ch07 sensors

March 17, 2022

0.1 Problem 1: Sensors implementation

In chap7/mav_dynamics.py implement the following functions: * accelerometer * gyro * pressure * magnetometer * gps_error_trans_update * gps * calculate_sensor_readings

0.2 Implementation Tips

0.2.1 Generating normally distributed noise

Normally distributed noise with a given variance can be generated using the numpy.random.normal function call. Zero mean noise with a variance sigma could be generated as follows.

np.random.normal(0., sigma)

0.2.2 Noise Scale - Turning the noise on and off

Note that each of these functions has an input parameter named noise_scale. This parameter is used to turn on and off the noise. Whenever you are calculating noise, multiply the noise term by the noise_scale so that the unit test can turn it off. For example, the x value of the gyro should be calculated as

gyro_x = p + SENSOR.gyro_x_bias + noise scale * np.random.normal(0., SENSOR.gyro_sigma)

0.2.3 Magnetometer calculation

The book brings up a magnetometer, but does not describe its details. Half of the magnetometer code is provided for you. Use your knowledge of transforms to convert the inertial frame magnetometer reading to body frame and then add white noise with a variance SENSOR.mag_sigma to each axis.

0.2.4 GPS calculation

Note that the GPS velocity and course angle measurements can be calculated using the inputs available to you. Equations (7.21) and (7.22) with additive noise should be very useful. The variance of the noise is given as the constants SENSOR.gps_Vg_sigma and SENSOR.gps_course_sigma (i.e., ignore (7.24)).

0.2.5 Tips for calculate_sensor_readings(...)

When implementing calculate_sensor_readings, populate the sensors and nu_update variables using the other functions implemented. Determine the appropriate inputs to those functions and extract them from the inputs to the calculate_sensor_readings function. Also, only update the

gps transient and sensor measurement inside the if statement. Leave the else statement alone. The purpose of the if-else statement is to simulate that GPS is not received as fast as the other measurements.

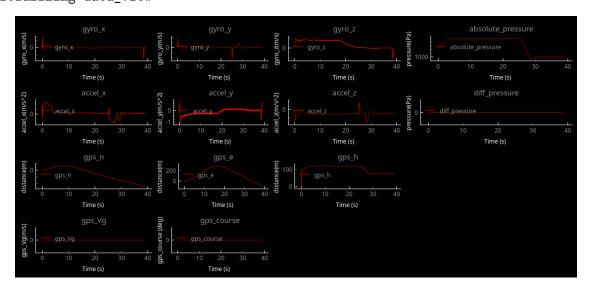
```
[1]: | # Note that this cell can be run separately to initialize for other cell blocks
     import numpy as np
     from mav_sim.chap3.mav_dynamics import DynamicState
     from may sim.chap7.run sim import run sim
     from mav_sim.chap7.sensor_viewer import SensorViewer
     from mav_sim.message_types.msg_sim_params import MsgSimParams
     from mav_sim.tools.signals import Signals
     from mav sim.chap2.mav viewer import MavViewer
     from mav_sim.chap3.data_viewer import DataViewer
     from mav_sim.tools.display_figures import display_data_view, display_mav_view
     import mav_sim.parameters.aerosonde_parameters as MAV
     # The viewers need to be initialized once due to restart issues with qtqraph
     if 'mav_view' not in globals():
         print("Initializing mav_view")
         global mav_view
         mav_view = MavViewer() # initialize the mav viewer
     if 'data_view' not in globals():
         print("Initializing data_view")
         global data_view
         data view = DataViewer() # initialize view of data plots
     if 'sensor_view' not in globals():
         print("Initializing data_view")
         global sensor view
         sensor_view = SensorViewer() # initialize view of data plots
     # Initialize state values
     sim_params = MsgSimParams(end_time=40., video_name="chap4.avi") # Sim_ending_in_
      →10 seconds
     state = DynamicState()
     # Define nominal commands
     Va_command_nom = Signals(dc_offset=25.0,
                             amplitude=3.0,
                             start_time=2.0,
                             frequency=0.01)
     altitude_command_nom = Signals(dc_offset=100.0,
                             amplitude=20.0,
                             start_time=0.0,
                             frequency=0.02)
     course_command_nom = Signals(dc_offset=np.radians(180),
                             amplitude=np.radians(45),
                             start time=5.0,
```

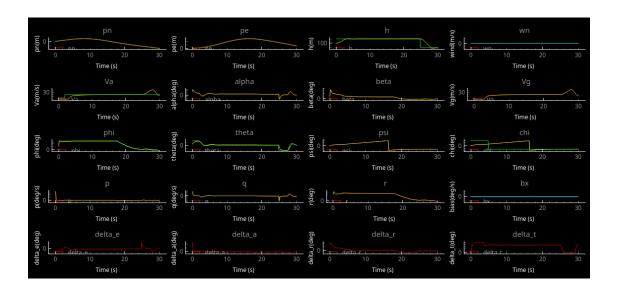
```
frequency=0.015)
# Function for running simulation and displaying results
def run_sim_and_display(Va_command: Signals = Va_command_nom, altitude_command:__

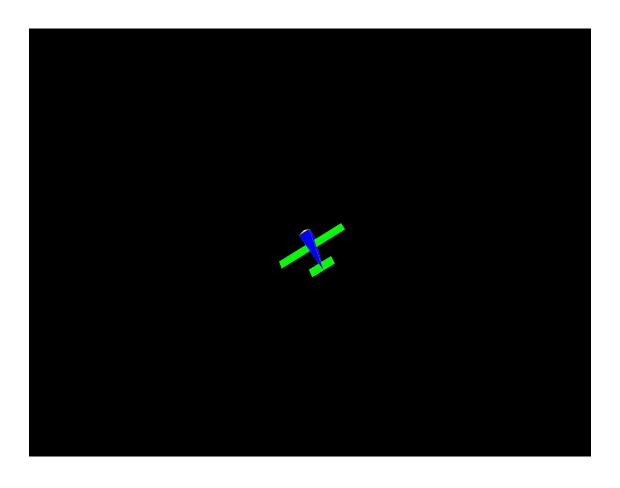
Signals = altitude_command_nom, \

        course command: Signals = course command nom):
    global mav view
    global data_view
    global sensor_view
    data_view.reset(sim_params.start_time)
    (mav_view, data_view, sensor_view) = run_sim(sim=sim_params,__
 →init_state=state, mav_view=mav_view, data_view=data_view, __
 ⇔sensor_view=sensor_view, \
        Va_command=Va_command, altitude_command=altitude_command,__
 ⇒course_command=course_command)
    display data view(sensor view)
    display_data_view(data_view)
    display_mav_view(mav_view)
# Run a controlled trajectory
run_sim_and_display()
```

Initializing mav_view
Initializing data_view
Initializing data_view







0.3 Simple code checking

The following code does not need to change. It should just be used as a sanity check so that you know the code is implemented properly. The output should not have any lines reading Failed test!

```
[2]: from mav_sim.unit_tests.ch7_sensors_test import run_all_tests
     run_all_tests()
    Starting accelerometer test
    End of test
    Starting gyro test
    End of test
    Starting pressure test
    End of test
    Starting magnometer test
    End of test
    Starting gps_error_trans_update test
    End of test
    Starting gps test
    Failed test!
    Calculated output:
    (-1025.0, -1025.0, 975.0, 70.71067811865476, -2.356194490192345)
    Expected output:
    (-1025.0, -1025.0, 975.0, 70.71067811865476, 0.643805509807655)
    Difference:
```

[]: