

Feb 16, 2016

Exam I. Thursday (Feb 28<sup>th</sup>)

Dynamic Programming

Building a table and record the process of induction

Converting recursion to iteration

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$$\begin{cases} F_n = F_{n-1} + F_{n-2} \\ F_1 = 1 \\ F_0 = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$F_{10} = ?$$

---

(2)

$$F(\text{int } x)$$

{

if  $x=0$  or  $x=1$ , return 1

else return

$$F(x-1) + F(x-2);$$

}

$$F(\text{int } x)$$

{

initialize an array  $F[0..x]$

~~For  $j=2$~~

$F[0] = 1$ ,  $F[1] = 1$

{

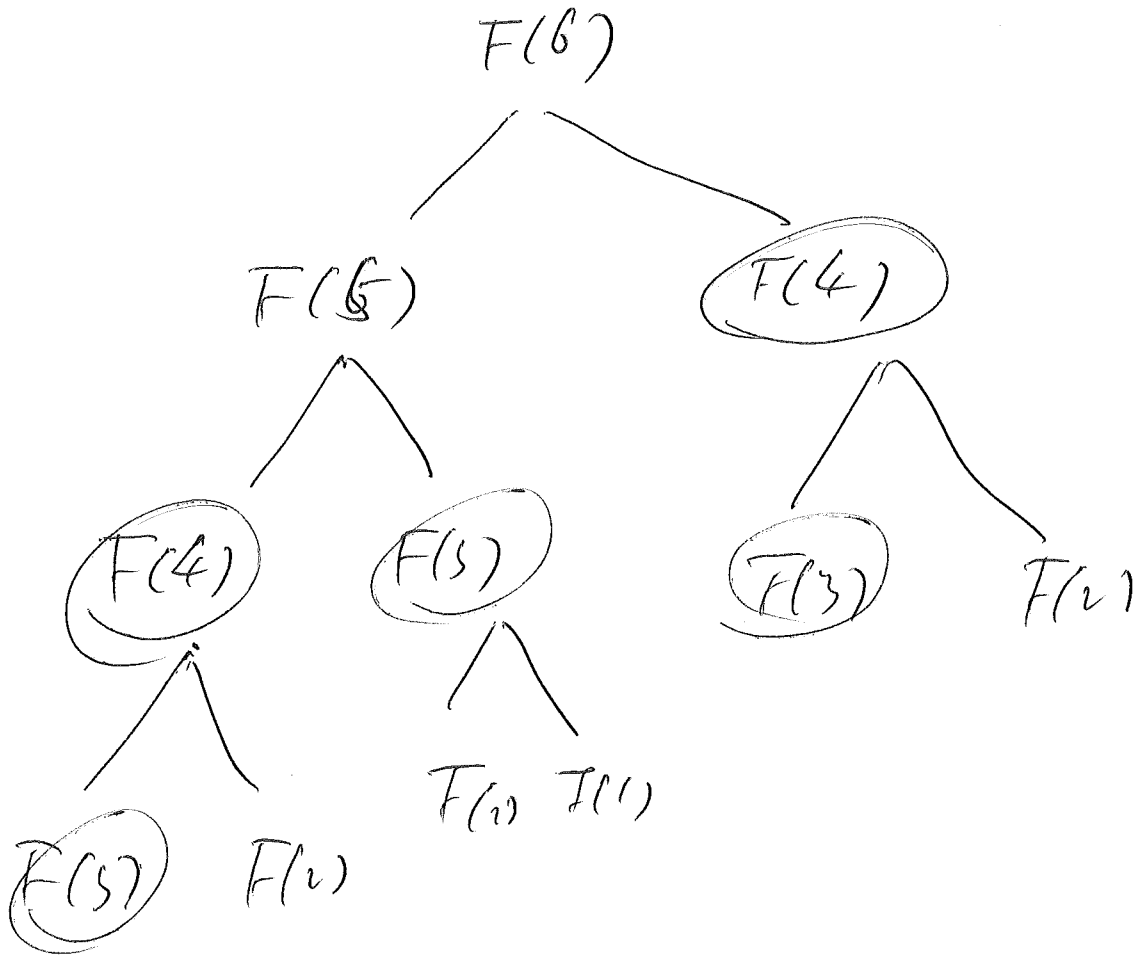
For  $j=2$  to  $x$

$$F[j] = F[j-1] + F[j-2]$$

}

return  $F[x]$ ,

(3)



$F(6)$
$F(5)$
$F(4)$
$F(3)$
$F(2)$
$F(1)$
$F(0)$

(4)

Knapsack Problem.

