## CSU44004 Formal Verification: Natural Deduction Solutions

By: Alexander Sepelenco

#### Note

This document will contain 8 years of natural deduction solutions ranging from 2021 to 2015.

### 2021 Q2

I will create a helper proof for this problem to make it easier for myself. Use this proof as a reference as I will not repeat this proof in the solutions.

I will call this rule  $\neg \rightarrow$  e Prove:  $\neg(p \rightarrow q) \vdash p \land \neg q$ 

1.	$\neg(p \to q)$	premise
2.	$\neg (p \land \neg q)$	assumption
3.	p	assumption
4.	$      \neg q$	assumption
5.	$  \   \   \ p \land \neg q$	$\wedge i, 3, 4$
6.		$\neg e, 5, 2$
7.	$\neg \neg q$	¬i, 4–6
8.	q	¬¬e, 6
9.	p  o q	$\rightarrow$ i, 3–7
10.		¬e, 9, 1
11.	$\neg\neg(p \land \neg q)$	$\neg i, 2-10$
12.	$p \wedge \neg q$	¬¬e, 12

- (a) Prove:  $\neg q, t \to q, \neg r \to \neg s, p \to u, \neg t \to \neg r, u \to s \vdash p \to x$ 
  - 1.  $\neg q$ premise
  - 2. premise  $t \to q$
  - 3.  $\neg r \to \neg s$ premise
  - 4.  $p \rightarrow u$ premise
  - 5.  $\neg t \to \neg r$ premise
  - 6.  $u \to s$ premise
  - $\neg(p \to x)$ 7. assumption
  - $\neg \to e,\, 7$ 8.  $p \wedge \neg x$
  - MT, 1, 29.  $\neg t$
  - 10.  $\neg r$  $\rightarrow$  e, 9, 5
  - 11.  $\neg s$  $\rightarrow e,\,10,\,3$
  - 12. MT, 11, 6 $\neg u$
  - 13. MT, 12, 4 $\neg p$
  - 14.  $\wedge e_1, 8$ p
  - 15.  $\neg e, 14, 13$

¬i, 7–15

 $\neg\neg(p \to x)$ 17. ¬¬e, 16  $p \to x$ 

16.

(a) This solution is ever so slightly different to 2021 Q2 (a), so I will do it slightly differently for practice. Prove:  $t \to q, \neg \to \neg s, p \to u, \neg t \to \neg r, u \to s \vdash p \to q$ 

1.	$t \to q$	premise
2.	$\neg r \to \neg s$	premise
3.	$p \to u$	premise
4.	$\neg t \to \neg r$	premise
5.	$u \to s$	premise
6.	$\neg(p \to q)$	assumption
7.	$p \wedge \neg q$	$\neg \rightarrow e, 6$
8.	$\neg q$	$\wedge e_2, 7$
9.	p	$\wedge e_1, 7$
10.	$\neg t$	MT, 8, 1
11.	$\neg r$	$\rightarrow$ e, 10, 4
12.	$\neg s$	$\rightarrow$ e, 11, 2
13.	$\neg u$	MT, 12, 5
14.	$\neg p$	MT, 13, 3
15.	上	¬e, 14, 9
16.	$\neg\neg(p\to q)$	¬i, 6–16
17.	p  o q	¬¬e, 16

## 2019 Q3

(a) (i) Prove:  $\neg p \rightarrow r \vdash \neg r \rightarrow p$ 

1.	$\neg p \to r$	premise
2.	$\neg(\neg r \to p)$	assumption
3.	$\neg r \wedge \neg p$	$\neg \to e,  2$
4.	$\neg p$	$\wedge e_2, 3$
5.	r	$\rightarrow$ e, 4, 1
6.	$\neg r$	$\wedge e_1, 3$
7.	$\perp$	$\neg e, 5, 6$

