

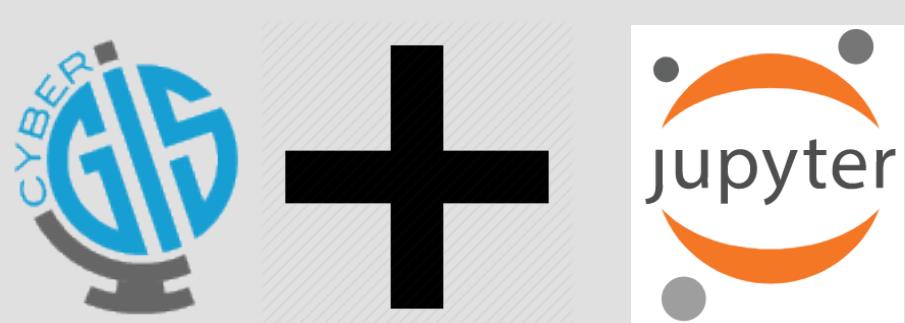
CyberGIS-Jupyter for Sustainable and Reproducible Geospatial Analytics

Anand Padmanabhan, Alexander Michels, Shaohua Wang, and Shaowen Wang

Goal: Implement a scalable platform that conduct sustainable and reproducible geospatial analytics.

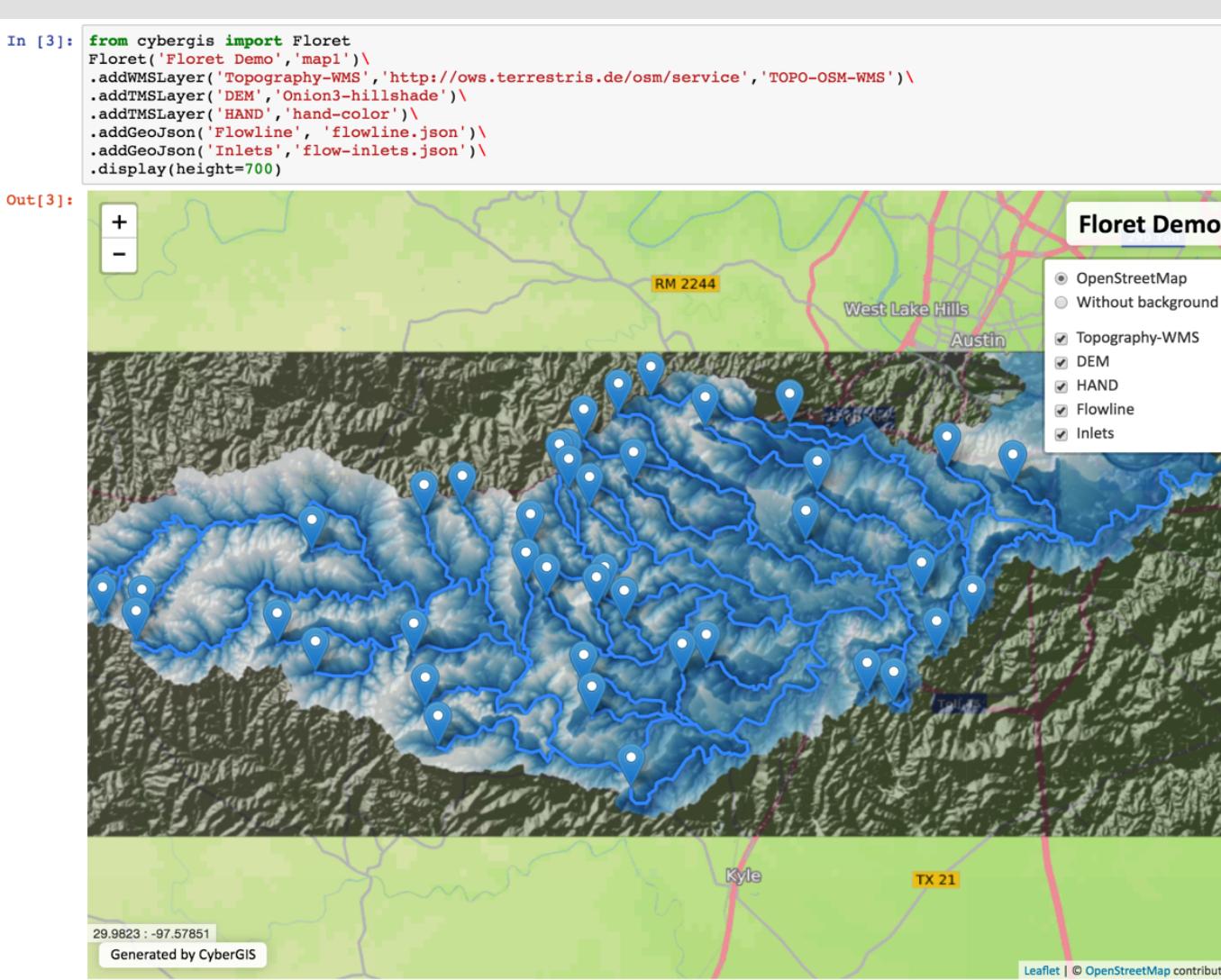
CyberGIS-Jupyter

CyberGIS-Jupyter is an innovative cyberGIS framework for achieving data-intensive, sustainable, reproducible, and scalable geospatial analytics using Jupyter Notebook.



Purposes

- Achieves data-intensive, reproducible, and scalable geospatial analytics using Jupyter Notebooks
 - Provides a holistic solution
 - Makes sharing codes and workflows easy
- Perform sustainable geospatial research
 - Cloud Native GIS (DockerSwarm/Kubernetes)
- Reduces the barrier to accessing advanced cyberinfrastructure and cyberGIS capabilities
 - Exploits JupyterHub, cloud and high performance computing resources



Use Floret to Visualize Geospatial Data

Geovisualization

- Interactive map generation inside notebooks
- Support multiple formats of geospatial data
- Layer management, transparency and styles

