Introduction to Audio Content Analysis

Module 7.3.5: Fundamental Frequency Detection — Evaluation

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corresponding textbook section

Section 7.3.5

■ lecture content

- evaluation of pitch tracking systems
- · challenges in annotation
- metrics

learning objectives

successfully plan a systematic evaluation procedure for a pitch detection system



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goal: compare predicted pitch and ground truth pitch

- various 'pitch tracking' tasks
 - pitch of individual notes
 - pitch of monophonic melody
 - pitch of **pre-dominant melody** in polyphonic mixture
 - pitches in multi-timbral polyphonic mixture

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- pitch discretization
 - (MIDI/score) pitch of individual notes
 - F0
- time discretization
 - start and stop time of note
 - equidistant time stamps

how to annotate F0



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- metrics measure a **match** between ground truth and predicted pitch (⇒ tolerance)
- Raw Pitch Accuracy:

$$RPA = \frac{\sum\limits_{\forall n} TP_n}{\mathcal{N}}$$

$$P_n = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } |\mathfrak{p}_{GT}(n) - \hat{\mathfrak{p}}(n)| \ge 0.5\\ 1, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$(1)$$

■ Raw Chroma Accuracy:

$$RCA = \frac{\sum_{\forall n} TP_{\text{chroma},n}}{\mathcal{N}}$$

$$\text{chroma}_{,n} = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if mod } (|\mathfrak{p}_{\text{GT}}(n) - \hat{\mathfrak{p}}(n)|, 12) \ge 0.5 \\ 1 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

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potential data problems

- pitch and time quantization
- reliability of ground truth
- time resolution mismatch of ground truth and system

metrics

- score pitch match (chroma match)
- measures of deviation

■ factor impacting metrics

voicing detection