(a) (ii) Prove:  $\neg(p \to r) \to \neg q \vdash q \to p \to r$ 

1. 
$$\neg (p \rightarrow r) \rightarrow \neg q$$
 premise  
2.  $\neg (q \rightarrow p \rightarrow r)$  assumption  
3.  $q \land \neg (p \rightarrow r)$   $\neg \rightarrow$  e, 2  
4.  $\neg (p \rightarrow r)$   $\land$  e<sub>2</sub>, 3  
5.  $\neg q$   $\rightarrow$  e, 4, 1  
6.  $q$   $\land$  e<sub>1</sub>, 3  
7.  $\bot$   $\neg$  e, 6, 5  
8.  $\neg \neg (q \rightarrow p \rightarrow r)$   $\neg$  i, 2–7  
9.  $q \rightarrow p \rightarrow r$   $\neg \neg$  e, 8

(c) (i) Prove:  $p \land q \rightarrow \neg r \vdash r \rightarrow p \rightarrow \neg q$ 

1.
 
$$p \land q \to \neg r$$
 premise

 2.
  $\neg (r \to p \to \neg q)$ 
 assumption

 3.
  $r \land \neg (p \to \neg q)$ 
 $\neg \to e, 2$ 

 4.
  $r$ 
 $\land e_1, 3$ 

 5.
  $\neg (p \to \neg q)$ 
 $\land e_2, 3$ 

 6.
  $p \land \neg \neg q$ 
 $\neg \to e, 5$ 

 7.
  $p$ 
 $\land e_1, 6$ 

 8.
  $\neg \neg q$ 
 $\land e_2, 6$ 

 9.
  $q$ 
 $\neg \neg e, 8$ 

 10.
  $p \land q$ 
 $\land i, 7, 8$ 

 11.
  $\neg r$ 
 $\rightarrow e, 10, 1$ 

 12.
  $\bot$ 
 $\neg e, 4, 11$ 

 13.
  $\neg \neg (r \to p \to \neg q)$ 
 $\neg i, 2-12$ 

 14.
  $r \to p \to \neg q$ 
 $\neg \neg e, 13$ 

(c) (ii) Sorry, this question is our assignment. I cannot give the answer to this one.

## 2018 Q1

(c) (i) Prove:  $\vdash \neg((p \rightarrow \neg p) \land (\neg p \rightarrow p))$ 

1.	$\neg(\neg((p \to \neg p) \land (\neg p \to p)))$	assumption
2.	$(p \to \neg p) \land (\neg p \to p)$	assumption
3.	p  o  eg p	$\wedge e_1, 2$
4.	$\neg p \rightarrow p$	$\wedge e_2, 2$
5.	p	assumption
6.	$  \   \   \ \neg p$	$\rightarrow$ e, 5, 3
7.	L	¬e, 5, 6
8.	$  \   \ \neg p$	¬i, 5–7
9.	p	$\rightarrow$ e, 8, 4
10.		¬e, 9, 8
11.	$\neg((p \to \neg p) \land (\neg p \to p))$	¬i, 2–11
12.	Т	¬e, 11, 1
13.	$\neg\neg(\neg((p\to\neg p)\wedge(\neg p\to p)))$	$\neg i, 1-12$
14.	$\neg((p \to \neg p) \land (\neg p \to p))$	$\neg \neg e, 13$

