

HW 07

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```
library(rattle)

## Loading required package: tibble

## Loading required package: bitops

## Rattle: A free graphical interface for data science with R.
## Version 5.4.0 Copyright (c) 2006-2020 Togaware Pty Ltd.
## Type 'rattle()' to shake, rattle, and roll your data.

library(tidyverse)

## — Attaching packages ————— tidyverse 1.
3.1 —

## ✓ ggplot2 3.3.5      ✓ dplyr 1.0.7
## ✓ tidyr 1.1.3        ✓ stringr 1.4.0
## ✓ readr 2.0.1        ✓ forcats 0.5.1
## ✓ purrr 0.3.4

## — Conflicts ————— tidyverse_conflict
s() —
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()

library(caret)

## Loading required package: lattice

##
## Attaching package: 'caret'

## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
## lift

library(rpart)

titanic_data <- read.csv('~\OneDrive - Stony Brook University/SBU/MAT + AMS/F
all 2021/AMS 380/hw/07/Titanic.csv', header = T)
```

Question 01:

```
titanic_data <- subset(titanic_data, select = -c(Name, Ticket, Cabin))

titanic_data <- na.omit(titanic_data)
str(titanic_data)

## 'data.frame':    714 obs. of  9 variables:
## $ PassengerId: int  1 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 ...
## $ Survived   : int  0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 ...
## $ Pclass     : int  3 1 3 1 3 1 3 3 2 3 ...
## $ Sex        : chr  "male" "female" "female" "female" ...
## $ Age        : num  22 38 26 35 35 54 2 27 14 4 ...
## $ SibSp      : int  1 1 0 1 0 0 3 0 1 1 ...
## $ Parch      : int  0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 0 1 ...
## $ Fare       : num  7.25 71.28 7.92 53.1 8.05 ...
## $ Embarked   : chr  "S" "C" "S" "S" ...
## - attr(*, "na.action")= 'omit' Named int [1:177] 6 18 20 27 29 30 32 33 3
## 7 43 ...
## ...- attr(*, "names")= chr [1:177] "6" "18" "20" "27" ...

# There are 714 observations left after omitting the missing data

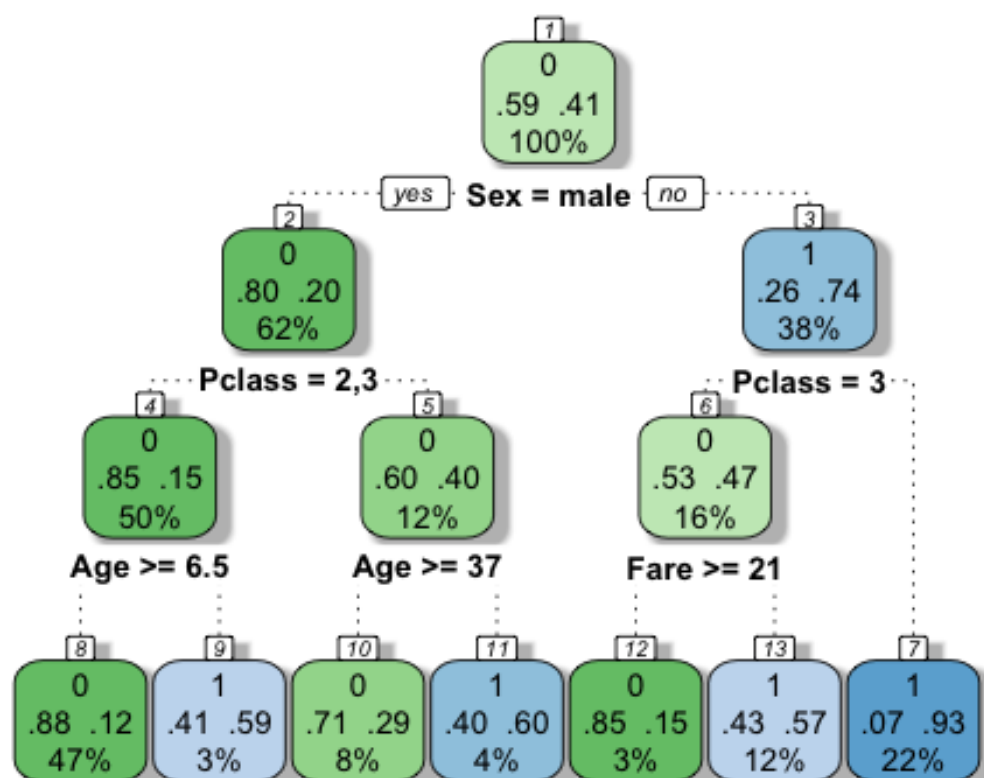
titanic_data$Survived <- as.factor(titanic_data$Survived)
titanic_data$Pclass <- as.factor(titanic_data$Pclass)

