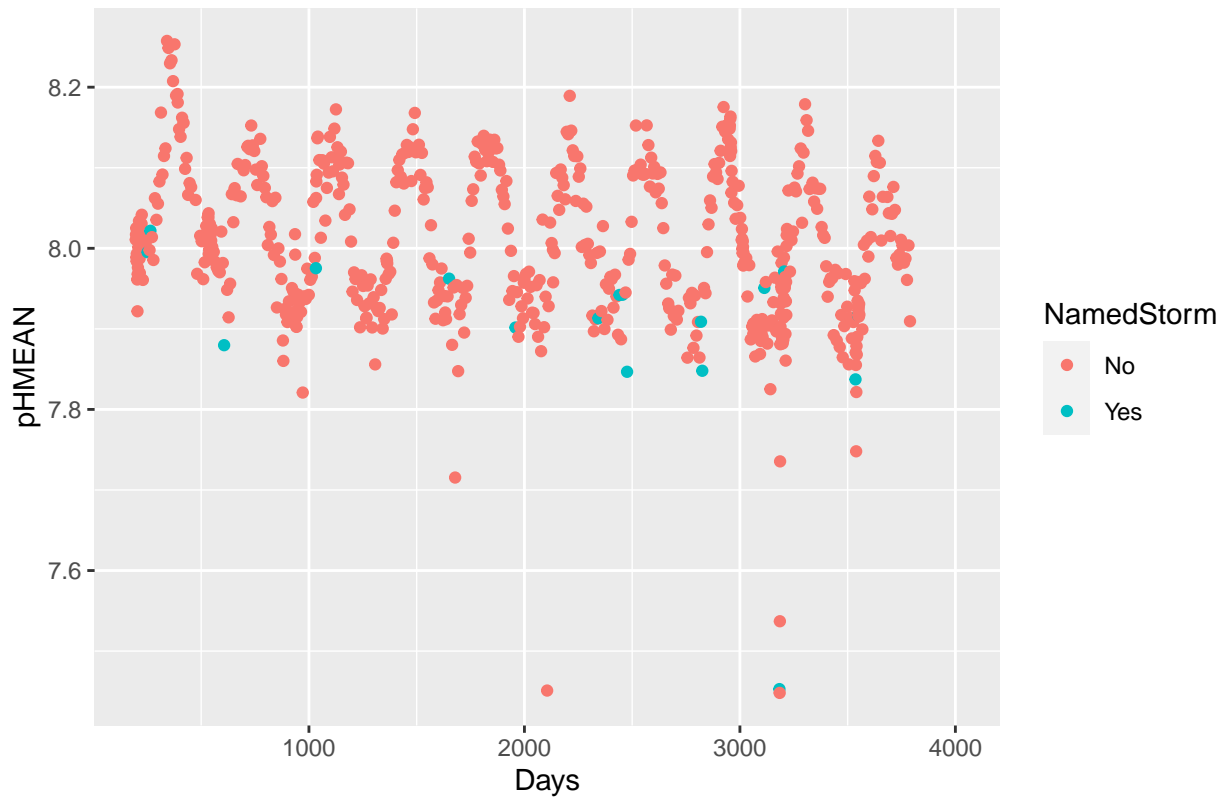


pHExploration

Alexandra Lawrence

```
## Warning: Removed 48 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```

pHMEAN Plotted against Days



```
##      pHMEAN      Date
## 1 7.448091 9/20/2018
```

The smallest pH value was 9/20/2018 – About a week after Hurricane Florence hit NC

```
## Warning: Removed 48 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).
```

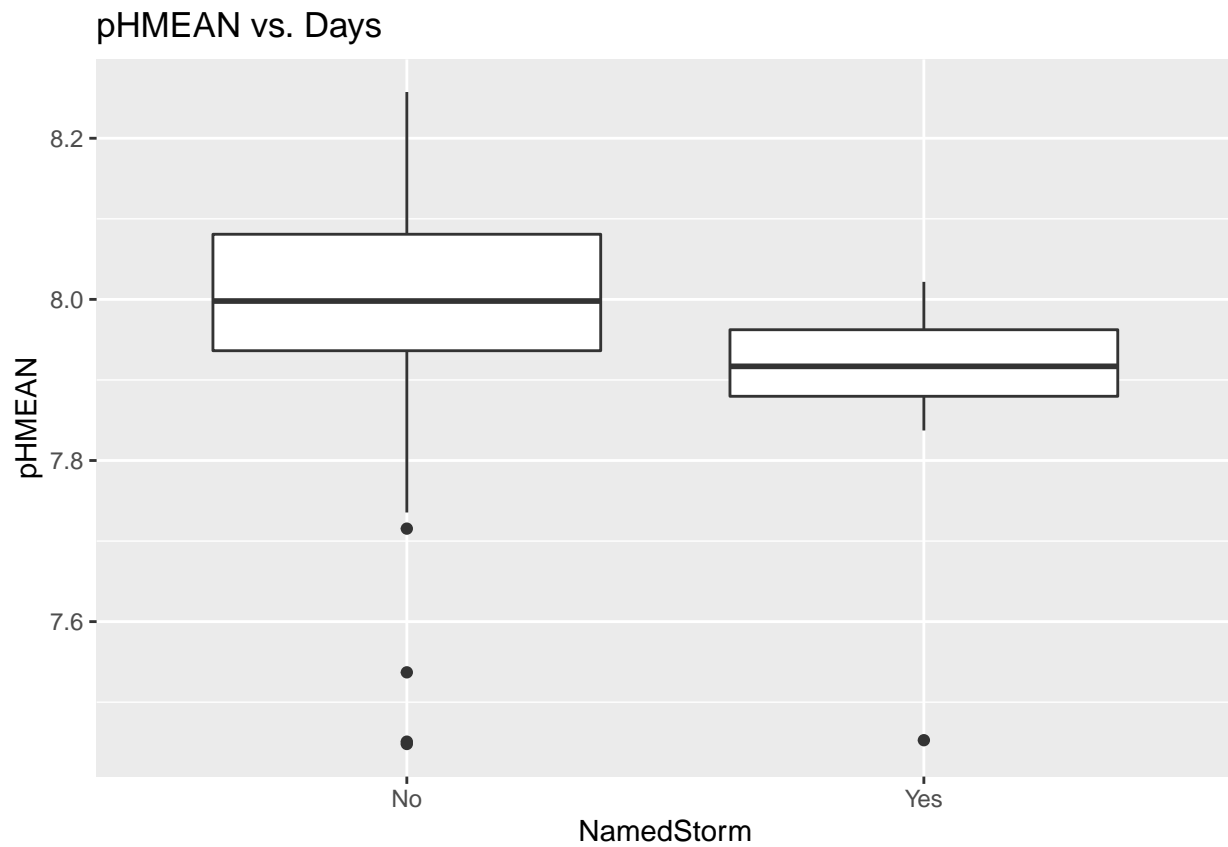
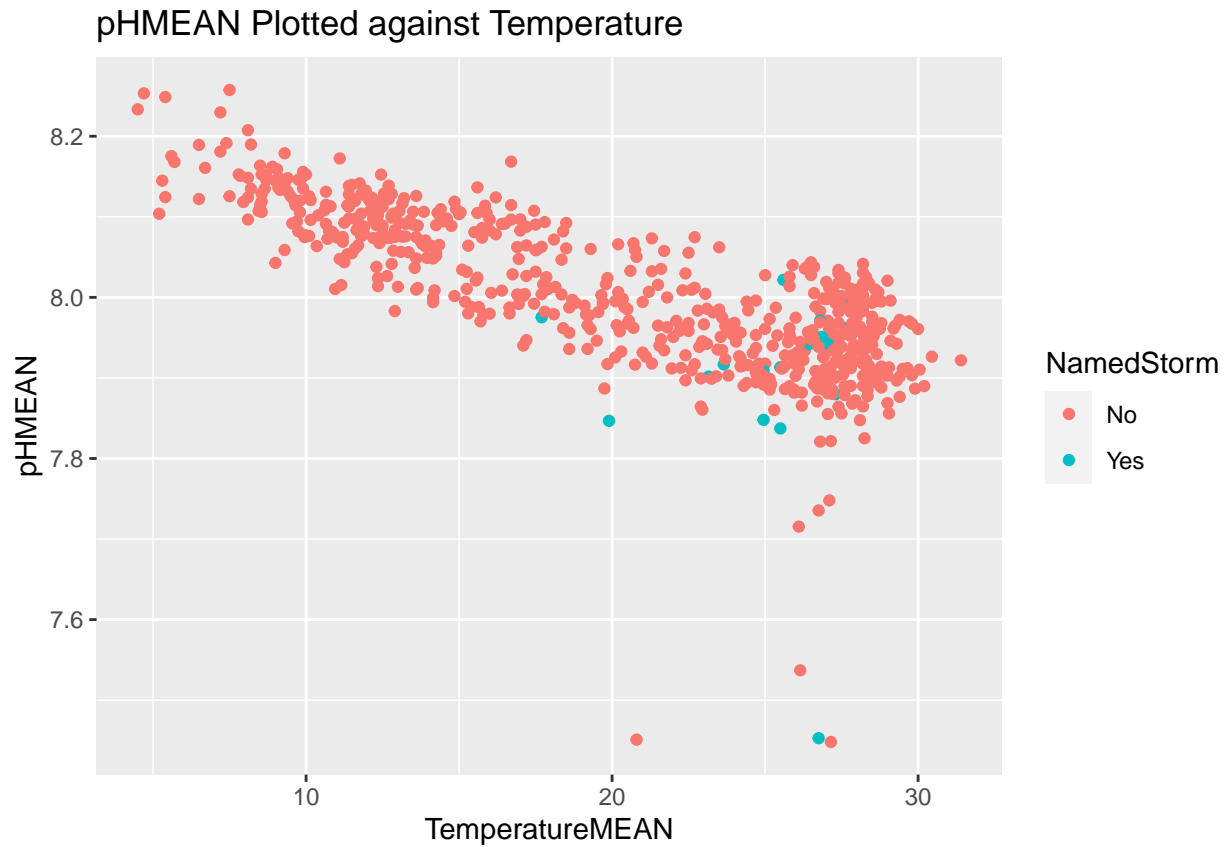


Table 1: Pairwise Wilcox Test

group1	group2	p.value
Yes	No	9e-05

Warning: Removed 48 rows containing missing values (geom_point).

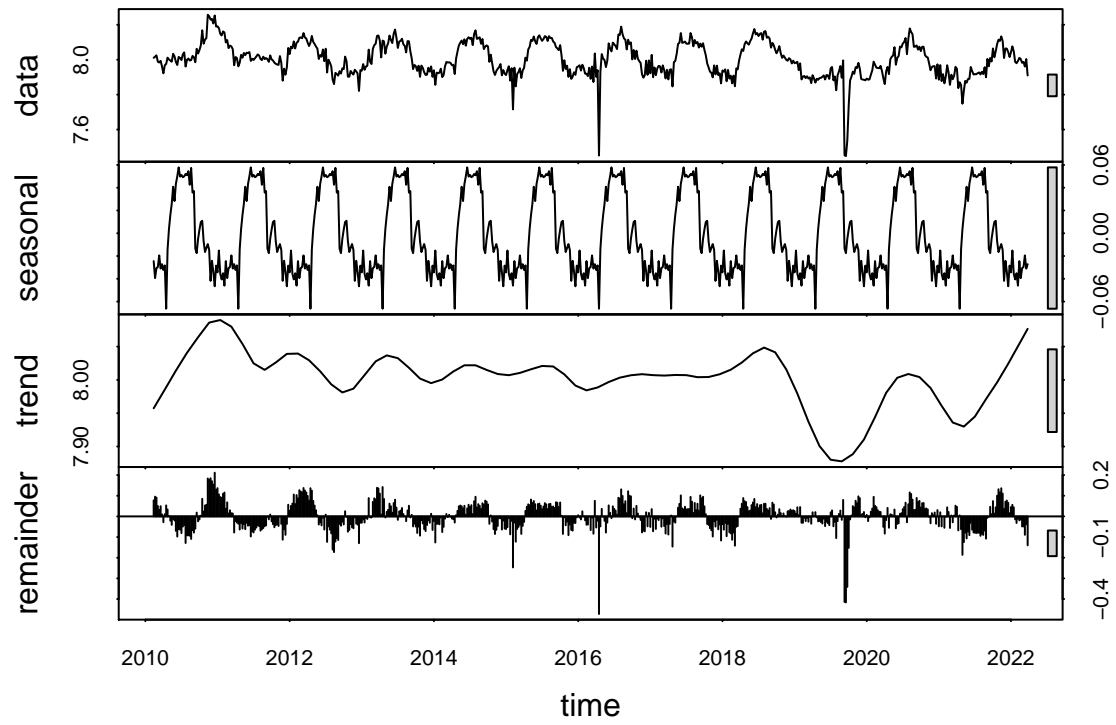


Lower pH values observed when there is a named storm – is this because of the storm or just a coincidence because pH tends to lower in warmer seasons and storms happen more often in summer?

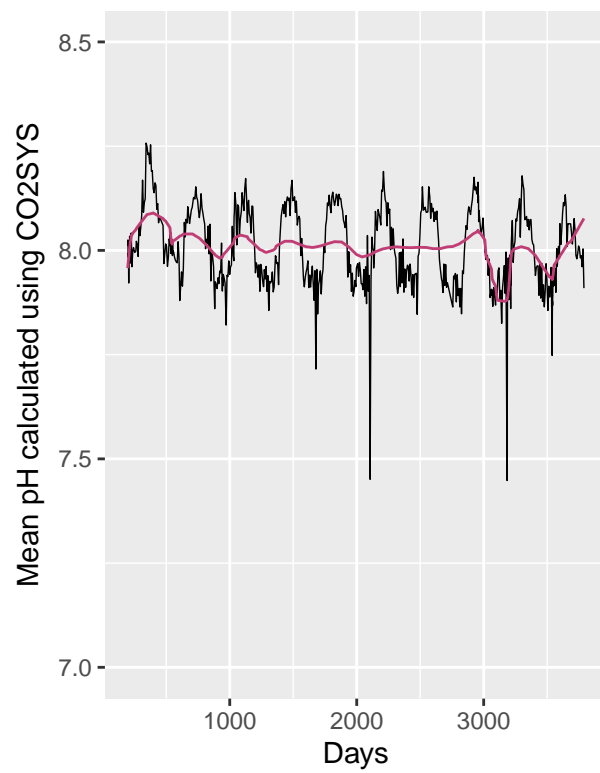
Table 2: Linear Model of pH and Days

term	estimate	std.error	statistic	p.value
(Intercept)	8.046527	0.0078787	1021.301971	0
Days	-0.000022	0.0000034	-6.440201	0

Time Series



Trend Mapping onto Data



Seasonal Cycle Mapping onto Data

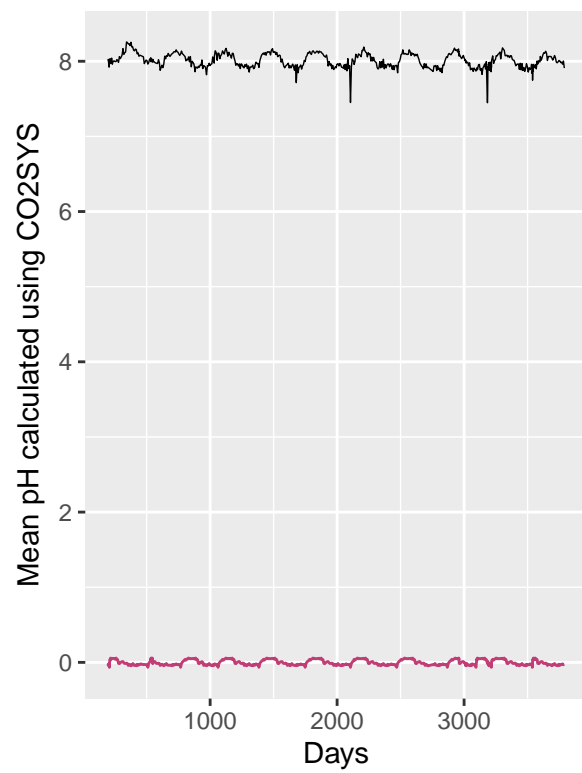
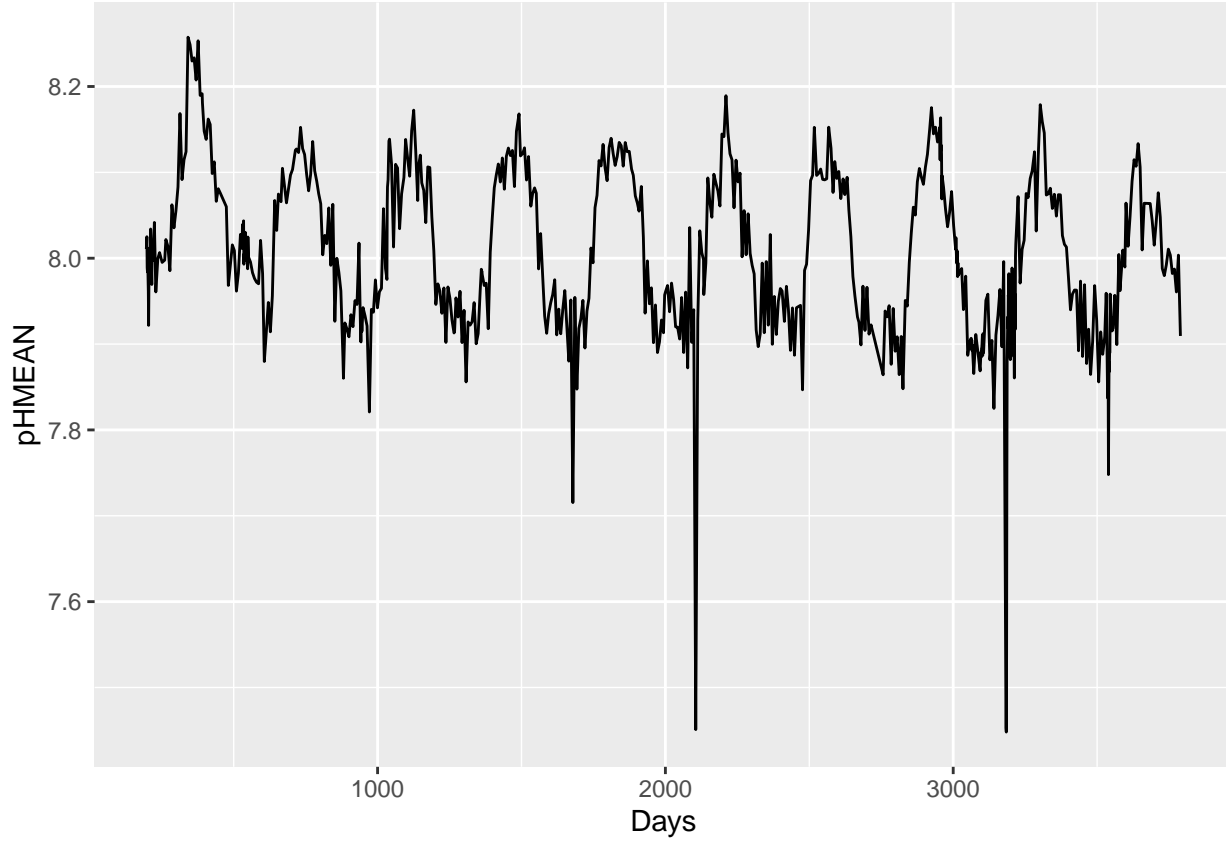


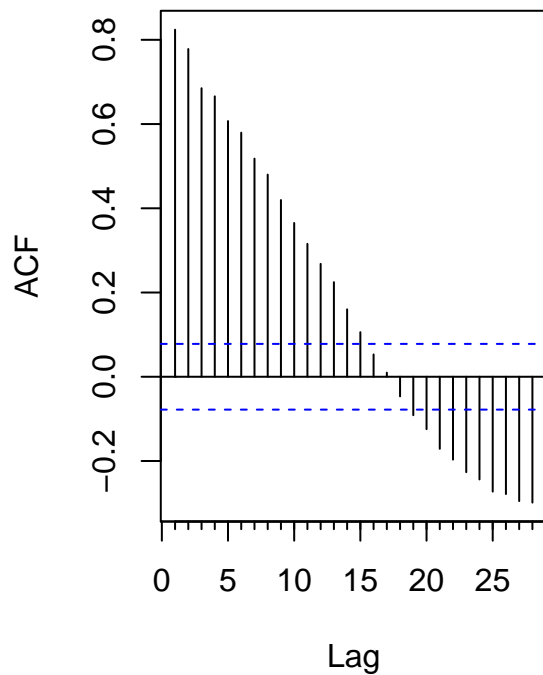
Table 3: Seasonal Mann Kendall test for pH

statistic	p.value	kendall_score	denominator	var_kendall_score
-0.0932878	0.0021753	-328	3516	11450.67

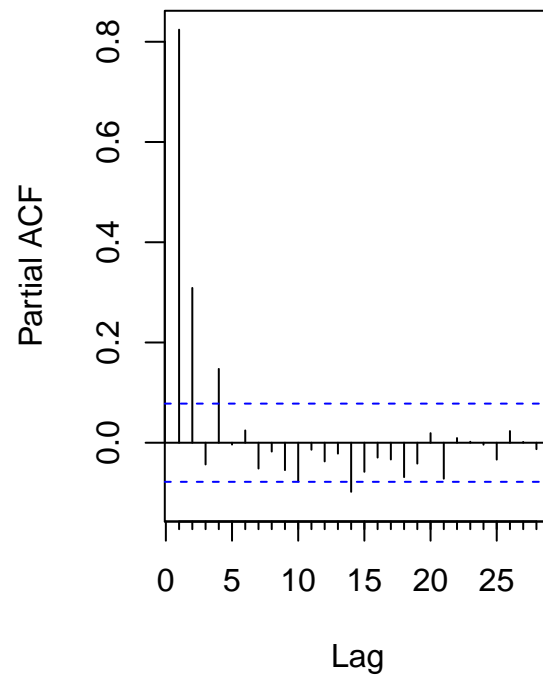
p-value is less than 0.05, so we can reject the null hypothesis – There is a possible trend in the data



Series full_pHMEAN\$pHMEAN



Series full_pHMEAN\$pHMEAN



```
## Series: pico1.ts
## ARIMA(1,1,3)
##
## Coefficients:
##      ar1      ma1      ma2      ma3
##    -0.7071  0.3294 -0.2159 -0.1328
## s.e.   0.1300  0.1343  0.0685  0.0410
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.002793: log likelihood=960.33
## AIC=-1910.66  AICc=-1910.57  BIC=-1888.43
```