Given  $n$  items  $S = \{s_1, s_2, \dots, s_n\}$

each item  $s_j$  has an integer size  $K_j > 0$

and an integer value  $C_j > 0$

You are given a knapsack of integer size

$$K \geq 0$$

Find a subset of items  $S^* \subseteq S$

such that:

$$(1) \sum_{s \in S^*} K_s \leq K$$

$$(2) \sum_{s \in S^*} C_s \text{ is maximized.}$$

$$\max \sum_{s \in S^*} C_s$$

$$\text{s.t.} \sum_{s \in S^*} K_s \leq K$$

integer linear programming.

introducing  $x_j$  as indicator variable for item  $S_j$ ,  $x_j \in \{0, 1\}$

if  $x_j = 1$ , the item  $S_j$  is chosen

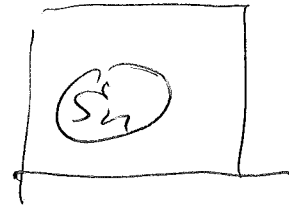
if  $x_j = 0$  the item  $S_j$  is not.

$$\max \sum_{j=1}^n x_j C_j$$

$$\text{s.t. } \sum_{j=1}^n x_j K_j \leq K$$

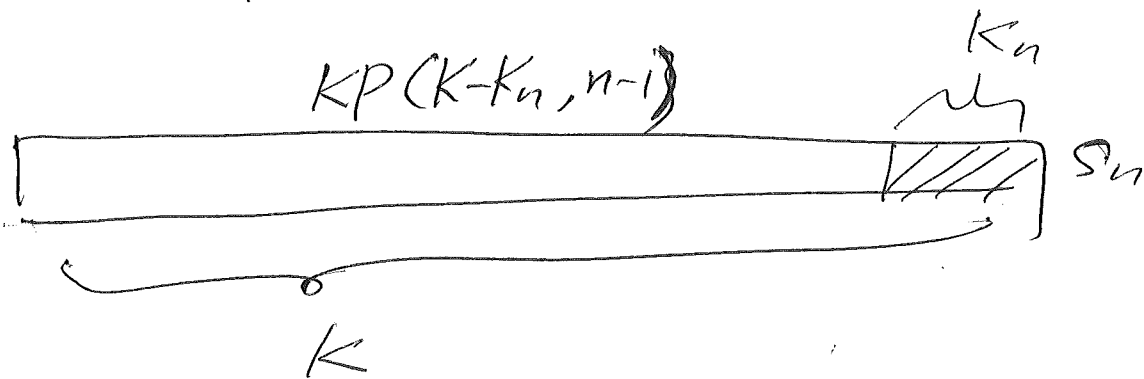
$$x_j \in \{0, 1\}$$

(6)

 $(S_1) (S_2) \dots$  $(S_{n-1})$  $K$ 

Let the solution be  $\min KP(K, n)$

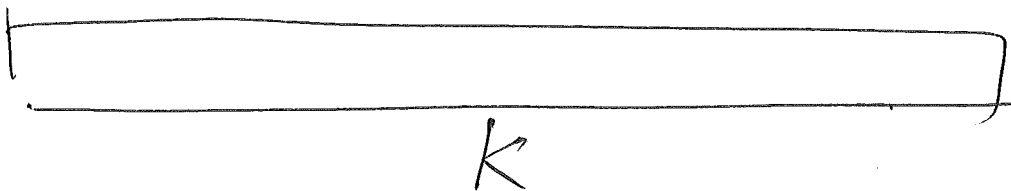
Scenario 1. assume  $S_n \in S^*$



$$KP(K - K_n, n-1) + C_n$$

Scenario 2,  $S_n$  is not included in any optimal solution

$$KP(K, n-1)$$



$$KP(K, n) =$$

$$\max \{$$

$$KP(K - k_n, n-1) + C_n,$$

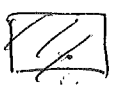
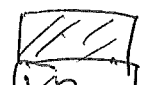
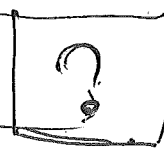
$$KP(K, n-1)$$

$$\}$$

First  $n-1$  items

$$KP(0, n) = 0, \quad KP(K, 0) = 0$$

iterative implementation

$n \backslash k$	0	1	2	$k-k_m$	$k$	$k-1$	$K$
$\phi$	0	0	0			0	0
$\{S_1\}$	0						
$\{S_1, S_2\}$	0						
$\{S_1, \dots, S_{m-1}\}$	^						
$\{S_1, \dots, S_m\}$	^				$KP(k, m)$		
$\{S_1, S_2, \dots, S_n\}$	0						

(8)

$$S_j(k_j, c_j)$$

$$S_1(2, 6)$$

$$S_2(4, 2)$$

$$S_3(3, 13)$$
~~$$S_3(2, 13)$$~~

$$S_4(2, 8)$$

$$K = 4$$

$K$	1	2	3	4
$\{S_1\}$	0   0	6   1	6   1	6   1
$\{S_1, S_2\}$		8   1		
$\{S_1, S_2, S_3\}$		6   0		
$\{S_1, S_2, S_3, S_4\}$				14   1

Running time  $O(nK)$  pseudo-polynomial



(3)

$$KP(1, 1) = \max \{$$

$$KP(1-2, 0) + 6$$

$$KP(1, 0)$$

}

$$KP(2, 1) = \max \{$$

$$KP(2-2, 0) + 6,$$

$$KP(2, 0)$$

}