

Introduction to Audio Content Analysis

module 3.2: audio pre-processing

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introduction

overview



corresponding textbook section

section 3.2

lecture content

- audio pre-processing for feature extraction
- learning objectives
 - list possible pre-processing options
 - explain potential use cases



introduction overview



corresponding textbook section

section 3.2

lecture content

• audio pre-processing for feature extraction

■ learning objectives

- list possible pre-processing options
- explain potential use cases



rview intro **pre-proc** summar •0000 0

audio pre-processing introduction

■ pre-processing: audio is treated before feature extraction (task dependent)

possible goals

- reduce amount of data (e.g., down-sampling)
- remove irrelevant information (e.g., surround channels of multi-channel signal)
- remove information that might impact analysis (e.g., DC offset)
- remove redundant information
- make the signal invariant to irrelevant information
- increase robustness (e.g., normalization)

Every pre-processing which improves the algorithm's accuracy or its robustness, or minimizes its complexity or computational workload is beneficial

⇒ improve accuracy/robustness and reduce complexity/workload

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audio pre-processing introduction



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audio pre-processing down-mixing

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down-mixing

$$x(i) = \frac{1}{\mathcal{C}} \sum_{c=0}^{\mathcal{C}-1} x_c(i)$$

• variants: different channel weights, $\pi/2$ phase shift in one channel, ...

dc removal

$$x(i) = x_{\mathrm{DC}}(i) - \frac{1}{\mathcal{I}} \sum_{i=0}^{\mathcal{I}-1} x_{\mathrm{DC}}(i)$$

■ variants: high pass, IIR

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normalization

$$x(i) = \frac{x_s(i)}{\max_{\forall i} (|x_s(i)|)}$$

- variants: RMS, LUFS normalization
- real-time?

filtering

- low pass: remove noise, high frequencies
- high pass: remove rumble

sample rate conversion

- ensure all input files have identical sample rate
- bandwidth reduction

quality enhancement

- denoising
- bandwidth reduction

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pre-processing goals

- remove irrelevant data
- clean relevant data
- reduce amount of data

pre-processing examples

- down-mixing
- dc removal
- normalization
- sample rate conversion

