# Sample Task - Treatment Size Analysis Report

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For further discussion, we do tests to figure out the impact of the treatment size K to our analysis. Firstly, we try to find out the general pattern for the power as  $Y_1(r_1)$  and K increase when  $r_k$  is fixed. Secondly, we do the research to find that as K increases, the variation of the ratio  $r_1$ . We make the new power equal to 80% of the origin power to find the variation of its respective  $Y_1(r_1)$ , and also, transform the form of K like  $\log(K)$  and  $\sqrt{K}$ .

#### 1 General Pattern

We let K respectively equal to 10, 50 and 100 to find that as  $r_1$  increases from 0 to 1 as  $\sigma$  is fixed. We can find that it always looks like an "S" shape but as K increases, it moves rightward and for the power equaling to 0.8, we can see the corresponding  $\sigma_1$  becoming larger.

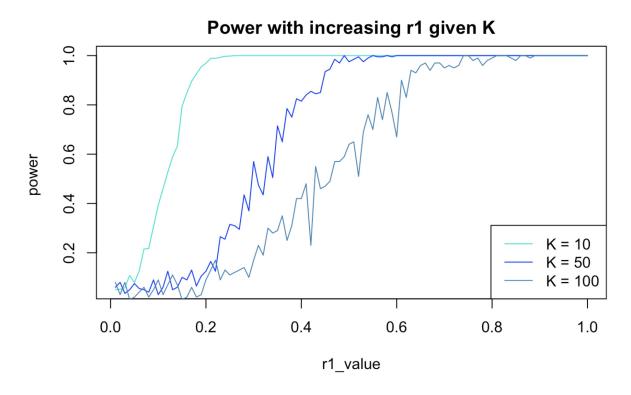


Figure 1.1: General Pattern

# 2 Critical Ratio for 80% Power

#### 2.1 Origin K

As K increases from 0 to 50, we get the critical ratio  $r_1$  by summing the  $r_1$  if it is qualified where the power is either less than 0.8 or the power goes downward. We can find that as K increases, the critical ratio increases gradually but kind of

fluctuating as well. This will help us to find the appropriate ratio for  $\sigma_1$  when given K since only when power equals to 0.8 is somehow significant for our research.

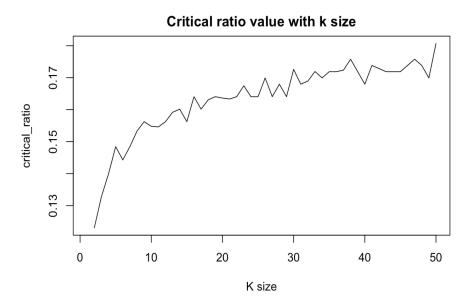


Figure 2.1: Critical Ratio for Origin K

## 2.2 Log K

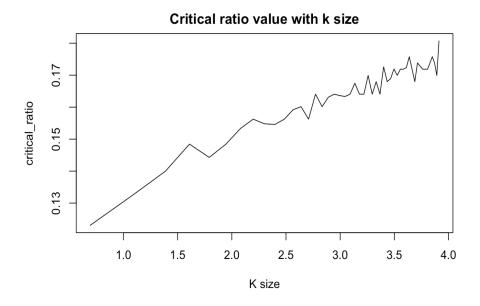


Figure 2.2: Critical Ratio for Log K

# 2.3 Sqrt K

### 2.4 Conclusions

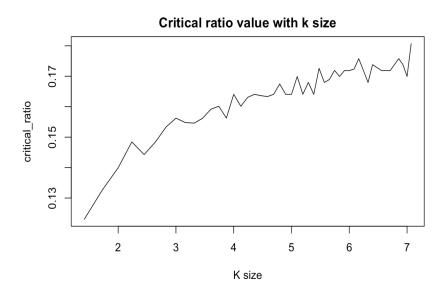


Figure 2.3: Critical Ratio for Sqrt K