Laboratório 8.5.1: Identificação e solução de problemas de rede da empresa 1

Diagrama de topologia

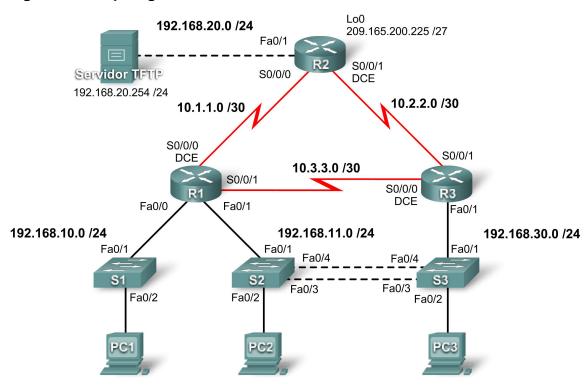


Tabela de endereçamento

Dispositivo	Interface	Endereço IP	Máscara de sub-rede	Gateway padrão
R1	Fa0/0	192.168.10.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
	Fa0/1	192.168.11.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
	S0/0/0	10.1.1.1	255.255.255.252	N/A
	S0/0/1	10.3.3.1	255.255.255.252	N/A
R2	Fa0/1	192.168.20.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
	S0/0/0	10.1.1.2	255.255.255.252	N/A
	S0/0/1	10.2.2.1	255.255.255.252	N/A
	Lo0	209.165.200.225	255.255.255.224	209.165.200.226
R3	Fa0/1	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Fa0/1.11	192.168.11.3	255.255.255.0	N/A
	Fa0/1.30	192.168.30.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
	S0/0/0	10.3.3.2	255.255.255.252	N/A
	S0/0/1	10.2.2.2	255.255.255.252	N/A
S1	VLAN10	DHCP	255.255.255.0	N/A
S2	VLAN11	192.168.11.2	255.255.255.0	N/A

S3	VLAN30	192.168.30.2	255.255.255.0	N/A
PC1	Placa de rede	192.168.10.10	255.255.255.0	192.168.10.1
PC2	Placa de rede	192.168.11.10	255.255.255.0	192.168.11.1
PC3	Placa de rede	192.168.30.10	255.255.255.0	192.168.30.1
Servidor TFTP	Placa de rede	192.168.20.254	255.255.255.0	192.168.20.1

Objetivos de aprendizagem

Após concluir este laboratório, você será capaz de:

- Cabo de rede de acordo com o diagrama de topologia
- Apagar a configuração de inicialização e recarregar o estado padrão de um roteador
- Carregar os roteadores e os switches com scripts fornecidos
- Localizar e corrigir todos os erros de rede
- Documentar a rede corrigida

Cenário

Foi solicitado que você corrija os erros de configuração na rede da empresa. Para este laboratório, não use a proteção por login ou senha em nenhuma linha de console para impedir o bloqueio acidental. Use **ciscoccna** para todas as senhas deste cenário.

Nota: como este laboratório é cumulativo, você utilizará todo o conhecimento e as técnicas de identificação e solução de problemas aprendidas no material anterior para concluir este laboratório com êxito.

Requisitos

- S2 é a raiz de spanning tree para VLAN 11, e S3 é a raiz de spanning tree para VLAN 30.
- S3 é um servidor VTP com S2 como um cliente.
- O link serial entre R1 e R2 é Frame Relay. Verifique se todos os roteadores podem executar ping em suas interfaces Frame Relay.
- O link serial entre R2 e R3 usa encapsulamento HDLC.
- O link serial entre R1 e R3 usa PPP.
- O link serial entre R1 e R3 é autenticado com o uso de CHAP.
- R2 deve ter procedimentos de login seguros por ser o roteador de extremidade da Internet.
- Todas as linhas vty, exceto as pertencentes a R2, só permitem conexões das sub-redes mostradas no diagrama de topologia, excluindo-se o endereço público.

Dica:

R2# telnet 10.1.1.1 /source-interface loopback 0

Trying 10.1.1.1 ...

% Conexão recusada por host remoto

- O spoofing do endereço IP de origem deve ser impedido em todos os links que n\u00e3o se conectam a outros roteadores.
- Os protocolos de roteamento devem ser seguros. Todos os roteadores RIP devem utilizar autenticação MD5.
- R3 não deve ser capaz de executar telnet para R2 pelo link serial conectado diretamente.
- R3 tem acesso a VLANs 11 e 30 pela porta Fast Ethernet 0/0.

- O servidor TFTP n\u00e3o deve obter nenhum tr\u00e1fego que possua endere\u00f3o de origem fora da sub-rede. Todos os dispositivos t\u00e8m acesso ao servidor TFTP.
- Todos os dispositivos na sub-rede 192.168.10.0 devem ser capazes de obter os endereços IP de DHCP em R1. Isso inclui o S1.
- R1 deve ser acessível via SDM.
- Todos os endereços mostrados no diagrama devem ser alcançáveis em todos os dispositivos.

