▼ Deep Learning for Computer Vision

PyConDE 2017 Talk

Alex Conway alex@numberboost.com

▼ Setup

imports

load vgg

```
In [1]:

from keras import applications
from keras import optimizers
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dropout, Flatten, Dense
from keras.preprocessing import image
from keras.applications.vgg16 import preprocess_input
from keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint
```

executed in 13.7s, finished 00:14:39 2017-10-25

Using TensorFlow backend.

```
In [2]: from keras import backend as K
K.set_image_dim_ordering('th')
```

executed in 4ms, finished 00:14:39 2017-10-25

for plotting and misc

```
In [4]: 

# setup matplotlib to display plots in the notebook
             %matplotlib inline
             # third party imports
             import pandas as pd
             import numpy as np
             import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
             import seaborn as sns
             # setup display options
             pd.options.display.max_rows = 200
             pd.options.display.float_format = '{:,.5g}'.format
             np.set_printoptions(precision=5, suppress=False)
             # setup seaborn to use matplotlib defaults & styles
             sns.set()
             sns.set(font scale=1.2)
             sns.set_style("whitegrid", {'axes.grid' : False})
             import os
             import sys
             import time
                                                                                                                                               executed in 318ms, finished 00:14:40 2017-10-25
           for PCA
             from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
In [160]:
                                                                                                                                               executed in 250ms, finished 01:57:45 2017-10-25
           turn off jupyter notebook keras warnings
  In [5]:
             import warnings
             warnings.filterwarnings(action='ignore')
                                                                                                                                                 executed in 3ms, finished 00:14:40 2017-10-25
           paths
             pwd = '/mnt/data/pycon/'
  In [6]:
                                                                                                                                                 executed in 5ms, finished 00:14:40 2017-10-25
             path models = pwd + 'models/'
  In [7]:
             # for previewing data augmentation output:
             # path preview = path + 'data/preview/'
                                                                                                                                                 executed in 6ms, finished 00:14:40 2017-10-25
```

path_data = pwd + 'data/'

In [8]:

executed in 5ms, finished 00:14:40 2017-10-25

/mnt/data/pycon/ ├─ data ├─ test └─ unknown train ├─ accessories ├─ jackets ├─ jeans ├─ knitwear ├── shirts ├─ shoes ├── shorts └─ tees └── valid ├─ accessories ├─ jackets ├─ jeans ├─ knitwear ├── shirts - shoes ├─ shorts └─ tees - models

22 directories

▼ View some of the data

executed in 3ms, finished 00:14:40 2017-10-25

```
# set figsize
             fig = plt.figure()
             fig.set_size_inches((16,8))
             plotted = 0
             for c, r in enumerate(filenames):
                 # get path to image file
                img_path_on_disk = path + r
                if len(img_path_on_disk) > 0:
                    if plotted < 10:</pre>
                       plotted+=1
                       # plotting 10 images
                       a = fig.add_subplot(2, 5, (plotted))
                       img= plt.imread(img_path_on_disk)
                       imgplot = a.imshow(img)
                       if add_title:
                           a.set_title(r)
                        #print user_id, 'image plotted'
                else:
                    # print user_id, 'no pic available'
                    pass
```

executed in 13ms, finished 00:14:40 2017-10-25

In [13]: | plot_pic_grid(path_data +'train/jeans/', os.listdir(path_data +'train/jeans/')[:10])

executed in 1.98s, finished 00:14:42 2017-10-25



In [14]: | plot_pic_grid(path_data +'train/jackets/', os.listdir(path_data +'train/jackets/')[:10])

executed in 1.98s, finished 00:14:54 2017-10-25



Prepare Data

▼ Fit Model

We don't have a lot of data so we'll use a pre-trained convolutional.

This pre-trained network was built to predict which of 1000 ImageNet classes a particular image belongs to so the weights and convolutional filters are able to detect a wide variety of shapes and patterns.

We'll then chop off the final dense layers and keep only the pre-trained convolutional layers ("bottleneck features").

Next, we'll create our own final layers and train just these final layers for our task...

▼ Setup image dimensions and number of samples

In [16]: # dimension our images will be rescaled to (default size for VGG) img_width, img_height = 224, 224

executed in 3ms, finished 00:15:44 2017-10-25

▼ Instantiate pre-trained VGGNet and load weights

https://gist.github.com/fchollet/f35fbc80e066a49d65f1688a7e99f069 (https://gist.github.com/fchollet/f35fbc80e066a49d65f1688a7e99f069)

```
In [17]: import os
    import numpy as np
    from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
    from keras.models import Sequential
    from keras.layers import Convolution2D, MaxPooling2D, ZeroPadding2D
    from keras.layers import Activation, Dropout, Flatten, Dense
executed in 4ms finished 00:15:45 2017-10-25
```

```
executed in 4ms, finished 00:15:45 2017-10-25
In [171]: ▼# https://gist.github.com/baraldilorenzo/07d7802847aaad0a35d3
            model = Sequential()
            model.add(ZeroPadding2D((1,1),input shape=(3,224,224)))
            model.add(Convolution2D(64, 3, 3, activation='relu'))
            model.add(ZeroPadding2D((1,1)))
            model.add(Convolution2D(64, 3, 3, activation='relu'))
            model.add(MaxPooling2D((2,2), strides=(2,2)))
            model.add(ZeroPadding2D((1,1)))
            model.add(Convolution2D(128, 3, 3, activation='relu'))
            model.add(ZeroPadding2D((1,1)))
            model.add(Convolution2D(128, 3, 3, activation='relu'))
            model.add(MaxPooling2D((2,2), strides=(2,2)))
            model.add(ZeroPadding2D((1,1)))
            model.add(Convolution2D(256, 3, 3, activation='relu'))
            model.add(ZeroPadding2D((1,1)))
            model.add(Convolution2D(256, 3, 3, activation='relu'))
            model.add(ZeroPadding2D((1,1)))
            model.add(Convolution2D(256, 3, 3, activation='relu'))
            model.add(MaxPooling2D((2,2), strides=(2,2)))
            model.add(ZeroPadding2D((1,1)))
            model.add(Convolution2D(512, 3, 3, activation='relu'))
            model.add(ZeroPadding2D((1,1)))
            model.add(Convolution2D(512, 3, 3, activation='relu'))
            model.add(ZeroPadding2D((1,1)))
            model.add(Convolution2D(512, 3, 3, activation='relu'))
            model.add(MaxPooling2D((2,2), strides=(2,2)))
            model.add(ZeroPadding2D((1,1)))
            model.add(Convolution2D(512, 3, 3, activation='relu'))
            model.add(ZeroPadding2D((1,1)))
            model.add(Convolution2D(512, 3, 3, activation='relu'))
            model.add(ZeroPadding2D((1,1)))
            model.add(Convolution2D(512, 3, 3, activation='relu'))
            model.add(MaxPooling2D((2,2), strides=(2,2)))
            model.add(Flatten())
            model.add(Dense(4096, activation='relu'))
            model.add(Dropout(0.5))
            model.add(Dense(4096, activation='relu'))
            model.add(Dropout(0.5))
            model.add(Dense(1000, activation='softmax'))
```