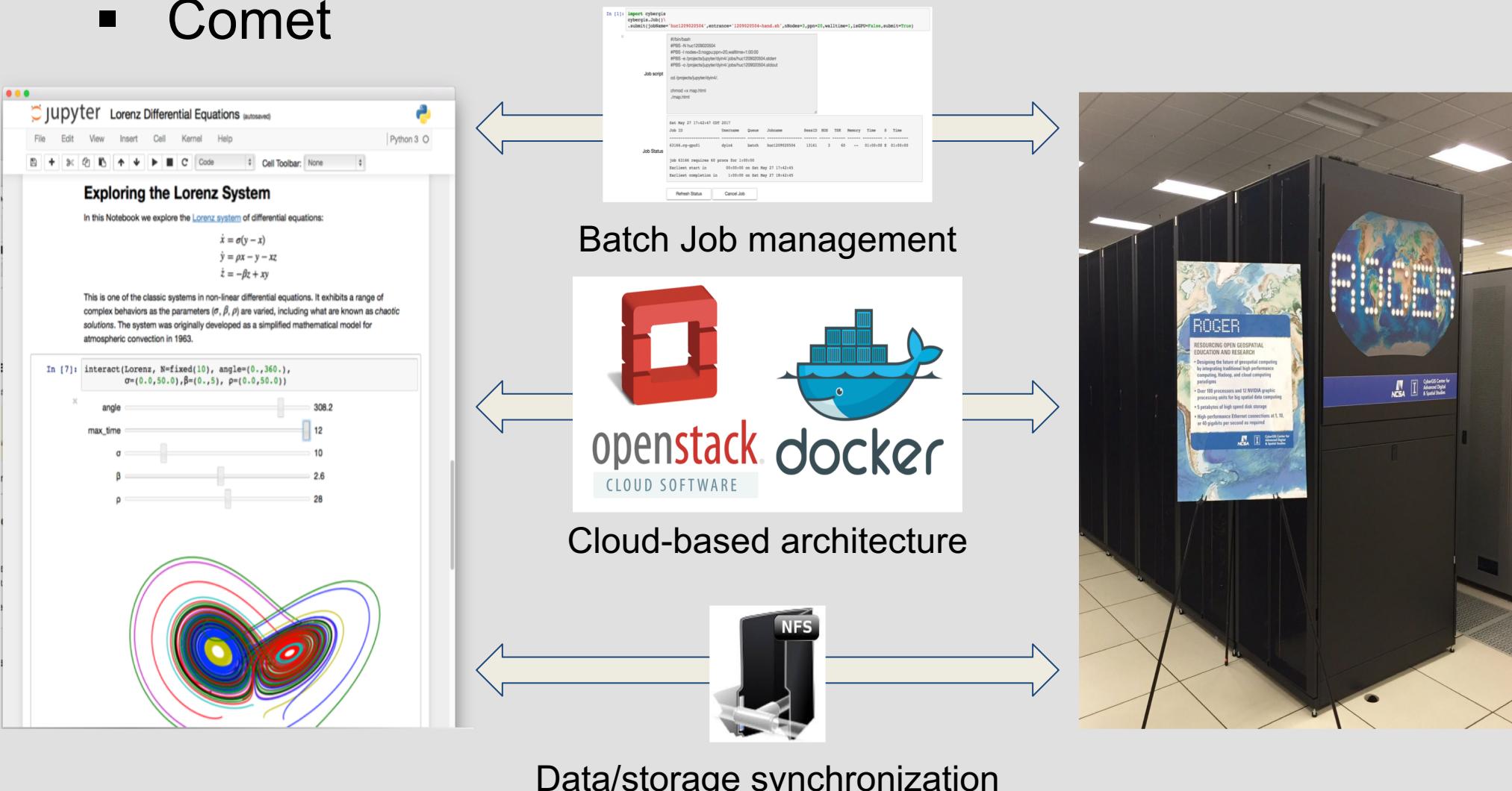
Capabilities

- Provides notebook servers with cyberGIS libraries and many geospatial software packages installed
 - Built-in cyberGIS capabilities to accelerate gateway application development
 - E.g., HAND Application
 - Geospatial data, analytics, algorithms, and workflow runtime environments are encapsulated into application packages