(c) (ii) Prove: 
$$p \to (q \lor r) \vdash (p \to q) \lor (p \to r)$$

1.	$p \to (q \lor r)$	assumption
2.	$\neg((p \to q) \lor (p \to r))$	assumption
3.	$p \rightarrow q$	assumption
4.	$     (p \to q) \lor (p \to r) $	assumption
5.		¬e, 4, 5
6.	$\neg(p \to q)$	¬i, 3–5
7.	$p \wedge \neg q$	$\neg \rightarrow e, 6$
8.	p	$\wedge e_1, 7$
9.	$(q \lor r)$	$\rightarrow$ e, 8, 1
10.	$\neg q$	$\wedge e_2, 7$
11.	$p \rightarrow r$	assumption
12.	$(p \to q) \lor (p \to r)$	$\forall i_2, 11$
13.		¬e, 12, 2
14.	$\neg(p \to r)$	¬i, 11-13
15.	$p \wedge \neg r$	$\neg \rightarrow e, 14$
16.	eg r	$\wedge e_2, 15$
17.	q	assumption
18.		copy 10
19.		¬e, 17, 18
20.	r	assumption
21.	$ \hspace{.05cm} \hspace{.05cm}\neg r$	copy 16
22.		¬e, 16
23.		∨e, 9, 17–9, 20-22
24.	$\neg\neg((p\to q)\lor(p\to r))$	¬i, 2–23
25.	$(p \to q) \lor (p \to r)$	¬¬e, 24

# (c) (i) Prove: $p \to r \vdash \neg p \lor r$

1.	$p \rightarrow r$	premise
2.	$\neg(\neg p \lor r)$	assumption
3.	p	assumption
4.	r	$\rightarrow$ e, 3, 1
5.	$    \neg p \lor r$	$\forall i_2, 4$
6.	<u> </u>	$\neg e, 5, 2$
7.	$\neg p$	¬i, 3–6
8.	$\neg p \lor r$	$\vee i_1, 7$
9.		¬e, 8, 2
10.	$\neg\neg(\neg p\vee r)$	$\neg i, 2-9$
11.	$\neg p \vee r$	$\neg \neg e, 10$

(c) (ii) Prove: 
$$(\neg p \to r), (r \to p), (p \to s) \vdash p \land s$$

1.	$\neg p \to r$	premise
2.	$r \to p$	premise
3.	$p \to s$	premise
4.	$\neg(p \land s)$	assumption
5.	p	assumption
6.	s	$\rightarrow$ e, 5, 3
7.	$p \wedge s$	∧i, 5, 6
8.		¬e, 7, 4
9.	$\neg p$	¬i, 5–8
10.	r	$\rightarrow$ e, 9, 1
11.	p	$\rightarrow$ e, 10, 2
12.	上	¬e, 11, 9
13.	$\neg\neg(p\wedge s)$	¬i, 4–12
14.	$p \wedge s$	¬¬e, 13

I will prove Morgan's Theorem using natural deduction to use as a helper rule for the problem (ii). I will call this rule  $DM_2$ 

Prove:  $\neg (p \lor q) \vdash \neg p \land \neg q$ 

1.	$\neg(p \lor q)$	premise
2.	$\neg(\neg p \land \neg q)$	assumption
3.	p	assumption
4.	$p \lor q$	$\forall i_1, 3$
5.		¬e, 4, 1
6.	$\neg p$	¬i, 3–5
7.	q	assumption
8.	$p \lor q$	$\forall i_2, 7$
9.		¬e, 8, 1
10.	$\neg q$	¬i, 7–9
11.	$\neg p \land \neg q$	$\wedge i, 6, 10$
12.		$\neg e, 11, 2$
13.	$\neg\neg(\neg p \land \neg q)$	$\neg i, \ 212$
14.	$\neg p \wedge \neg q$	$\neg \neg e, 13$