executed in 327ms, finished 02:12:10 2017-10-25

```
In [172]: # run the command line function below to download pre-trained VGG weights:
             # !wget https://github.com/fchollet/deep-learning-models/releases/download/v0.1/vgg16_weights_th_dim_ordering_th_kernels.h5
                                                                                                                                                  executed in 2ms, finished 02:12:11 2017-10-25
             path pretrained vgg = '/mnt/data/pretrained weights/vgg16 weights th dim ordering th kernels.h5'
In [173]:
                                                                                                                                                  executed in 3ms, finished 02:12:11 2017-10-25
           load pretrained weights
In [174]:
             model.load_weights(path_pretrained_vgg)
                                                                                                                                                executed in 656ms, finished 02:12:13 2017-10-25
In [175]: ▼ # pop layers until just have the bottleneck max pooling 512,7,7 layer
           \neg for i in range(0,6):
                  model.layers.pop()
             model.outputs = [model.layers[-1].output]
             model.layers[-1].outbound_nodes = []
                                                                                                                                                  executed in 6ms, finished 02:12:13 2017-10-25
In [176]:
             model.compile(optimizer='rmsprop', loss='binary_crossentropy')
                                                                                                                                                  executed in 29ms, finished 02:12:14 2017-10-25
```

https://localhost:1337/notebooks/DeepLearning4ComputerVision_PYCONDE17.ipynb

In [177]:

model.summary()

executed in 17ms, finished 02:12:16 2017-10-25

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
zero_padding2d_14 (ZeroPaddi	(None,	3, 226, 226)	0
conv2d_14 (Conv2D)	(None,	64, 224, 224)	1792
zero_padding2d_15 (ZeroPaddi	(None,	64, 226, 226)	0
conv2d_15 (Conv2D)	(None,	64, 224, 224)	36928
max_pooling2d_6 (MaxPooling2	(None,	64, 112, 112)	0
zero_padding2d_16 (ZeroPaddi	(None,	64, 114, 114)	0
conv2d_16 (Conv2D)	(None,	128, 112, 112)	73856
zero_padding2d_17 (ZeroPaddi	(None,	128, 114, 114)	0
conv2d_17 (Conv2D)	(None,	128, 112, 112)	147584
max_pooling2d_7 (MaxPooling2	(None,	128, 56, 56)	0
zero_padding2d_18 (ZeroPaddi	(None,	128, 58, 58)	0
conv2d_18 (Conv2D)	(None,	256, 56, 56)	295168
zero_padding2d_19 (ZeroPaddi	(None,	256, 58, 58)	0
conv2d_19 (Conv2D)	(None,	256, 56, 56)	590080
zero_padding2d_20 (ZeroPaddi	(None,	256, 58, 58)	0
conv2d_20 (Conv2D)	(None,	256, 56, 56)	590080
max_pooling2d_8 (MaxPooling2	(None,	256, 28, 28)	0
zero_padding2d_21 (ZeroPaddi	(None,	256, 30, 30)	0
conv2d_21 (Conv2D)	(None,	512, 28, 28)	1180160
zero_padding2d_22 (ZeroPaddi	(None,	512, 30, 30)	0
conv2d_22 (Conv2D)	(None,	512, 28, 28)	2359808
zero_padding2d_23 (ZeroPaddi	(None,	512, 30, 30)	0
conv2d_23 (Conv2D)	(None,	512, 28, 28)	2359808
max_pooling2d_9 (MaxPooling2	(None,	512, 14, 14)	0
zero_padding2d_24 (ZeroPaddi	(None,	512, 16, 16)	0
conv2d_24 (Conv2D)	(None,	512, 14, 14)	2359808
zero_padding2d_25 (ZeroPaddi	(None,	512, 16, 16)	0
conv2d_25 (Conv2D)	(None,	512, 14, 14)	2359808

zero_padding2d_26 (ZeroPaddi	(None,	512,	16, 16)	0
conv2d_26 (Conv2D)	(None,	512,	14, 14)	2359808
max_pooling2d_10 (MaxPooling	(None,	512,	7, 7)	0
Total params: 14,714,688 Trainable params: 14,714,688 Non-trainable params: 0				

notice now the final layer of the network is the 512 x 7 x 7 bottleneck layer

▼ Precompute bottleneck outputs for train and validation data

We precompute the bottleneck features since that's where most of the computation time is - once we've precomputed them, we'll just learn the weights on final layer(s) added on top of the bottleneck features but if we didn't precompute them, we'd have to compute them each time we pass an image through the entire network even though we're only learning weights on the final layer.

