```
(9)
[\hat{x}_{\perp}, \hat{p}^{2}] = [\hat{x}_{\perp}, \hat{p}_{n} \hat{p}_{n}] = \hat{p}_{n} [\hat{x}_{\perp}, \hat{p}_{n}] + [\hat{x}_{\perp}, \hat{p}_{n}] \hat{p}_{n} =
= \hat{p}_{n} i \hbar \delta_{\perp p} + i \hbar \delta_{\perp p} \cdot \hat{p}_{n} = 2i \hbar \hat{p}_{\perp}
[\hat{x}_{\perp}, \hat{p}^{2}] = 2 \hbar^{2} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{\perp}}
[\hat{u}(\vec{r}), \hat{p}_{\perp}] + (\vec{r}) = u(\vec{r}) (-i \hbar) \frac{\partial}{\partial r_{\perp}} + (\vec{r}) - (-i \hbar) \frac{\partial}{\partial r_{\perp}} (u(\vec{r}) \cdot + (\vec{r})) = -i \hbar u(\vec{r}) \frac{\partial}{\partial r_{\perp}} + i \hbar \frac{\partial u}{\partial r_{\perp}} + i \hbar \frac{\partial u
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[u(r), p2] + = p3[u(r), p3] + [u(r), p3] p3 + =
= pp it ( of u(r)) + it ( of u(r)) · po + = to + au(r) +
+ th2 ( Pp U(r)) · Pp 4 + t2 ( Pp U(r)) Pp 4 = (t2 LU(r) +
 + 2 h ( vu(r), v)) 4
  Unow: [U(+), p2] = +2 (&U(r) +2 (VU(r), V))
[\hat{x}_{\perp}, \hat{x}_{\rho}, \hat{p}_{\delta}] = \hat{x}_{\rho} [\hat{x}_{\perp}, \hat{p}_{\delta}] + [\hat{x}_{\perp}, \hat{x}_{\rho}] \hat{p}_{\delta} = i \, \hbar \, \delta_{\perp \kappa} \, \hat{x}_{\rho}
 [p, x, p] = x, [p, p, + [p, x, ]p, = itd, p, = tide
[\hat{x}_{1}\hat{p}_{3},\hat{x}_{4}\hat{p}_{3}] = \hat{x}_{4}[\hat{x}_{1}\hat{p}_{3},\hat{p}_{4}] + [\hat{x}_{1}\hat{p}_{3},\hat{x}_{4}]\hat{p}_{5} =
 = - X, to 82 0, - it 82 x2 (-it 0) = - to (82 x 7, + 8x X2 0)
 Bagara 6
                                   U(x)=- 28(x+a)-28(x-a)
                                 I: - 52 4" = E4 = - 1E14
   I I III
                                          4"= 2m |E|4 = 2e24 - 4= Ãex
Aug I 4 II no anavour. Touyum meg:
   \gamma(x) = \begin{cases} \widetilde{A} e^{2x}, & x < -\alpha \\ C, e^{2x}, C, e^{2x}, & |x| < \alpha \\ \widetilde{B} e^{2x}, & x > \alpha \end{cases}
 В сину сининехричности поченциана (И(х)-И(-х)
```

cuegger
$$[\hat{H}, \hat{I}] = 0$$
 is months bridge codests of your $Y_{\pm}: Y_{\pm}(x) - codests$ of your gus \hat{H} is \hat{I} (r.e. risk in hereeth)

$$Y_{\pm}: Y_{\pm}(x) = \frac{Y(x) \pm Y(-x)}{2}$$

$$Y_{\pm}(x) = \frac{Y(x) \pm Y(-x)}{2}$$

$$Y_{\pm}(x) = \begin{cases} \hat{B} e^{x} \\ C_1 e^{x} + C_2 e^{x} \end{cases}, x = 0$$

Orange nongruen:

$$Y_{\pm}(x) = \begin{cases} A e^{x} \\ A e^{x} \end{cases}, x = 0$$

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$$Y_{\pm}(x) = \begin{cases} A e^{x} \\ A e^{x} \end{cases}$$

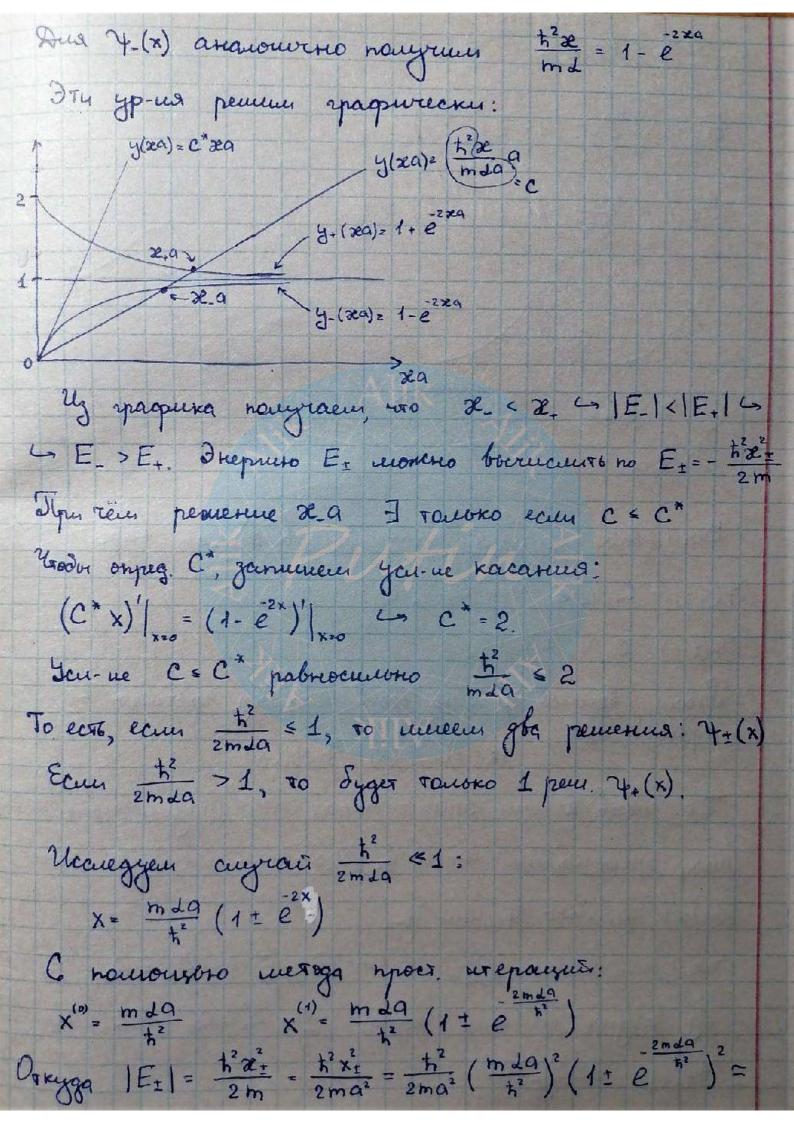
Floryrum gus 7+(x):

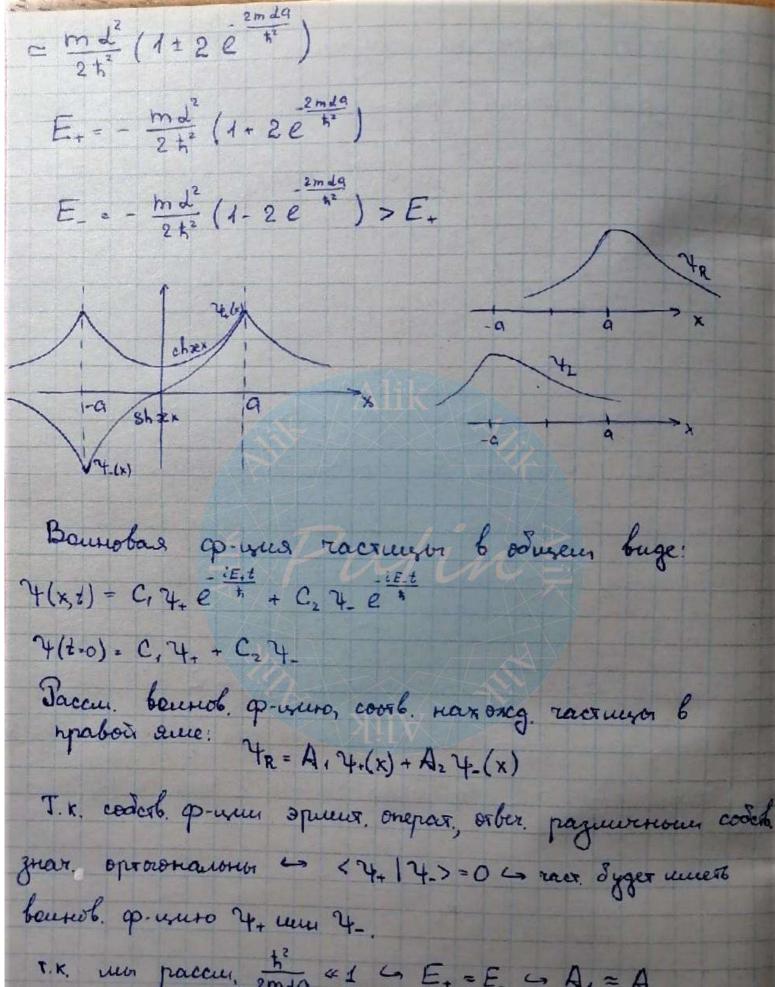
$$\begin{cases}
A = Bch x \\
-xA - xBsh xq = -\frac{2mdA}{t^2}
\end{cases}$$

$$A\left(\frac{2md}{k^{2}xe}-1\right) = B sh xea \longrightarrow th xea = \frac{2md}{k^{2}xe}-1$$

$$\frac{2md}{k^{2}xe} = 1 + th xea = 1 + \frac{e - e}{e^{xea}} = \frac{2}{e^{xea}} + \frac{2e}{e^{xea}}$$

$$\frac{k^{2}xe}{md} = 1 + e$$





T.K. we paccus, $\frac{h^2}{2mda}$ # 1 $\subseteq E_+ = E_- \subseteq A_1 = A_2$ Uz gangur curvence korgo: $1 = A_1^2 + A_2^2 \subseteq A_1 = A_2 = \frac{1}{12}$ $V_R(x) = \frac{V_+(x) + V_-(x)}{\sqrt{2}}$

Hermonwitto gues $4_{L}(x)$: $4_{L}(x) = \frac{4_{L}-4_{L}}{\sqrt{2}}$ To yenobuto: $4(t=0) = 4_{L}(x) = C_{1} + C_{2} + C_{2} + C_{2} + C_{2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, C_{2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ $4(x,t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{4_{R}+4_{L}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) e^{\frac{iE_{L}t}{\hbar}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{4_{R}-4_{L}}{\sqrt{2}} \right) e^{\frac{iE_{L}t}{\hbar}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}} - e^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{2} \right) + 4_{L} \left(\frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}} - e^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{2} \right)$ Thoughout beposite maximum 6 mon spent t harmonicy, racrumen 6 mon spent t hypobolic ance: $4(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}} - e^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{2} \right) + 3_{L} \left(\frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}} - e^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{2} \right) + 3_{L} \left(\frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}} - e^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{2} \right)$