

Introduction to Audio Content Analysis

module 9.1: introduction to tempo & rhythm terminology

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introduction overview



corresponding textbook section

sections 9.1 & 9.2

lecture content

- terminology for rhythm detection
- perceptually motivated rhythm accuracy

learning objectives

- describe the terms onset, tempo, meter, bar, and rhythm
- give two examples of typical onset times for musical instruments



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temporal events introduction



■ categorization of temporal parameters:

- score parameters: structure, time signature, rhythm, ...
- performance parameters: tempo, timing, . . .

perception of temporal parameters:

- audio signal/stream is segmented into distinct events ⇒ onsets (segment start)
- humans structure and group these events due to position, salience, ...

temporal events introduction



■ categorization of temporal parameters:

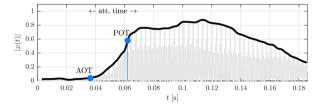
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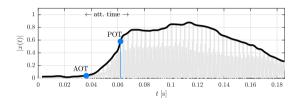
- onset is start of a musical event.
- properties:
 - position
 - strength, salience
 - length?



human perception of temporal events initial transients



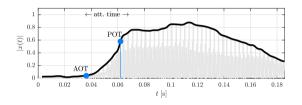
- percussive instruments:
 - 3-20 ms
- woodwind instruments:
 - up to 300 ms
- typical range for majority of instruments:
 - 15-50 ms



human perception of temporal events initial transients



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human perception of temporal events



- detection & discrimination of 2 subsequent onsets
 - detection $\Delta t > 2 \, \mathrm{ms}$, discrimination $\Delta t > 20 \, \mathrm{ms}^1$
- prediction of looped monophonic instrument onsets
 - IOI 600 ms: $\sigma = 12 \, \text{ms}$
 - IOI < 240 ms: $\sigma = 10 \, \mathrm{ms}$
- manual onset time annotation
 - piano: mean abs. error: 4.3 ms, max: 35 ms
 - various: mean abs. error: 10 ms, max: 30 ms
- ensemble performance
 - string & woodwind: deviations up to 30-50 ms
 - piano: $\sigma = 14 38 \, \text{ms}$

¹I. J. Hirsh, "Auditory Perception of Temporal Order," *JASA*, vol. 31, no. 6, p. 759, 1959.

human perception of temporal events human detection accuracy



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¹J. W. Gordon, "Perception of Attack Transients in Musical Tones," Dissertation, Stanford University, Center for Computer Research in Music and Acoustics (CCRMA), Stanford, 1984.

²A. Friberg and J. Sundberg, "Perception of just noticeable time displacement of a tone presented in a Metrical Sequence at Different Tempos," STL-QPSR, vol. 33, no. 4, pp. 97–108, 1992.

human perception of temporal events human detection accuracy



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¹B. H. Repp, "Diversity and commonality in music performance: An analysis of timing microstructure in Schumann's 'Träumerei'," *JASA*, vol. 92, no. 5, pp. 2546–2568, 1992.

²P. Leveau, L. Daudet, and G. Richard, "Methodology and Tools for the Evaluation of Automatic Onset Detection Algorithms in Music," in ISMIR, Barcelona, 2004.

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¹R. A. Rasch, "Synchronization in Performed Ensemble Music," *Acustica*, vol. 43, pp. 121–131, 1979.

²L. H. Shaffer, "Timing in Solo and Duet Piano Performances," *Quarterly Journal of Experimental Psychology*, vol. 36A, pp. 577–595, 1984.

human perception of temporal events offsets

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what about offsets/end of notes



human perception of temporal events offsets



what about offsets/end of notes

- perceptually not as important as an onset
 - offset are often ignored in rhythm perception
- systematic difficulties: when does a note end?
 - performer stops excitation
 - instrument stops oscillation
 - listener cannot recognize it anymore
- practical difficulties: hard to detect
 - low volume
 - reverberation
 - masking

- tempo: perceived equal duration pulses at a "natural" rate tactus
 - constant tempo

$$\mathfrak{T} = rac{\mathcal{B} \cdot 60 \, \mathrm{s}}{\Delta t_{\mathrm{s}}} \, \, \, \mathrm{[BPM]}$$

dynamic tempo

$$\mathfrak{T}_{\mathrm{local}}(j) = \frac{60 \,\mathrm{s}}{t_{\mathrm{b}}(j+1) - t_{\mathrm{b}}(j)} \,\,\, \mathrm{[BPM]}$$

- perceived overall tempo?
 - average, main, mode, . . .
- meter
 - group of strong and weak musical elements/beats
 - typically 3 to 7 beats (app. 5s)
- rhythm
 - group length 1–8 beats
 - defined by accents and time intervals

human perception of temporal events tempo, meter & rhythm

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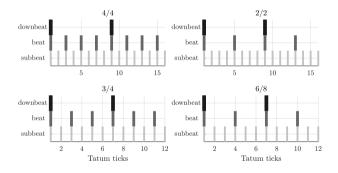
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rhythm

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temporal events hierarchical structure



musical notation of temporal events tempo, time signature, bar & note value

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■ tempo

- Largo, Adagio, Andante, Moderato, Allegro, Presto
- ritardando, accelerando, . . .
- modern scores: sometimes overall tempo in BPM

bar

- score equivalent of perceptual meter
- begin of bar is marked by a vertical line

■ time signature

- conveys length of bar
- note value





summary lecture content



- perceptual terms
 - onset, tempo, meter, rhythm
- musical terms
 - tempo, bar, time signature, note value, rhythm
- accuracy range of interest
 - 2-300 ms