create generators

```
In [26]: 

# used to rescale the pixel values from [0, 255] to [0, 1] interval
            datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
                                                                                                                                           executed in 3ms, finished 00:16:11 2017-10-25
In [27]:    train_generator_bottleneck = datagen.flow_from_directory(
                    path data train,
                    target size=(img width, img height),
                    batch size=1,
                    class mode=None,
                    shuffle=False)
                                                                                                                                          executed in 210ms, finished 00:16:12 2017-10-25
          Found 3467 images belonging to 8 classes.
In [28]: ▼ validation generator bottleneck = datagen.flow from directory(
                    path data valid,
                    target_size=(img_width, img_height),
                    batch size=1,
                    class_mode=None,
                    shuffle=False)
```

Found 382 images belonging to 8 classes.

executed in 108ms, finished 00:16:12 2017-10-25

```
In [29]:
           train generator bottleneck.class indices
                                                                                                                                    executed in 4ms. finished 00:16:12 2017-10-25
Out[29]: {'accessories': 0,
           'jackets': 1,
          'jeans': 2,
          'knitwear': 3,
          'shirts': 4,
          'shoes': 5,
          'shorts': 6,
          'tees': 7}
In [30]:
           validation_generator_bottleneck.class_indices
                                                                                                                                    executed in 5ms, finished 00:16:13 2017-10-25
Out[30]: {'accessories': 0,
           'jackets': 1,
          'jeans': 2,
          'knitwear': 3,
          'shirts': 4,
          'shoes': 5,
          'shorts': 6,
          'tees': 7}
         precompute bottleneck features
           bottleneck_features_train = model.predict_generator(train_generator_bottleneck, train_generator_bottleneck.n, verbose = 1)
In [31]:
           np.save(open(path models + 'bottleneck features train.npy', 'wb'), bottleneck features train)
                                                                                                                                 executed in 1m 45.6s, finished 00:17:59 2017-10-25
         3467/3467 [========== ] - 102s
In [32]:
           bottleneck_features_validation = model.predict_generator(validation_generator_bottleneck, validation_generator_bottleneck.n, verbose = 1)
           np.save(open(path_models + 'bottleneck_features_validation.npy', 'wb'), bottleneck_features_validation)
                                                                                                                                    executed in 11.6s, finished 00:18:11 2017-10-25
         train data = np.load(open(path models + 'bottleneck features train.npy', 'rb'))
In [33]:
           train labels = train generator bottleneck.classes
           validation data = np.load(open(path models + 'bottleneck features validation.npy', 'rb'))
           validation_labels = validation_generator_bottleneck.classes
```

executed in 200ms, finished 00:18:11 2017-10-25

▼ Add new final layer(s)

add fully connected layers (on top of bottleneck convolutional layers)

Can play around with the number and size of dense layers we add here...

I tried a bunch of optimizers and got the highest val_acc on VGG with adadelta, near runner up was adam

```
In [60]: model_top.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
```

executed in 34ms, finished 01:28:23 2017-10-25

```
In [164]: model_top.summary()
```

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
flatten_4 (Flatten)	(None,	25088)	0
dense_8 (Dense)	(None,	256)	6422784
dropout_5 (Dropout)	(None,	256)	0
dense_9 (Dense) ====================================	(None,	8)	2056

▼ Learn weights on new final layer(s)

```
In [61]: model_name = 'VGG_finetuned'

executed in 3ms, finished 01:28:24 2017-10-25

In [62]: # dofine kerzs model shockpointer to save best model (highets val agg)
```

```
executed in 3ms, finished 01:28:25 2017-10-25
```

executed in 7ms, finished 02:00:38 2017-10-25

```
In [63]: | nb_epoch = 100
```

executed in 3ms, finished 01:28:30 2017-10-25

executed in 2m 14s, finished 01:57:45 2017-10-25

```
Train on 3467 samples, validate on 382 samples
Epoch 1/100
Epoch 2/100
Epoch 3/100
Epoch 4/100
Epoch 5/100
Epoch 6/100
Epoch 7/100
Epoch 8/100
Epoch 9/100
Epoch 10/100
Epoch 11/100
Epoch 12/100
Epoch 13/100
Epoch 14/100
Epoch 15/100
Epoch 16/100
Epoch 17/100
Epoch 18/100
Epoch 19/100
Epoch 20/100
Epoch 21/100
Epoch 22/100
Epoch 23/100
Epoch 24/100
Epoch 25/100
Epoch 26/100
```