- Deployment can be elastically scaled to accommodate the computational needs of cyberGIS users
 - Straightforward management and maintenance of computational infrastructure
 - Seamless scaling between Virtual ROGER and XSEDE JetStream

Architecture and Implementation

HPC and Cloud Resources

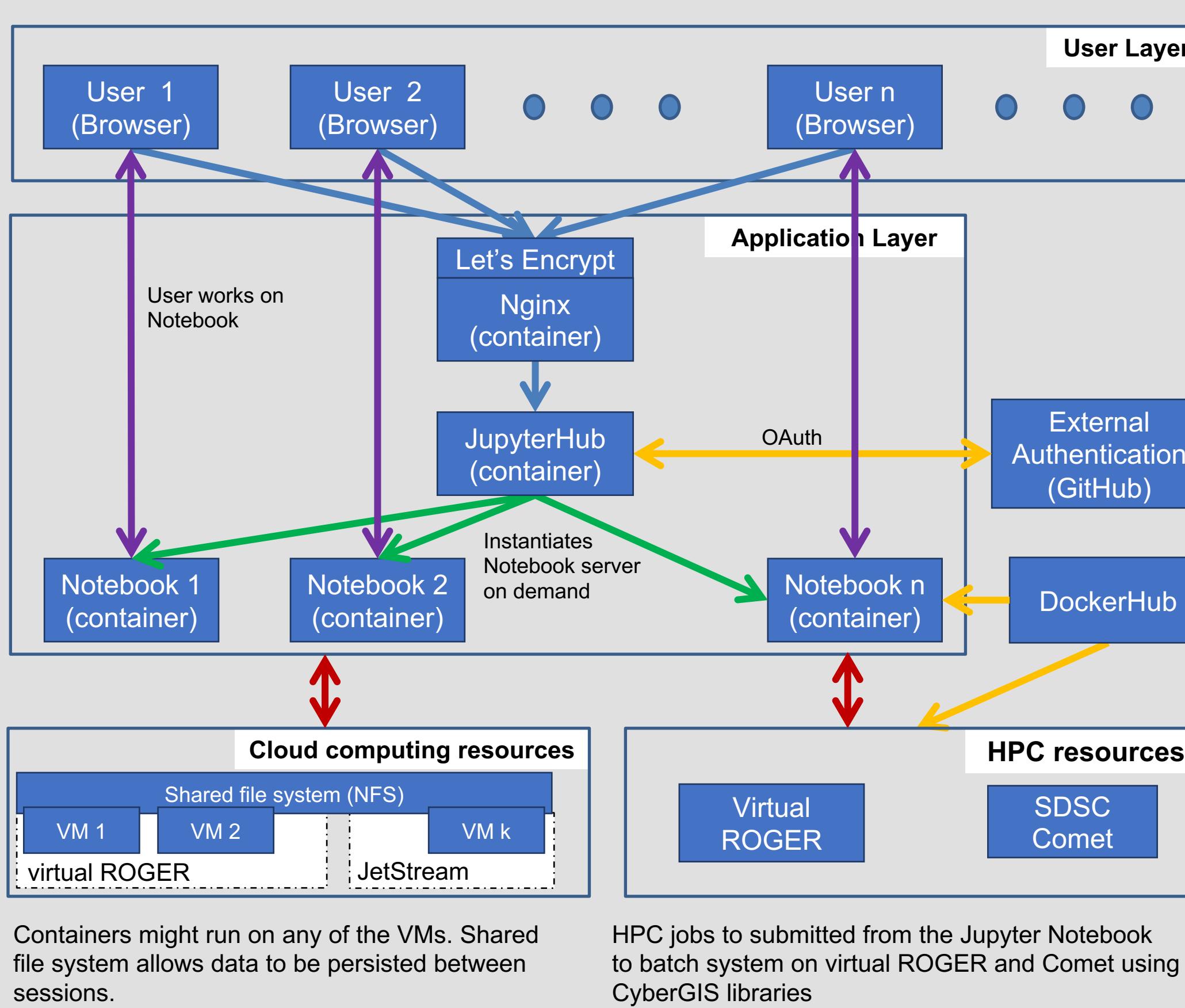
- Virtual ROGER
 - HPC
 - VMware Cloud
- XSEDE
 - Jetstream
 - Comet



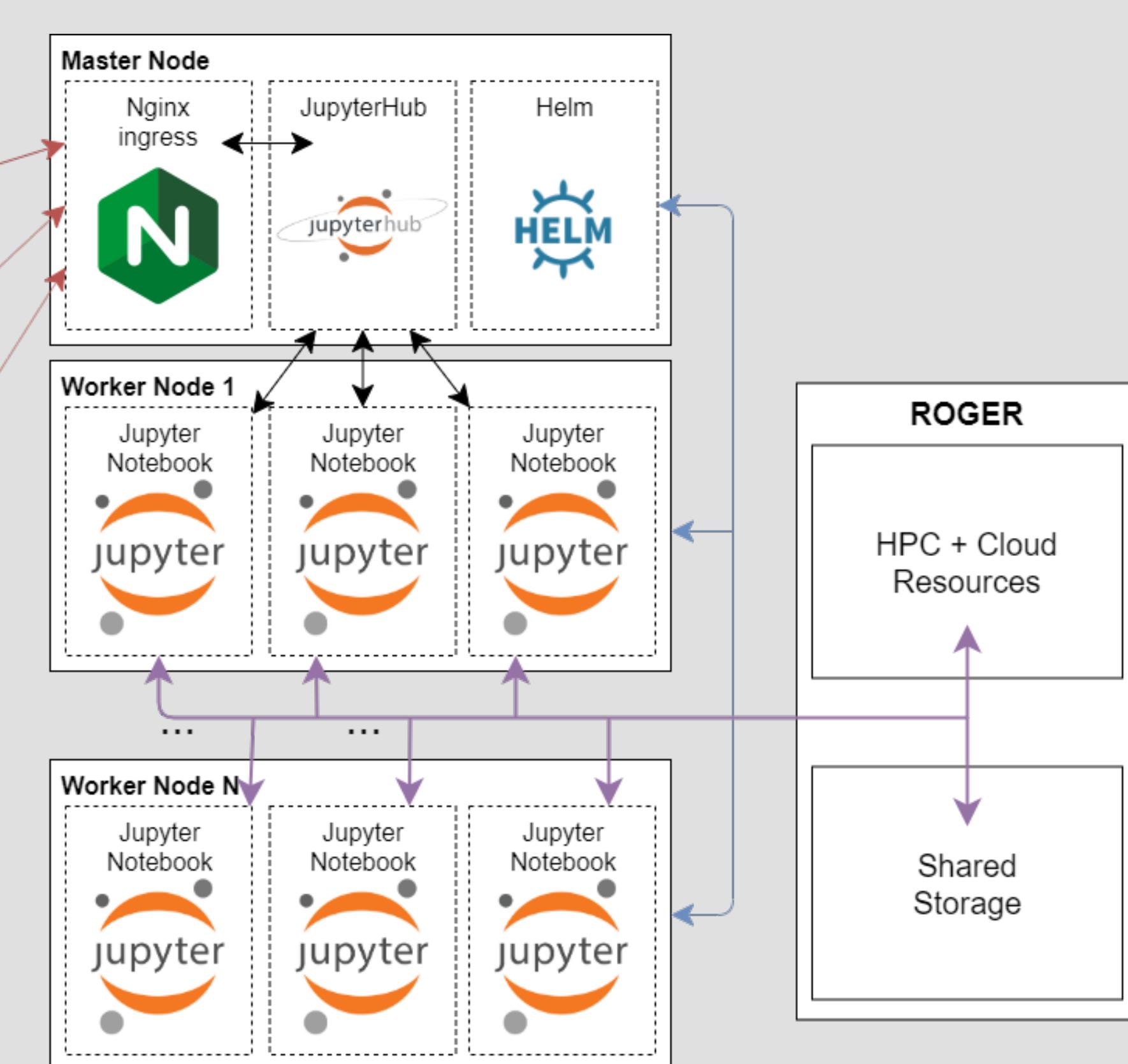
CyberGIS-Jupyter Technologies

Architecture layers

- User layer
- Application layer
- Cloud resources
- HPC resources



Architecture of Docker Swarm CyberGIS-Jupyter Deployment



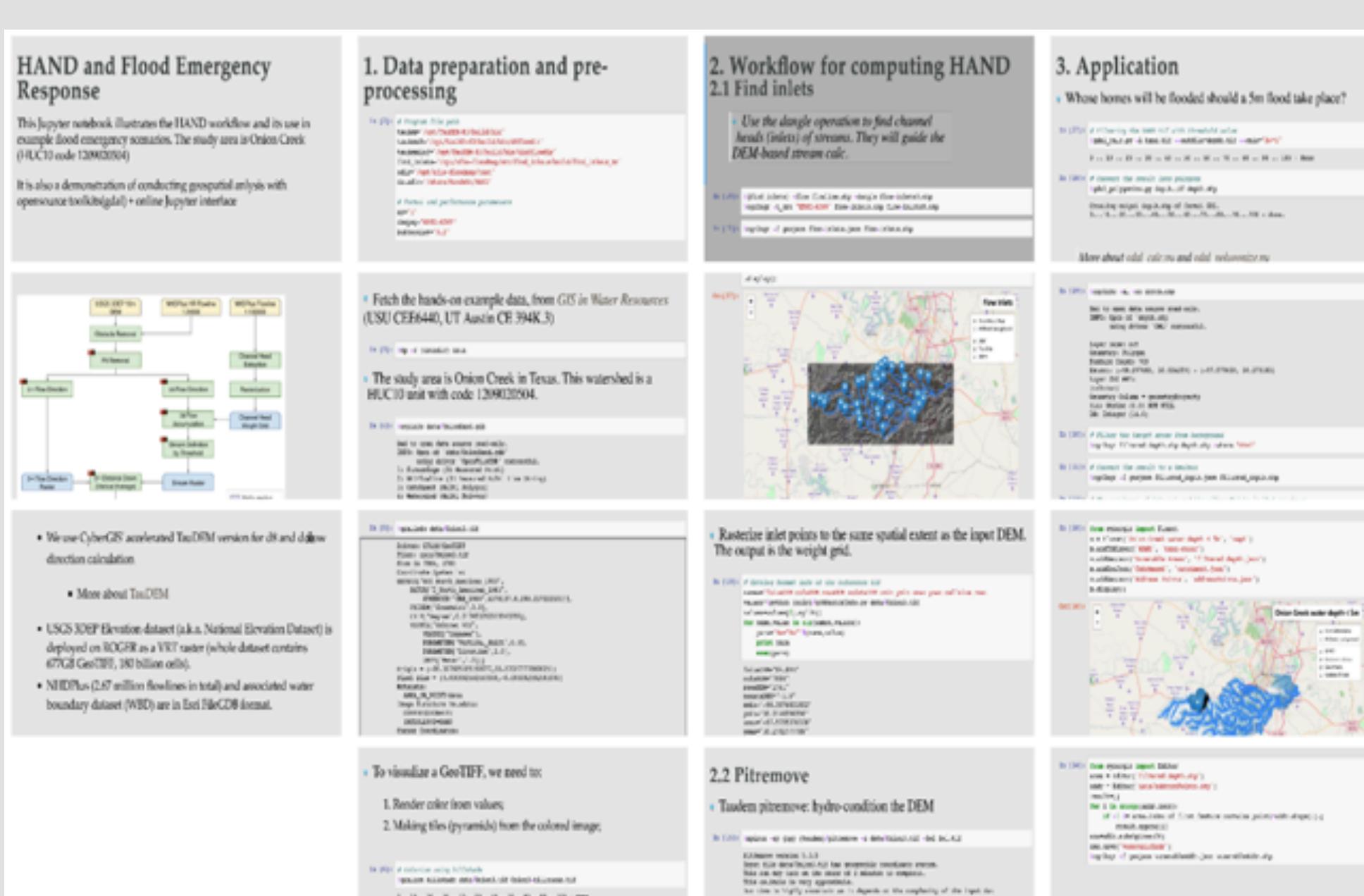
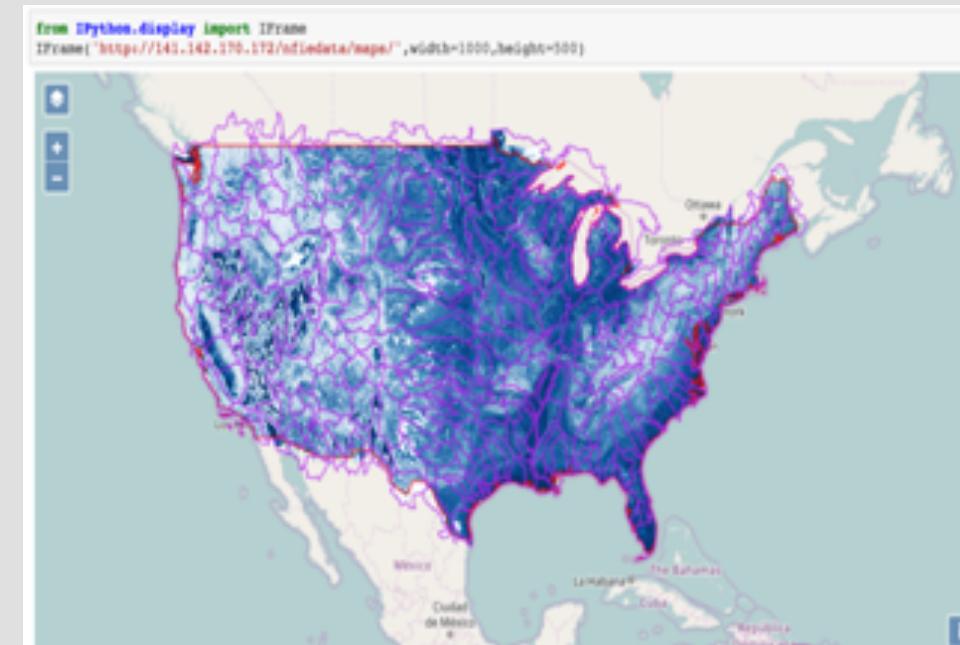
Architecture of Kubernetes CyberGIS-Jupyter Deployment

Case Studies and Results

Map Flood Inundation at Continental Scale

Calculate Height Above Nearest Drainage (HAND) at 10m for continental US

- Flood analysis map derived from 10m USGS 3DEP national elevation dataset (180 billion cells) and National Hydrography Dataset (2.67 million stream reaches, raw data size: 5.2TB)



HAND Notebook in CyberGIS-Jupyter

Goals

- Collaborative methodology development
- Scalable data analytics
- Deliver methodology and data products to different user communities
 - Collaborators
 - Researchers
 - Decision makers
 - Students

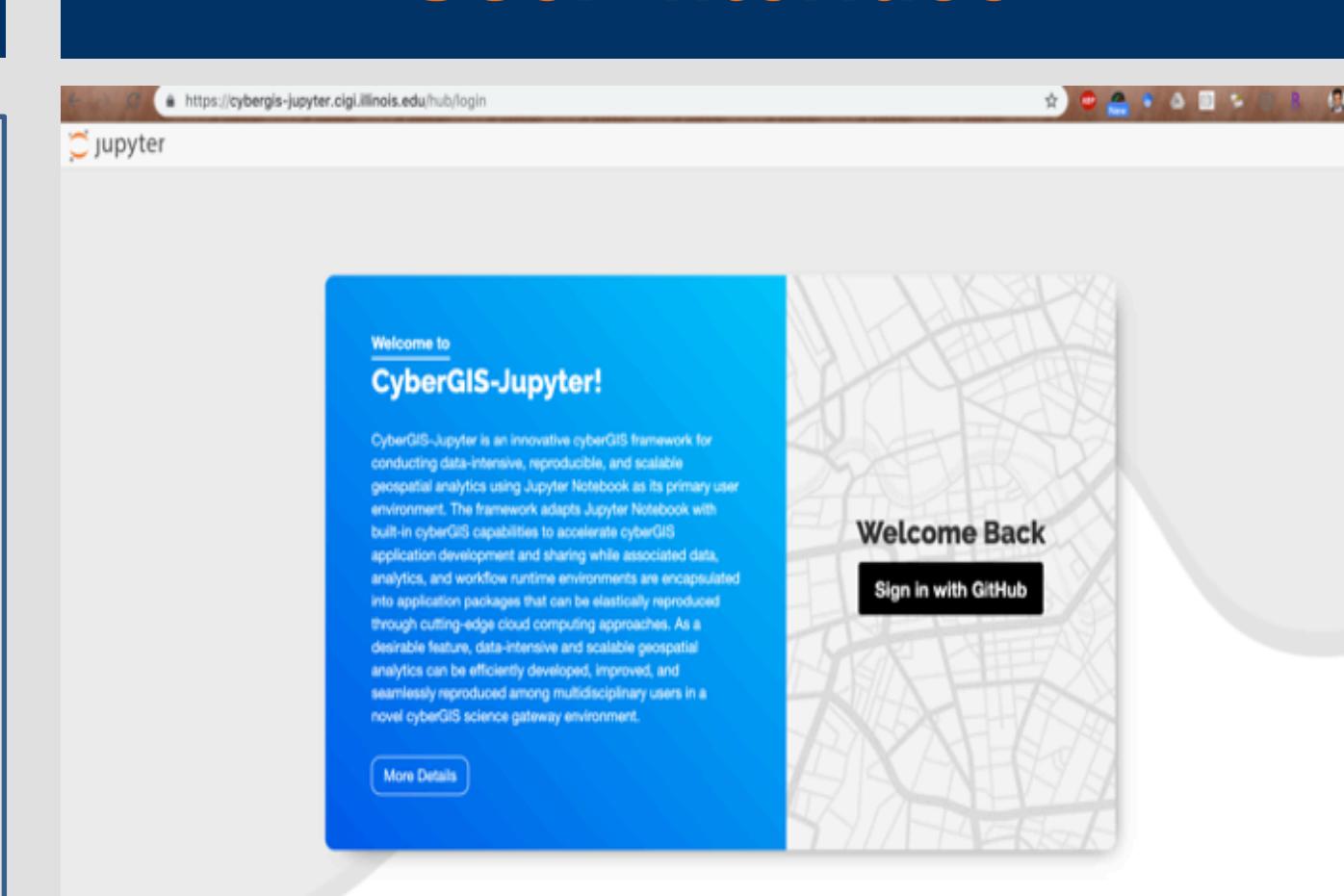
AAG-UCGIS Summer School

- Week-long summer school on Reproducible Problem Solving with CyberGIS and Geospatial Data Science
- Held between July 8 and 13, 2019 at CyberGIS Center at UIUC
- Over 35 students and 10 mentors engaged for intensive problem solving using CyberGIS-Jupyter
- Over 50 Jupyter notebooks were simultaneous running as docker container using a distributed computing infrastructure



Summer School students presenting their work using CyberGIS-Jupyter

User Interface



CyberGIS-Jupyter Login Page

Concluding Discussion

- Ability to bridge a local cyberinfrastructure with XSEDE
- CyberGIS-Jupyter demonstrated ability to support reproducible problem solving at scale
- Provides a valuable educational environment
- Kubernetes-based deployment has been developed and is being tested to support automatic scaling