# Generate training and testing data
set.seed(123)
training.samples <- titanic_data$Survived %>%
  createDataPartition(p = 0.8, list = FALSE)
train.data <- titanic_data[training.samples, ]
test.data <- titanic_data[-training.samples, ]
```

Question 02:

```
fit <- rpart(Survived ~ Pclass + Sex + Age + SibSp + Parch + Fare + Embarked,
data = train.data, method="class")

fancyRpartPlot(fit)
```



Rattle 2021-Nov-04 22:44:07 alexbui

```

predicted.classes <- fit %>%
  predict(test.data, type = "class")

```

```

predicted.survival <- data.frame(PassengerId = test.data$PassengerId, Survival = predicted.classes)
predicted.survival

```

##	PassengerId	Survived
## 1	1	0
## 4	4	1
## 7	7	0
## 14	14	0
## 19	19	1
## 24	24	1
## 35	35	1
## 38	38	0
## 39	39	1
## 53	53	1
## 57	57	1
## 81	81	0
## 82	82	0
## 84	84	1
## 85	85	1

## 94	94	0
## 97	97	0
## 98	98	1
## 99	99	1
## 100	100	0
## 113	113	0
## 115	115	1
## 116	116	0
## 117	117	0
## 119	119	1
## 123	123	0
## 126	126	0
## 131	131	0
## 133	133	1
## 135	135	0
## 140	140	1
## 148	148	0
## 157	157	1
## 163	163	0
## 166	166	0
## 174	174	0
## 176	176	0
## 179	179	0
## 180	180	0
## 190	190	0
## 194	194	1
## 209	209	1
## 212	212	1
## 214	214	0
## 221	221	0
## 226	226	0
## 228	228	0
## 243	243	0
## 249	249	0
## 263	263	0
## 266	266	0
## 274	274	0
## 283	283	0
## 284	284	0
## 293	293	0
## 306	306	1
## 309	309	0
## 311	311	1
## 312	312	1
## 324	324	1
## 328	328	1
## 341	341	1
## 342	342	1
## 343	343	0
## 345	345	0

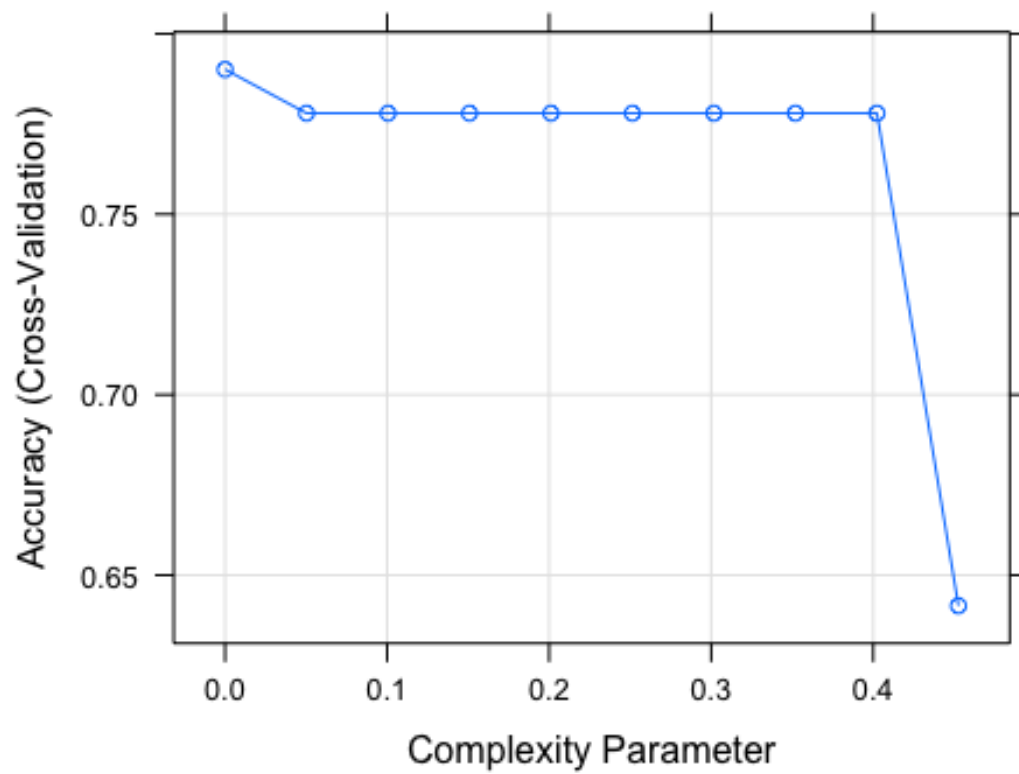
## 354	354	0
## 370	370	1
## 378	378	1
## 380	380	0
## 383	383	0
## 386	386	0
## 391	391	1
## 393	393	0
## 400	400	1
## 406	406	0
## 408	408	1
## 409	409	0
## 438	438	1
## 442	442	0
## 446	446	1
## 447	447	1
## 448	448	1
## 453	453	1
## 461	461	0
## 462	462	0
## 463	463	0
## 468	468	0
## 477	477	0
## 488	488	0
## 494	494	0
## 509	509	0
## 514	514	1
## 516	516	0
## 538	538	1
## 545	545	0
## 551	551	1
## 572	572	1
## 582	582	1
## 583	583	0
## 584	584	1
## 586	586	1
## 600	600	0
## 601	601	1
## 617	617	0
## 619	619	1
## 632	632	0
## 639	639	0
## 646	646	0
## 652	652	1
## 653	653	0
## 662	662	0
## 678	678	1
## 682	682	1
## 690	690	1
## 692	692	1

## 694	694	0
## 711	711	1
## 727	727	1
## 731	731	1
## 732	732	0
## 746	746	0
## 762	762	0
## 768	768	1
## 771	771	0
## 781	781	1
## 788	788	0
## 797	797	1
## 800	800	0
## 805	805	0
## 815	815	0
## 818	818	0
## 819	819	0
## 828	828	1
## 834	834	0
## 836	836	1
## 841	841	0
## 849	849	0
## 851	851	1
## 861	861	0
## 873	873	1
## 880	880	1
## 888	888	1

Question 03:

