Case Studies in Robotics Toolchains

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HOW STANDARDS PROLIFERATE: (SEE: A/C CHARGERS, CHARACTER ENCODINGS, INSTANT MESSAGING, ETC.)

SITUATION: THERE ARE 14 COMPETING STANDARDS.



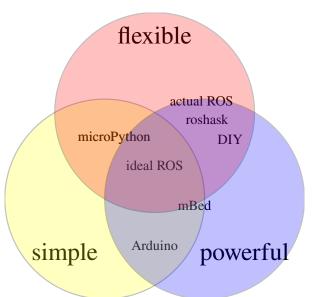
SOON:

SITUATION:
THERE ARE
15 COMPETING
STANDARDS.

Roadmap

- Case Studies
 - 1 Low level: Arduino / embedded programming
 - 2 High level: ROS
- 2 Lessons?
 - 1 power vs. simplicity vs. flexibility (vs. verifiability?)
 - 2 Ideas from functional programming
 - 3 Good tools need good communities
 - 4 Good communities form around good tools...

How to Evaluate Tools?





Case Study: Arduino Hacking

- Measure rotation of rolling ball robot, reconstruct motion
- Need small footprint, onboard data logging
- Easy to get rough estimate, hard to get exact



Takeaways

- Simplicity: where we tell beginners to start matters
 - Is traditional C++ style programming the best place to start?
- Powerful: large community
- Lose flexibility when tied to Arduino platforms/libraries/IDE

Alternatives:

- mBed: about as simple and powerful, more flexible through online IDE
- possible fork into high-level and low-level languages
 - microPython
 - Ilvm for devices?

Takeaways

Networking:

- Example: Need to network a home-grown OS on embedded device
- ♡ rosserial ♡: all you need is init, read, write, and time
- ♥ ESP8266 ♥
- Better to use networked chip than add a new component to your design

ROS

Case Study: ROS

My use cases:

- Data logging
- Playing with Spheros
- Bluetooth and ROS



Takeaways

- flexible: large community, integrated with many platforms
- powerful: scalable framework, solid protocols
- simple?
 - networking issues
 - Ex: Optitrack Mocap
 - versioning issues
 - Ex: gazebo7 for Kinetic, gazebo2 for Indigo
 - catkin
 - XML

The Angle Bracket Tax¹

```
<launch>
    <arg name="world" default="simple_world"/>
    <arg name="init_pos_x" default="0.0"/>
    <arg name="init pos y" default="0.0"/>
    <node pkg="gazebo ros" type="spawn model"</pre>
        name="spawn robot"
        respawn="false" output="screen"
        args="-param robot_description
        -urdf
        -x $(arg init_pos_x)
        -y $(arg init_pos_y)
        -z $(arg init pos z)
        -model youbot">
    </node>
</launch>
```

https://blog.codinghorror.com/xml-the-angle-bracket-tax/

Alternative: yaml

```
- world: simple world
- init pos x: &init pos x 0.0
- init_pos_y: &init_pos_x 0.0
- node:
    - pkg: gazebo_ros
    - type: spawn_model
    - name: spawn_robot
    - respawn: false
    - output: screen
    - args:
        - param robot_description
        - urdf
        - x *arg init_pos_x
        - y *init_pos_y
        - z *arg init pos z
        - model youbot
```

More Takeaways

- Lack of simplicity leads to wasted time
- Low level timing issues left to user
 - callbacks, "spinOnce"
 - hard to enforce logic on Topics: what if I want to do something only when I have a pair of new values from two topics that publish at different rates?

Possible Solution: Haskell Client

```
Credit to Anthony Cowley,<sup>2</sup> UPenn GRASP lab
sayHello =
   Topic $ do threadDelay 1000000
        t <- getCurrentTime
        let msg = S.String ("Hello world " ++ show t)
        return (msg, sayHello)</pre>
```

Problems:

- time delay is brittle and hardcoded
- delay is orthogonal to task of operating on value
- verbose

²https://github.com/acowley/roshask

roshask

Advantages:

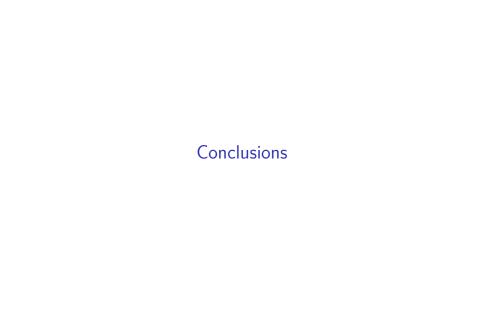
- Can optimize topicRate and reuse
- Operation on data is independent of rate plumbing

Other nice things about roshask:

- everyNew, bothNew functions
- composable nodes: data on one machine is shared, not streamed, while preserving modularity

But why invest in learning Haskell?

- High-level robotic control is functional in style
- Built around infinite lists: natural for robotics
- Type safety (already in ROS message types)
- Lack of side-effects means robots that act more consistently and are easier to verify
- Large community, Foreign Function Interface (FFI) is hardware-friendly
 - · Learn you a Haskell for Great Good!



How to Move Towards the Middle?

