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INDUCING INTERPRETABLE WORD
SENSES FOR WSD AND ENRICHMENT OF
LEXICAL RESOURCES



### Overview

### Inducing word sense representations:

- word sense embeddings via retrofitting [Pelevina et al., 2016, Remus and Biemann, 2018];
- sparse sense representations [Panchenko et al., 2017c];
- semantic classes [Panchenko et al., 2018]



### Overview

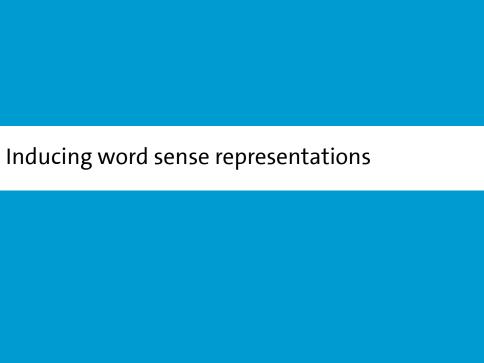
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- Making the induced senses interpretable
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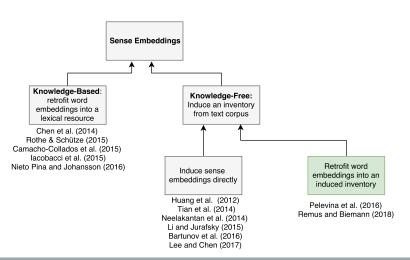
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- Linking induced word senses to lexical resources [Faralli et al., 2016, Panchenko et al., 2017a, Biemann et al., 2018]



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### Related work



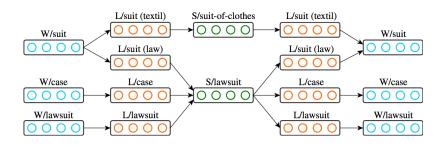
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### Related work:

### Knowledge-Based Sense Embeddings

AutoExtend [Rothe and Schütze, 2015]



<sup>\*</sup> image is reproduced from the original paper



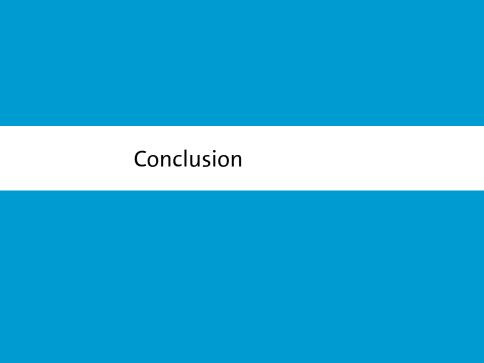
### Related work:

## Knowledge-Free Sense Embeddings

- Adagram [Bartunov et al., 2016]
- Multiple vector representations  $\theta$  for each word:

$$p(Y, Z, \beta | X, \alpha, \theta) = \prod_{w=1}^{V} \prod_{k=1}^{\infty} p(\beta_{wk} | \alpha) \prod_{i=1}^{N} [p(z_i | x_i, \beta) \prod_{j=1}^{C} p(y_{ij} | z_i, x_i, \theta)],$$

- $\alpha$  a meta-parameter controlling number of senses;
- $z_i$  a hidden variable: a sense index in context;
- $p(\beta_{wk}|\alpha)$  a priory probability of the k-th sense of the word w;
- $p(z_i|x_i, \beta)$  probability of observing word  $x_i$  in the sense  $z_i$ ;
- $\blacksquare \prod_{i=1}^{C} p(y_{ii}|z_i,x_i,\theta)$  probability of a context C.







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- How to **induce word senses** and **semantic classes** from text and synonyms.
- **Interpretability can be added** on the top of induced word senses in a model agnostic way.
- Hypernymy labels improve hypernymy extraction.
- Linking induced word senses to lexical resources:
  - improves **performance of WSD**;
  - can be used to **enrich lexical resources** with new senses.





### A New Shared Task on WSI&D

Participate in an ACL SIGSLAV sponsored shared task on word sense induction and disambiguation for Russian!

### A lexical sample task evaluated using the ARI measure

- Target word, e.g. "bank" (in Russian).
- Contexts where the word occurs.
- You need to group the contexts by senses.





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- More details: http://russe.nlpub.org/2018/wsi
- You can participate by 31.01.2018.

# Thank you!



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In Proceedings of the 53rd Annual Meeting of the Association for Computational Linguistics and the 7th International Joint Conference on Natural Language Processing (Volume 1: Long Papers), pages 1793–1803, Beijing, China. Association for Computational Linguistics.