV}, |\Delta y_{jj}| \gtrsim 3]$ ($\approx 20\%$) and $[M_{jj} \gtrsim 500 \text{ GeV}, |\Delta y_{jj}| \lesssim 2.5]$ ($\approx 15\%$)

Fiducial study

Set-up

$pp \rightarrow jj e^+ \nu_e \mu^+ \nu_\mu$, $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV

PDFs: NNPDF30 at NLO, with $\alpha_s(M_Z) = 0.118$ arXiv:1410.8849

Scales: dynamical, $\mu_R = \mu_F = \sqrt{p_{t,j_1} p_{t,j_2}}$

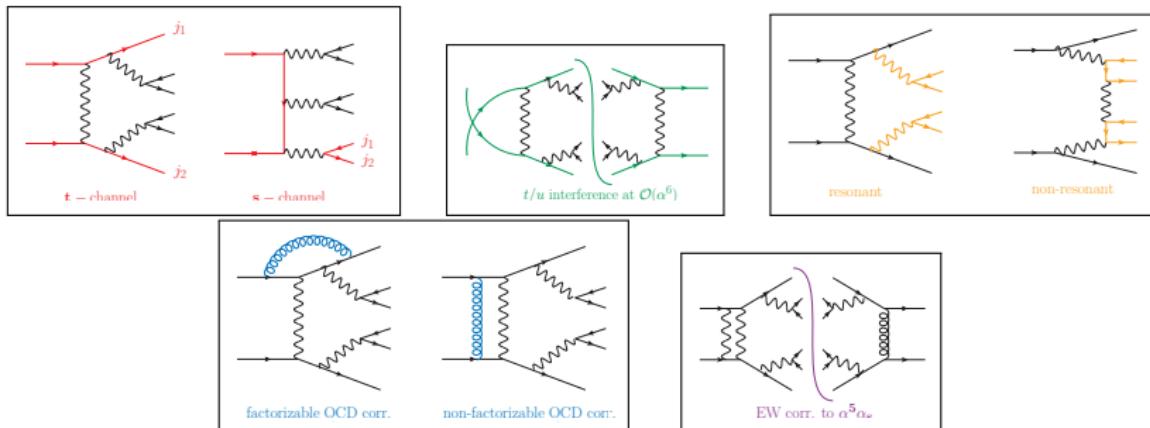
Complex Mass Scheme arXiv:hep-ph/9904472

Cuts inspired by arXiv:1405.6241, arXiv:1410.6315

- ▶ 2 (3, NLO) anti- k_t jets (arXiv:0802.1189) with $R = 0.4$,
 $|y_j| < 4.5$, $p_t^j > 30$ GeV, $|\Delta R_{j\ell}| > 0.3$
- ▶ 2 hardest jets: $M_{jj} > 500$ GeV, $|\Delta y_{jj}| > 2.5$
- ▶ 2 charged leptons: $|y_\ell| < 2.5$, $p_t^\ell > 20$ GeV, $|\Delta R_{\ell\ell}| > 0.3$
- ▶ $p_t^{miss} > 40$ GeV

