EDS 231 Final Project: Climate Gentrification Text & Sentiment Analysis

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Background and Research question

Language allows us to articulate our thoughts and emotions. In our Ethics and Bias class, we listened to Valencia Gunder, a prominent climate activist, explain how the coining of the term "climate gentrification" finally gave rise to awareness about a problem and emotion that has been felt by low-income communities in Miami for several years now. The Keenan et al. 2018 paper talks about Miami-Dade County, Florida as a case study for market mechanisms enabling this phenomenon.

Our initial research question was to understand the emergence of the term "climate gentrification" both spatially and temporally. The idea was this analysis would give insights into how language spreads and evolves, highlighting the emotions of those who have been historically left out of the conversation around climate action. Valencia Gunder mentioned how city officials and stakeholders often neglected the concerns of the people in the city of Miami before the term "climate gentrification" was coined and supported by academic literature.

Due to data acquisition limitations, we had to pivot our research question. We are now comparing how the two data sources, Nexis Uni and Twitter, discuss the term "climate gentrification". We were also not able to move forward with our spatial and temporal analysis. Instead, we ran sentiment, word relationship, and topic modeling analysis on both datasets and compared them. We hope that research on this topic will encourage more engagement between researchers and people that are living through the problems researchers are attempting to help solve.

Data collection plan

Data will be accessed via Twitter (tweets) and Nexis Uni (news publications). Tweets referring to the keywords "climate gentrification" along with the hashtag "#climategentrification" will be queried for the time period of 2019-present. The query will be conducted on Brandwatch's Consumer Research, which will be accessed through the UCSB Collaboratory license. The project team has completed a consultation with UCSB Collaboratory to ensure necessary access. Our query resulted in approximately 10,276 tweets. The entire Nexis Uni database was queried for "climate gentrification", which resulted in 498 unique news articles, law reviews and journals, legal news, legal briefs, statutes and legislation, and directories from 2014-present. The Nexis Uni database access is available through the UCSB library as well.

Analysis plan

Our analysis focused on the sentiment, word relationships, and topics of discussion surrounding climate gentrification. This first required cleaning the Twitter and Nexis data by removing domain-specific stop words,

stemming key terms, and removing unnecessary terms, phrases, URLs, etc. Next, the team conducted sentiment analysis on the data to identify key emotions surrounding the topic. Then, we used word relationship analysis to dive deeper into the words that were common in the key emotions. Lastly, we used topic modeling to elucidate the primary themes of the discussion.

Setup Data

Setup stop words and Bing/NRC sentiments

Setup stop words and Bing/NRC sentiments

```
#read in stop words data
data(stop_words)
```

Cleaning Nexis Uni Data

```
cg_nex_dat3 <- cg_nex_dat3[!grepl("POSTED", cg_nex_dat3$text,ignore.case = TRUE),]
cg_nex_dat3 <- cg_nex_dat3[!grepl("GRAPHIC", cg_nex_dat3$text,ignore.case = TRUE),]
cg_nex_dat3 <- cg_nex_dat3[!grepl(":", cg_nex_dat3$text),]
cg_nex_dat3 <- cg_nex_dat3[!grepl("LINK TO", cg_nex_dat3$text,ignore.case = TRUE),]
cg_nex_dat3 <- cg_nex_dat3[grepl("[a-zA-Z]", cg_nex_dat3$text),]

# clean the corpus
cg_nex_corp <- corpus(x = cg_nex_articles_df, text_field = "Article")
cg_nex_corp.stats <- summary(cg_nex_corp)
head(cg_nex_corp.stats, n = 25)</pre>
```

```
##
      Text Types Tokens Sentences ID
## 1
     text1
            235
                  413
                            14 1
## 2
     text2
            429
                  957
                            24 2
     text3 429 957
                            24 3
## 3
## 4 text4 430 963
                            24 4
## 5 text5 430
                  963
                            24 5
     text6 430
## 6
                  963
                            24 6
## 7
     text7 551 1344
                            43 7
## 8
                            50 8
     text8 562 1110
## 9
     text9 562 1110
                            50 9
## 10 text10
            562
                 1110
                            50 10
                            23 11
## 11 text11
            319
                 608
## 12 text12 871
                 2187
                            94 12
## 13 text13
            296
                  608
                            27 13
## 14 text14
            622
                            59 14
                 1541
## 15 text15
                            67 15
            587
                  1654
## 16 text16 1009
                  2308
                            65 16
## 17 text17 1022
                  2345
                            65 17
## 18 text18
           294 544
                            27 18
## 19 text19 296
                  546
                            27 19
## 20 text20 361 776
                            31 20
## 21 text21 294 544
                            27 21
## 22 text22 672 1680
                            67 22
## 23 text23 736
                            82 23
                 1871
## 24 text24 1146
                  2684
                            87 24
## 25 text25 1364
                  3831
                           152 25
```

```
toks <- tokens(cg_nex_corp, remove_punct = TRUE, remove_numbers = TRUE)
# added some project-specific stop words here
more_stops <- c(stopwords("en"), "like", "just", "say", "year")
add_stops<- tibble(word = c(stop_words$word, more_stops))
stop_vec <- as_vector(add_stops)
toks1 <- tokens_select(toks, pattern = stop_vec, selection = "remove")

# unnest to word-level tokens, remove stop words, and join sentiment words
cg_nex_text_words <- cg_nex_dat3 %>%
    unnest_tokens(output = word, input = text, token = 'words') %>%
    drop_na()
```

Convert Nexis Uni to document-feature matrix

```
dfm_comm<- dfm(toks1, tolower = TRUE)</pre>
dfm <- dfm_wordstem(dfm_comm)</pre>
dfm <- dfm_trim(dfm, min_docfreq = 2) #remove terms only appearing in one doc (min_termfreq = 10)
print(head(dfm))
## Document-feature matrix of: 6 documents, 12,866 features (98.17% sparse) and 1 docvar.
##
          features
## docs
           york kansa citi miami denver mantra locat relev consider real
##
     text1
              2
                    1
                          8
                                2
                                        2
                                               1
                                                            1
##
     text2
              0
                     0
                          9
                                9
                                        0
                                               0
                                                      0
                                                            0
                                                                     1
                                                                           2
                          9
                                9
                                                                           2
##
                    0
                                        0
                                               0
                                                      0
                                                            0
     text3
              0
                                                                     1
##
     text4
              0
                    0
                          9
                                9
                                        0
                                               0
                                                      0
                                                            0
                                                                           2
                                                                     1
##
                    0
                          9
                                9
                                               0
                                                      0
                                                            0
                                                                           2
     text5
              0
                                        0
                                                                     1
                    0
                          9
                                9
##
     text6
              0
## [ reached max_nfeat ... 12,856 more features ]
#remove rows (docs) with all zeros
sel_idx <- slam::row_sums(dfm) > 0
dfm <- dfm[sel_idx, ]</pre>
```

Initial exploration of Nexis Uni data

```
cg_nex_words_by_date <- cg_nex_text_words %>%
  anti_join(stop_words) %>%
  group_by(date) %>%
  count(date, word)
```

