Scaling Geometric Monitoring Over Distributed Streams

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Theoretical Background

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Data Stream Systems¹

- ▶ Data streams: Continuous, high volume, size unbound, violative, probably distributed
- Pull paradigm
- \triangleright Centralizing and/or polling \rightarrow prohibitive in terms of communication overhead
- Examples: telecommunication, sensor networks

¹Brian Babcock et al. "Models and Issues in Data Stream Systems". In: 21st ACM SIGMOD-SIGACT-SIGART. PODS '02. 2002 > 4 @ > 4 @ > 4 @ > 4 @ > 4 @ > 4

The Geometric Monitoring Method²

- Threshold monitoring
- Nodes communicate when needed
 - Local constraints
 - Violation resolution (false alarms)
- Arbitrary function monitoring
- Tight accuracy bounds
- A promising framework for distributed data stream monitoring

²Izchak Sharfman, Assaf Schuster, and Daniel Keren. "A Geometric Approach to Monitoring Threshold Functions over Distributed Data Streams". In: 2006 ACM SIGMOD ICMD. SIGMOD '06. 2006.

Motivation

Problems:

- increasing node population
- data volume
- data dimensionality
- arbitrary functions
- communication accuracy tradeofl

Need for

- scalability warranties
- tight accuracy bounds
- incremental/real-time operation
- ▶ Minimize communication while retaining accuracy bounds

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Overview

Contributions

Expand the *geometric monitoring method*:

- heuristic method for violation resolution
- distance-based hierarchical node clustering³
- throughout method evaluation on synthetic and real-world datasets

³Daniel Keren et al. "Geometric Monitoring of Heterogeneous Streams." In: IEEE Trans. Knowl. Data Eng. (2014).

Contributions

Expand the geometric monitoring method:

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Theoretical Background

The Geometric Monitoring Method Theoretical Tools Related Work



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Geometric Threshold Monitoring

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System Architecture

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Computational Model

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Computational Model

Balancing Process



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Geometric Interpretation

Convexity Property

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Geometric Interpretation **Local Constraints**



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Protocol

Decentralized Algorithm

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Protocol Centralized Algorithm

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Multi-objective Optimization

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Non-linear Constraint Optimization Primal Descent

Feasible Directions

Theoretical Tools

SQF

The Savitzky-Golay Filter

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Maximum Weight Matching

The Primal-Dual Method

Related Work

Related Work



Problem Statement

Problem Formulation



The Geometric Monitoring Framework



The Distance-based Hierarchical Clustering The Idea

The Distance-based Hierarchical Clustering

The Weight Function



The Distance-based Hierarchical Clustering The Algorithm



The Heuristic Balancing The Idea



The Heuristic Balancing

The Optimizing Function

The Heuristic Balancing

The Function Formulation



The Heuristic Balancing

The Algorithm



An Nested Optimization Problem



Velocity and Acceleration Estimation via SG Filtering



Implementation Challenges



Data & Setup

Synthetic Data

Data & Setup

Real-world Data



Notation

RAND, DIST, DISTR Comparison

 ${\sf Experiments}$

GM, HM Comparison



GM, HDM Comparison Synthetic Data Monitoring

GM, HDM Comparison

Air Pollution Monitoring

Conclusion

Summary & Concluding Remarks



Introduction Theoretical Background Problem Statement & Implementation Experimental Results Conclusions & Future Work

Future Work

Future Work



The end Questions?