					0 -	1 –				
3467/3467 [====================================	====] - 1	.s -	loss:	0.0630 -	acc:	0.9729 -	<pre>val_loss:</pre>	0.2614 - v	al_acc:	0.9450
Epoch 27/100			-			0.000		0.0106	-	0.0501
3467/3467 [====================================	====] - 1	.s –	loss:	0.0838 -	acc:	0.9/09 -	val_loss:	0.2186 - V	al_acc:	0.9581
3467/3467 [====================================	:====1 _ 1	e _	1088.	0 0772 -	acc.	0 9761 -	val logg•	0 2717 - 3	zal acc•	0 9503
Epoch 29/100	j - ±	.5	1055.	0.0772 -	acc.	0.5701 -	vai_1055.	0.2717 - 0	ar_acc.	0.7505
3467/3467 [==============	====] - 1	.s -	loss:	0.0727 -	acc:	0.9723 -	val loss:	0.2041 - v	al acc:	0.9555
Epoch 30/100							_		_	
3467/3467 [==============	====] - 1	.s -	loss:	0.0620 -	acc:	0.9775 -	<pre>val_loss:</pre>	0.3022 - v	al_acc:	0.9450
Epoch 31/100			_						_	
3467/3467 [====================================	====] - 1	.s –	loss:	0.0672 -	acc:	0.9775 -	val_loss:	0.1985 - v	7al_acc:	0.9503
Epoch 32/100 3467/3467 [====================================	====1 _ 1	c _	1000	0 0547 -	acc.	n 9789 _	wal logg.	0 2255 - 1	ral acc•	0 9555
Epoch 33/100	j - ±	.5	1055.	0.0347	acc.	0.5705 -	vai_1055.	0.2233 - V	ar_acc.	0.7555
3467/3467 [=============	====] - 1	.s -	loss:	0.0717 -	acc:	0.9706 -	val_loss:	0.2039 - v	al_acc:	0.9607
Epoch 34/100							_		_	
3467/3467 [====================================	====] - 1	.s -	loss:	0.0681 -	acc:	0.9743 -	val_loss:	0.2135 - v	al_acc:	0.9503
Epoch 35/100	, 1	_	1	0 0000		0 0717	1 1	0 2110 -	1	0 0200
3467/3467 [====================================	====] - 1	.s –	loss:	0.0802 -	acc:	0.9/1/ -	vai_ioss:	0.3110 - \	/al_acc:	0.9398
3467/3467 [==============	====1 - 1	.s –	loss:	0.0507 -	acc:	0.9818 -	val loss:	0.2284 - v	al acc:	0.9607
Epoch 37/100	•						_		_	
3467/3467 [==============	====] - 1	.s -	loss:	0.0741 -	acc:	0.9729 -	val_loss:	0.2351 - v	al_acc:	0.9581
Epoch 38/100			-						_	
3467/3467 [====================================	====] - 1	.s –	loss:	0.0831 -	acc:	0.9683 -	val_loss:	0.1611 - v	7al_acc:	0.9634
3467/3467 [====================================	====1 _ 1	s -	1055:	0.0675 -	acc:	0.9726 -	val loss:	0.2264 - 3	val acc:	0.9555
Epoch 40/100	, -		1000.	0.0073	4001	0.5720	Va1_1000.	0.2201		0.7555
3467/3467 [==============	====] - 1	.s -	loss:	0.0697 -	acc:	0.9729 -	val_loss:	0.2987 - v	al_acc:	0.9476
Epoch 41/100										
3467/3467 [====================================	====] - 1	.s -	loss:	0.0643 -	acc:	0.9781 -	val_loss:	0.2458 - v	al_acc:	0.9555
Epoch 42/100 3467/3467 [====================================	====1 _ 1	c _	1000	0 0629 -	acc.	n 9789 _	wal logg.	0 2109 - 5	ral acc•	0 9529
Epoch 43/100	j - <u>-</u>	. . 5	1055.	0.0027 -	acc.	0.5705 -	vai_1055.	0.2107 - 0	ar_acc.	0.7527
3467/3467 [===============	====] - 1	.s -	loss:	0.0657 -	acc:	0.9755 -	val_loss:	0.2710 - v	al_acc:	0.9503
Epoch 44/100										
3467/3467 [====================================	====] - 1	.s -	loss:	0.0699 -	acc:	0.9735 -	val_loss:	0.1590 - v	al_acc:	0.9581
Epoch 45/100 3467/3467 [====================================	1 1	c	1000	0 0495	200.	0 9907	wal logg.	0 2739 5	zal acc•	0 9529
Epoch 46/100	j - 1	.s -	1055.	0.0493 -	acc.	0.9007 -	vai_ioss.	0.2/30 - 0	ar_acc.	0.9329
3467/3467 [===============	====] - 1	.s -	loss:	0.0546 -	acc:	0.9781 -	val_loss:	0.2963 - v	al_acc:	0.9476
Epoch 47/100							_		_	
3467/3467 [====================	====] - 1	.s -	loss:	0.0392 -	acc:	0.9876 -	val_loss:	0.2942 - v	al_acc:	0.9529
Epoch 48/100	1 1		1000.	0 0520		0 0041	vol logge	0 2020 -		0 0450
3467/3467 [====================================	====] - 1	.s –	loss:	0.0530 -	acc:	0.9841 -	val_loss:	0.2829 - V	al_acc:	0.9450
3467/3467 [==============	:====1 - 1	.s -	loss:	0.0531 -	acc:	0.9821 -	val loss:	0.2756 - v	al acc:	0.9529
Epoch 50/100	•									
3467/3467 [==============	====] - 1	.s -	loss:	0.0434 -	acc:	0.9844 -	<pre>val_loss:</pre>	0.2575 - v	al_acc:	0.9529
Epoch 51/100			-	0.05==		0 0===			-	0 0===
3467/3467 [====================================	====] - 1	.s -	loss:	0.0657 -	acc:	0.9752 -	val_loss:	0.2314 - v	al_acc:	0.9503
Epoch 52/100 3467/3467 [====================================	====1 _ 1	S -	1055.	0.0572 -	acc•	0.9781 =	val loss.	0.2720 - 1	val acc•	0.9503
Epoch 53/100	j - 1		1000.	J. U.J. / L	ucc.	J. J. T. J.	, «T_TOSS•		. uu.c. •	J. J
3467/3467 [==============	====] - 1	s -	loss:	0.0559 -	acc:	0.9813 -	val_loss:	0.2926 - v	al_acc:	0.9529
Epoch 54/100							_		_	
3467/3467 [====================================	====] - 1	.s -	loss:	0.0565 -	acc:	0.9789 -	<pre>val_loss:</pre>	0.3165 - v	al_acc:	0.9372
Epoch 55/100	1 1	c	1000	0 0622	200-	0 0761	wal loca-	0 2720 -	7al 2001	0 0476
3467/3467 [====================================	j - 1	.s -	TOSS:	0.0032 -	acc:	0.7/01 -	var_ross:	U. 2/29 - V	aı_acc:	0.94/0
3467/3467 [====================================	====] - 1	.s –	loss:	0.0600 -	acc:	0.9752 -	val loss:	0.2973 - v	al acc:	0.9476
- · · · · · · · · ·	, -	-						= 2		