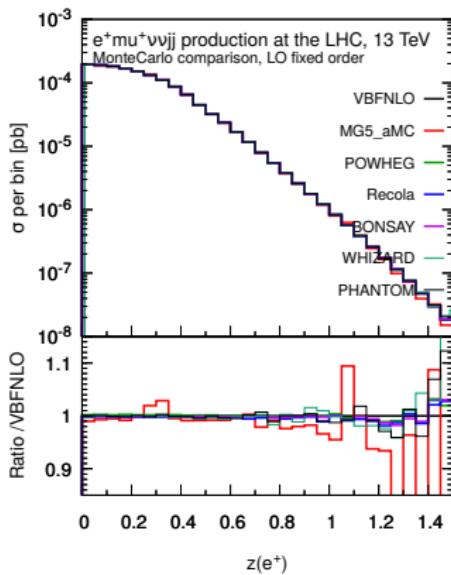
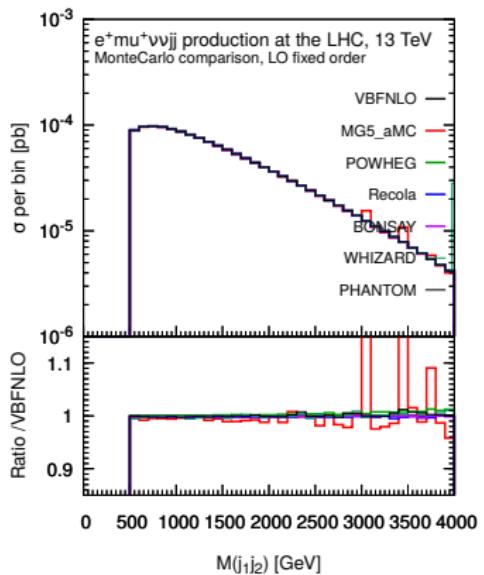
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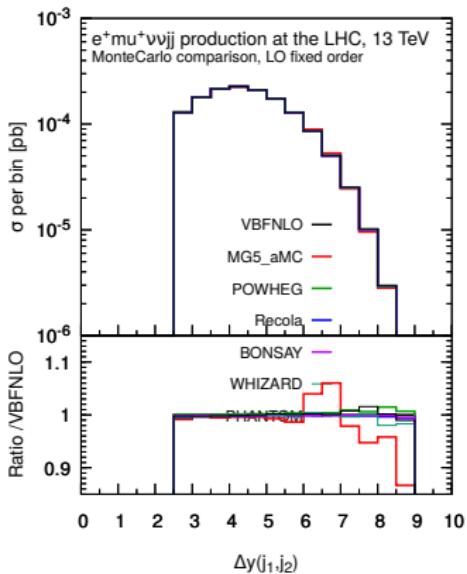
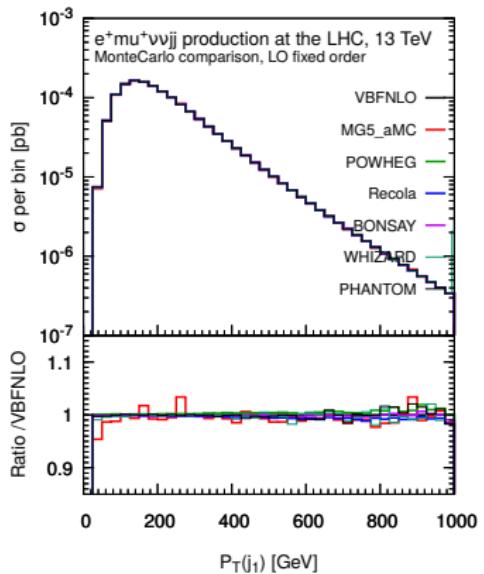
Comparison at $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6)$

