Coulomb's Law and Exercise 2.4

April 26, 2023

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[8]: #Coulombs Law Problem
      #Given two charges, q_1 and q_2, calculate the force on each charge if they are
       \hookrightarrow r away from each other.
      #Write a python code to find the value of the force for q_1 = +1.3 \times 10-8 C, q_2
       \Rightarrow +4.3×10-8 C, and r = 2×10-2 m.
      #Coulomb's law F=k(q1*q2)/r^2
      #Constants
      k=8.99e9
      #Input values
      q1=float(input("What is the value of the first charge? "))
      q2=float(input("What is the value of the second charge? "))
      r=float(input("What is the value of distance between the charges (r)? "))
      #Used to check for correct value input
      print(q1)
      print(q2)
      print(r)
      #Calculates force
      charge_force= (k*q1*q2)/(r**2)
      #Prints calculated force to 4 decimals
      print("The force is", f'{charge_force:.4f}', "newtons.")
     What is the value of the first charge? 1.3e-8
     What is the value of the second charge? 4.3e-8
     What is the value of distance between the charges (r)? 2e-2
     1.3e-08
     4.3e-08
     0.02
     The force is 0.0126 newtons.
[14]: #Exercise 2.4
      #Write a program to calculate the time in years that it takes a spaceship to_{\sqcup}
       →reach it's destination
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# a) in the frame of reference of the of an observer on earth and b) in the
 ⇔frame of reference as
# percieved by a passenger on board the ship
import math as math
#Ask for inputs
fast speed=float(input("How fast is your spaceship traveling (eg. .99c, .8c, ...
 light_dist=float(input("How far in light-years are you traveling? "))
#print(fast_speed, light_dist)
#Calculate time in the reference frame of an observer on Earth
time_earth= light_dist/fast_speed
print("Time for the earthbound observer is", f'{time_earth:.2f}', 'years.')
#Calculate time in the reference frame of an observer on the spaceship
#Calculate gamma
gamma=(1)/math.sqrt(1-(fast_speed/1)**2)
\#Calculate\ time\ in\ the\ reference\ frame\ of\ the\ ship\ using\ the\ Lorentz_{\sqcup}
 \hookrightarrow transformation
#t'=qamma(t-ux/c)
time_ship=gamma*(time_earth -((fast_speed*light_dist)/1**2))
#Print time as observed on the ship, it should be lower than time observed on
 ⇔earth because 'moving clocks run slow'
print("The time for the spaceship bound observer is" ,f'{time_ship:.2f}',\Box

years."
)
How fast is your spaceship traveling (eg. .99c, .8c, etc...)? .99
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How fast is your spaceship traveling (eg. .99c, .8c, etc...)? .99 How far in light-years are you traveling? 10 Time for the earthbound observer is 10.10 years. 7.09
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The time for the spaceship bound observer is 1.42 years.

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