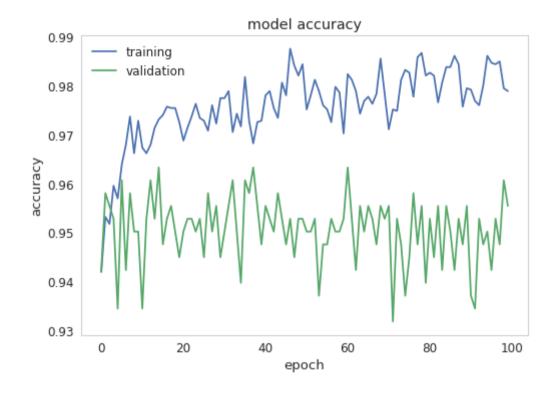
				Decplical	illing4C0	mputer vision_P	I CONDEI /		
Epoch 57/100									
3467/3467 [====================================	- 15	5 –	loss:	0.0759 - 6	acc:	0.9726 -	val_loss:	0.2025 - val_acc	: 0.9529
Epoch 58/100	_		-						
3467/3467 [====================================	- IS	5 –	loss:	0.0607 - 3	acc:	0.9/98 -	val_loss:	0.2//4 - val_acc	: 0.9503
Epoch 59/100				0.0510		0 0707		0.0604	0.0500
3467/3467 [====================================	- 18	; –	loss:	0.0512 - 8	acc:	0.9/8/ -	val_loss:	0.2634 - val_acc	0.9503
Epoch 60/100 3467/3467 [====================================	1.		1000.	0 0002	200.	0 0702	l logg.	0 2162 - 221 200	. 0 0520
Epoch 61/100	- 15	, –	1055;	0.0003 - 6	acc:	0.9703 -	vai_ioss:	0.2103 - Val_acc	0.9329
3467/3467 [====================================	_ 1 c		1000.	0 0496 - :	acc•	0 9824 _	val logg.	0 2223 - wal acc	• 0 9634
Epoch 62/100		, –	1055.	0.0430 - 6	acc.	0.7024 -	va1_1055.	0.2223 - Vai_acc	. 0.7034
3467/3467 [====================================	- 1s	; –	loss:	0.0501 - 8	acc:	0.9813 -	val loss:	0.2854 - val acc	0.9529
Epoch 63/100									
3467/3467 [====================================	- 1s	; –	loss:	0.0678 - 8	acc:	0.9789 -	val_loss:	0.2848 - val_acc	0.9424
Epoch 64/100							_	_	
3467/3467 [====================================	- 1s	; -	loss:	0.0686 - 8	acc:	0.9743 -	val_loss:	0.2747 - val_acc	0.9555
Epoch 65/100									
3467/3467 [====================================	_ 1 c		1000.	0 0647 - :	acc•	n 9769 _	wal logg.	0 2303 - val acc	. 0 9503
Epoch 66/100	- 1.	, –	1055.	0.0047 - 6	acc.	0.5705 -	Vα1_1055.	0.2303 - Vai_acc	. 0.7505
3467/3467 [====================================	- 1s	; –	loss:	0.0631 - 8	acc:	0.9778 -	val loss:	0.2134 - val acc	0.9555
Epoch 67/100									
3467/3467 [====================================	- 1s	s –	loss:	0.0631 - 8	acc:	0.9763 -	val_loss:	0.2390 - val_acc	0.9529
Epoch 68/100									
3467/3467 [====================================	- 1s	; –	loss:	0.0555 - 6	acc:	0.9784 -	val_loss:	0.2996 - val_acc	: 0.9476
Epoch 69/100	_		_						
3467/3467 [====================================	- 15	s –	loss:	0.0472 - 6	acc:	0.9856 -	val_loss:	0.2797 - val_acc	: 0.9555
Epoch 70/100	1.		1000.	0 0602	200.	0 0704	wal logg.	0.2044	0 0520
3467/3467 [====================================	- 15	· –	1055:	0.0002 - 6	acc:	0.9/04 -	vai_ioss:	0.2944 - Val_acc	0.9329
3467/3467 [====================================	- 1s	; –	loss:	0.0815 - 8	acc:	0.9712 -	val loss:	0.2510 - val acc	0.9555
Epoch 72/100									
3467/3467 [====================================	- 1s	s –	loss:	0.0591 - 3	acc:	0.9752 -	val_loss:	0.3294 - val_acc	0.9319
Epoch 73/100									
3467/3467 [====================================	- 1s	s –	loss:	0.0655 - 6	acc:	0.9749 -	val_loss:	0.3002 - val_acc	: 0.9529
Epoch 74/100	_		-						
3467/3467 [====================================	- 18	5 –	loss:	0.05/3 - 3	acc:	0.9813 -	val_loss:	0.2823 - val_acc	: 0.94/6
Epoch 75/100 3467/3467 [====================================	1 c		logg•	0 0/92	200.	U 0833	wal locc.	0.3/31 wallace	• 0 9372
Epoch 76/100	- 12	, –	1055.	0.0492 - 8	acc.	0.9055 -	vai_ioss.	0.5451 - Val_acc	. 0.9372
3467/3467 [====================================	- 1s	; –	loss:	0.0535 - 8	acc:	0.9827 -	val loss:	0.3645 - val acc	0.9450
Epoch 77/100							_	_	
3467/3467 [====================================	- 1s	s –	loss:	0.0618 - 8	acc:	0.9778 -	val_loss:	0.2768 - val_acc	0.9581
Epoch 78/100									
3467/3467 [====================================	- 1s	5 –	loss:	0.0388 - 8	acc:	0.9859 -	val_loss:	0.2818 - val_acc	: 0.9476
Epoch 79/100	_		_						
3467/3467 [====================================	- 15	s –	loss:	0.0414 - 6	acc:	0.9867 -	val_loss:	0.2449 - val_acc	: 0.9555
Epoch 80/100 3467/3467 [====================================	1.		1000.	0.0504	200.	0 0021	wal logg.	0.2400 321 200	. 0 0200
Epoch 81/100	- 15	, –	1055.	0.0394 - 6	acc.	0.9021 -	vai_ioss:	0.5400 - Val_acc	. 0.9390
3467/3467 [====================================	- 19	· –	loss:	0.0492 - 8	acc:	0.9827 -	val loss:	0.2631 - val acc	0.9529
Epoch 82/100									
3467/3467 [====================================	- 1s	s –	loss:	0.0496 - 8	acc:	0.9821 -	val_loss:	0.3296 - val_acc	0.9450
Epoch 83/100							_	_	
3467/3467 [===========] -	- 1s	5 –	loss:	0.0664 - 8	acc:	0.9766 -	val_loss:	0.3010 - val_acc	0.9555
Epoch 84/100			_				_		
3467/3467 [====================================	- 1s	5 –	loss:	0.0550 - 6	acc:	0.9807 -	val_loss:	0.2712 - val_acc	: 0.9424
Epoch 85/100	1 -		1000	0 0545	200	0 0000	wal lass:	0 2102	. 0 0555
3467/3467 [====================================	- TS	· –	TOSS:	0.0345 - 8	acc:	U.9838 -	var_toss:	U.SIUZ - VAI_acc	0.9555
3467/3467 [====================================	_ 1 c	; _	1055.	0.0487 -	acc•	0.9838 -	val loss.	0.3341 - val acc	0.9503
010,,010, [1.5	, -	1000.	0.010/ - (٠.	J., J.	, a = _ + O B B •	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	. 0.,,,,,,

```
Epoch 87/100
Epoch 89/100
Epoch 90/100
Epoch 91/100
Epoch 92/100
Epoch 93/100
Epoch 94/100
Epoch 95/100
Epoch 96/100
Epoch 97/100
Epoch 98/100
Epoch 99/100
Epoch 100/100
```

▼ Plot learning curves

```
In [161]: ▼ # plot accuracy
            plt.plot(history.history['acc'])
            plt.plot(history.history['val_acc'])
            plt.title('model accuracy')
            plt.ylabel('accuracy')
            plt.xlabel('epoch')
            plt.legend(['training', 'validation'], loc='upper left')
            plt.show()
            # plot loss
            plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
            plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
            plt.title('model loss')
            plt.ylabel('loss')
            plt.xlabel('epoch')
            plt.legend(['training', 'validation'], loc='upper left')
            plt.show()
```

executed in 753ms, finished 01:57:46 2017-10-25





```
In [162]: # load weights from best epoch (saved by checkpointer)
model_top.load_weights(path_models + model_name + '_BEST_.hdf5')

executed in 21ms, finished 01:57:46 2017-10-25

In [163]: # check metrics for this best model
print (model_top.metrics_names)
model_top.evaluate(validation_data, validation_labels, verbose = 0)

executed in 45ms, finished 01:57:46 2017-10-25

['loss', 'acc']
```

View predictions and some examples where the model is going wrong

▼ Define function to do prediction

Out[163]: [0.16105182613130337, 0.96335079282990299]

```
In [70]:  # Need to get bottleneck features from model
    # then feed these to model_top to do actual prediction
    def get_prediction(img_path, return_probabilities = False):
        img = image.load_img(img_path, target_size=(224, 224))
        x = image.img_to_array(img) / 255
        x = np.expand_dims(x, axis=0)
        x = model.predict(x)
        x = model_top.predict(x)
        if return_probabilities:
            return x
        else:
            return np.argmax(x)
```

executed in 7ms, finished 01:32:58 2017-10-25

```
In [75]: # fit model, storing history in variable to plot learning curves

▼ predictions = model top.predict(validation data,
                                                 batch size=32)
                                                                                                                                                 executed in 42ms, finished 01:34:16 2017-10-25
 In [85]: 

# get argmax of each row in predictions output (which is a probability distribution)
              # there's definitely a way to do this with numpy but I'm being lazy and looping...
             predictions labels = []
            ▼ for c, row in enumerate(predictions):
                  predictions labels.append(np.argmax(row))
                                                                                                                                                 executed in 7ms, finished 01:36:37 2017-10-25
In [132]: ▼ # build dataframe
              df = pd.DataFrame({"filename":validation generator bottleneck.filenames, "prediction": predictions labels, "truth": validation labels})
             df['correct'] = (df['prediction'] == df['truth']).astype(int)
             df['correct'] = df['correct'].astype(int)
              df['prediction'] = df['prediction'].astype(int)
                                                                                                                                                 executed in 8ms, finished 01:44:48 2017-10-25
df names = pd.DataFrame.from dict(validation generator bottleneck.class indices, orient = 'index')
              df names.columns = ['idx']
              df names['name'] = df names.index
              df = pd.merge(df,df names,left on = 'prediction', right on='idx', how='left')
              del df['idx']
                                                                                                                                                 executed in 11ms, finished 01:44:52 2017-10-25
             df.columns = ['filename', 'prediction', 'truth', 'correct', 'prediction name']
In [135]:
                                                                                                                                                 executed in 4ms, finished 01:45:00 2017-10-25
              df = pd.merge(df,df names,left on = 'truth', right on='idx', how='left')
In [136]:
              del df['idx']
                                                                                                                                                 executed in 7ms, finished 01:45:06 2017-10-25
             df.columns = ['filename', 'prediction', 'truth', 'correct', 'prediction name', 'truth name']
In [137]:
                                                                                                                                                 executed in 5ms, finished 01:45:10 2017-10-25
In [138]:
             df.tail()
                                                                                                                                                 executed in 13ms, finished 01:45:11 2017-10-25
Out[138]:
                             filename prediction truth correct prediction name truth name
            377 tees/productimg_774.jpg
                                                                     tees
                                                                                tees
            378 tees/productimg_3815.jpg
                                                        1
                                                                     tees
                                                                                tees
            379 tees/productimg_4073.jpg
                                                                     tees
                                                                                tees
            380 tees/productimg_2408.jpg
                                                                     tees
                                                                                tees
            381 tees/productimg_1355.jpg
                                                7
                                                        0
                                                                  knitwear
                                                                                tees
```

errors:

In [154]: | df[df['correct'] == 0]

executed in 15ms, finished 01:50:54 2017-10-25

Out[154]:

	filename	prediction	truth	correct	prediction_name	truth_name
29	jackets/productimg_2592.jpg	3	1	0	knitwear	jackets
96	knitwear/productimg_1369.jpg	4	3	0	shirts	knitwear
101	knitwear/productimg_728.jpg	1	3	0	jackets	knitwear
104	knitwear/productimg_1143.jpg	1	3	0	jackets	knitwear
106	knitwear/productimg_2052.jpg	7	3	0	tees	knitwear
115	shirts/productimg_737.jpg	3	4	0	knitwear	shirts
118	shirts/productimg_167.jpg	7	4	0	tees	shirts
123	shirts/productimg_840.jpg	3	4	0	knitwear	shirts
131	shirts/productimg_274.jpg	7	4	0	tees	shirts
288	tees/productimg_1499.jpg	4	7	0	shirts	tees
294	tees/productimg_1457.jpg	3	7	0	knitwear	tees
307	tees/productimg_3208.jpg	3	7	0	knitwear	tees
323	tees/productimg_2736.jpg	3	7	0	knitwear	tees
370	tees/productimg_2776.jpg	3	7	0	knitwear	tees
381	tees/productimg_1355.jpg	3	7	0	knitwear	tees

Let's plot some of the errors

Prediction = shirt, truth = tee ... can see why the model predicted shirt lol

In [145]:

plotimg(path_data_valid + "tees/productimg_1499.jpg")



executed in 328ms, finished 01:47:48 2017-10-25

Model prediction = knitwear but truth = jacket

```
In [151]: plotimg(path_data_valid + "jackets/productimg_2592.jpg")
```

executed in 340ms, finished 01:49:55 2017-10-25



▼ Get activation vectors

▼ Pop off final softmax layer and only keep activations from model top

Out[185]: <keras.layers.core.Dense at 0x7f3b906c89b0>

executed in 6ms, finished 02:13:24 2017-10-25

```
In [209]: model_top.summary()
```

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
flatten_4 (Flatten)	(None,	25088)	0
dense_8 (Dense)	(None,	256)	6422784
Total params: 6,422,784 Trainable params: 6,422,784 Non-trainable params: 0			

define function to get activations

```
In [230]:  # Need to get bottleneck features from model
    # then feed these to model_top to get activations from fine-tuned new dense layer

def get_activation(img_path):
    img = image.load_img(img_path, target_size=(224, 224))
    x = image.img_to_array(img) / 255
    x = np.expand_dims(x, axis=0)
    x = model.predict(x)
    x = model_top.predict(x)
    return x[0]
```

executed in 6ms, finished 02:21:24 2017-10-25

executed in 6ms. finished 02:15:54 2017-10-25

get activations for each validation image

```
activations_list = []
In [304]:
           ▼ for image_path in train_generator_bottleneck.filenames:
                  #print (path data valid + image path)
                  activations list.append(get activation(path data train + image path))
                                                                                                                                               executed in 1m 51.3s, finished 04:01:01 2017-10-25
             len(activations_list)
In [305]:
                                                                                                                                                  executed in 5ms, finished 04:01:01 2017-10-25
Out[305]: 3467
             type(activations_list[0])
In [306]:
                                                                                                                                                  executed in 4ms, finished 04:14:43 2017-10-25
Out[306]: numpy.ndarray
In [307]: 

# cast activations to numpy matrix
              activations = np.asmatrix(activations_list)
```

executed in 3ms, finished 04:14:44 2017-10-25

executed in 6ms, finished 04:14:43 2017-10-25

In [308]: ▼ # cast activations to dataframe

adf = pd.DataFrame(activations)

```
adf['filename'] = train generator bottleneck.filenames
In [347]:
                                                                                                                                                        executed in 3ms. finished 04:22:56 2017-10-25
In [348]:
              adf.head()
                                                                                                                                                       executed in 26ms, finished 04:22:57 2017-10-25
Out[348]:
               0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 ... 247 248 249 250 251 252 253 254 255
                                                                                                      filename
                                                                                0 accessories/productimg_1610.jpg
            1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
                                                                                0 accessories/productimg_1312.jpg
            2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
                                                 0
                                                                                      accessories/productimg_1.jpg
            3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
                                             0 0
                                                                                0 accessories/productimg_1247.jpg
                                                          0
                                                                  0
                                                                       0
                                                                           0
```

