

# NLP and Semantic Measures for analysing psychological constructs



By Matilda Andersson and Alexandra Antgren

**Problem**

**Research questions**

**Implementation**

**Results**

**Conclusion and further work**

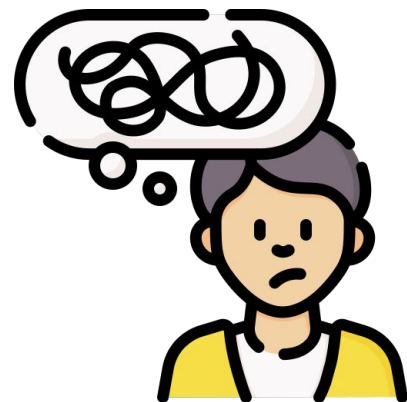
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\*Rate each of the following statements on a scale of 1 ("not at all typical of me") to 5 ("very typical of me"). Please do not leave any items blank.

	Not at all typical of me 1	2	3	4	Very typical of me 5
1. If I do not have enough time to do everything, I do not worry about it.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- Current method: numerical rating scales → the dominant method for measuring people's mental state
- Our method: Open-ended responses → semantic space → explore whether the semantic space correlates with if a person has anxiety/depression or not.

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**1) How well can question-based computational language assessments (QCLAs) correlate with traditional numerical rating scales?**

**2) Can QCLAs and semantic representations be used for predicting depression/anxiety?**



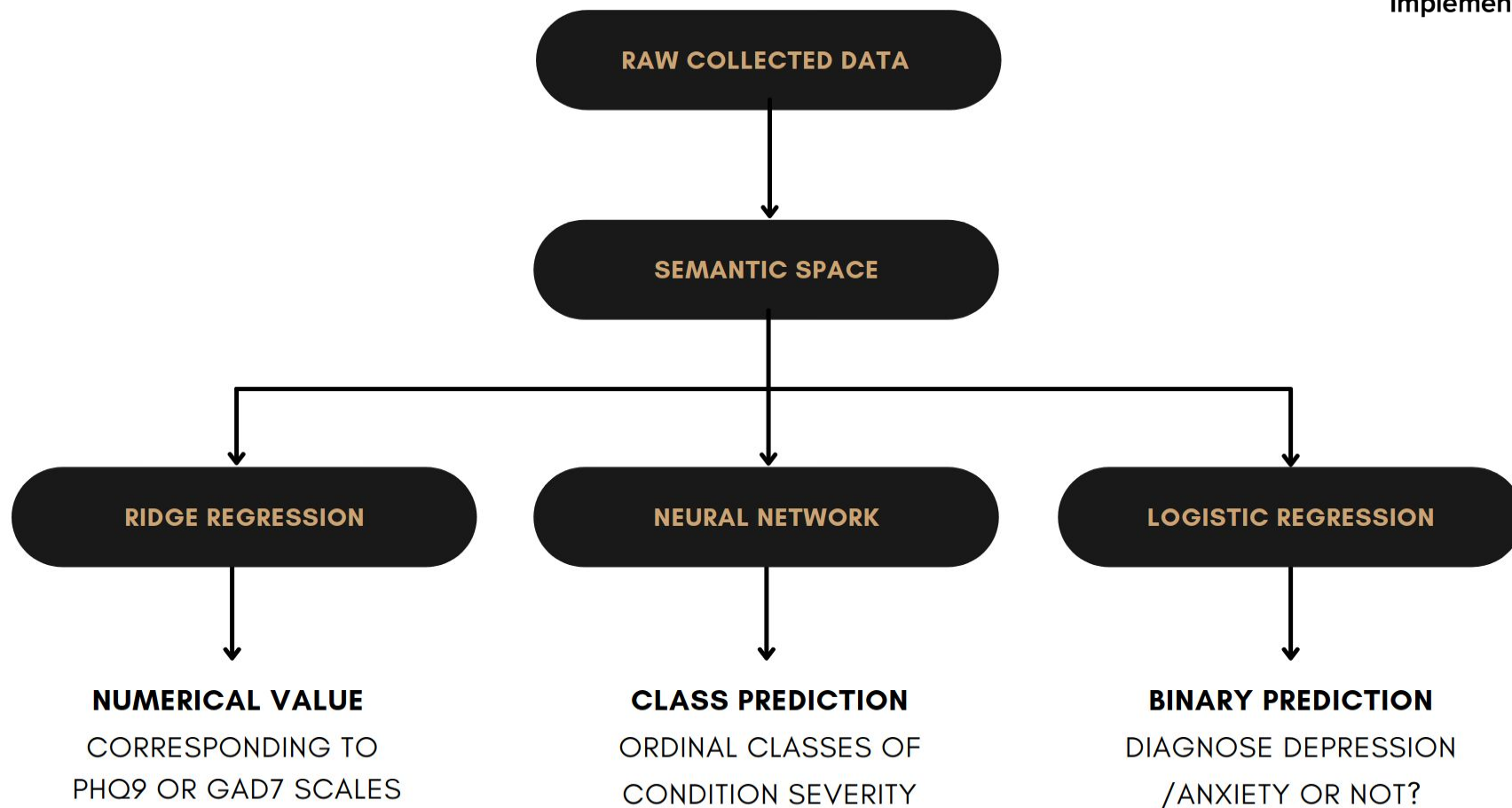
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RAW COLLECTED DATA

**\*Over the last 2 weeks, have you been worried or not?**

Write descriptive words relating to those aspects that are most important and meaningful to you.

Write only one descriptive word in each box.

Word 1

Word or phrase 1

Word 2

Word or phrase 2

Word 3

Word or phrase 3

Word 4

Word or phrase 4

Word 5

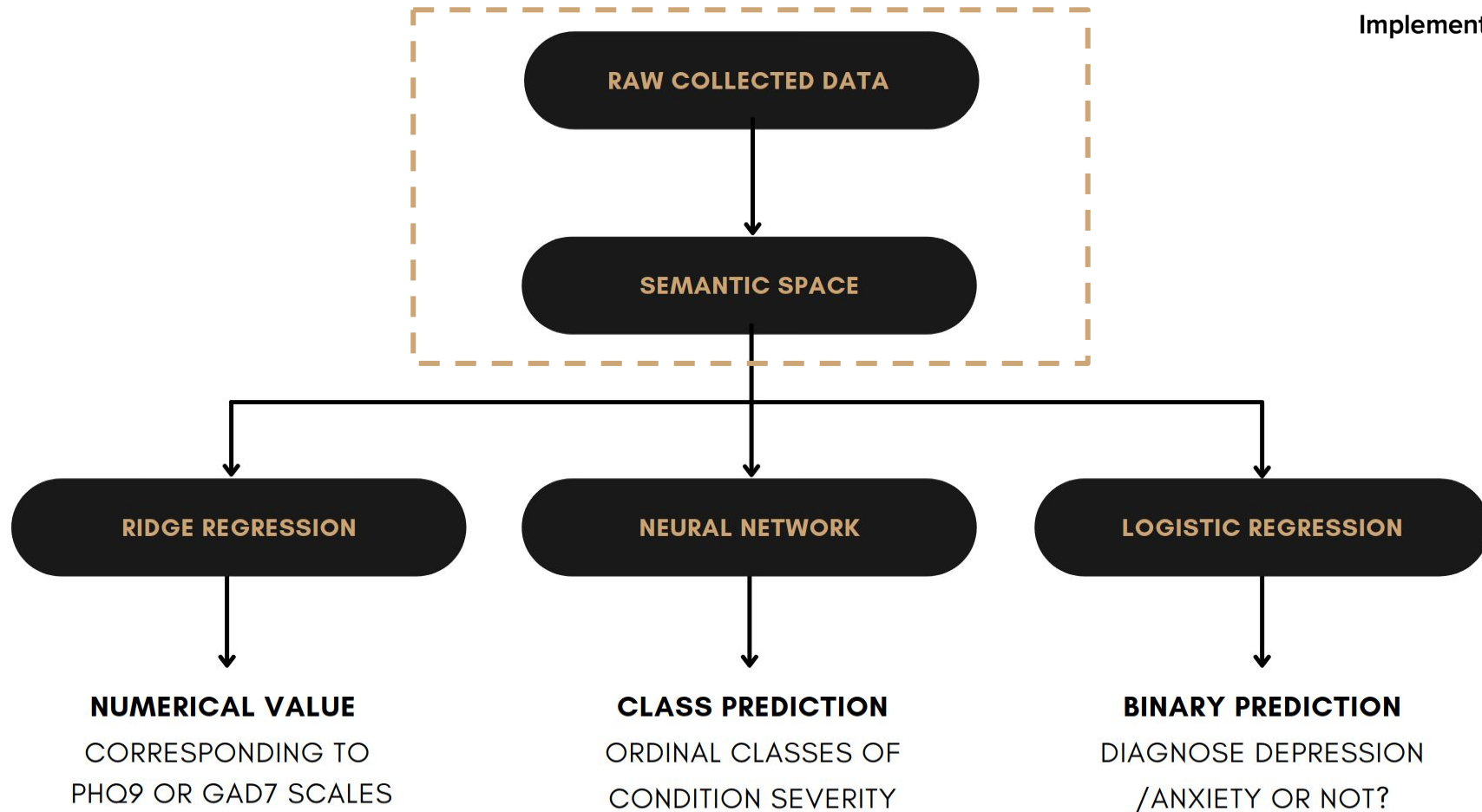
Word or phrase 5

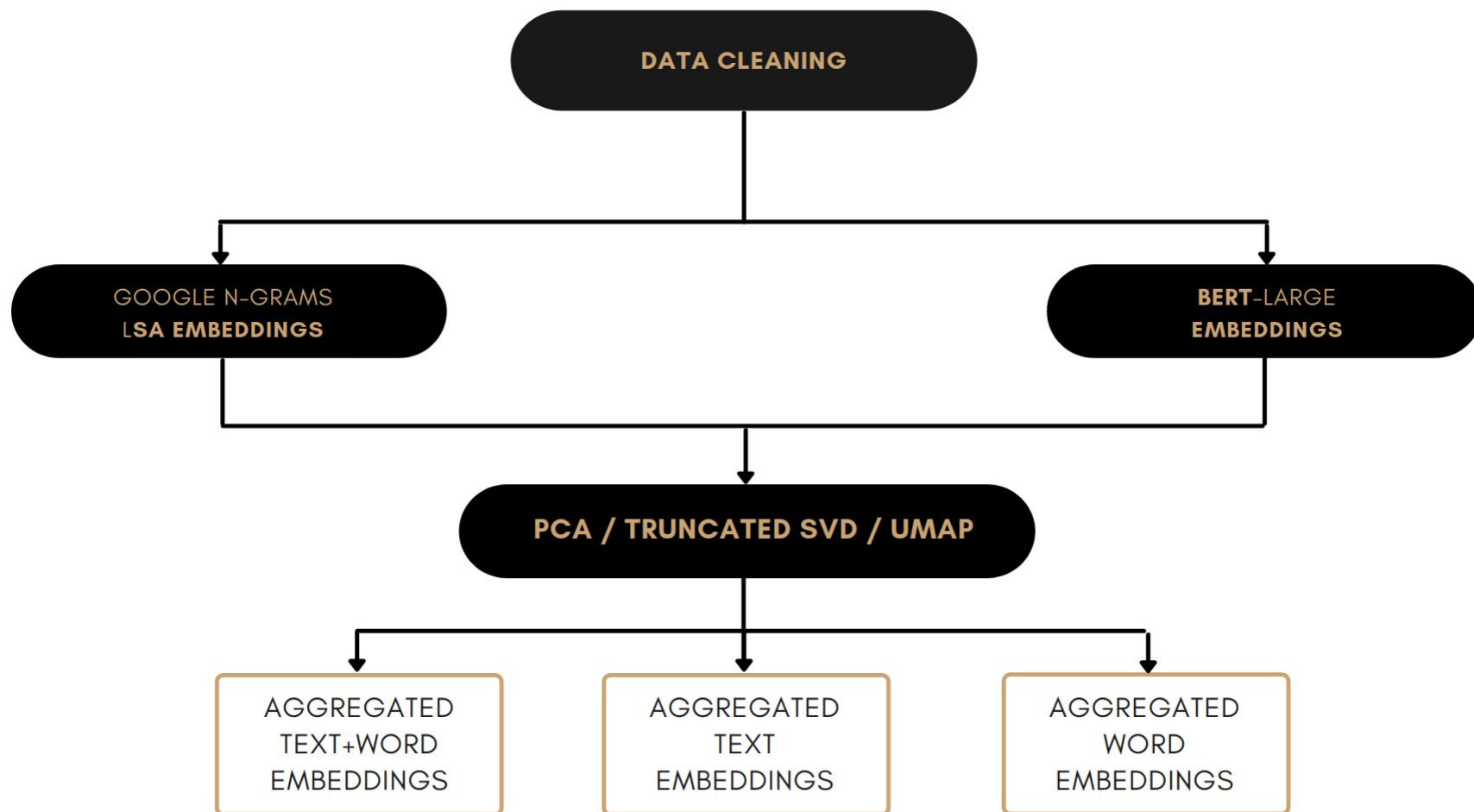
RIDGE RECORD

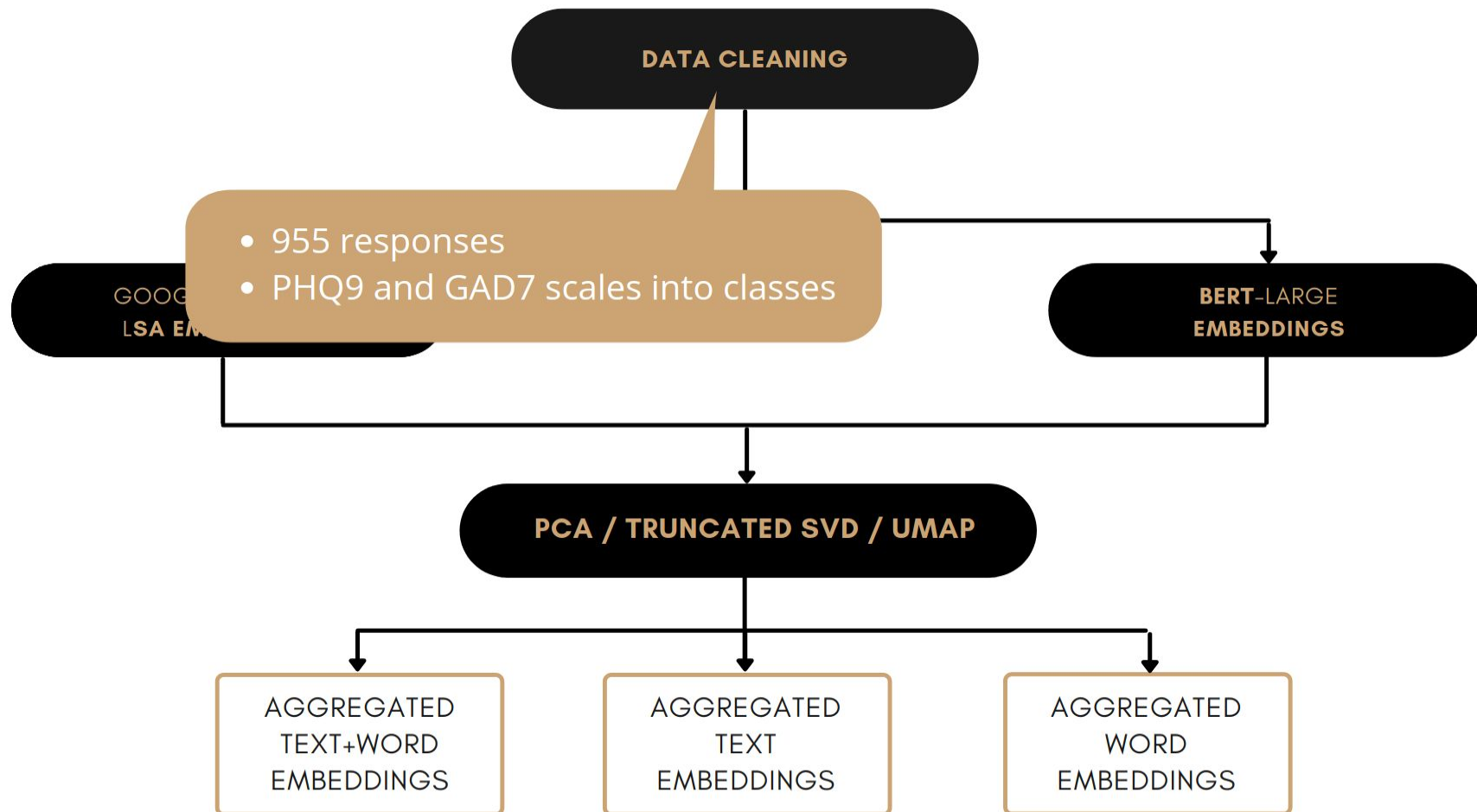
