Python for Automation QA Engineers

Lesson - 0

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Introduction

- Why Python?
- What is Python?
- Data types Part 1.
- Main built-in functions and statements.
- Variable assignments.
- User's input.
- First Programm.
- 'if'/'else' statement in use.



Why Python?

- Easy to 'pick-up'.
- Used in QA a lot these days.
- Language popularity rises each year.
- Anything can be done using Python(for QA needs).
- Python comes with all Unix based OS's by default.
- Best readability within this group: Perl, Java, Ruby.
- Cross-platform compatibility.

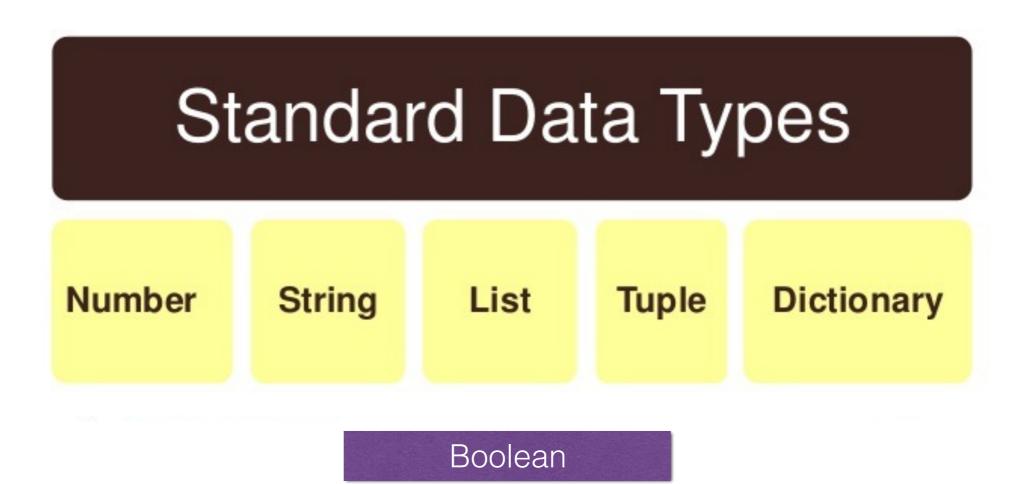


What is Python?

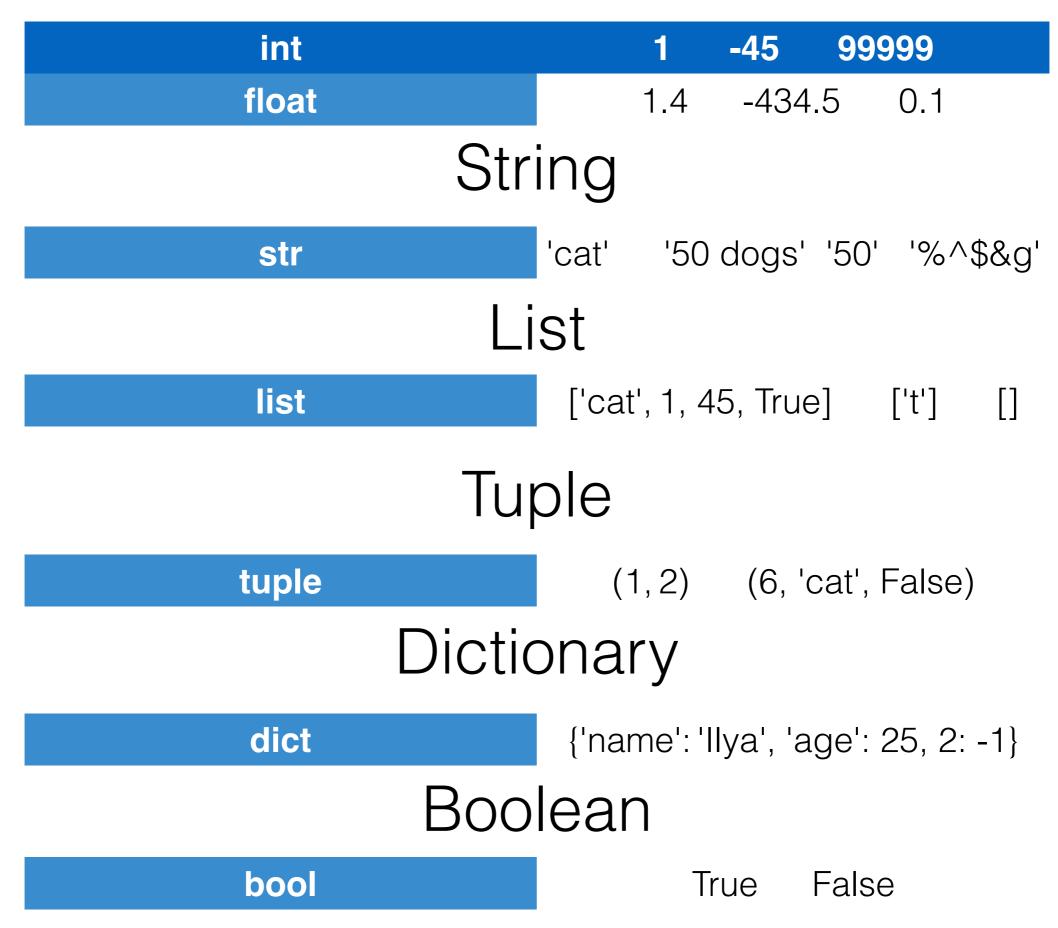
- High-level programming language.
- C-based.
- Scripting language.
- Object-oriented.
- Interpreted.



Data types Part 1.



Number



Main built-in functions.

- print()
- input() or raw_input()
- len()
- sum()
- min() max()
- range()



Main built-in statements.

- import
- def
- assert
- pass
- in, is ('==')
- try, finally, while, for, if, else
- del



First program.

Title: 'Hello World!'

What will be used: print()

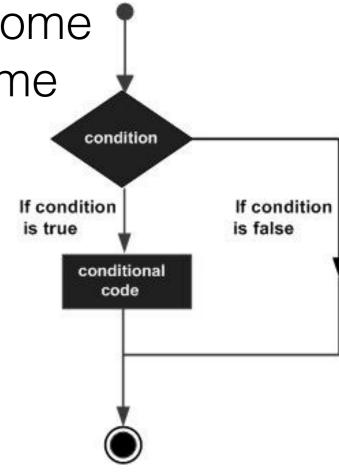
```
print('Hello World!')
```

'if'->'else' statement block.

 Purpose: 'if'->'else' block is used when some action(s) needs to be done based on some conditions.

How to use(ex.):

```
if 1 == 1:
    print('test')
else:
    pass
```



'input()' function.

- Purpose: 'input()' function takes string for output and returns external user's input;
- How to use(ex.):

```
a = input('Enter your name: ')
print('Your name is ' + a)
```

```
Enter your name: 'Ilya'
Your name is Ilya
```

Mini test

- Write a small program which will do the following:
- 1. Print phrase 'Do you want to make 120k?' with 'input()';
- 2. If user answers 'yes' print 'Then you need to learn Python. If user answers 'no' print 'Then you do not need to learn Python.'.

Homework

- Read about each of the discussed built in functions/statements. Look up for examples, play with it(2-3 hours);
- 2. Write a small program which will do the following(1 hour):
- Print greeting message (like 'Hello user!');
- Then will take user's input(int type) 2 times in a row;
- Based on input:
- A. if 1st input > then 2nd print 'First number is bigger then second one.';
- B. if 2nd input > then 1st print 'Second number is bigger then first one.';
- C. if they are equal print 'Numbers are equal.';
- 3. Print the sum of 2 numbers after all.