(d) (i) Prove:  $p \lor (q \land r) \vdash (p \lor q) \land (p \lor r)$ 

,	/ (- /		
1.	$p\vee (q\wedge r)$	premise	
2.	$\neg((p \lor q) \land (p \lor r))$	assumption	
3.	$p \lor q$	assumption	
4.	$      p \lor r$	assumption	
5.	$   \   \   \ (p \lor q) \land (p \lor r) $	$\wedge i, 3, 4$	
6.		¬e, 5, 2	
7.	$   \neg (p \lor r)$	¬i, 4–6	
8.	$   \neg p \wedge \neg r$	$DM_2, 7$	
9.	$  \   \ \neg p$	$\wedge e_1, 8$	
10.	$  \;   \; \neg r$	$\wedge e_2, 8$	
11.		assumption	
12.	$  \   \   \ \neg p$	copy 9	
13.		¬e, 11, 12	
14.	$(q \lor r)$	assumption	
15.	$ \cdot $ $r$	$\wedge e_2, 14$	
16.		¬e, 15, 10	
17.		Ve, 1, 11–13, 14–16	
18.	$\neg (p \lor q)$	¬i, 2–17	
19.	$\neg p \land \neg q$	$DM_2, 18$	
20.	$\neg p$	$\wedge e_1, 19$	
21.	$\neg q$	$\wedge e_2, 19$	
22.	p	assumption	
23.	<u> </u>	$\neg e, 22, 20$	
24.	$(q \wedge r)$	assumption	
25.		$\wedge e_1, 24$	
26.	<u> </u>	¬e, 24, 21	
27.		$\vee e, 1, 22-23, 24-26$	
28.	$\neg\neg((p\vee q)\wedge(p\vee r))$	$\neg i, 2-27$	
29.	$(p\vee q)\wedge (p\vee r)$	¬¬e, 28	

(d) (ii) Prove:  $\phi \land \neg \psi \rightarrow \neg \phi \vdash \phi \rightarrow \psi$ 

1. 
$$\phi \land \neg \psi \rightarrow \neg \phi$$
 premise  
2.  $\neg (\phi \rightarrow \psi)$  assumption  
3.  $\phi \land \neg \psi$   $\neg \rightarrow e, 2$   
4.  $\neg \phi$   $\rightarrow e, 3, 1$   
5.  $\phi$   $\land e_1, 3$   
6.  $\bot$   $\neg e, 4, 5$   
7.  $\neg \neg (\phi \rightarrow \psi)$   $\neg i, 2-6$   
8.  $\phi \rightarrow \psi$   $\neg \neg e, 7$ 

(e) (i) Prove: 
$$(\phi_1 \rightarrow \psi_1), (\neg \psi_2 \rightarrow \neg \phi_2) \vdash (\phi_1 \land \phi_2) \rightarrow (\phi_1 \lor \phi_2)$$

1.	$(\phi_1 \to \psi_1)$	premise
2.	$(\neg \psi_2 \to \neg \phi_2)$	premise
3.	$\neg((\phi_1 \land \phi_2) \to (\psi_1 \lor \psi_2))$	assumption
4.	$\phi_1 \wedge \phi_2$	assumption
5.	$      \phi_1  $	$\wedge e_1, 4$
6.	$\mid \mid \; \psi_1 \mid$	$\rightarrow$ e, 5, 1
7.	$\psi_1 \lor \psi_2$	∨i, 6
8.	$(\phi_1 \wedge \phi_2) \to \psi_1 \vee \psi_2$	$\rightarrow$ i, 4–7
9.	上	¬e, 8, 3
10.	$\neg\neg((\phi_1 \land \phi_2) \to (\psi_1 \lor \psi_2))$	$\neg i, 3-9$
11.	$(\phi_1 \land \phi_2) \to (\psi_1 \lor \psi_2)$	$\neg \neg e, 10$

#### (e) (ii) Prove: $\phi \rightarrow \neg \psi \vdash \psi \rightarrow \neg \phi$

1. 
$$\phi \rightarrow \neg \phi$$
 premise  
2.  $\neg (\psi \rightarrow \neg \phi)$  assumption  
3.  $\psi \land \neg \neg \phi$   $\neg \rightarrow e, 2$   
4.  $\neg \neg \phi$   $\land e_2, 3$   
5.  $\phi$   $\neg \neg e, 4$   
6.  $\neg \phi$   $\rightarrow e, 5, 1$   
7.  $\bot$   $\neg e, 5, 6$   
8.  $\neg \neg (\psi \rightarrow \neg \psi)$   $\neg i, 2 \neg 7$   
9.  $\psi \rightarrow \neg \psi$   $\neg \neg e, 8$