LO VBS signal: agreement at the $\mathcal{O}(1\%)$ level



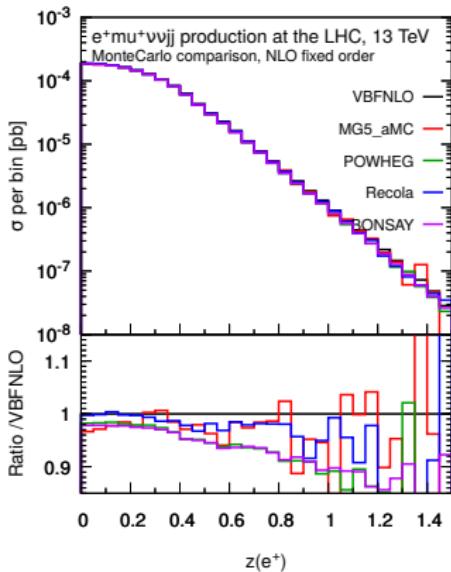
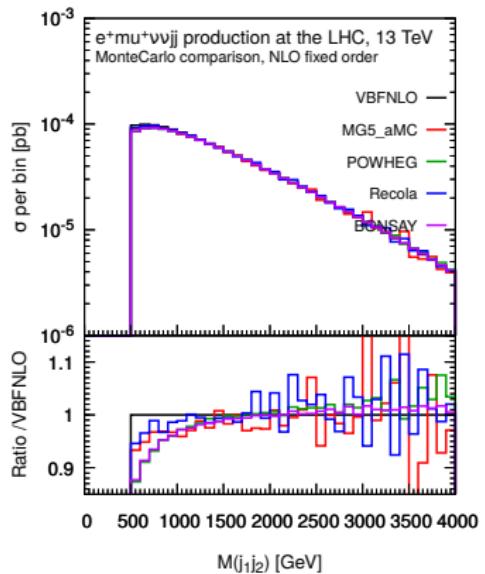
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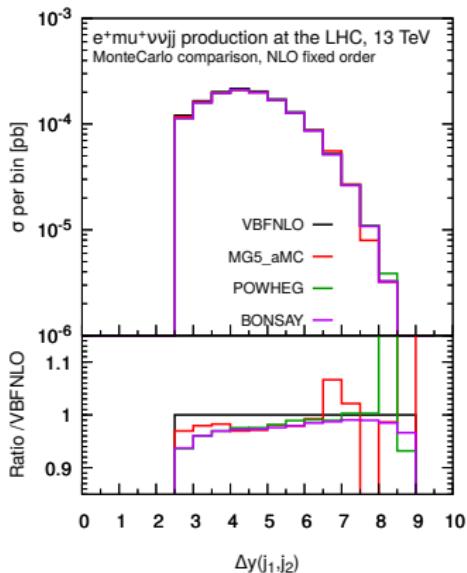
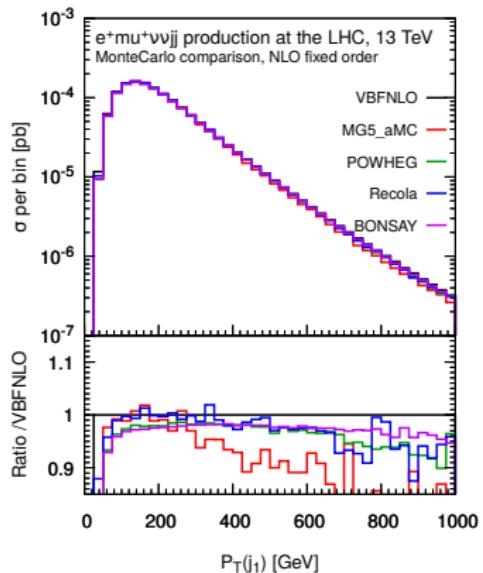
Comparison at $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6 \alpha_s)$

NLO VBS signal: discrepancies due to the various approximations at the $\mathcal{O}(10\%)$ level



Comparison at $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6 \alpha_s)$

NLO VBS signal: discrepancies due to the various approximations at the $\mathcal{O}(10\%)$ level



Parton Shower Systematics

Tool comparison at NLO+PS

- The plan is to compare predictions from
 - Powheg+PY8
 - MG5_aMC@NLO+(PY8, HW++)
 - VBFNLO+Herwig7
 - Phantom+PY8 (LO only)
- Predictions are done after hadronization (no MPI)
- Try as much as possible to use common shower-parameters (not always possible with different showers / matching schemes)
- Same setup/analysis cuts as for the fixed-order comparison

