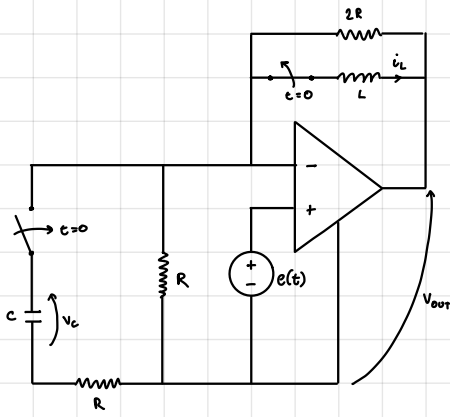


ESERCITAZIONE

ESERCIZIO 1

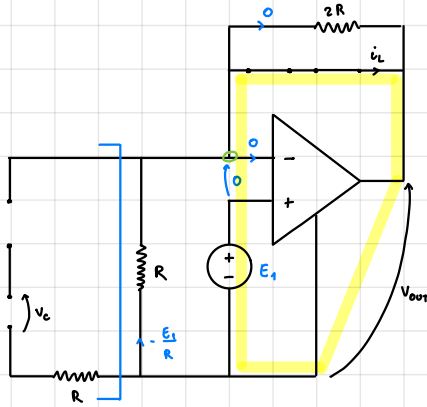


$$e(t) = E_1 \quad t < 0 \quad v_C(-\infty) = 0$$

$$e(t) = E_2 > E_1 \quad t > 0$$

$$V_{OUT}(t)? \quad i_L(t)? \quad v_C(t)?$$

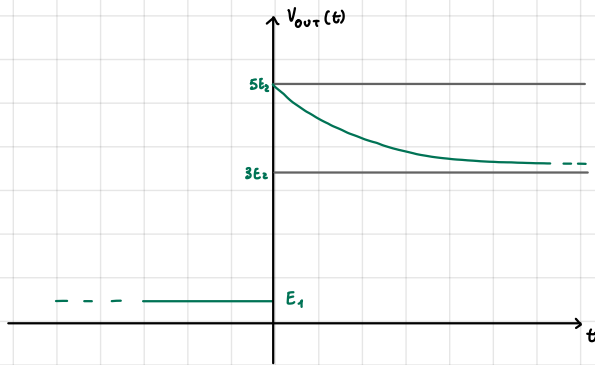
$t < 0$



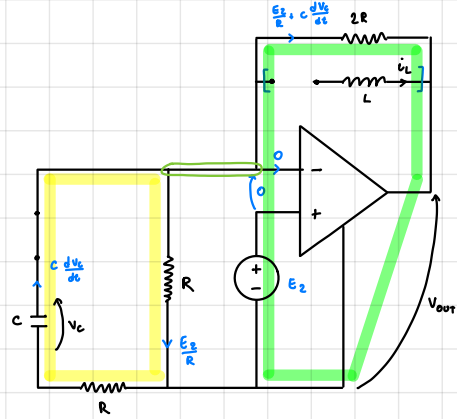
$$v_C(0^-) = v_C(-\infty)$$

$$i_L(0^-) = -\frac{E_1}{R}$$

$$V_{OUT}(0^-) = E_1$$



$t > 0$



$$i_L(t) = 0$$

$$v_C + RC \frac{dv_C}{dt} = E_2 \rightarrow \frac{dv_C}{dt} = -\frac{1}{RC} v_C + \frac{E_2}{RC}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$v_C = K e^{-\frac{t}{RC}} + H = E_2 \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{RC}}\right)$$

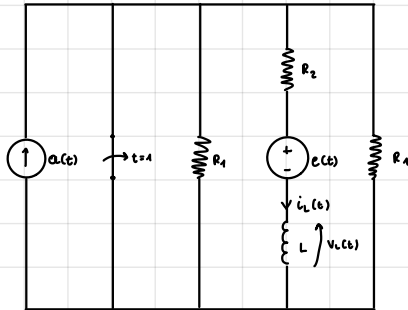
$$\rightarrow 0 = -\frac{H}{RC} + \frac{E_2}{RC} \rightarrow H = E_2$$

$$\rightarrow v_C(0^-) \cdot v_C(0^+) = 0 \rightarrow K = -E_2$$

$$V_{OUT}(t) = E_2 + 2R \left(\frac{E_2}{R} + C \frac{dv_C}{dt} \right) = 3E_2 + 2RC \frac{dv_C}{dt} =$$

$$3E_2 + 2RC \left[\frac{E_2}{RC} e^{-\frac{t}{RC}} \right] = E_2 \left(3 + 2e^{-\frac{t}{RC}} \right)$$

ESERCIZIO 2



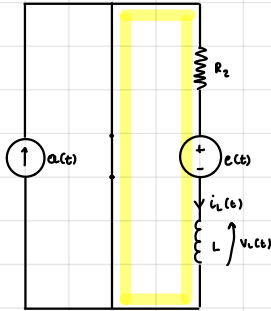
$$e(t) = E \quad t < 1$$

$$i_L(t) \quad t \geq 1$$

$$e(t) = 0 \quad t > 1$$

$$a(t) = A \cos(\omega t)$$

$t < 1$



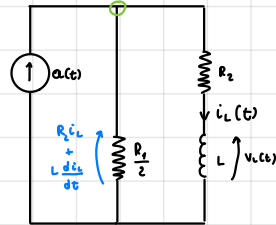
$$L \frac{di_L}{dt} + R_2 i_L + E = 0 \rightarrow \frac{di_L}{dt} = -\frac{R_2}{L} i_L - \frac{E}{L}$$

$$\downarrow \quad t_0$$

$$i_L(t) = K e^{-\frac{R_2}{L}(t+\infty)} - \frac{E}{R_2}$$

$$i_L(1^-) = -\frac{E}{R_2}$$

$t > 1$



$$a(t) = i_L + \frac{R_2}{R_1} i_L + \frac{2L}{R_1} \frac{di_L}{dt} \Rightarrow \frac{di_L}{dt} = -\frac{R_1 + 2R_2}{2L} i_L + \frac{R_1}{2L} a(t)$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$i_L(t) = K e^{\lambda_2(t-1)} + i_{L,IP}(t)$$

$$\hookrightarrow (2\gamma\omega L + R_1 + 2R_2) \bar{i}_{L,IP} = R_1 A \rightarrow \bar{i}_{L,IP} = \frac{R_1 A (R_1 + 2R_2 - 2\gamma\omega L)}{(R_1 + 2R_2)^2 + (2\omega L)^2}$$

$$\hookrightarrow i_{L,IP}(t) = \Re \{ \bar{i}_{L,IP} \} = \frac{R_1 A}{\gamma} [(R_1 + 2R_2) \cos \omega t + 2\omega L \sin \omega t]$$

$$\hookrightarrow K = \dots = -\gamma [(R_1 + 2R_2) \cos \omega t + 2\omega L \sin \omega t] - \frac{E}{R_2}$$