Tarefa 1: Carregar roteadores com os scripts fornecidos

```
1
                   R1
no service password-encryption
1
hostname R1
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
security passwords min-length 6
enable secret 5 ciscoccna
!
ip cef
ip dhcp pool Access1
  network 192.168.10.0 255.255.255.0
   default-router 192.168.10.1
1
no ip domain lookup
username R3 password 0 ciscoccna
username ccna password 0 ciscoccna
interface FastEthernet0/0
 ip address 192.168.10.1 255.255.255.0
 ip rip authentication mode md5
 ip rip authentication key-chain RIP KEY
 no shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/1
 ip address 192.168.11.1 255.255.255.0
 ip rip authentication mode md5
 ip rip authentication key-chain RIP KEY
 no shutdown
interface Serial0/0/0
 ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.252
 ip rip authentication mode md5
 ip rip authentication key-chain RIP KEY
 encapsulation frame-relay
 clockrate 128000
 frame-relay map ip 10.1.1.1 201
```

```
frame-relay map ip 10.1.1.2 201 broadcast
no frame-relay inverse-arp
no shutdown
interface Serial0/0/1
 ip address 10.3.3.1 255.255.255.252
ip rip authentication mode md5
ip rip authentication key-chain RIP KEY
encapsulation ppp
ppp authentication chap
no shutdown
1
router rip
version 2
passive-interface default
network 192.168.10.0
network 192.168.11.0
no auto-summary
ip classless
no ip http server
ip access-list standard Anti-spoofing
permit 192.168.10.0 0.0.0.255
deny any
ip access-list standard VTY
permit 10.0.0.0 0.255.255.255
permit 192.168.10.0 0.0.0.255
permit 192.168.11.0 0.0.0.255
permit 192.168.20.0 0.0.0.255
permit 192.168.30.0 0.0.0.255
line con 0
exec-timeout 0 0
logging synchronous
line aux 0
line vty 0 4
access-class VTY in
login local
                 R2
no service password-encryption
1
hostname R2
security passwords min-length 6
enable secret ciscoccna
aaa new-model
```

```
aaa authentication login LOCAL AUTH local
aaa session-id common
ip cef
no ip domain lookup
key chain RIP KEY
key 1
 key-string cisco
username ccna password 0 ciscoccna
interface Loopback0
description Simulated ISP Connection
ip address 209.165.200.245 255.255.255.224
interface FastEthernet0/0
 ip address 192.168.20.1 255.255.255.0
 ip access-group TFTP out
ip access-group Anti-spoofing in
ip nat outside
 duplex auto
speed auto
interface FastEthernet0/1
no ip address
shutdown
duplex auto
speed auto
interface Serial0/0/0
 ip address 10.1.1.2 255.255.255.0
ip nat inside
encapsulation frame-relay
no keepalive
 frame-relay map ip 10.1.1.1 201 broadcast
no frame-relay inverse-arp
interface Serial0/0/1
 ip address 10.2.2.1 255.255.255.0
ip access-group R3-telnet in
ip nat inside
ip rip authentication mode md5
ip rip authentication key-chain RIP KEY
 clockrate 128000
router rip
version 2
passive-interface default
no passive-interface Serial0/0/0
no passive-interface Serial0/0/1
 network 10.0.0.0
 network 192.168.20.0
 default-information originate
```

```
no auto-summary
ip classless
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 209.165.200.226
no ip http server
ip nat inside source list NAT interface FastEthernet0/0 overload
ip access-list standard Anti-spoofing
permit 192.168.20.0 0.0.0.255
deny any
ip access-list standard NAT
permit 10.0.0.0 0.255.255.255
permit 192.168.0.0 0.0.255.255
ip access-list extended R3-telnet
      tcp host 10.2.2.2 host 10.2.2.1 eq telnet
       tcp host 10.3.3.2 host 10.2.2.1 eq telnet
deny tcp host 192.168.11.3 host 10.2.2.1 eq telnet
deny tcp host 192.168.30.1 host 10.2.2.1 eq telnet
permit ip any any
ip access-list standard TFTP
permit 192.168.20.0 0.0.0.255
control-plane
line con 0
exec-timeout 0 0
logging synchronous
line aux 0
 exec-timeout 15 0
logging synchronous
login authentication local auth
transport output telnet
line vty 0 4
exec-timeout 15 0
 logging synchronous
login authentication local auth
transport input telnet
end
                 R3
no service password-encryption
!
hostname R3
1
security passwords min-length 6
enable secret ciscoccna
no aaa new-model
ip cef
```

```
1
no ip domain lookup
key chain RIP KEY
key 1
 key-string cisco
username R1 password 0 ciscoccna
username ccna password 0 ciscoccna
interface FastEthernet0/1
no shutdown
interface FastEthernet0/1.11
encapsulation dot1Q 11
ip address 192.168.11.3 255.255.255.0
no snmp trap link-status
interface FastEthernet0/1.30
 encapsulation dot10 30
ip address 192.168.30.1 255.255.255.0
ip access-group Anti-spoofing in
no snmp trap link-status
interface Serial0/0/0
ip address 10.3.3.2 255.255.255.252
encapsulation ppp
clockrate 125000
ppp authentication chap
interface Serial0/0/1
ip address 10.2.2.2 255.255.255.252
router rip
version 2