0 accessories/productimg_1246.jpg

▼ Get Most Visually Similar Products

4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ... 0 0 0

get activation for test image

5 rows × 257 columns

```
os.listdir(path data test + 'unknown')
                                                                                                                                        executed in 6ms, finished 04:22:59 2017-10-25
Out[349]: ['test6.jpg',
            'test3.jpg',
            'test7.jpg',
            'test1.jpg',
            'test8.jpg',
            'test5.jpg',
            'test4.jpg',
            'test2.jpg']
In [367]: ▼ def get most similar(test img path):
                test img vec = get activation(test img path)
                # do dot prod
                test img vec = test img vec.reshape(len(test img vec),1)
                a = np.dot(activations, test img vec)
                 # transform scores
                results = pd.DataFrame(a)
                results['filenames'] = adf['filename']
                results.columns = ['scores', 'filenames']
                results.sort_values('scores', ascending = False, inplace = True)
                results.head()
                # get matches
                matches = results['filenames'].values[:10]
                match scores = results['scores'].values[:10]
                return matches
```

executed in 11ms, finished 04:26:18 2017-10-25

```
In [362]: ▼ def plot pic grid(filenames):
                # set figsize
                fig = plt.figure()
                fig.set size inches((16,8))
                plotted = 0
                for c, r in enumerate(filenames):
                    # get path to image file
                    img path on disk = path data train + r
                    if len(img_path_on_disk) > 0:
                        if plotted < 10:</pre>
                            plotted+=1
                            # plotting 10 images
                            a = fig.add_subplot(2, 5, (plotted))
                            img= plt.imread(img_path_on_disk)
                            imgplot = a.imshow(img)
                            a.set_title(match_scores[c])
                            #print user id, 'image plotted'
                    else:
                        # print user id, 'no pic available'
                        pass
```

executed in 12ms, finished 04:24:11 2017-10-25

In [375]:

```
test_img_path = '/mnt/data/pycon/data/test/unknown/test6.jpg'
plotimg(test_img_path)
plot_pic_grid(get_most_similar(test_img_path))
```

executed in 2.55s, finished 04:28:07 2017-10-25





```
In [374]:
```

```
test_img_path = '/mnt/data/pycon/data/test/unknown/test5.jpg'
plotimg(test_img_path)
plot_pic_grid(get_most_similar(test_img_path))
```

executed in 2.31s, finished 04:27:59 2017-10-25



▼ Do PCA on activations

```
In [353]:
            vec
          NameError
                                                      Traceback (most recent call last)
          <ipython-input-353-fd0966cb4bb1> in <module>()
           ---> 1 vec
          NameError: name 'vec' is not defined
In [257]:
            ff = adf.copy()
            del ff['filename']
                                                                                                                                       executed in 5ms, finished 02:28:39 2017-10-25
           n_points = 100
In [264]:
                                                                                                                                       executed in 3ms, finished 02:30:11 2017-10-25
In [356]:
           matches
Out[356]: array(['tees/productimg_3255.jpg', 'tees/productimg_4024.jpg',
                  'tees/productimg 4242.jpg', 'tees/productimg 3588.jpg',
                  'tees/productimg_3336.jpg', 'tees/productimg_3522.jpg',
                  'tees/productimg_3213.jpg', 'tees/productimg_992.jpg',
                  'tees/productimg_4155.jpg', 'tees/productimg_4238.jpg'], dtype=object)
In [293]:  #ff = f_targets[f_targets['country'] == 'BR']
             #del ff['country']
             from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
             pca = PCA(n components=8)
             t_pcs = pca.fit(ff.values.T).components_
             t_pcs.shape
             # first 2 PCs
             fac0 = t_pcs[0]
             fac1 = t pcs[1]
             start=200
             end = 350
             X = fac0[start:end]
             Y = fac1[start:end]
             point_images = [path_data_valid + f for f in list(adf['filename'].values)]
```

executed in 36ms, finished 02:34:57 2017-10-25

```
In [294]: # # https://stackoverflow.com/questions/4860417/placing-custom-images-in-a-plot-window-as-custom-data-markers-or-to-annotate-t
            import matplotlib.pyplot as PLT
            from matplotlib.offsetbox import AnnotationBbox, OffsetImage
            from matplotlib. png import read png
             fig = PLT.gcf()
            fig.clf()
            ax = PLT.subplot(111)
            fig.set size inches(18.5, 10.5)
            # Plots an image at each x and y location.

    def plotImage(x, y, im):

                if os.path.exists(im):
                    img content = plt.imread(im)
                    imagebox = OffsetImage(img_content, zoom=.15)
                    xy = [0.25, 0.45]
                    ab = AnnotationBbox(imagebox, [x,y],
                        xybox=(30., -30.),
                        xycoords='data',
                        boxcoords="offset points")
                    ax.add artist(ab)
          for p in range(0,n_points):
                #print p
                plotImage(X[p],Y[p],point_images[p])
             # # Set the x and y limits
             ax.set_ylim(Y.min()*1.1,Y.max()*1.1)
            ax.set_xlim(X.min()*1.1,X.max()*1.1)
            plt.title('first 2 principal components of target latent factors')
            plt.show()
             #fig.savefig('pca.png', dpi=100)
```

executed in 1.77s, finished 02:34:59 2017-10-25

first 2 principal components of target latent factors



In [338]:

results.head()

Out[338]:

	scores	filenames	filename
2474	13,427	NaN	NaN
2788	13,379	NaN	NaN
3229	13,122	NaN	NaN
3126	13,009	NaN	NaN
3308	12,834	NaN	NaN

In [359]:

```
In [ ]: | \( \stacktriangle \) def get_most_similar_products(test_img_idx):
              # plot test img
              vec_test.loc[test_img_idx]['filename']
              plotimg(pwd + '/data/test/' + vec test.loc[test img idx]['filename'])
              # do dot prod
              test_img_vec = vec_test_num.loc[test_img_idx][:]
              test_img_vec = test_img_vec.reshape(len(test_img_vec),1)
              a = np.dot(vec valid num.ix[:], test img vec)
              # transform scores
              results = pd.DataFrame(a)
              results['filenames'] = vec_valid['filename']
              results.columns = ['scores', 'filenames']
              results.sort values('scores', ascending = False, inplace = True)
              results.head()
              # get matches
              matches = results['filenames'].values[:10]
              match scores = results['scores'].values[:10]
              plot_pic_grid(matches)
```

In []: