

2. (25%)

(a)	$j \leftarrow 1$	▷ 1 time
	while $j < n$ do	▷ n-1 times
	S_1	▷ n-2 times
	$k \leftarrow n$	▷ n-2 times
	while $k > j$ do	▷ n-j times
	S_2	▷ n-j-1 times
	$k --$	▷ n-j-1 times
	$j ++$	▷ n-2 times

The Sum of these statments can be represented by $S(n)$:

$$\begin{aligned}
 S(n) &= C_0 + \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (C_1 + S_1 + \sum_{j=i}^{n-1} (S_2 + C_2)) \\
 &= C_0 + \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (C_1 + S_1 + (n-1-i)(S_2 + C_2)) \\
 &= C_0 + (n-2)(C_1 + S_1) + (S_2 + C_2) \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (n-1-i) \\
 &= C_0 + (n-2)(C_1 + S_1) + (S_2 + C_2) \left(n(n-2) - (n-2) - \frac{n(n-1)}{2} \right) \\
 &= C_0 + (n-2)(C_1 + S_1) + (S_2 + C_2) \left(\frac{n^2}{2} - \frac{5n}{2} + 2 \right) \\
 &= C_0 + (n-2)C'_1 + C'_2 \left(\frac{n^2}{2} - \frac{5n}{2} + 2 \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

(b)	$j \leftarrow 0$	▷ 1 time
	while $j \leq n$ do	▷ n+1 times
	$k \leftarrow 0$	▷ n times
	while $k \leq j$ do	▷ j+1 times
	S_1	▷ j times
	$k ++$	▷ j times
	$j ++$	▷ n times

Summing these statements:

$$\begin{aligned}
 S(n) &= 1 + (n+1) + 2n + \sum_{j=0}^n (2j + j + 1) \\
 &= 3n + 2 + (n+1) + 3 \sum_{j=0}^n j \\
 &= 4n + 3 + \frac{3n(n+1)}{2} \\
 &= 4n + 3 + \frac{3}{2}(n^2 + n) \\
 &= \frac{11n}{2} + \frac{3n^2}{2} + 3
 \end{aligned}$$