passive-interface default
no passive-interface FastEthernet0/0.11
no passive-interface FastEthernet0/0.30
no passive-interface Serial0/0/0
no passive-interface Serial0/0/1
network 10.0.0.0
network 192.168.11.0
network 192.168.30.0
no auto-summary
ip classless
ip http server
ip access-list standard Anti-spoofing
permit 192.168.30.0 0.0.0.255
deny any
ip access-list standard VTY
permit 10.0.0.0 0.255.255.255
permit 192.168.10.0 0.0.0.255
```

```
permit 192.168.11.0 0.0.0.255
permit 192.168.20.0 0.0.0.255
permit 192.168.30.0 0.0.0.255
control-plane
line con 0
 exec-timeout 0 0
 logging synchronous
line aux 0
 exec-timeout 15 0
 logging synchronous
line vty 0 4
 access-class VTY in
 exec-timeout 15 0
logging synchronous
login local
!
end
1
                S1
1______
no service password-encryption
hostname S1
security passwords min-length 6
enable secret ciscoccna
no aaa new-model
vtp domain CCNA Troubleshooting
vtp mode transparent
vtp password ciscoccna
ip subnet-zero
no ip domain-lookup
no file verify auto
spanning-tree mode pvst
spanning-tree extend system-id
vlan internal allocation policy ascending
vlan 10
interface FastEthernet0/1
 switchport access vlan 10
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/2
 switchport access vlan 10
 switchport mode access
interface range FastEthernet0/3-24
```

```
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
shutdown
interface Vlan1
no ip address
no ip route-cache
interface Vlan10
ip address dhcp
no ip route-cache
ip default-gateway 192.168.10.1
ip http server
control-plane
line con 0
exec-timeout 0 0
logging synchronous
line vty 0 4
password ciscoccna
login
line vty 5 15
no login
1
end
               S2
!-----
no service password-encryption
!
hostname S2
security passwords min-length 6
enable secret ciscoccna
no aaa new-model
vtp domain CCNA_Troubleshooting
vtp mode transparent
vtp password ciscoccna
ip subnet-zero
no ip domain-lookup
no file verify auto
spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
spanning-tree extend system-id
spanning-tree vlan 11 priority 24576
spanning-tree vlan 30 priority 28672
vlan internal allocation policy ascending
```

```
1
interface FastEthernet0/1
switchport access vlan 11
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/2
 switchport access vlan 11
switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/3
 switchport trunk native vlan 99
switchport trunk allowed vlan 11,30
switchport mode trunk
interface FastEthernet0/4
switchport trunk native vlan 99
switchport trunk allowed vlan 11,30
switchport mode trunk
interface range FastEthernet0/5-24
shutdown
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
shutdown
interface Vlan1
no ip address
no ip route-cache
interface Vlan11
ip address 192.168.11.2 255.255.255.0
no ip route-cache
ip http server
control-plane
line con 0
exec-timeout 0 0
logging synchronous
line vty 0 4
password ciscoccna
login
line vty 5 15
no login
!
                s3
!-----
no service password-encryption
```

```
hostname S3
security passwords min-length 6
enable secret ciscoccna
no aaa new-model
vtp domain CCNA_troubleshooting
vtp mode server
vtp password ciscoccna
ip subnet-zero
no ip domain-lookup
no file verify auto
spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
spanning-tree extend system-id
spanning-tree vlan 11 priority 28672
spanning-tree vlan 30 priority 24576
vlan internal allocation policy ascending
1
interface FastEthernet0/1
 switchport trunk allowed vlan 30
 switchport mode trunk
interface FastEthernet0/2
 switchport access vlan 30
 switchport mode access
interface FastEthernet0/3
 switchport trunk native vlan 99
 switchport trunk allowed vlan 11,30
 switchport mode trunk
ļ
interface FastEthernet0/4
 switchport trunk native vlan 99
 switchport trunk allowed vlan 11,30
 switchport mode trunk
interface range FastEthernet0/5-24
 shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
 shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
 shutdown
1
interface Vlan1
 no ip address
no ip route-cache
interface Vlan30
```

```
ip address 192.168.30.2 255.255.255.0
no ip route-cache
!
ip default-gateway 192.168.30.1
ip http server
!
control-plane
!
line con 0
  exec-timeout 5 0
  logging synchronous
line vty 0 4
  password ciscoccna
  login
line vty 5 15
  no login
!
end
```

Tarefa 2: Localizar e corrigir todos erros de rede

Tarefa 3: Verificar se os requisitos foram totalmente atendidos

Tarefa 4: Documentar a rede corrigida

Tarefa 5: Limpar

Apague as configurações e recarregue os roteadores. Desconecte e guarde o cabeamento. Para PC normalmente conectados a outras redes (como a rede local escolar ou a Internet), reconecte o cabeamento apropriado e restaure as configurações TCP/IP.