STATISTICAL COMPUTATIONAL METHODS

Seminar Nr. 5, Counting Processes

- 1. On the average, 2 airplanes per minute land at a certain international airport. Assume the number of landings is modeled by a Binomial counting process.
- a) what frame length should be used to guarantee that the probability of a landing does not exceed 0.1?
- b) using the chosen frames, compute the probability of no landings during the next 2 minutes:
- c) using the chosen frames, compute the probability of more than 120 landed airplanes during the next hour.
- 2. Messages arrive at a communications center according to a Binomial counting process with 30 frames per minute. The average arrival rate is 40 messages per hour. How many messages can be expected to arrive between 10 a.m. and 10:30 a.m.? What is the standard deviation of that number of messages?
- **3.** An internet service provider offers special discounts to every third connecting customer. Its customers connect to the internet according to a Poisson process with the rate of 5 customers per minute. Compute
- a) the probability that no offer is made during the first 2 minutes;
- b) the probability that no customers connect for 20 seconds;
- c) expectation and standard deviation of the time of first offer.
- 4. On the average, Mr. X drinks and drives once in 4 years. He knows that
 - every time he drinks and drives, he is caught by the police;
 - according to the law of his state, the third time he is caught drinking and driving, he loses his driver's license;
 - a Poisson counting process models such "rare events" as drinking and driving.

What is the probability that Mr. X will keep his driver's license for at least 10 years?

- 5. Simulation and illustration of Binomial and Poisson counting processes.
- a) Given sample path size N_B and probability of arrival p, simulate a Binomial counting process X(t).

Application: For a frame size of 1 second, simulate the number of airplane landings from Problem 1., for 1 minute.

b) Given frequency λ and a time frame $[0, T_{max}]$, simulate a Poisson counting process X(t).

Application: Simulate the number of internet connections from Problem 3., for a period of half an hour.