```
# Fit the model on the training set
set.seed(123)
model <- train(
  Survived ~., data = train.data, method = "rpart",
  trControl = trainControl("cv", number = 10),
  tuneLength = 10
)

plot(model)
```



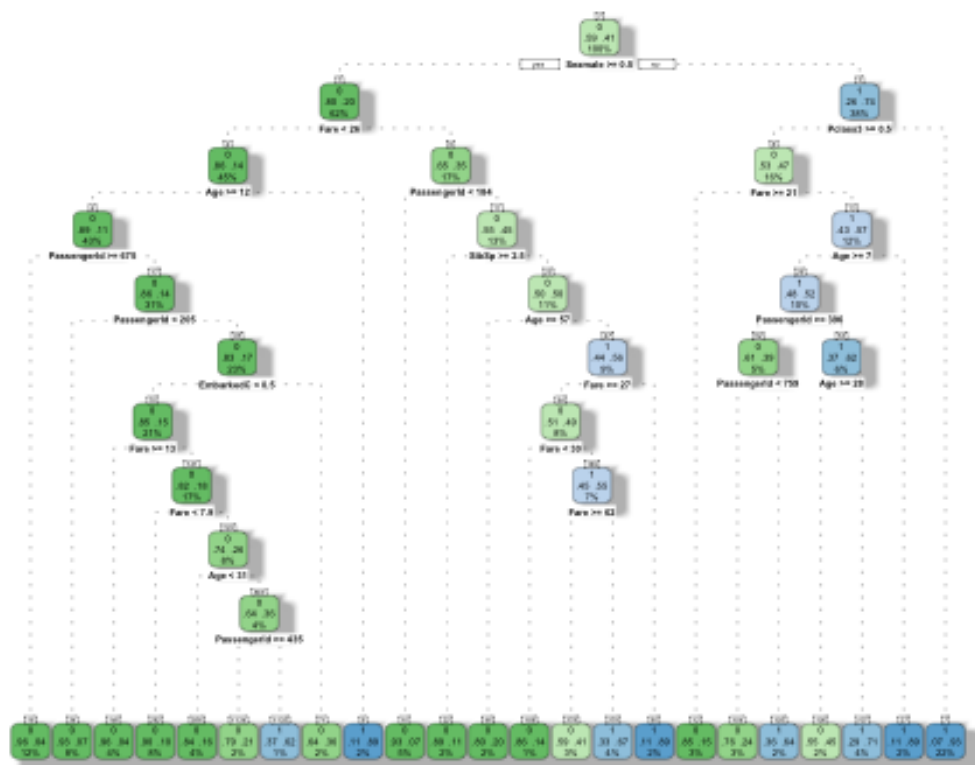
```
model$bestTune
```

```
##    cp
```

```
## 1  0
```

```
# The best CP value is 0
```

```
fancyRpartPlot(model$finalModel)
```



Rattle 2021-Nov-04 22:44:08 alexbui

Question 04:

```
predicted.classes2 <- model %>% predict(test.data)
# Compute model accuracy rate on test data

# confusion matrix
table(predicted.classes2, test.data$Survived)

##
## predicted.classes2  0  1
##                   0 71 14
##                   1 13 44

mean(predicted.classes2 == test.data$Survived)

## [1] 0.8098592

# The overall accuracy of the test data is 0.8098592

sum((test.data$Survived == 1)*(predicted.classes2 == 1))/sum(test.data$Survived == 1)
```



```
## [1] 0.7586207
```

```
# The sensitivity of the test data is 0.7586207
```

```
sum((test.data$Survived == 0)*(predicted.classes2 == 0))/sum(test.data$Survived == 0)
```

```
## [1] 0.8452381
```

```
# The specificity of the test data is 0.8452381
```