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# **Canadian Payroll Administration**

***Release HR***

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**Jun 22, 2025**



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Python 3.12.3

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## **INTRODUCTION**

### **1.1 Payroll Legal Framework**

The Canadian Payroll Administration system is designed to ensure compliance with the legal framework governing payroll in Canada. This includes adherence to federal and provincial regulations regarding employee compensation, deductions, and reporting requirements. The system is built to handle various payroll scenarios, including different employment types, tax calculations, and benefit deductions, while ensuring that all transactions are accurately recorded and reported in accordance with the law.

### **1.2 Network Diagram**





## PAYROLL ACCOUNTING

### 2.1 Journal Entries

#### 2.1.1 Accounting Recap

$$\Sigma \text{ Total Debits} = \Sigma \text{ Total Credits}$$

$$\text{Assets} = \text{Liabilities} + \text{Equity}$$

$$\text{Assets} = \text{Liabilities} + \text{Equity} \quad (2.1)$$

Furthermore, we know that:

$$\text{Equity} = \text{Revenue} - \text{Expenses}, \text{ which leads us to:}$$

$$\text{Assets} = \text{Liabilities} + (\text{Revenues} - \text{Expenses})$$

Accounting equation (2.1)

Payroll accounting is a critical component of the Canadian Payroll Administration system. It involves the systematic recording, analysis, and reporting of payroll transactions to ensure that all financial aspects of employee compensation are accurately reflected in the organization's financial statements. Payroll accounting includes the management of employee wages, tax withholdings, benefit deductions, and other payroll-related expenses. The system is designed to automate these processes, ensuring accuracy and compliance with Canadian payroll regulations.

#### 2.1.2 Journal Entries

Journal entries are a key part of payroll accounting, as they document the financial impact of payroll transactions on the organization's accounts. Each payroll run generates a series of journal entries that reflect the distribution of wages, taxes, and deductions across various accounts. These entries are essential for maintaining accurate financial records and ensuring that the organization's financial statements reflect the true cost of employee compensation. The Canadian Payroll Administration system automates the generation of these journal entries, reducing the risk of errors and ensuring compliance with accounting standards.

DR Payroll Expenses \$10,500.00

CR Payroll Payable \$10,500.00



## REVIEW QUESTIONS

This section contains review questions for the material covered in the course. These questions are designed to test your understanding and help reinforce the concepts learned.

### 3.1 New Employee Information

Which one of the following is correct? a. Choice A b. Choice B c. Choice C



## RATES FOR 2025

### 4.1 CANADA / QUEBEC PENSION PLAN (QPP / CPP)

Employee contribution rate 5.95% 5.95% Employer contribution rate 5.95% 5.95% Maximum pensionable earnings  
\$66,600 \$66,600 Basic exemption

Anual \$3,500 \$3,500 Monthly (12) \$291.67 \$291.67 Weekly (52) \$673.08 \$673.08 Weekly (53) \$634.91  
\$634.91 Semi-monthly (24) \$1,250.00 \$1,250.00 Bi-weekly (26) \$1,346.15 \$1,346.15

Maximum contribution \$3,754.45 \$3,754.45



**REFERENCES**





## **ERRORS AND ERRATA**



## GLOSSARY

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