Rates within cuts

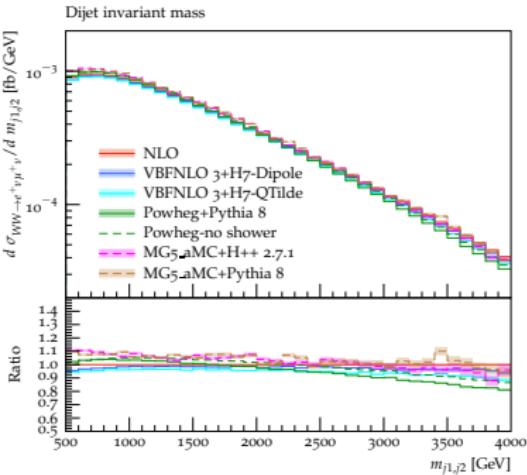
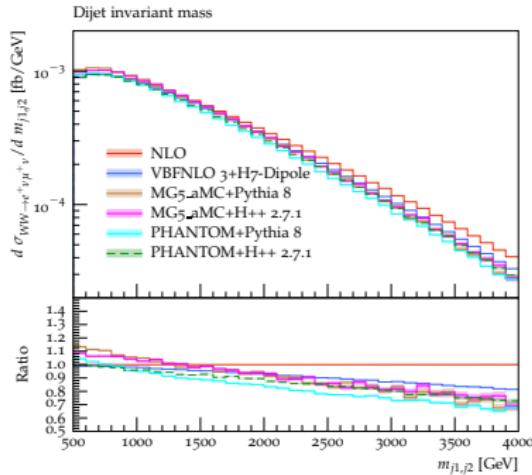
	Code	$\sigma[\text{fb}]$
NLO	MG5_AMC+PYTHIA8	1.450(1.368)
	MG5_AMC+HERWIG++	1.445(1.363)
	POWHEG	1.3633
	VBFNLO	1.339
LO	MG5_AMC+PYTHIA8 (LO)	1.352(1.275)
	MG5_AMC+HERWIG++ (LO)	1.343(1.267)
	PHANTOM+PYTHIA8	1.235

Note: MG5_aMC has been run with stable W^+ , which are decayed by MadSpin. The details of the treatment of Γ_W induce a +6% effect on the cross-section. This effect is compensated in numbers in parentheses.

Note2: we are understanding how to assign the statistical uncertainties

- At the total-cross section level, tools compare rather well, with differences at the 1% level

Dijet-invariant mass

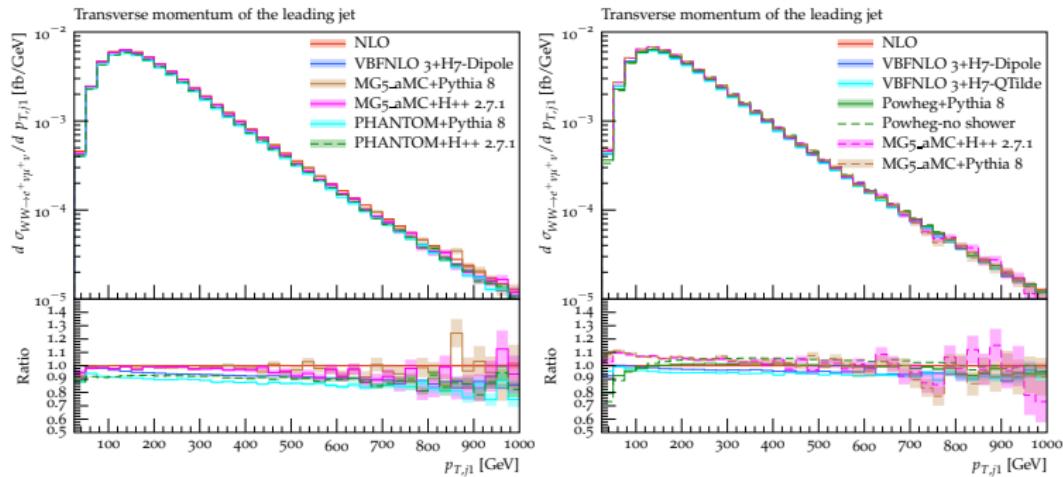


Note: MG5_aMC results have **not** been rescaled for the 6% width effect

- The inclusion of NLO corrections stabilises the predictions
- NLO+PS results line in a $\sim 10\%$ -wide band