Compare top ten most common words per day

```
## Joining, by = "word"
cg_nex_top_words_by_date <- cg_nex_words_by_date %>% group_by(date) %>% top_n(n = 10, wt = n)
cg_nex_top_words_by_date[order(cg_nex_top_words_by_date$n, decreasing = TRUE),]
## # A tibble: 3,460 x 3
## # Groups:
              date [228]
##
      date
                word
                            n
##
      <date>
                <chr>
                         <int>
## 1 2019-04-02 housing
                          369
## 2 2019-04-02 fair
                          224
## 3 2021-07-20 climate
                          193
## 4 2021-11-28 housing
                          175
## 5 2021-06-30 climate
                          161
## 6 2021-11-28 flood
                          134
## 7 2016-10-31 housing
                          122
```

```
## 8 2020-01-01 id 121
## 9 2021-02-26 housing 112
## 10 2020-06-29 flood 110
## # ... with 3,450 more rows
```

negative



positive

Positive-Negative Wordcloud of Nexis Uni

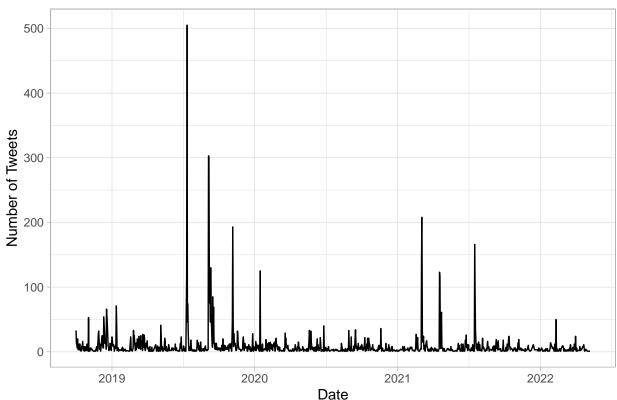
b) Twitter Data Preparation

Cleaning Twitter Data

```
cg_t_corpus <- corpus(dat$Title) # enter quanteda</pre>
#summary(corpus)
cg_t_tokens <- tokens(cg_t_corpus) # tokenize the text so each doc (page, in this case) is a list of to
# clean it up
cg_t_tokens <- tokens(cg_t_tokens, remove_punct = TRUE,</pre>
                 remove_numbers = TRUE)
cg_t_tokens <- tokens_select(cg_t_tokens, stopwords('english'), selection='remove') # stopwords lexicon
# tokens <- tokens_wordstem(tokens) #stem words down to their base form for comparisons across tense an
cg_t_tokens <- tokens_tolower(cg_t_tokens)</pre>
theString <- unlist(strsplit(tweets$text, " "))</pre>
regex <- "(^|[^@\\w])@(\\w{1,15})\\b"
tweets$text <- gsub(regex, "", tweets$text)</pre>
# let's clean up the URLs from the tweets
tweets$text <- gsub("http[^[:space:]]*", "",tweets$text)</pre>
tweets$text <- str_to_lower(tweets$text)</pre>
tokenized_tweets <- tweets %>%
  unnest_tokens(word, text)
# tokenize tweets to individual words
words <- tweets %>%
  select(id, date, text) %>%
 unnest_tokens(output = word,
                input = text,
                token = "words") # %>%
```

Initial exploration of twitter data





Time-Series

The date with the highest number of tweets about climate gentrification is March 4, 2021. On March 3rd, CNN released a story titled High ground, high prices, which reported on climate gentrification. Specific problems discussed in the article include Miami's Little Haiti neighborhood and New Orleans, particularly after displacement caused by Hurricane Katrina.

Another notable date is July 17th, 2021, which corresponds to the Washington Post's article covering climate gentrification following the tragic Surfside condo collapse on June 24th, 2021.

Keywords-in-context We can use the kwic function (keywords-in-context) to briefly examine the context in which certain words or patterns appear.

```
head(kwic(cg_t_tokens, pattern = phrase("climate gentrification"), window = 5))
## Keyword-in-context with 6 matches.
##
    [text1, 26:27] inequalities calling closer attention green |
##
    [text2, 12:13]
                        course help provide historical context |
    [text3, 10:11]
                            came minutes writing workshop event |
##
##
      [text6, 4:5]
                                     rt@spacecrone presentation |
      [text7, 4:5]
##
                                     rt@spacecrone presentation |
      [text8, 2:3]
##
                                                   presentation |
##
    climate gentrification |
##
##
    climate gentrification |
##
    climate gentrification |
   climate gentrification |
    climate gentrification |
##
```

```
## climate gentrification |
##

## https://t.co/vhzquxv9pc
## norfolk virginia areas nhttps://t.co/rdmelyrkyc
## #miami#littlehaiti#sihowsundays#sihowthedoctor#gentrification
## tonight efforts put money climate
## tonight efforts put money climate
## tonight efforts put money climate
```

```
hash_tweets <- tokens(cg_t_corpus, remove_punct = TRUE) %>%
  tokens_keep(pattern = "#*")

dfm_hash <- dfm(hash_tweets)

tstat_freq <- textstat_frequency(dfm_hash, n = 100)
head(tstat_freq, 10)</pre>
```

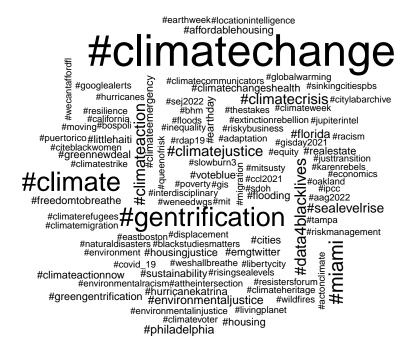
Wordcloud of hashtags

```
feature frequency rank docfreq group
##
## 1 #climategentrification
                             733
                                 1
                                        733 all
                             469 2
                                        469
## 2
           #climatechange
                                             all
## 3
                 #climate
                            252 3
                                        252 all
## 4
          #gentrification
                            251
                                   4
                                        251
                                             all
## 5
                                        151 all
                  #miami
                            152 5
## 6
           #climateaction
                            102 6
                                       102 all
                                        96 all
## 7
          #data4blacklives
                            96 7
                                         84 all
## 8
          #climatejustice
                            84
                                 8
## 9
           #climatecrisis
                            81
                                 9
                                         81 all
## 10
            #sealevelrise
                              65
                                 10
                                         65 all
```

```
# tidytext gives us tools to convert to tidy from non-tidy formats
hash_tib <- tidy(dfm_hash)

hash_tib %>%
   count(term) %>%
   with(wordcloud(term, n, max.words = 100))
```

Warning in wordcloud(term, n, max.words = 100): #climategentrification could not
be fit on page. It will not be plotted.



```
cg_t_dfm <- dfm(cg_t_tokens)
#topfeatures(dfm, 12)
cg_t_dfm.sentiment <- dfm_lookup(cg_t_dfm, dictionary = data_dictionary_LSD2015)
#head(textstat_polarity(tokens, data_dictionary_LSD2015, fun = sent_logit))</pre>
```

Convert to document feature matrix using quanteda textstat_polarity()

```
words_by_date <- tokenized_tweets %>%
   anti_join(stop_words) %>%
   group_by(date) %>%
   count(date, word)
```

Compare top ten most common tweets per day

```
## Joining, by = "word"
```

```
top_words_by_date <- words_by_date %>% group_by(date) %>% top_n(n = 10, wt = n)
top_words_by_date[order(top_words_by_date$n, decreasing = TRUE),]
```

```
## # A tibble: 20,742 x 3
## # Groups: date [1,100]
##
     date
               word
##
     <date>
               <chr>
                         <int>
## 1 2019-07-12 elevation 826
## 2 2019-07-12 location 765
## 3 2019-07-12 day
                          437
## 4 2019-07-12 rt
                          424
## 5 2019-07-12 miami
                         419
## 6 2019-07-12 seas
                          312
## 7 2019-09-06 climate
                           293
## 8 2019-07-12 rising
                           291
## 9 2019-09-05 climate
                           287
## 10 2019-07-12 estate
                           260
## # ... with 20,732 more rows
```

Positive-Negative Wordcloud of Tweets

```
## Joining, by = "word"
```



Most tagged accounts on Twitter

```
##
                feature frequency rank docfreq group
## 1
                                866
                                       1
                                              866
           @motherjones
                                                     all
## 2
                   @cnn
                                542
                                        2
                                              542
                                                     all
## 3
                  @nrdc
                                186
                                        3
                                              157
                                                     all
                                        4
## 4
           @nadegegreen
                                181
                                              179
                                                     all
                                       4
## 5
            @kai_wright
                                181
                                              164
                                                     all
                                        6
                                              162
## 6
          @ianguelovski
                                162
                                                     all
## 7
                  @cnbc
                                156
                                       7
                                              156
                                                     all
## 8
                   @cnni
                                147
                                       8
                                              147
                                                     all
## 9
                                130
                                       9
                                                     all
                                              118
      @action__johnson
## 10
                  @wlrn
                                129
                                      10
                                              129
                                                     all
```

Analysis

Sentiment Analysis

Get Bing and NRC sentiments

Nexis Uni Sentiment

```
cg_nex_sent_words <- cg_nex_text_words %>% # break text into individual words
anti_join(stop_words, by = 'word') %>% # returns only the rows without stop words
inner_join(bing_sent, by = 'word') # joins and retains only sentiment words
```

Add Bing sentiments

```
cg_nex_word_counts <- cg_nex_text_words %>%
  inner_join(nrc_sent) %>%
  count(word, sentiment, sort = TRUE) %>%
  ungroup()
```

Add NRC sentiment word count

Results The following figure displays trends in Nexis Uni data sentiment over time

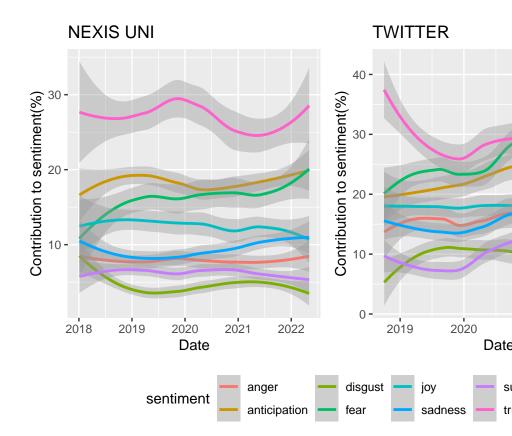
Twitter Sentiment

```
cg_t_word_counts <- words %>%
  inner_join(nrc_sent) %>%
  count(word, sentiment, sort = TRUE) %>%
  ungroup()
```

```
cg_t_sent_counts <- words %>%
        inner_join(nrc_sent) %>%
        group_by(date) %>%
        count(sentiment, sort = TRUE) %>%
        mutate(sentwords_per_day = sum(n)) %>%
        mutate(pct_contribution = ((n/sentwords_per_day)*100))

cg_t_sent_timeplot<-cg_t_sent_counts %>%
    group_by(date) %>%
    group_by(date) %>%
    ggplot(aes(date, pct_contribution, group=sentiment, color=sentiment)) +
    geom_smooth(span = 0.7) +
    labs(x = "Date",
        y = "Contribution to sentiment(%)",
        title = "TWITTER") +
    theme(legend.position = "bottom")
```

```
(cg_nex_sent_timeplot+cg_t_sent_timeplot) + plot_layout(guides = "collect") & theme(legend.position = "
```



Add NRC sentiment word count

Figure X1 shows the percent contribution to overall sentiment from the Nexis Uni data subset to 2018-2022 to better align with the Twitter data and the percent contribution to overall sentiment from the Twitter data. Both figures indicate that trust, anticipation and fear are the top 3 emotions in both the published sentiment from Nexis Uni data and people's sentiment from the Twitter data. Another interesting observation was the percentage contribution of anger and sadness is higher in Twitter data when compared to the Nexis Uni data. This aligns with our expectations as the emotions are similar yet more muted in the Nexis Uni data.

```
#tokenize tweets to individual words
words_forsent <- tweets %>%
  select(id, date, text) %>%
  unnest_tokens(output = word, input = text, token = "words") %>%
  anti join(stop words, by = "word") %>%
  left_join(bing_sent, by = "word") %>%
  left_join(
   tribble(
      ~sentiment, ~sent_score,
      "positive", 1,
      "negative", -1),
    by = "sentiment")
#take average sentiment score by tweet
tweets_sent <- tweets %>%
  left_join(
    words_forsent %>%
      group_by(id) %>%
      summarize(
```

```
sent_score = mean(sent_score, na.rm = T)),
    bv = "id")
neutral <- length(which(tweets_sent$sent_score == 0))</pre>
positive <- length(which(tweets_sent$sent_score > 0))
negative <- length(which(tweets_sent$sent_score < 0))</pre>
Sentiment <- c("Positive", "Neutral", "Negative")</pre>
Count <- c(positive, neutral, negative)</pre>
output <- data.frame(Sentiment,Count)</pre>
output$Sentiment<-factor(output$Sentiment,levels=Sentiment)</pre>
cg_sentplot_t <- ggplot(output, aes(x=Sentiment,y=Count))+</pre>
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", aes(fill = Sentiment))+
  scale_fill_manual("legend", values = c("Positive" = "#5ab4ac", "Neutral" = "lightgray", "Negative" =
 ggtitle("TWITTER")
#tokenize tweets to individual words
words forsent nex <-cg nex dat3 %>%
  unnest_tokens(output = word, input = text, token = 'words') %>%
  anti_join(stop_words, by = "word") %>%
  left_join(bing_sent, by = "word") %>%
  left_join(
    tribble(
      ~sentiment, ~sent_score,
      "positive", 1,
      "negative", -1),
    by = "sentiment")
#take average sentiment score by tweet
nex_sent <- cg_nex_dat3 %>%
  left join(
    words_forsent_nex %>%
      group_by(element_id) %>%
      summarize(
        sent score = mean(sent score, na.rm = T)),
    by = "element_id") %>%
  group_by(element_id) %>%
  summarize(
        mean_sent_score = mean(sent_score, na.rm = T))
neutral <- length(which(nex_sent$mean_sent_score == 0))</pre>
positive <- length(which(nex_sent$mean_sent_score > 0))
negative <- length(which(nex_sent$mean_sent_score < 0))</pre>
Sentiment <- c("Positive", "Neutral", "Negative")</pre>
Count <- c(positive,neutral,negative)</pre>
nexoutput <- data.frame(Sentiment,Count)</pre>
nexoutput$Sentiment<-factor(nexoutput$Sentiment,levels=Sentiment)
cg_sentplot_nex <-ggplot(nexoutput, aes(x=Sentiment,y=Count))+</pre>
 geom_bar(stat = "identity", aes(fill = Sentiment))+
  scale_fill_manual("legend", values = c("Positive" = "#5ab4ac", "Neutral" = "lightgray", "Negative" =
  ggtitle("NEXIS UNI")
```

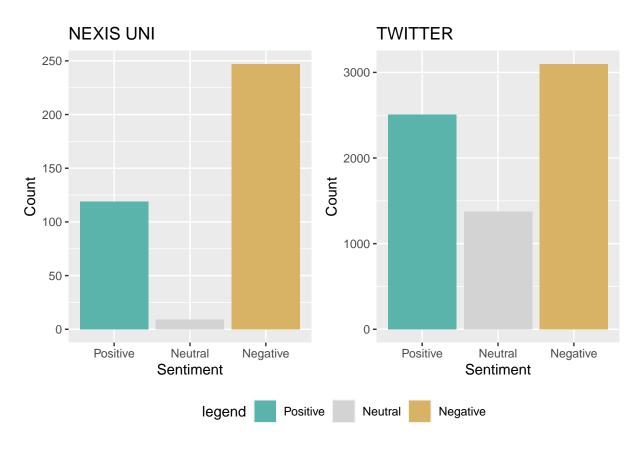


Fig XX shows the overall sentiment score classification by publication for Nexis Uni and by tweet for the Twitter data. With the Nexis Uni publications being longer in length, we suspect there are less neutral classification given that neutral is discrete score of 0. Otherwise, the positive and negative sentiment distributions are similar when comparing the two data sources.

```
cg_t_word_nplot <-cg_t_word_counts %>%
group_by(sentiment) %>%
slice_max(n, n = 10) %>%
ungroup() %>%
mutate(word = reorder(word, n)) %>%
ggplot(aes(n, word, fill = sentiment)) +
geom_col(show.legend = FALSE) +
facet_wrap(~sentiment, scales = "free_y") +
```

```
labs(x = "TWITTER Contribution to sentiment",
    y = NULL)
```

cg_nex_word_nplot/cg_t_word_nplot

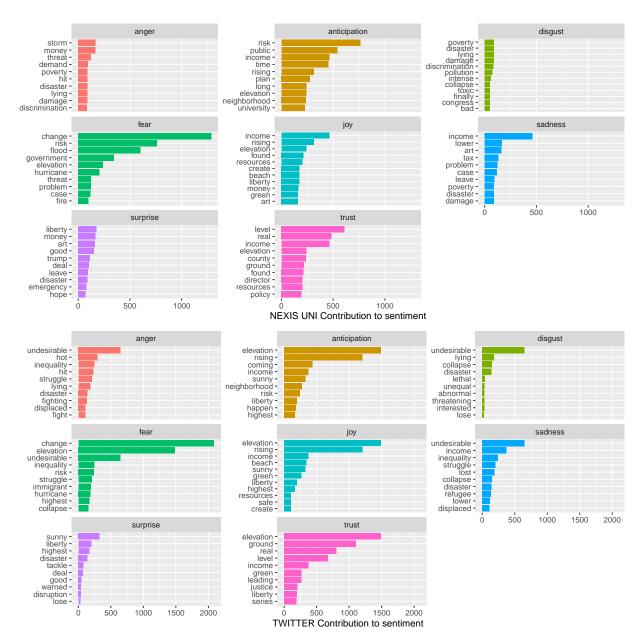


Fig XX show the top 10 words for emotion by data source. The only top word that is common from both datasets is for the fear emotion, where the top word is "change". In joy and sadness, we see the word "income" is in the top three. Otherwise, we see very little similarities between the two datasets. This leads to think that the two sources may not be talking about the same topics within these emotions or they might be using different words to talk about the same topics. We will explore this further using topic modeling analysis.

We also noticed that words such as "undesirable" and "income" are common in many of the emotions from the Twitter data. "Income" also comes up in multiple emotions in the Nexis Uni data. To further analyze

this, we are going to use word relationship analysis to gain more context regarding the use of "undesirable" and "income".

Word relationships / Correlations of words in Nexis Uni

```
# create objects to do finds correlations
# convert to tidy format and apply my stop words
raw_text <- tidy(cg_nex_corp)</pre>
# distribution of most frequent words across documents
raw_words <- raw_text %>%
  unnest_tokens(word, text) %>%
  anti_join(add_stops, by = 'word') %>%
  count(word, sort = TRUE)
report_words <- raw_words</pre>
par_tokens <- unnest_tokens(raw_text, output = paragraphs, input = text, token = "paragraphs")</pre>
par_tokens <- par_tokens %>%
mutate(par_id = 1:n())
par_words <- unnest_tokens(par_tokens, output = word, input = paragraphs, token = "words")</pre>
# find words that occur close together in the nexis uni docs
word_pairs <- par_words %>%
  pairwise_count(word, par_id, sort = TRUE, upper = FALSE) %>%
  anti_join(add_stops, by = c("item1" = "word")) %>%
  anti_join(add_stops, by = c("item2" = "word"))
# plot correlations
word_pairs_nex_plot <- word_pairs %>%
  filter(n \ge 200) \%\%
  graph_from_data_frame() %>%
  ggraph(layout = "fr") +
  geom_edge_link(aes(edge_alpha = n, edge_width = n), edge_colour = "dodgerblue") +
  geom_node_point(size = 5) +
  geom_node_text(aes(label = name), repel = TRUE,
                 point.padding = unit(0.2, "lines")) +
  theme void()
ggsave("word_pairs_nex_plot.png",
       plot = word_pairs_nex_plot,
       path = "plots")
# plot correlations by paragraph
word_cors <- par_words %>%
  anti_join(add_stops, by = c("word" = "word")) %>%
  add_count(par_id) %>%
  filter(n \ge 200) \%\%
  select(-n) %>%
  pairwise_cor(word, par_id, sort = TRUE)
```

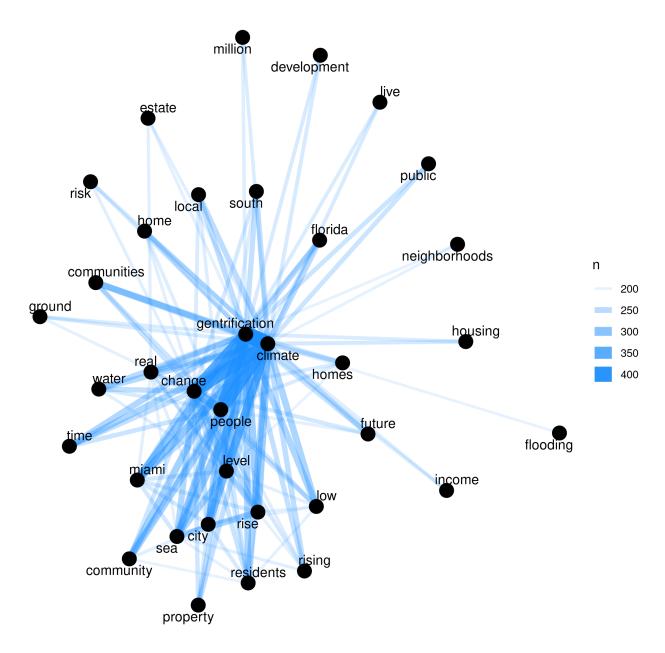


Figure 1: Word Pairs Plot

```
key_word_corr_nex <- word_cors %>%
  filter(item1 %in% c("income")) %>%
  group_by(item1) %>%
  top_n(6) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(item1 = as.factor(item1),
         name = reorder_within(item2, correlation, item1)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(y = name, x = correlation, fill = item1)) +
  geom col(show.legend = FALSE) +
  facet_wrap(~ item1, ncol = 2, scales = "free") +
  scale_y_reordered() +
 labs(
   y = NULL,
   x = NULL
   title = "Correlations with key words",
   subtitle = "Climate gentrification NEXIS UNI"
# let's zoom in on just one of our key terms
undesirable_cors <- word_cors %>%
 filter(item1 == "undesirable") %>%
 mutate(n = 1:n())
ggsave("key_word_corr_nex_plot.png",
      plot = key_word_corr_nex,
      path = "plots")
# let's zoom in on income key term
income_cors <- word_cors %>%
 filter(item1 == "income") %>%
  mutate(n = 1:n())
# correlation network
income_corr_nex_plot <- income_cors %>%
  filter(n \le 50) \%
  graph_from_data_frame() %>%
  ggraph(layout = "fr") +
  geom_edge_link(aes(edge_alpha = correlation, edge_width = correlation),
                 edge_colour = "cyan4") +
  geom_node_point(size = 5) +
  geom_node_text(aes(label = name),
                 repel = TRUE,
                 point.padding = unit(0.2, "lines")) +
  theme_void()
```

```
income_cg <- c("income", "climate gentrification")
income_toks_inside <- tokens_keep(toks1, pattern = income_cg, window = 20)
income_toks_inside <- tokens_remove(income_toks_inside, pattern = income_cg) # remove the keywords
income_toks_outside <- tokens_remove(toks1, pattern = income_cg, window = 20)</pre>
```

Correlations with key words Climate gentrification NEXIS UNI

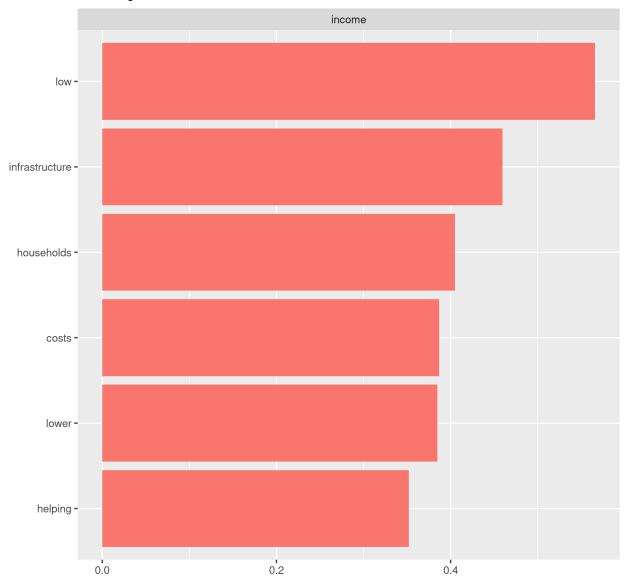


Figure 2: Correlation with Key Words

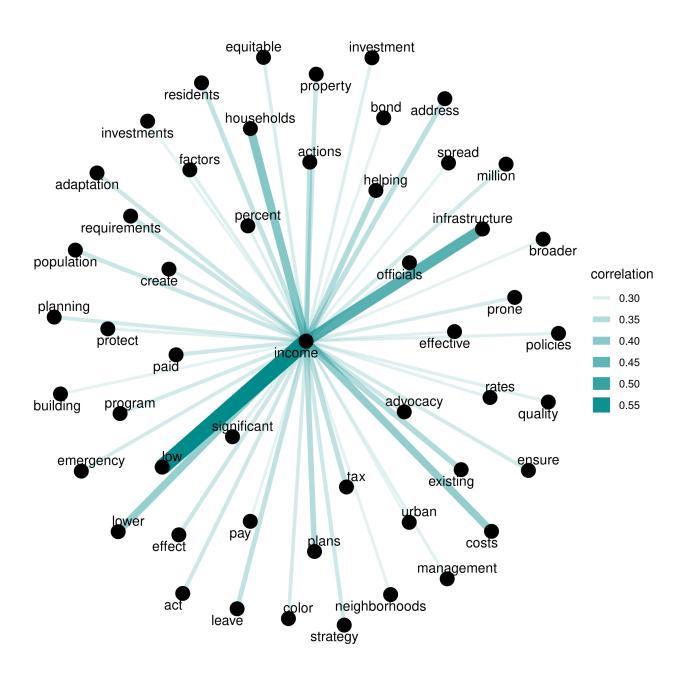


Figure 3: Income Correlation Plot

"income" and climate gentrification as multi-word term of interest in Nexis Uni

```
##
         feature
                     chi2 p n_target n_reference
## 1
             low 606.0426 0
                                  57
                                             219
## 2
        housing 572.2374 0
                                 192
                                            2292
## 3 subsidized 415.5128 0
                                  24
                                              50
## 4
       airlines 406.0781 0
                                              25
                                  18
## 5
         median 391.0187 0
                                  22
                                              44
## 6
      household 378.2444 0
                                  17
                                              24
                                  23
## 7 apartments 342.5736 0
                                              58
## 8
            tax 313.5740 0
                                  70
                                             613
## 9
           units 306.7513 0
                                  46
                                             286
## 10
       bookings 301.0392 0
                                   6
                                               0
```

anti_join(add_stops, by = c("item2" = "word"))

Twitter Word Relationships/Correlations

```
# create objects to do finds correlations
# convert to tidy format and apply my stop words
cg_t_raw_text <- tidy(cg_t_corpus)</pre>
# distribution of most frequent words across documents
cg_t_raw_words <- cg_t_raw_text %>%
 unnest_tokens(word, text) %>%
 anti_join(add_stops, by = 'word') %>%
  count(word, sort = TRUE)
cg_t_report_words <- cg_t_raw_words</pre>
cg_t_par_tokens <- unnest_tokens(cg_t_raw_text, output = paragraphs, input = text, token = "paragraphs"</pre>
cg_t_par_tokens <- par_tokens %>%
mutate(par_id = 1:n())
cg_t_par_words <- unnest_tokens(cg_t_par_tokens, output = word, input = paragraphs, token = "words")</pre>
# find words that occur close together in the tweets
cg_t_word_pairs <- cg_t_par_words %>%
 pairwise_count(word, par_id, sort = TRUE, upper = FALSE) %>%
 anti join(add stops, by = c("item1" = "word")) %>%
```

```
# plot correlations
word_pairs_t_plot <- cg_t_word_pairs %>%
  filter(n \ge 200) \%\%
  graph_from_data_frame() %>%
  ggraph(layout = "fr") +
  geom_edge_link(aes(edge_alpha = n, edge_width = n), edge_colour = "dodgerblue") +
  geom_node_point(size = 5) +
  geom_node_text(aes(label = name),
                 repel = TRUE,
                 point.padding = unit(0.2, "lines")) +
  theme_void()
ggsave("word_pairs_t_plot.png",
       plot = word_pairs_t_plot,
       path = "plots")
# plot correlations by paragraph
cg_t_word_cors <- cg_t_par_words %>%
  anti_join(add_stops, by = c("word" = "word")) %>%
  add_count(par_id) %>%
  filter(n >= 200) \% > \%
  select(-n) %>%
  pairwise_cor(word, par_id, sort = TRUE)
key_word_corr_t_plot <- cg_t_word_cors %>%
  filter(item1 %in% c("undesirable", "income")) %>%
  group_by(item1) %>%
  top_n(6) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(item1 = as.factor(item1),
         name = reorder_within(item2, correlation, item1)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(y = name, x = correlation, fill = item1)) +
  geom_col(show.legend = FALSE) +
  facet_wrap(~ item1, ncol = 2, scales = "free") +
  scale_y_reordered() +
  labs(
   y = NULL,
   x = NULL
   title = "Correlations with key words",
    subtitle = "Climate gentrification TWITTER"
  )
ggsave("key_word_corr_t_plot.png",
       plot = key_word_corr_t_plot,
       path = "plots")
# let's zoom in on just one of our key terms
cg_t_undesirable_cors <- cg_t_word_cors %>%
  filter(item1 == "undesirable") %>%
  mutate(n = 1:n())
# correlation network
```

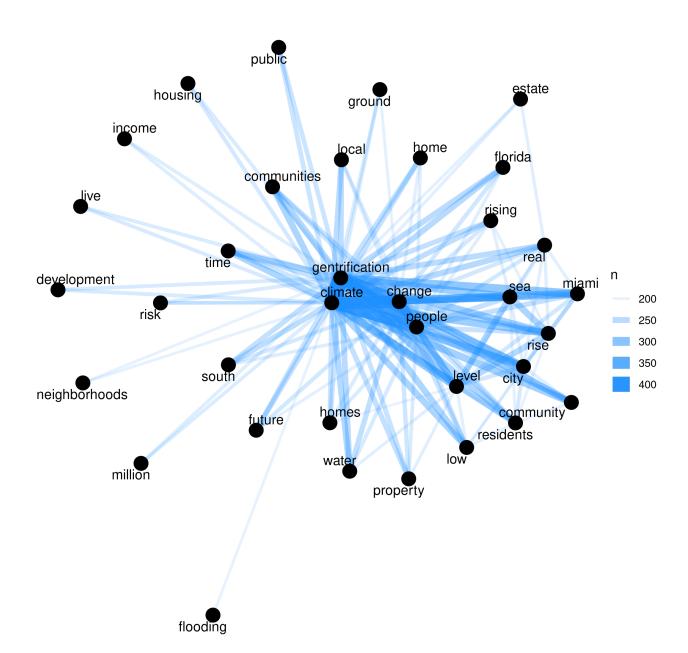


Figure 4: Twitter Word Pairs

```
undesirable_corr_t_plot <- cg_t_undesirable_cors %>%
  filter(n <= 50) %>%
  graph_from_data_frame() %>%
  ggraph(layout = "fr") +
  geom_edge_link(aes(edge_alpha = correlation, edge_width = correlation), edge_colour = "cyan4") +
  geom_node_point(size = 5) +
  geom_node_text(aes(label = name), repel = TRUE,
                 point.padding = unit(0.2, "lines")) +
  theme_void()
ggsave("undesirable_corr_t_plot.png",
       plot = undesirable_corr_t_plot,
       path = "plots")
# let's zoom in on just one of our key terms
cg_t_income_cors <- cg_t_word_cors %>%
  filter(item1 == "income") %>%
  mutate(n = 1:n())
# correlation network
income_corr_t_plot <- cg_t_income_cors %>%
  filter(n \le 50) \%
  graph_from_data_frame() %>%
  ggraph(layout = "fr") +
  geom_edge_link(aes(edge_alpha = correlation, edge_width = correlation), edge_colour = "cyan4") +
  geom_node_point(size = 5) +
  geom node text(aes(label = name), repel = TRUE,
                 point.padding = unit(0.2, "lines")) +
  theme_void()
ggsave("income_corr_t_plot.png",
       plot = income_corr_t_plot,
       path = "plots")
cg_t_undesirable_cg <- c("undesirable", "climate gentrification")</pre>
cg_t_undesirable_toks_inside <- tokens_keep(cg_t_tokens, pattern = cg_t_undesirable_cg, window = 20)
cg_t_undesirable_toks_inside <- tokens_remove(cg_t_undesirable_toks_inside, pattern = cg_t_undesirable_</pre>
cg t undesirable toks outside <- tokens remove(cg t tokens, pattern = cg t undesirable cg, window = 20)
cg_t_undesirable_dfmat_inside <- dfm(cg_t_undesirable_toks_inside)</pre>
cg_t_undesirable_dfmat_outside <- dfm(cg_t_undesirable_toks_outside)</pre>
cg_t_undesirable_tstat_key_inside <- textstat_keyness(rbind(cg_t_undesirable_dfmat_inside, cg_t_undesir
                                     target = seq_len(ndoc(cg_t_undesirable_dfmat_inside)))
head(cg_t_undesirable_tstat_key_inside, 10)
```

[&]quot;undesirable" and climate gentrification as multi-word term of interest in Nexis Uni

```
##
                                  chi2 p n_target n_reference
## 1
                  considered 11717.380 0
                                              642
                                                            6
## 2
                      refuge 11390.924 0
                                              635
                                                           16
## 3
                     seeking 11390.924 0
                                              635
                                                           16
## 4
                    starting 9571.360 0
                                              615
                                                          101
## 5
                     effects 9294.890 0
                                              642
                                                          155
## 6
                Omotherjones 7361.639 0
                                              602
                                                          264
                        move 7318.739 0
                                                          332
## 7
                                              638
## 8 https://t.co/cumife4viv 6499.446 0
                                              353
                                                            0
## 9
                     wealthy 5956.419 0
                                              642
                                                          526
## 10
                      people 4426.292 0
                                              644
                                                          851
```

"income" and climate gentrification as multi-word term of interest in Nexis Uni

```
##
                                   chi2 p n_target n_reference
                      feature
## 1
                        lower 4407.6862 0
## 2
                         aims 3811.2906 0
                                                28
                                                             4
## 3
              Oclimatelawnews 2748.5774 0
                                                26
                                                            12
                      protect 879.6801 0
                                                31
                                                           131
## 4
## 5 https://t.co/kahmlxptoi 813.6973 0
                                                 6
                                                             0
                                                 7
                                                             3
                       cooler 678.1314 0
## 6
## 7
                  @bsaclimate 653.4807 0
                                                             0
                                                 5
                                                             2
## 8
                      climbed 607.5339 0
                                                 6
                                                             2
## 9
                      eastern 607.5339 0
                                                 6
## 10
                          low 504.8567 0
                                                            29
                                                12
```

#N-gram comparison between Nexis Uni and Twitter data

```
toks2 <- tokens_ngrams(toks1, n=3)
dfm2 <- dfm(toks2)
dfm2 <- dfm_remove(dfm2, pattern = c(stop_vec))
freq_words2 <- textstat_frequency(dfm2, n=20)
freq_words2$token <- rep("trigram", 20)
freq_words2</pre>
```

feature frequency rank docfreq group token

```
## 1
                                                                135
                           sea level rise
                                                 429
                                                                      all trigram
## 2
                adjustment_failure_costs
                                                 273
                                                                  1
                                                                      all trigram
## 3
                                                         3
                greenhouse gas emissions
                                                 212
                                                                 27
                                                                      all trigram
## 4
                                                 195
                                                         4
                  impacts_climate_change
                                                                 60
                                                                      all trigram
## 5
         recommendation congress direct
                                                 177
                                                                  1
                                                                      all trigram
## 6
                        clean future act
                                                 147
                                                         6
                                                                  1
                                                                      all trigram
## 7
           jurisdiction energy commerce
                                                 146
                                                                  1
                                                                      all trigram
## 8
                       rising sea levels
                                                 145
                                                                 97
                                                                      all trigram
                                                         8
## 9
               green_blue_infrastructure
                                                 127
                                                         9
                                                                  1
                                                                      all trigram
## 10
                                                        10
                                                                  9
                         fair_housing_act
                                                 115
                                                                      all trigram
## 11
                  effects_climate_change
                                                 112
                                                        11
                                                                 45
                                                                      all trigram
## 12
                      moving_forward_act
                                                 106
                                                        12
                                                                      all trigram
                                                                  1
## 13
                science_space_technology
                                                 106
                                                        12
                                                                  1
                                                                      all trigram
                                                                  5
## 14
      environmental_justice_communities
                                                 102
                                                                      all trigram
                                                        14
## 15
                energy_commerce_building
                                                 102
                                                        14
                                                                  1
                                                                      all trigram
## 16
                 commerce_building_block
                                                 102
                                                        14
                                                                  1
                                                                      all trigram
## 17
        environmental_protection_agency
                                                  94
                                                        17
                                                                 17
                                                                      all trigram
                                                                 30
## 18
                  climate change impacts
                                                   92
                                                        18
                                                                      all trigram
## 19
          committee_jurisdiction_energy
                                                  92
                                                                      all trigram
                                                        18
                                                                  1
## 20
                 nightly_business_report
                                                   90
                                                        20
                                                                  6
                                                                      all trigram
```

$\#tokens1 \leftarrow tokens_select(tokens1, pattern = stopwords("en"), selection = "remove")$

```
cg_t_toks2 <- tokens_ngrams(cg_t_tokens, n=3)
cg_t_dfm2 <- dfm(cg_t_toks2)
cg_t_dfm2 <- dfm_remove(cg_t_dfm2, pattern = c(stop_vec))
cg_t_freq_words2 <- textstat_frequency(cg_t_dfm2, n=20)
cg_t_freq_words2$token <- rep("trigram", 20)
cg_t_freq_words2</pre>
```

```
##
                                                feature frequency rank docfreq group
## 1
                                effects_climate_change
                                                                              672
                                                                                     all
                                                                672
                                                                       1
## 2
                                                                       2
                 neighborhoods considered undesirable
                                                                642
                                                                              642
                                                                                     all
## 3
                         move_neighborhoods_considered
                                                                638
                                                                       3
                                                                              638
                                                                                     all
## 4
                                wealthy people seeking
                                                                635
                                                                              635
                                                                                     all
## 5
                                 people seeking refuge
                                                                635
                                                                       4
                                                                              635
                                                                                     all
## 6
                                                                635
                                                                              635
                                                                                     all
                                seeking refuge effects
## 7
                                refuge effects climate
                                                                632
                                                                       7
                                                                              632
                                                                                     all
## 8
                                                                615
                                                                       8
                                                                              615
                                                                                     all
                           starting_move_neighborhoods
## 9
                                                                614
                                                                       9
                                                                              614
                                                                                     all
                                   change_starting_move
## 10
                               climate_change_starting
                                                                613
                                                                      10
                                                                              613
                                                                                     all
                                                                              595
## 11
                           Omotherjones_wealthy_people
                                                                595
                                                                                     all
                                                                      11
## 12
                               rt_@motherjones_wealthy
                                                                594
                                                                      12
                                                                              594
                                                                                     all
## 13
                                                                497
                                                                      13
                                                                              496
                                                                                     all
                                         sea_level_rise
      considered_undesirable_https://t.co/cumife4viv
                                                                353
                                                                              353
                                                                                     all
## 14
                                                                      14
## 15
                         called_climate_gentrification
                                                                343
                                                                      15
                                                                              343
                                                                                     all
## 16
                                      like little haiti
                                                                341
                                                                      16
                                                                              341
                                                                                     all
## 17
                                                                              339
                                  miami's little haiti
                                                                341
                                                                      16
                                                                                     all
## 18
                                                                340
                                                                              338
                                target_developers_seas
                                                                      18
                                                                                    211
## 19
                               developers seas started
                                                                340
                                                                              338
                                                                                     all
## 20
                                                                339
                                                                              337
                                      seas_started_rise
                                                                                     all
##
        token
## 1 trigram
```

```
## 2 trigram
## 3 trigram
## 4 trigram
## 5 trigram
## 6 trigram
## 7 trigram
## 8 trigram
## 9 trigram
## 10 trigram
## 11 trigram
## 12 trigram
## 13 trigram
## 14 trigram
## 15 trigram
## 16 trigram
## 17 trigram
## 18 trigram
## 19 trigram
## 20 trigram
#tokens1 <- tokens_select(tokens1, pattern = stopwords("en"), selection = "remove")</pre>
```

Topic Modeling Analysis for Nexis Uni

Optimization for k

```
result <- FindTopicsNumber(
   dfm,
   topics = seq(from = 2, to = 20, by = 1),
   metrics = c("CaoJuan2009", "Deveaud2014"),
   method = "Gibbs",
   control = list(seed = 77),
   verbose = TRUE
)</pre>
FindTopicsNumber_plot(result)
```

FindTopicsNumber: 4, 7, 12 k=5: 75\%/30\% k=7: 55\%/50\% k=12: 90\%/25\%

Topic models for k=5, k=7 and k=12

```
k <- 5

topicModel_k5 <- LDA(dfm, k, method="Gibbs", control=list(iter = 500, verbose = 25))
#nTerms(dfm_comm)

tmResult_5 <- posterior(topicModel_k5)
attributes(tmResult_5)
#nTerms(dfm_comm)</pre>
```

```
beta_5 <- tmResult_5$terms # get beta from results</pre>
dim(beta_5)
                             # K distributions over nTerms(DTM) terms# lengthOfVocab
terms(topicModel_k5, 10)
k < -7
topicModel_k7 <- LDA(dfm, k, method="Gibbs", control=list(iter = 500, verbose = 25))</pre>
#nTerms(dfm_comm)
tmResult_7 <- posterior(topicModel_k7)</pre>
attributes(tmResult_7)
#nTerms(dfm_comm)
beta_7 <- tmResult_7$terms</pre>
                               # get beta from results
dim(beta_7)
                            # K distributions over nTerms(DTM) terms# lengthOfVocab
terms(topicModel_k7, 10)
k <- 12
topicModel_k12 <- LDA(dfm, 12, method="Gibbs", control=list(iter = 500, verbose = 25))</pre>
tmResult_12 <- posterior(topicModel_k12)</pre>
terms(topicModel_k12, 10)
```

Top words per topic

theta_12 <- tmResult_12\$topics
beta_12 <- tmResult_12\$terms
vocab <- (colnames(beta_12))</pre>

```
comment_topics_5 <- tidy(topicModel_k5, matrix = "beta")</pre>
comment_topics_7 <- tidy(topicModel_k7, matrix = "beta")</pre>
comment_topics_12 <- tidy(topicModel_k12, matrix = "beta")</pre>
top_terms_5 <- comment_topics_5 %>%
 group_by(topic) %>%
 top_n(10, beta) %>%
 ungroup() %>%
  arrange(topic, -beta)
top_terms_7 <- comment_topics_7 %>%
  group_by(topic) %>%
 top_n(10, beta) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  arrange(topic, -beta)
top_terms_12 <- comment_topics_12 %>%
  group_by(topic) %>%
  top_n(10, beta) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  arrange(topic, -beta)
```

Plots of top terms per topics

```
top_terms_5_plot <- top_terms_5 %>%
  mutate(term = reorder(term, beta)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(term, beta, fill = factor(topic))) +
  geom col(show.legend = FALSE) +
  facet_wrap(~ topic, scales = "free") +
  coord flip() +
  labs(title="Top Terms for 5-Topic Model")
top_terms_7_plot <- top_terms_7 %>%
  mutate(term = reorder(term, beta)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(term, beta, fill = factor(topic))) +
  geom_col(show.legend = FALSE) +
  facet_wrap(~ topic, scales = "free") +
  coord_flip() +
  labs(title="Top Terms for 7-Topic Model")
top_terms_12_plot <- top_terms_12 %>%
  mutate(term = reorder(term, beta)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(term, beta, fill = factor(topic))) +
  geom col(show.legend = FALSE) +
 facet_wrap(~ topic, scales = "free") +
  coord flip()+
  labs(title="Top Terms for 12-Topic Model")
top_terms_5_plot / top_terms_7_plot / top_terms_12_plot
```

Top 5 terms per topic

```
top5termsPerTopic_5 <- terms(topicModel_k5, 5)
topicNames_5 <- apply(top5termsPerTopic_5, 2, paste, collapse=" ")
topicNames_5

top5termsPerTopic_7 <- terms(topicModel_k7, 5)
topicNames_7 <- apply(top5termsPerTopic_7, 2, paste, collapse=" ")
topicNames_7

top5termsPerTopic_12 <- terms(topicModel_k12, 5)
topicNames_12 <- apply(top5termsPerTopic_12, 2, paste, collapse=" ")
topicNames_12</pre>
```

Topic Modeling Intertopic Distance Maps

```
# k=5
library(LDAvis)
```

```
library("tsne")
svd_tsne <- function(x) tsne(svd(x)$u)
json <- createJSON(
    phi = tmResult_5$terms,
    theta = tmResult_5$topics,
    doc.length = rowSums(dfm),
    vocab = colnames(dfm),
    term.frequency = colSums(dfm),
    mds.method = svd_tsne,
    plot.opts = list(xlab="", ylab="")
)
serVis(json)</pre>
```

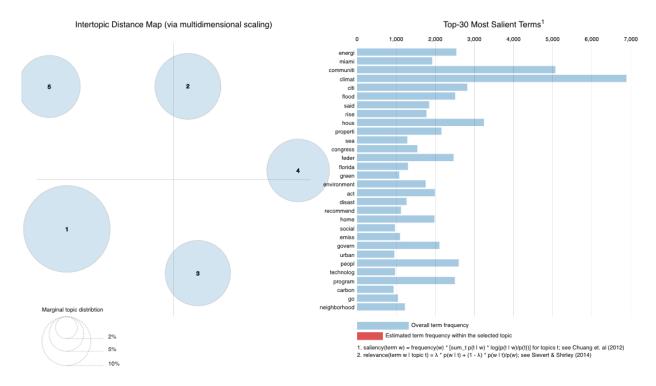


Figure 5: Topic Modeling Intertopic Distance Map for k=5 $\,$

```
# k=7
library(LDAvis)
library("tsne")
svd_tsne <- function(x) tsne(svd(x)$u)
json <- createJSON(
    phi = tmResult_7$terms,
    theta = tmResult_7$topics,
    doc.length = rowSums(dfm),
    vocab = colnames(dfm),
    term.frequency = colSums(dfm),
    mds.method = svd_tsne,
    plot.opts = list(xlab="", ylab="")
)
serVis(json)</pre>
```

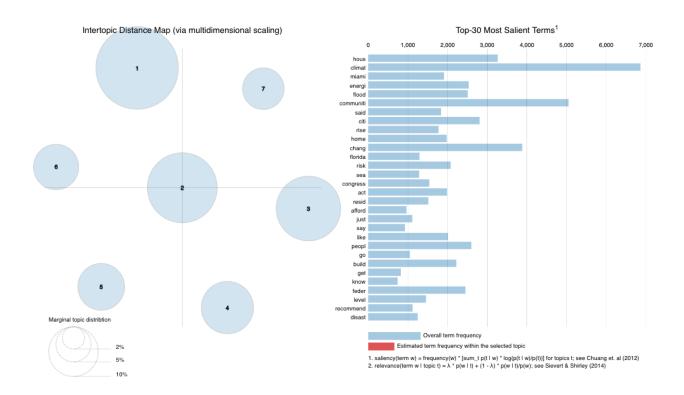


Figure 6: Topic Modeling Intertopic Distance Map for k=7

```
# k=12
library(LDAvis)
library("tsne")
svd_tsne <- function(x) tsne(svd(x)$u)
json <- createJSON(
    phi = tmResult_12$terms,
    theta = tmResult_12$topics,
    doc.length = rowSums(dfm),
    vocab = colnames(dfm),
    term.frequency = colSums(dfm),
    mds.method = svd_tsne,
    plot.opts = list(xlab="", ylab="")
)
serVis(json)</pre>
```

Topic Modeling Analysis for Twitter Data

```
# Simple plot of tweets per day
daily_tweets <- tweets %>%
   count(date)

daily_tweets_plot <- ggplot(daily_tweets, aes(x = date, y = n)) +
   geom_line() +
   theme_light() +</pre>
```

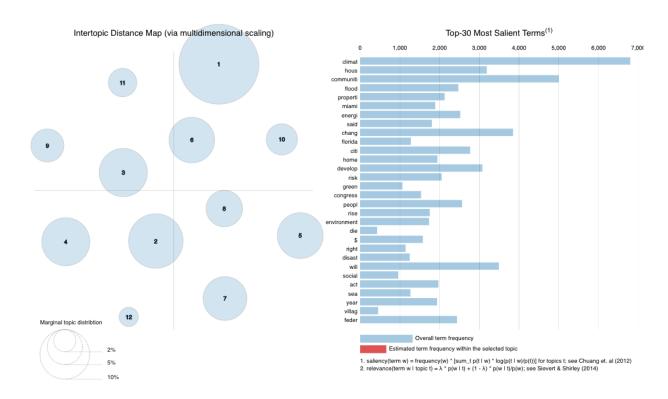


Figure 7: Topic Modeling Intertopic Distance Map for k=12 $\,$

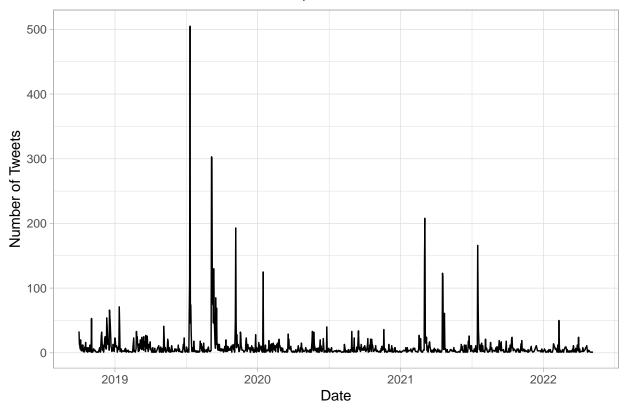
```
labs(y = "Number of Tweets",
    x = "Date",
    title = "Tweets on Climate Gentrification; 2020-2022")

ggsave("plots/daily_tweets.png", daily_tweets_plot)
```

Saving 6.5×4.5 in image

daily_tweets_plot

Tweets on Climate Gentrification; 2020–2022



The date with the highest number of tweets about climate gentrification is March 4, 2021. On March 3rd, CNN released a story titled High ground, high prices, which reported on climate gentrification. Specific problems discussed in the article include Miami's Little Haiti neighborhood and New Orleans, particularly after displacement caused by Hurricane Katrina.

Another notable date is July 17th, 2021, which corresponds to the Washington Post's article covering climate gentrification following the tragic Surfside condo collapse on June 24th, 2021.

Corpus

```
cg_t_tm_corp <- corpus(x = tweets, text_field = "text")
cg_t_tm_corp.stats <- summary(cg_t_tm_corp)
cg_t_toks <- tokens(cg_t_tm_corp, remove_punct = TRUE, remove_numbers = TRUE)

# Added some project-specific stop words here
cg_t_add_stops <- c(stopwords("en"), "rt", "n", "climate", "gentrification")
cg_t_toks1 <- tokens_select(toks, pattern = cg_t_add_stops, selection = "remove")

cg_t_dfm_comm<- dfm(cg_t_toks1, tolower = TRUE)
cg_t_dfm <- dfm_wordstem(cg_t_dfm_comm)

#remove rows (docs) with all zeros
sel_idx <- slam::row_sums(cg_t_dfm) > 0
cg_t_dfm <- cg_t_dfm[sel_idx, ]</pre>
```

```
cg_t_result <- FindTopicsNumber(</pre>
 cg t dfm,
 topics = seq(from = 2, to = 20, by = 1),
 metrics = c("CaoJuan2009", "Deveaud2014"),
 method = "Gibbs",
 control = list(seed = 77),
 verbose = TRUE
FindTopicsNumber_plot(cg_t_result)
k < -3
cg_t_topicModel_k3 <- LDA(cg_t_dfm, k, method="Gibbs", control=list(iter = 500, verbose = 100))</pre>
cg_t_tmResult <- posterior(cg_t_topicModel_k3)</pre>
terms(cg_t_topicModel_k3, 10)
theta <- cg_t_tmResult$topics</pre>
beta <- cg_t_tmResult$terms</pre>
vocab <- (colnames(beta))</pre>
cg_t_comment_topics <- tidy(cg_t_topicModel_k3, matrix = "beta")</pre>
cg_t_top_terms <- cg_t_comment_topics %>%
 group_by(topic) %>%
  top_n(10, beta) %>%
 ungroup() %>%
  arrange(topic, -beta)
cg_t_top_terms
cg_t_terms_plot <- cg_t_top_terms %>%
 mutate(term = reorder(term, beta)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(term, beta, fill = factor(topic))) +
 geom_col(show.legend = FALSE) +
 facet_wrap(~ topic, scales = "free") +
  coord_flip()
ggsave("plots/twitter_topic_terms.png", terms_plot)
terms_plot
cg_t_top5termsPerTopic <- terms(cg_t_topicModel_k3, 5)</pre>
cg_t_topicNames <- apply(cg_t_top5termsPerTopic, 2, paste, collapse=" ")</pre>
exampleIds \leftarrow c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)
N <- length(exampleIds)</pre>
#lapply(epa_corp[exampleIds], as.character) #uncomment to view example text
# get topic proportions form example documents
topicProportionExamples <- theta[exampleIds,]</pre>
```

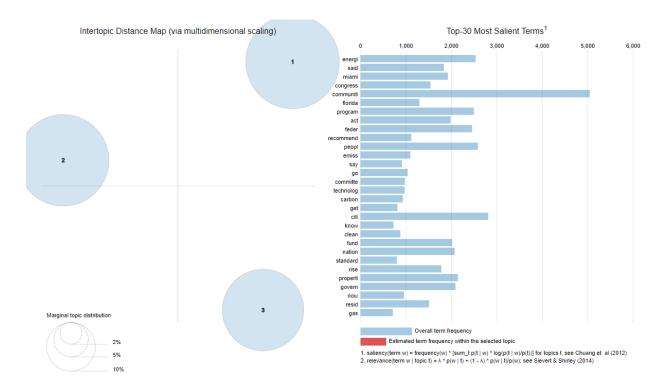


Figure 8: Twitter Topic Modeling Intertopic Distance Map for k=3

Topic modeling for short form text data, such as tweets, has important limitations. For instance, given the character limit imposed on users, there is pervasive use of slang, short-hand words, and other text that will not be parsed by a topic model such as LDA.

Given the nature of Twitter data in the context of topic modeling, our analysis focused on only 3 topics. This was supported by the CaoJuan2009 and Deveaud2014 metrics. The three topics identified are, broadly...

- 1. Miami (Top Words: Miami, rise, neighborhood, sea, resid(ence, ents))
- It is intuitive that Miami is the primary focus of one of our topics. As stated previously, Miami neighborhood's such as Little Haiti have gained much national attention due to the pervasive climate gentrification in the area. Additionally, this can likely be attributed to active advocates for local communities in Miami, such as Valencia Gunder.
- 2. Housing Crisis (Top Words: Communities, hous(e, ing), will, crisis, people)

- The second topic focuses on the housing crisis and impact on individual's living situations as a result of climate gentrification.
- 3. Change (Top Words: Change, new, move, now, impact)
- The final topic addresses action being taken to create impactful change. The top 5 words are encouraging public participation in the issue and relate to the advocacy surrounding climate gentrification.

Avenues for Further Research

Understanding how these emotions and subjects surrounding climate gentrification vary spatially and temporally is crucial to this study, as climate gentrification captures the growing awareness of the problem in low-income communities. Twitter data contains the location of the Twitter profile of the message while Nexis data contains a geographic classification of each news article. Analyzing text from both Twitter and Nexis Uni will allow the team to compare sentiment between different data sources.

Many studies have conducted sentiment analysis and topic modeling on climate change issues using geotagged Tweets and other data sources. For instance, the Dahal et al. 2019 paper successfully used Twitter data to evaluate public opinion on climate change over space and time. The study used Latent Dirichlet Allocation for topic modeling and Valence Aware Dictionary and Sentiment Reasoner for sentiment analysis. However, no thorough research has been completed specifically focusing on spreading awareness of climate gentrification.

Citations

Dahal, B., Kumar, S.A.P. & Li, Z. Topic modeling and sentiment analysis of global climate change tweets. Soc. Netw. Anal. Min. 9, 24 (2019). https://doi.org/10.1007/s13278-019-0568-8

Keenan, Jesse & Hill, Thomas & Gumber, Anurag. (2018). Climate gentrification: From theory to empiricism in Miami-Dade County, Florida. Environmental Research Letters. 13. 14. 10.1088/1748-9326/aabb32.