## CSCI 4210 — Operating Systems Lecture Exercise 4 (document version 1.0) Network Programming and UDP

- This lecture exercise is due by 11:59PM ET on Wednesday, April 28, 2021
- This lecture exercise consists of practice problems and problems to be handed in for a grade; graded problems are to be done individually, so **do not share your work on graded problems with anyone else**
- For all lecture exercise problems, take the time to work through the corresponding video lecture(s) to practice, learn, and master the material; while the problems posed here are usually not exceedingly difficult, they are important to understand before attempting to solve the more extensive homeworks in this course
- As with the homeworks, you **must** use C for this assignment, and all submitted code **must** successfully compile via gcc with no warning messages when the -Wall (i.e., warn all) compiler option is used; we will also use -Werror, which will treat all warnings as critical errors
- All submitted code **must** successfully compile and run on Submitty, which uses Ubuntu v18.04.5 LTS and gcc version 7.5.0 (Ubuntu 7.5.0-3ubuntu1~18.04)

## Practice problems

Work through the practice problems below, but do not submit solutions to these problems. Feel free to post questions, comments, and answers in our Discussion Forum.

- 1. Why are protocols so important to any form of network communication?
- 2. Why does the OSI Reference Model used a layered stack approach? What are the benefits of using such an architecture?
- 3. In udp-server.c, what would happen if a datagram with 16,384 bytes of data was received? More specifically, what would the server output to the terminal?
  - Also, what would the data field of the response datagram sent by the sendto() system call contain? Show the bytes exactly.
  - And finally, describe what data is lost, if any.
- 4. What is the maximum size of the data field of a UDP datagram? In other words, what is the largest possible payload a UDP datagram could transport?
- 5. What class network is usps.com? As a hint, use the host or ping (or another) terminal command to help determine this.

## Graded problems

Complete the problems below and submit via Submitty for a grade. Please do not post any answers to these questions. All work on these problems is to be your own.

- Copy the given udp-server.c code to a separate lecex4-q1.c file.
  Modify this program as follows:
  - (a) The use of MAXBUFFER has a buffer overflow error. Fix this error by modifying one of the arguments to the recvfrom() call.
  - (b) Add support for an optional command-line argument (i.e., argv[1]) that indicates the specific port number to bind the UDP socket to. If argv[1] is present and would be a valid port number, use this value as the port number in the bind() call.
  - (c) Change the application protocol to send the last 16 bytes of the received data (instead of the first 4 bytes). Do not send any additional characters, such as a newline. If there are less than 16 bytes, simply echo back all of the received data.
- 2. After completing Q1 above, copy your lecex4-q1.c code to a separate lecex4-q2.c file. Modify this program as follows:
  - (a) Set MAXBUFFER to 512.
  - (b) Change the application protocol to count the number of 'G' characters in the received data. Send this 4-byte int value in the response datagram. For data marshalling, be sure to use the hton1() library function. This will ensure that the data is correctly interpreted by the remote side.