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- 1. (10 points) Let us formulate the pigeonhole principle using propositional formulas. Let  $\Omega$  $\{x_{1,1},\ldots,x_{n+1,1},x_{1,2}\ldots,x_{n+1,n}\}$  (informally  $x_{i,j}$  is true iff we put ith pigeon into jth hole). Consider the following propositional formulas on the variables from  $\Omega$ .
  - $L_i$   $(i \in [n+1])$  is equal to  $\bigvee_{j=1}^n x_{i,j}$ . (Informally this formula says that any pigeon has a hole.)
  - $R_j$   $(j \in [n])$  is equal to  $\bigwedge_{i_1=1}^{n+1} \bigwedge_{i_2=i_1+1}^{n+1} (\neg x_{i_1,j} \vee \neg x_{i_2,j})$ . (Informally this formula says that in each hole there is a pigeon.)

Show that there is a natural deduction derivation of  $\neg \left( (\bigwedge_{i=1}^{n+1} L_i) \land (\bigwedge_{i=1}^n R_i) \right)$ .

2. (10 points) Let  $\phi = \bigvee_{i=1}^{m} \lambda_i$  be a clause; we say that the width of the clause is equal to m. Let  $\phi = \bigwedge_{i=1}^{\ell} \chi_i$  be a formula in CNF; we say that the width of  $\phi$  is equal to the maximal width of  $\chi_i$  for  $i \in [\ell]$ .

Let  $p_n: \{T, F\}^n \to \{T, F\}$  such that  $p_n(x_1, \dots, x_n) = T$  iff the set  $\{i: x_i = T\}$  has odd number of elements. Show that any CNF representation of  $p_n$  has width n.

3. (10 points) Write a natural deduction derivation of  $(W \vee Y) \implies (X \vee Z)$  from hypotheses  $W \implies X$  and  $Y \implies Z$ .

4. (10 points) We say that a clause C can be obtained from clauses A and B using the resolution rule if  $C = A' \vee B'$ ,  $A = x \vee A'$ , and  $B = \neg x \vee B'$ , for some variable x.

We say that a clause C can be derived from clauses  $A_1, \ldots, A_m$  using resolutions if there is a sequence of clauses  $D_1, \ldots, D_\ell = C$  such that each  $D_i$ 

- is either obtained from clauses  $D_j$  and  $D_k$  for j, k < i using the resolution rule, or
- is equal to  $A_j$  for some  $j \in [m]$ , or
- is equal to  $D_j \vee E$  for some j < i and a clause E.

Show that if  $A_1, \ldots, A_m$  semantically imply C, then C can be derived from clauses  $A_1, \ldots, A_m$  using resolutions.