Introduction to Audio Content Analysis

Module 3.3: Audio Pre-processing

alexander lerch

introduction
overview

corresponding textbook section

Section 3.3

- **lecture content**
  - audio pre-processing for feature extraction

- **learning objectives**
  - list possible pre-processing options
  - explain potential use cases

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audio pre-processing
introduction

- **pre-processing**: audio is treated before feature extraction (task dependent)

- **possible goals**
  - *reduce amount of data* (e.g., down-sampling)
  - *remove irrelevant information* (e.g., surround channels of multi-channel signal)
  - *remove information that might impact analysis* (e.g., DC offset)
  - *remove redundant information*
  - *make the signal invariant to irrelevant information*
  - *increase robustness* (e.g., normalization)

  Every pre-processing which improves the algorithm's accuracy or its robustness, or minimizes its complexity or computational workload is beneficial

⇒ improve accuracy/robustness and reduce complexity/workload

overview · intro · pre-proc ●○○○○ · summary

audio pre-processing
introduction

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audio pre-processing
down-mixing

- **down-mixing**

$$x(i) = \frac{1}{\mathcal{C}} \sum_{c=0}^{\mathcal{C}-1} x_c(i)$$

  - *variants*: different channel weights, $\pi/2$ phase shift in one channel, . . .

audio pre-processing
dc removal

- **dc removal**

$$x(i) = x_{\mathrm{DC}}(i) - \frac{1}{\mathcal{I}} \sum_{i=0}^{\mathcal{I}-1} x_{\mathrm{DC}}(i)$$

- *variants*: high pass, IIR

audio pre-processing
normalization

- **normalization**

$$x(i) = \frac{x_s(i)}{\max\limits_{\forall i}\left(|x_s(i)|\right)}$$

  - *variants*: RMS, LUFS normalization
  - real-time?

audio pre-processing
other pre-processing options

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- **filtering**
  - low pass: remove noise, high frequencies
  - high pass: remove rumble

- **sample rate conversion**
  - ensure all input files have identical sample rate
  - bandwidth reduction

- **quality enhancement**
  - denoising
  - bandwidth reduction

- . . .

summary
lecture content

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- **pre-processing goals**
    - remove irrelevant data
    - clean relevant data
    - reduce amount of data

- **pre-processing examples**
    - down-mixing
    - dc removal
    - normalization
    - sample rate conversion