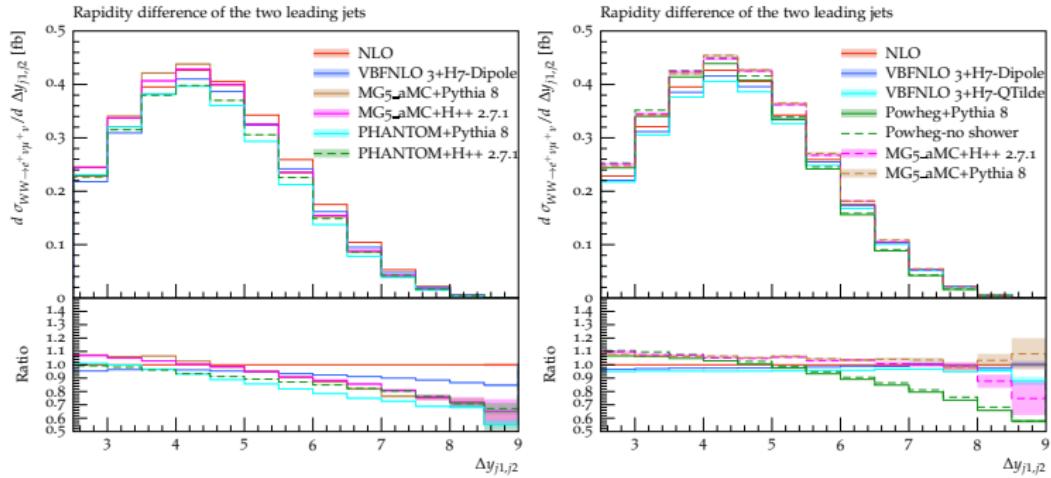
Hardest jet p_T



- Slightly larger differences appear in the shape of predictions at NLO+PS, in the low- p_T region



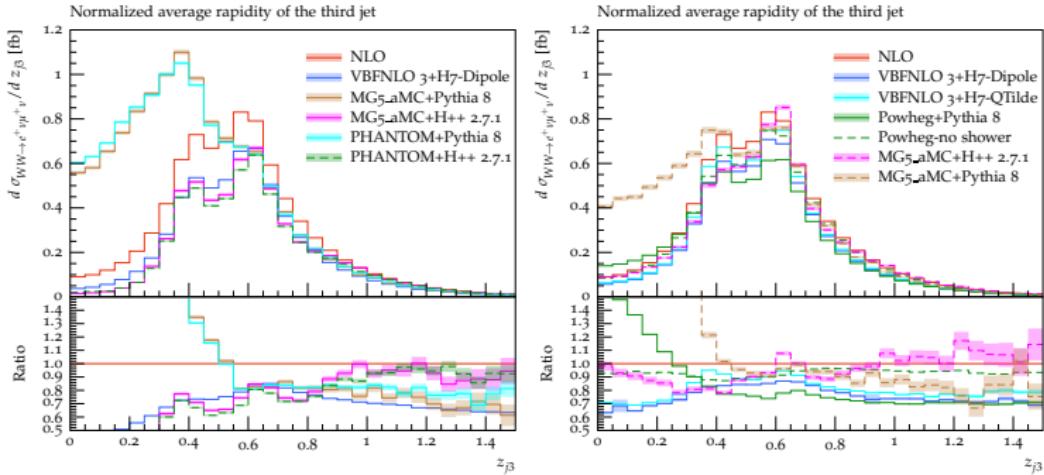
Dijet rapidity separation



- The Powheg prediction shows a different shape at NLO
- This effect is already present before showering (at the LHEF level), and is likely due to the Powheg Sudakov of the first emission



Third jet z variable



- Much larger discrepancies appear for the third jet. In particular Pythia8 tends to enhance the rate in the central region (still to be understood)

$$z_{j3} = \frac{|y_{j3} - (y_{j1} + y_{j2})/2|}{|\Delta y_{jj}|}$$



Some conclusions...

- First in-depth comparison of MC generators for VBS
- Very good agreement found at LO ($\mathcal{O}(1\%)$) whereas differences grow to $\mathcal{O}(10\%)$ at NLO. These discrepancies understood in terms of the employed approximations
 - Special care has to be taken in inclusive setups, where the VBS approximation breaks down. Here the full result should always be used, both at LO and NLO
- Parton shower uncertainties are also at the $\mathcal{O}(10\%)$ -level for most variables.
- For the description of the third jet large discrepancies exists between the generators. This still has to be understood in detail
- To appear on arXiv very soon with final results and recommendations

