## 04 Proportion Testing

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[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from scipy import stats
```

## 1 Bernoulli trial and proportion testing

$$P(S_n = k) = \binom{n}{k} * p^k * (1-p)^{n-k}, \text{ for } 0 \le k \le n$$

## 1.1 Hypothesis

$$H_0: p_0 = p$$
  
 $H_1: p > p_0$ 

## 1.2 Test statistics

Assume the following things are given:

- k: E. g. number of failed products
- n: Total number of observations
- $p_0$ : Assumed probability that a product failes during production

$$T = \frac{\bar{x} - p}{\sqrt{\frac{p_0(1 - p_0)}{n}}}$$

where  $\bar{x} = \frac{k}{n}$ 

```
[2]: k = 46
n = 2000
p0 = 0.02
alpha = 0.01

x_bar = k / n
s_x = p0 * (1 - p0)

# Calculate test statistic
t = (x_bar - p0) / (np.sqrt(s_x / n))
```

```
# Calculate rejection area - right-sided
c = stats.norm().ppf(1 - alpha)

# Calculate the p-value
p_value = 1 - stats.norm().cdf(t)

print(f"Test statistic: {t}")
print(f"Rejection area: {c}")
print(f"P-Value: {p_value}")
print(f"Reject HO: {t > c}")
```

Test statistic: 0.9583148474999096
Rejection area: 2.3263478740408408
P-Value: 0.1689520095515027

Reject HO: False

[]: