Case - Weather

February 15, 2021

1 Case - Weather Analysis

```
[1]: %matplotlib inline
  from copy import deepcopy
  import numpy as np
  import pandas as pd
  from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
  plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (16, 9)
  plt.style.use('ggplot')
```

• Lendo o arquivo em excel com pandas:

```
[2]: data = pd.read_excel('C:/git/Data-Science/data-src-py/weather_data.xls')
    print(data.shape)
    data.head()
```

(397, 7)

```
[2]:
        weather_id
                             cidade
                                     temperatura
                                                              previsao
                                                                        sensacao
                    São Paulo - SP
                                              26
                                                  Alguma nebulosidade
                                                                               27
     1
                    São Paulo - SP
                                              26
                                                  Alguma nebulosidade
                                                                               27
     2
                 9
                    São Paulo - SP
                                                  Alguma nebulosidade
                                                                              27
                                              26
     3
                22 São Paulo - SP
                                              24
                                                  Alguma nebulosidade
                                                                               24
                    São Paulo - SP
                                                  Alguma nebulosidade
                23
                                              24
                                                                               24
```

```
    umidade
    pressao

    0
    58
    1015

    1
    58
    1015

    2
    61
    1014

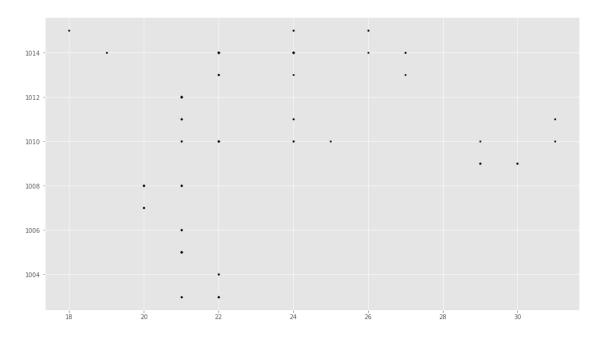
    3
    74
    1015

    4
    74
    1015
```

• Plotando o gráfico:

```
[3]: f1 = data['temperatura'].values
f2 = data['pressao'].values
X = np.array(list(zip(f1,f2)))
plt.scatter(f1, f2, c='black', s=7)
```

[3]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x222e22c01c0>



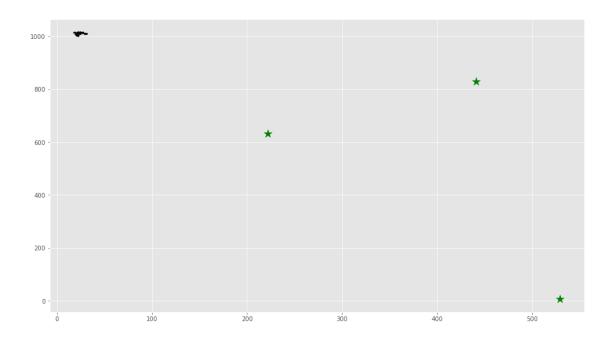
```
[4]: def dist(a, b, ax=1):
    return np.linalg.norm(a - b, axis = ax)

[5]: k = 3
    C_x = np.random.randint(0, np.max(X)-20, size=k)
    C_y = np.random.randint(0, np.max(X)-20, size=k)
    C = np.array(list(zip(C_x, C_y)), dtype=np.float32)
    print(C)

[[529. 8.]
    [441. 829.]
    [222. 631.]]
```

```
[6]: plt.scatter(f1, f2, c='#050505', s=7) plt.scatter(C_x, C_y, marker='*', s=200, c='g')
```

[6]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x222e231fb20>



```
[]: C_old = np.zeros(C.shape)
    clusters = np.zeros(len(X))
    error = dist(C, C_old, None)
    while error != 0:
        for i in range(len(X)):
            distances = dist(X[i], C)
            cluster = np.argmin(distances)
            clusters[i] = cluster
```

```
for i in range(k):
    points = [X[j] for j in range(len(X)) if clusters[j] == i]
    C[i] = np.mean(points, axis=0)
    error = dist(C, C_old, None)

colors = ['r', 'g', 'b', 'y', 'c', 'm']
fig, ax = plt.subplots()

for i in range(k):
    points = np.array([X[j] for j in range(len(X)) if clusters[j] == i])
ax.scatter(points[:, 0], points[:, 1], s=7, c=colors[i])
ax.scatter(C[:, 0], C[:, 1], marker='*', s=200, c='#050505')
```

```
[]:
```