NUMERICAL

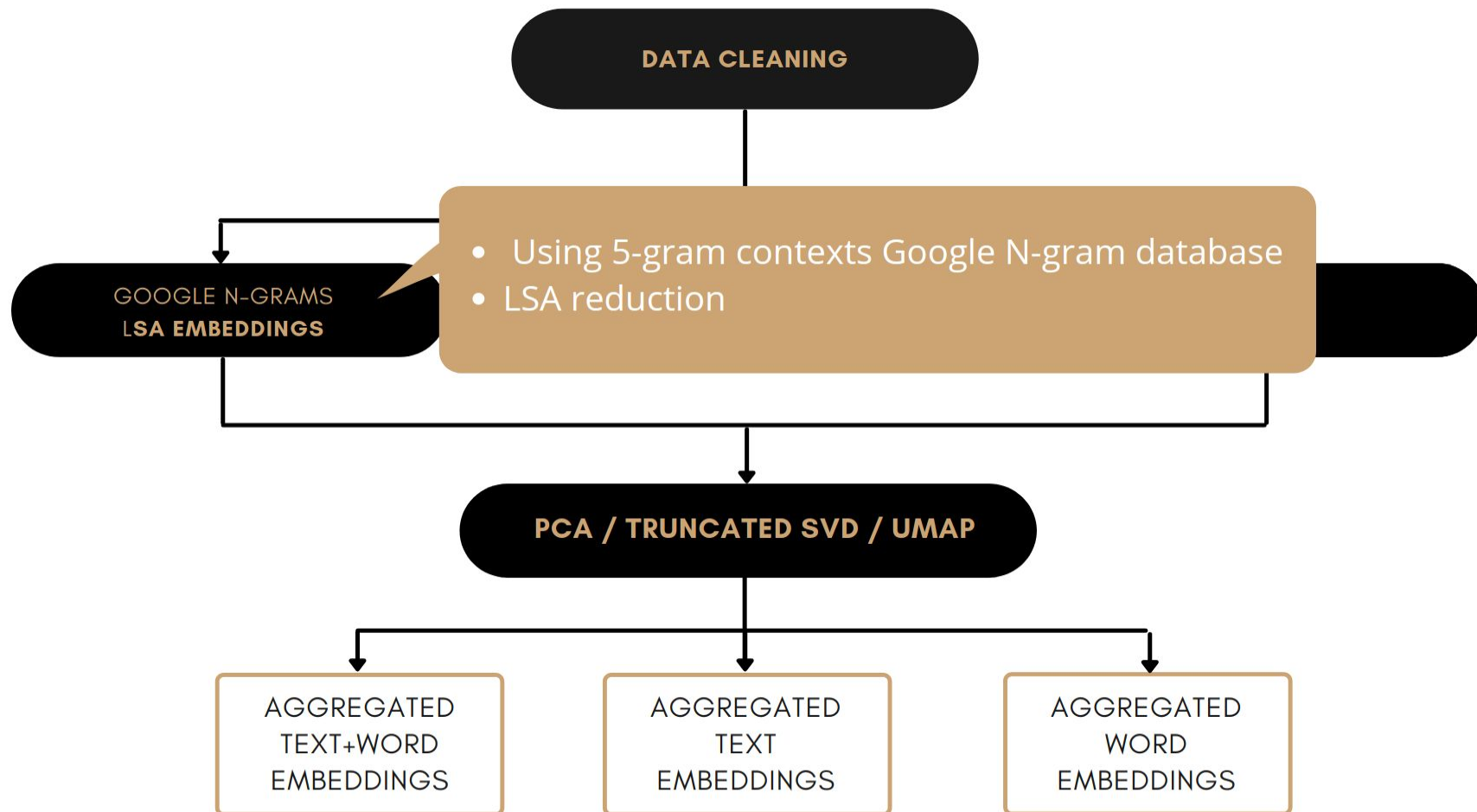
CORRESPONDING

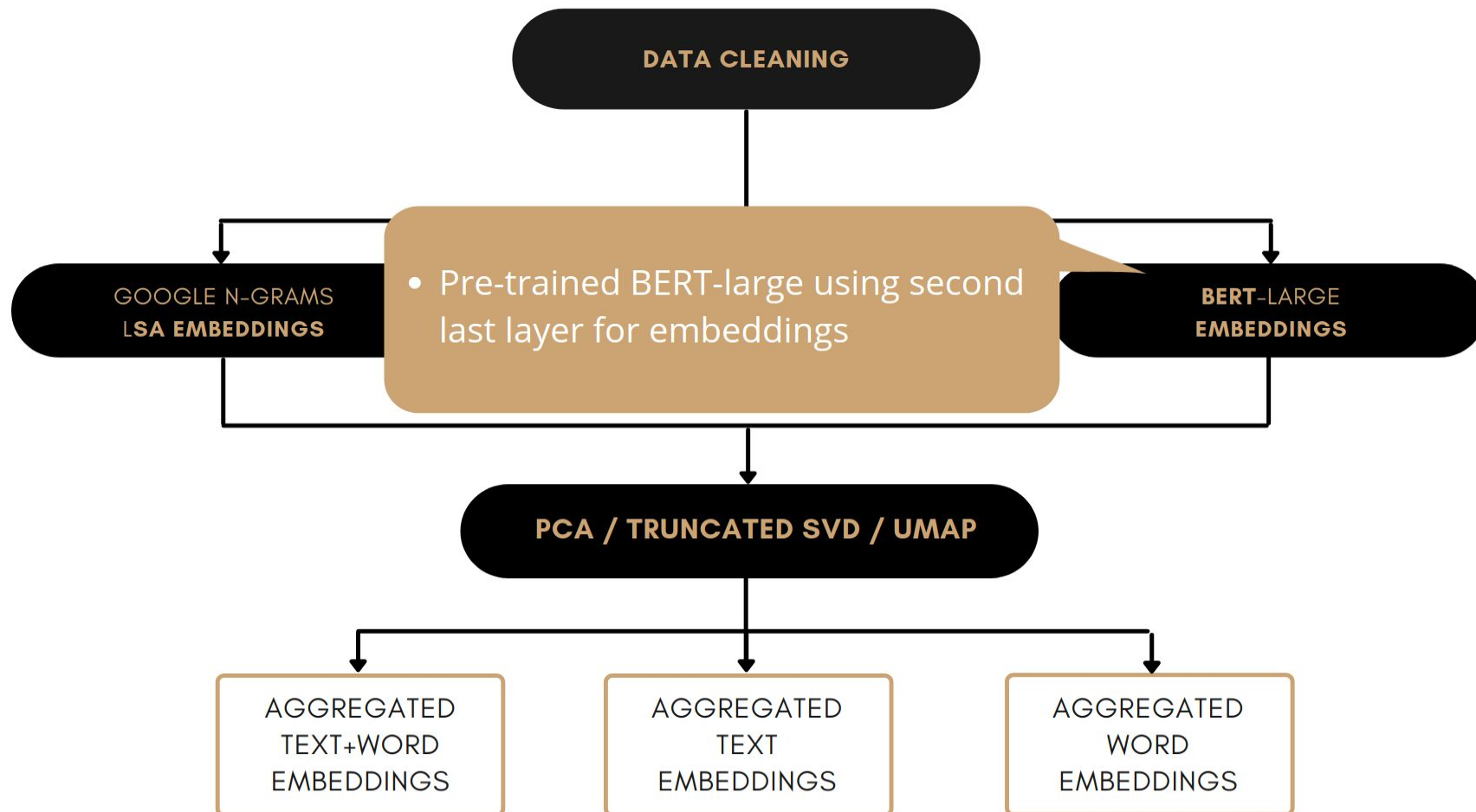
PHQ9 OR GAD7



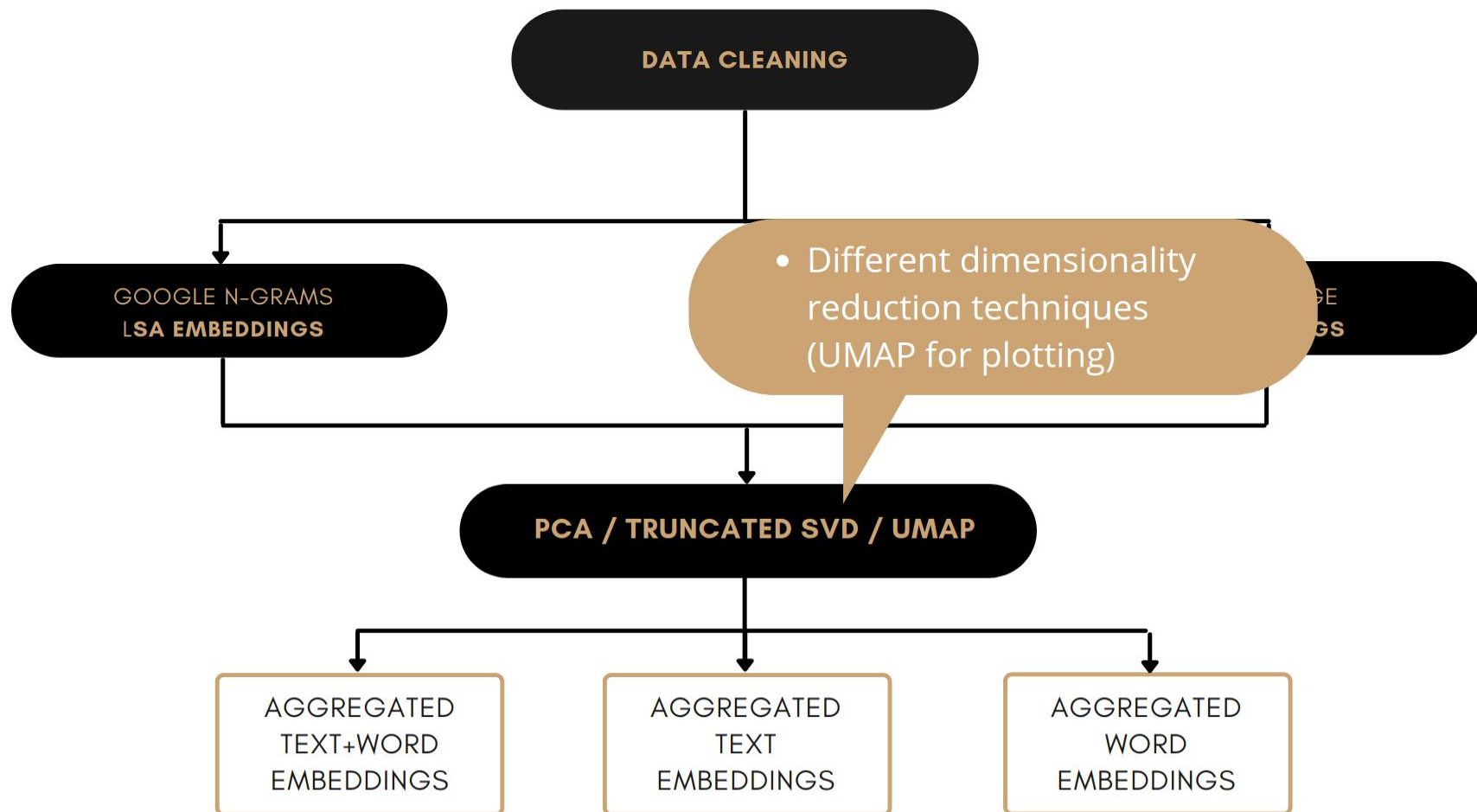


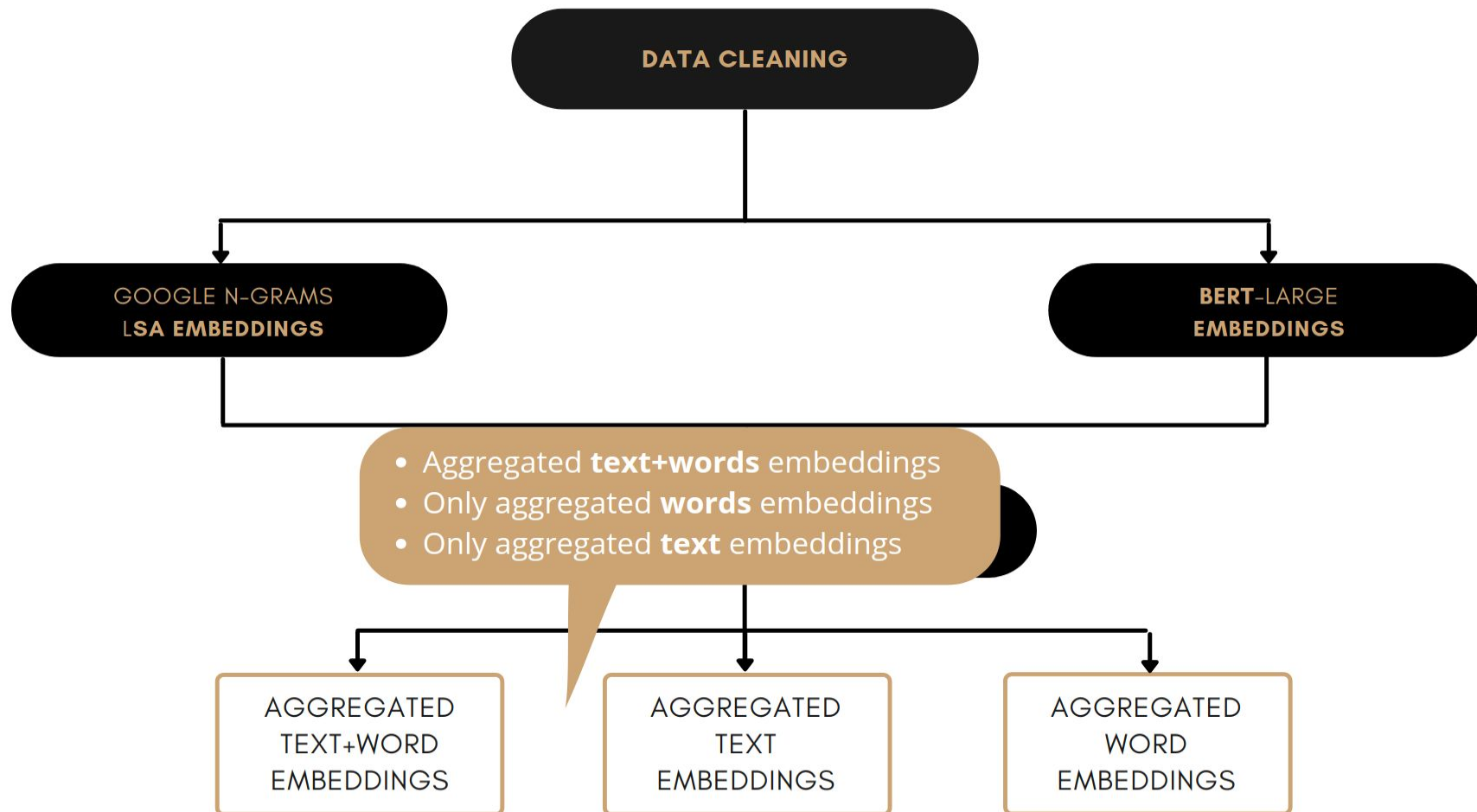


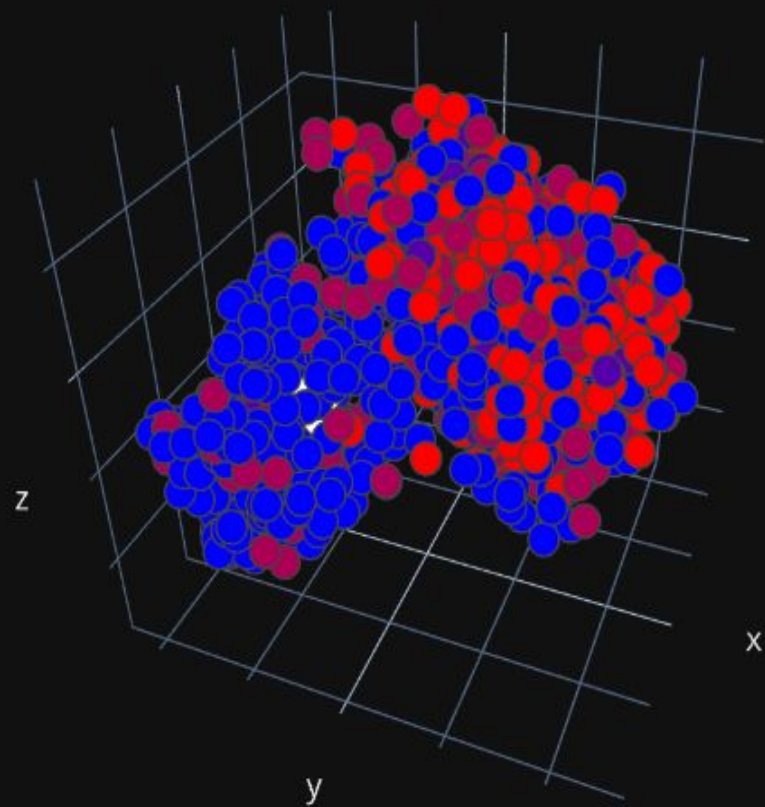












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## 1) How well can QCLAs correlate with traditional numerical rating scales?

- **Spearman's correlations** measures the strength and direction of association between two variables
- Value between -1 and +1

	Depression	Anxiety
Baseline Dummy Classifier	0.102	-0.020
Ridge Regression	0.717	0.648
MLP Neural Network	0.642	0.527

## 2) Predicting numerical value on PHQ-9 or GAD-7 scales

**Depression scale  
predicted vs. self reported**

	Mean Abs Error	$R^2$
Baseline	1.232	0.0
Words + Text	0.764	0.528
Words	0.813	0.492
Text	0.838	0.432

**Anxiety scale  
predicted vs. self reported**

	Mean Abs Error	$R^2$
Baseline	0.994	0.0
Words + Text	0.676	0.420
Words	0.695	0.403
Text	0.752	0.300

## 2) Predicting **depression/anxiety** severity class

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<b>Depression</b>	Precision	Recall	F1-score
Accuracy			0.39
Macro average	0.52	0.39	0.34
Weighted average	0.51	0.39	0.35

<b>Anxiety</b>	Precision	Recall	F1-score
Accuracy			0.42
Macro average	0.45	0.40	0.35
Weighted average	0.46	0.42	0.36

## 2) Predicting **depression, anxiety** diagnose or not?

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Logistic Reg.	No depression diagnose	Depression diagnose	Accuracy	Macro avg.	Weighted avg.
Baseline - F1-score	0.65	0.29	0.53	0.47	0.53
Our model - F1-score	0.77	0.56	0.70	0.66	0.70

Logistic Reg.	No anxiety diagnose	Anxiety diagnose	Accuracy	Macro avg.	Weighted avg.
Baseline - F1-score	0.51	0.49	0.50	0.50	0.50
Our model - F1-score	0.64	0.70	0.68	0.67	0.67



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# Conclusions and future work

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- Results show that semantic measures correlate well with numerical rating scales
- However, the reliability of a self reported scale provides limits on how well they can be predicted
- Future work could focus on a broader range of psychological constructs where evaluation is not based on self reported numerical scales but objective measures like clinical interviews

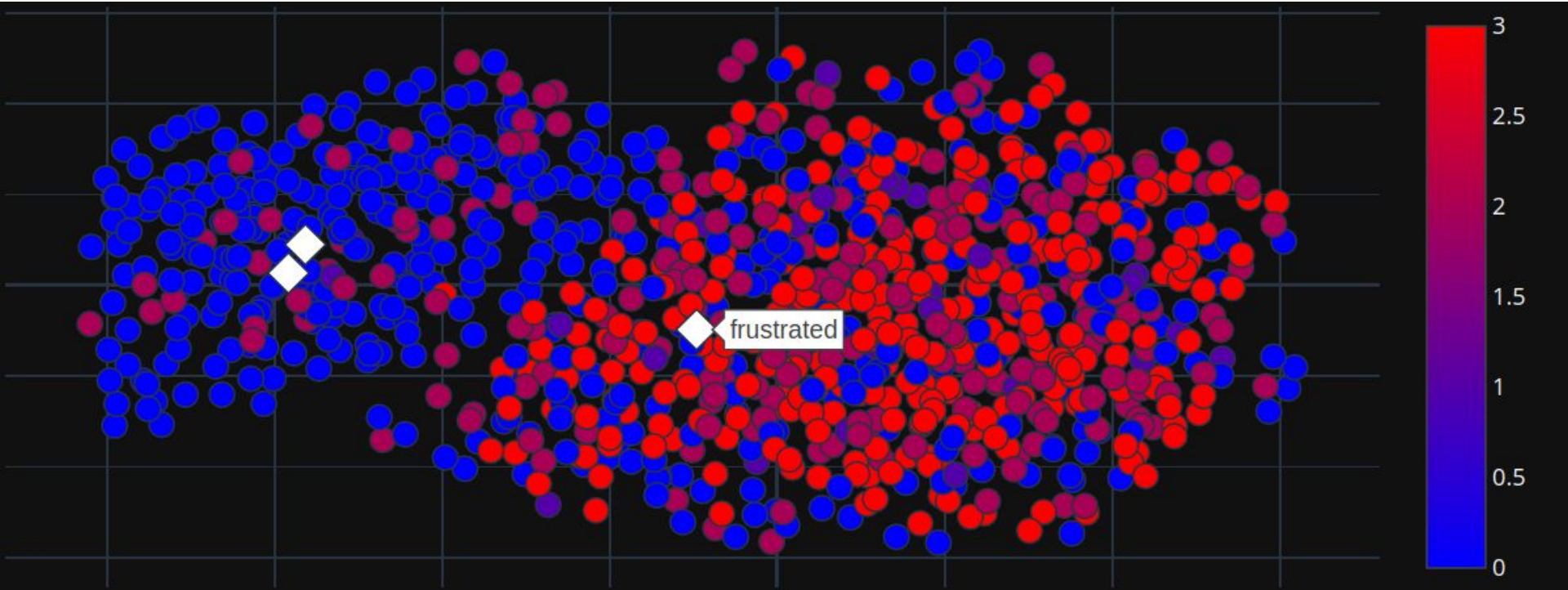


Thank you  
for listening!

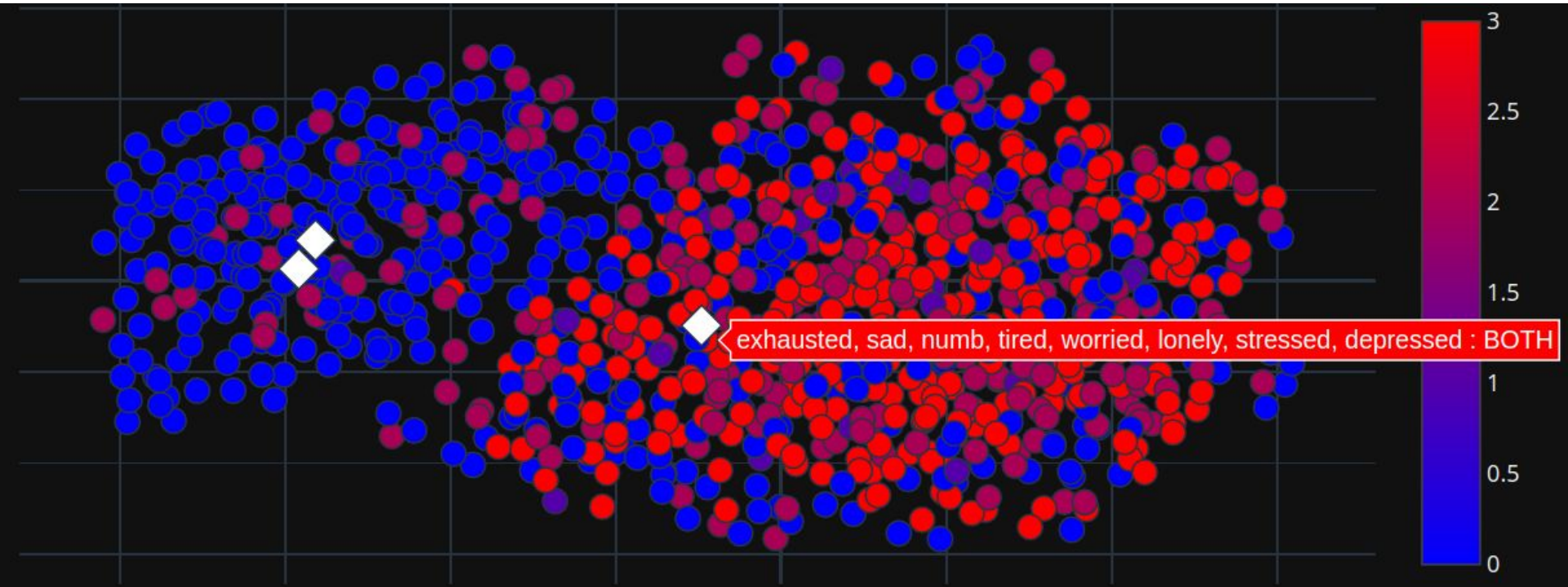
Questions?



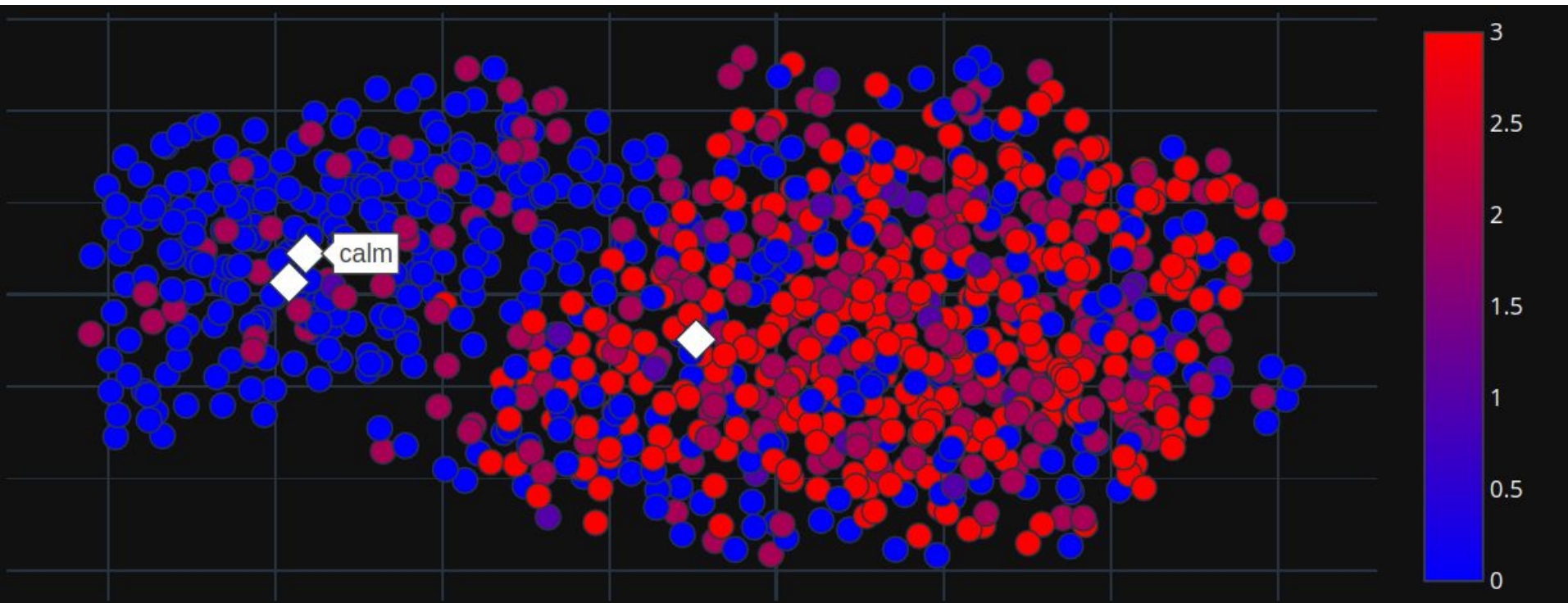
### 3) Visualizations



### 3) Visualizations



### 3) Visualizations





### 3) Visualizations

